

THE BLACK WATER (S.H.R.) OF CANADA
REGIMENTIAL MUSEUM

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The Golden Owl

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81

The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada

REPERCUSSIONS ON THE LOSS OF OUR COLONEL.

The Regiment here was grieved beyond description to learn of the sudden death of Field Marshal The Earl Wavell.

Perhaps we, in Canada, were more fortunate than some of the other outlying battalions of the Regiment in that Lord Wavell devoted a month of his precious time, and undoubtedly unknown to him then, one of the last remaining months of his full life, to take the trouble to visit us.

During his speeches to us he, in his simple and understanding way, continually stressed the importance of maintaining "The family spirit" within the Regiment.

Regiment.

It is very probably for that reason, as well as the gentle and unsophisticated way in which the

Field Marshal accepted members of "the family," whether they be Brigadiers or Privates, L/Cpls, or Generals, that the thought of his loss leaves us all with a feeling of emptliness.

As soon as the Regiment received the sad news from the press the Union Jack was run up to half mast on the blackened miscoloured pole overhanding the burnt-out front of the Armoury. It so happened that the flag was run up upside down and remained unnoffeed until a member of the Regiment passing by saw the error and called the orderly room. The man launching the complaint claimed that the flag, flying as it was, was a sign of distress. The maswer he received was "that may be the ease, but who can be more in distress than we are at the present?"

The Union Jack remained as it was till sundown—a sign of distress.

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PROPERTY OF THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA REGIMENTAL MUSEUM

October 1958

THE RED HACKLE

9

Ticonderoga Bicentenary Celebrations

by Colonel P. P. Hutchison, E.D., Q.C., who represented The Black Watch

On July 12th and 13th this year Montealm Commemoration ceremonies were held at Fort Ticonderoga in upper New York State of the United States, with some two thousand persons in attendance, including many distinguished special guests. The weekend chosen for these events was an appropriate one. On July 8th, 1758, the famous Battle of Ticonderoga was fought during the Seven Years War; was one of General Montealm's greatest victories and a severe defeat for the British and their Colonists in America. The Black Watch is said to have suffered that day its heaviest casualties for any single engagement of its history.

history.

The Fort stands on a promontory commanding Lake Champlain and the outlet of Lake George. It was designed and built, as a star-shaped Vauban type stone fortress, by Montcalm's engineer officer, the Marquis de Lotbinière, during 1755 to 1757, its purpose to protect the French Colony, Canada, from invasion by the British following the traditional route north from New York via the Hudson River-Lake George-Lake Champlain valleys. The Fort consists of outer and inner ramparts, barracks, officers quarters, mess hall, dungeons and an inner parade ground or place d'armes. To the French it was known as Fort Carillon, to the British by its Indian name of Ticonderoga.

Ticonderoga.

After the American Revolution the Fort was no longer used

After the American Revolution the Fort was no longer used sent the Campbells, Edmond de Lotbinière of the External Affairs Department at Ottawa (the present Seigneur of the de Lotbinière Seigniory and son of the late Capt. Alain Joly de Lotbinière, who served with the Canadian 42nd in the First World War), Governor Johnson of Vermont, Commissioner Dickinson of New York, Lieutenant-Governor Coté of Rhode Island, the Roman Catholic Primate of Canada (Brigadier Monsignor Roy), the vice-president of the English-Speaking Union (Brigadier J. W. F. Treadwell of the Scots Guards) and many another distinguished guests as well as the Pipes and Drums and a company of the 3rd Bn. The Black Watch of Canada under Captain Alistair Pryde, the regimental band of Canada's regular French-speaking regiment (the Royal 22nd) and representatives from various French, British and American regiments which had taken part in the Battle of 1758. It 'had been hoped that Colonel Rusk might represent the Black Watch but, when he was unable to leave Scotland and Lt.-Col. Angus Irwin could not leave his duties in the U.S.A., the writer had the honour of doing so and was accompanied by Colonel H. M. Wallis, D.S.O., O.B.E., M.C., V.D., of The Black Watch of Canada. (The Inniskillings were represented by Colonel T. T. MacCartney-Filgate; the Essex Regiment by Major C. C. Norbury; and the 60th by Captain Watham.)

During the Saturday morning hundreds of visitors gathered at the Fort to inspect it and the extensive museum collections. That mid-day the visiting British officers were invited with American friends to luncheon by Colonel Hamilton at his home below the Fort. The actual ceremonies were to have started at 2 p.m. that day on the Fort's Place d'Armes but, because of a downpour, had to be postponed for an hour until the skies cleared. When the proceedings finally commenced a large crowd of many hundreds had gathered in the stands and on the ramparts across one side of the barrack square.

Formal addresses were then delivered by Mr Pell, Sir P

as a military bastion and it fell into disrepair. But in 1820 it and the surrounding park and forest land, the whole forming an extensive and beautiful estate on the shores of the big lake, were purchased by William Ferris Pell and have been in his family ever since. His great-great-grandson Stephen Pell, a gallant American officer of the French Army during the First World War, spent the greater part of his life in completely restoring the Fort and in gathering together in its buildings probably the finest military museum collections in America. The Pell family has retained possession of the estate but in 1931 a non-profit organisation, the Fort Ticonderoga Association, was established to maintain the Fort, with its valuable collections, offices and research library. Mr John Pell (Stephen Pell's son) is now the Association's president, various members of his family are amongst its directors and it has a Director (Colonel Edward P. Hamilton) and full-time staff on duty. Every year the Fort is visited by hundreds of thousands, a small entrance fee ensuring substantial revenues to meet necessary expenses.

To anyone who has ever served in The Royal Highland Regiment, Old Ti, as the Fort is affectionately called, is a fascinating place to visit, with its many memories, memorials and souvenirs of the Regiment. In the nearby village of Ticonderoga at a cross-road is a fine monument, with at its base four life-size bronze figures, representative of those who

Ticonderoga at a cross-road is a fine monument, with at its base four life-size bronze figures, representative of those who As the pageant concluded Duncan Campbell's ghost admonished his audience as follows:

"Remember them well. You who tread in their footsteps remember their glory. You who utter their names cherish their memories, You who enjoy the liberties they won for you, remain eternally vigilant."

Following these ceremonies at the Fort, Mr and Mrs John Pell entertained about a thousand of the audience at a garden party at their beautiful one hundred and fifty year old home, The Pavilion, on the shores of Lake Champlain, with its lovely King's Garden and the Black Watch pipes and drums beat Retreat on the spacious lawns.

On Sunday morning the ceremonies were renewed on the Place d'Armes, the 22nd's band playing the Assembly, Monsignor Roy conducting a field mass and delivering an eloquent sermon in French and English and a Bicentennial Memorial being presented by Maître Paul Gouin, Q.C. of Montreal, on behalf of the Council of la Vie Française en Amérique. The Black Watch Pipes and drums then played the large gathering out of the Fort and down the road to the French Lines, where the abattis had been which had been so disastrous for our Regiment. There in the woods, just beyond the Montealm Memorial Cross, the Reverend Walden Pell of Baltimore delivered an invocation and Brigadier Treadwell, on behalf of the English-Speaking Union, unveiled a bronze memorial to the Lord Howe who fell nearby. Later at the Montealm Cross two further memorial tablets were unveiled and the ceremonies came to an end.

It had been a memorable occasion, epitomised by the ancient Fort itself, with representative citizens of Great Britain, France, the United States and Canada gathered together there in friendship and amity, with pride in their historic past and the great deeds of their ancestors in that beautiful Valley of the Two Lakes, staunch allies now where there had once been stern strife and bloodshed between them.



B.E.F. writes:—

Patrick Campbell-Preston died on March 14 in his house at the foot of Cruachan, 300 yards from where the Awe flows into Loch Etive. Two days earlier he had spent his forty-ninth birthday in bed ill but indomitably cheerful. He will be mourned by many outside his own family. First and foremost he will be missed in The Black Watch, where officers and Jocks alike adored him. From the day when he joined at Colchester as a ruddy, red-haired, high-spirited subaltern, to the day 21 years later when he had to relinquish through ill-health the command of the 1st Battalion—the summit of his ambition—he was beloved in a fashion and to a degree which befalls few people. Secondly, all those who were prisoners with him have long since testified, and will now be remembering, how stalwart he was in captivity. For five years he was simultaneously a peace-maker among those who were getting on each other's nerves, a paladin among those in whose hearts resistance was entrenched, and a pioneer among those who sought to escape. He was twice on the run with his close friend, David Walker, also of The Black Watch. It was for his service behind and outside of prison bars that he was decorated after the war.

Thirdly, in his native countryside of Lorn, where he was bred, brought up, and has just died, he was a notable figure. He derived much, it is true, from the fact that his family was deeply rooted in and around Ardchattan, and that his parents had done much for their neighbours; but he derived much more from his own qualities of robust and unquestioning friendliness, honesty, and desire to serve, and his beaming face.

Sturdy, loyal, and always gay, he was happiest with a rod, a gun, or a rifle. These were delights that he could never have enjoyed again. In these past few months his mind was dwelling on the river and the hills. His greatest joy of all was in his own family.

family.

It was his physical heart, whose strength he expended in his faith sustained him through many trials. He was buried on March 16 by men of his regiment and of Ardchattan, in a corner of Muckairn churchyard, facing Cruachan.

To the above, which appeared in *The Times*, should be added a few lines on a more personal and regimental note. He and I first met one hot summer's day at school when we were only fifteen; both of us had some temporary injury from playing games, and were watching a cricket match on Upper Club, lying on our tummies. Talking idly about the future, we discovered that we were both destined for the Regiment. From then on we were close friends; we were together at Sandhurst;

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL G, P, CAMPBELL-PRESTON and on the day we were due to join the 2nd Buttalion at Colchester, we met by arrangement in London, and travelled nervously down together in the same railway carriage.

thester, we met by attrangement in London, and travelled nervously down together in the same tailway carriage.

A year later he went with a draft to the 1st Buttalion at Meerut, and although we often spent leave together, at his home or mine, we never served together again until after the war, in 1948, when I took over command of the 1st Buttalion and he came as second-in-command. In the sixteen years which had intervened, he had become a major figure in the Regiment. Well-known and well-loved as he was in the 1st Buttalion, he had become the symbol of resistance in the prison-camps of Germany, and the knowledge of this had sceped through from behind the enemy lines. When the liberated prisoners arrived back in Britain in May of 1945, they were loud in their praises of two men in particular: Major-General Sir Victor Fortime and Patrick Campbell-Preston.

These two, belonging to different generations of the Regiment, had many virtues in common; and both, in seemingly impossible circumstances, had heaped new honours on the Regiment with his wife and daughter before being sent out to Greece as second-in-command to the 6th Battalion, a cruel dispensation, since inder the rules his wife could not accompany him. Happier years followed, at Perth on the staff of the Highland Division, in the bosom of the Regiment where their hearts were. It is safe and not rush to say that there was never a man of whatever rank who served in the 1st Battalion with Colonel Patrick between 1948 and 1952, when he was invalided out, who was unaware of the warmth of his heart. It is equally safe to say that no Commanding Officer of the Regiment, in all its long history, was ever more beloved or more effective. The only officer or man that he could not find it in his heart to tolerate was he who did not try. Those who did their best were always safe with him.

When a man dies, there is always a tendency to over-praise him, and to gloss over his faults.

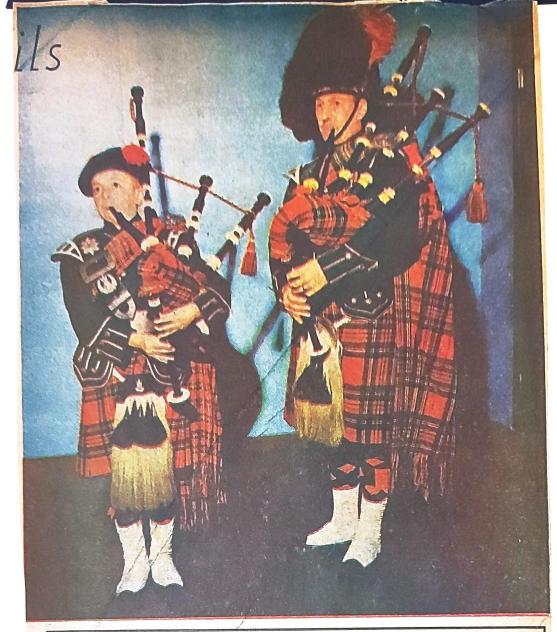
were always safe with him.

When a man dies, there is always a tendency to over-praise him, and to gloss over his faults. The character of Colonel Campbell-Preston was as nearly faultless as it is given to a man to be; it was without flaw. We who served with him can therefore make some estimate of the loss which his family has sustained. An older generation will remember all that his mother did for the families of the Regiment when his father commanded the 3rd Battalion at Nigg in the First World War; our own generation will remember its debt to his wife, who shared in all that he loved, and not least in The Black Watch and its people.

Bagpipers Greet Queen On Fredericton Visit

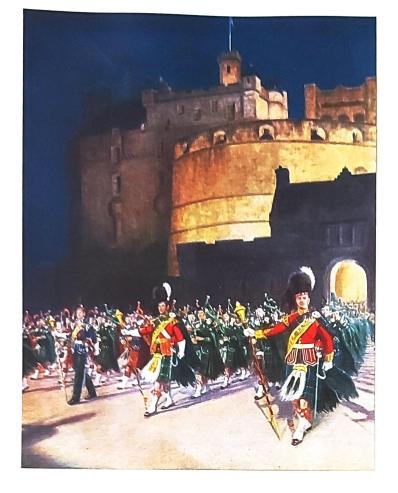
By BOYCE RICHARDSON

FREDERICTON, July 28—B32
pipes of the Black Watch band
greeted the Queen when she
touched down at Fredericton at
2:15 p.m. Atlantic time to begin a
five-day visit to the Maritimes.
She looked rested as she
stepped out of the plane after
her 'weekend holiday at Port
Hope, Ont.
She was greeted by a 21-gun
salute and inspected a Royal
Highland Regiment of Canada
(Black Wa ch) gurrd of honor
before driving the nine miles into
Fredericton for her day's program which will end with a visit
to the harness races.
Premier Hugh John Flemming
and Lieut-Gov. J. Leonard O'Brien greeted the Queen and
Prince Philip.



The Gazette To celebrate St. Andrew's Day The Gazette commissioned this full-color photo of Pipers Ian MacIntosh and Harry Brown by Photographer Bob James of The Gazette Photo Service.





celebrating s on Novemb Scotland's haggis. The tra piping in light the annual Elizabeth | The true be used since this a sheep's ingredients every supe Rastello sun

The Montreal Sta

THE MONTREAL STAR, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1960



Annual St. Andrew's Ball Held at Queen Elizabeth Hotel

Photographed at St. Andrew's Ball were, left to right, Mrs. James Macfarlane, chairman of the Ticket Com-mittee; Mr. Alex Archibald, president of St. Andrew's Society, which sponsored the event; Lady Ritchie and Gen. Sir Neil Ritchie, guests of honor; Mrs. Archibald, and Mr. James Macfarlane, chairman, Men's Committee.

Society Sponsors Tradition

Skirl of Pipe Of Debutante

A rampant Scottish lion above the red and gold Scottish Standard, with the blue and white banner of St. Andrew draped across it, dominated the ballroom of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel last night at the St. Andrew's Ball. Ball.

Heartbeats quickened to the skirl of the pipes as the traditional ball opened with the presentation of debutantes to the guests of traditional ball opened with the presentation of debturantes to the guests of honor, General Sir Neil Ritchie and Lady Ritchie, who wore a bell-shaped gown of mauve and pink shaded satin imprinted with a woven rose motif in gold lame.

imprinted with a woren rese motif in gold lame.

Lacy white chrysanthemums stood out against a gold background, contrasting with the emblem of the fist Highland Division — a red circle enclosing the initials HD in red on a dark blue background, framed with gold braid and flanked by two red lions. This emblem honored the new reel created by the 51st Division in a prisoner-of-war camp in Germany during World War II, performed for the first time in Canada last night.

The walls of the long hall and the pillars were rich with the colors of the red and gold Scottish standard and the blue and white St. Andrew's Cross on tall shelfs looped with gold cord.

The regimental colors of

cottish Fare Highlight Of St. Andrew's Ball

Andrew's Day th by serving al dish, the

ceremony of ams will highdrew's Society the Queen

> Fix recipe will fow night, but es the lining of and other easily found in Chef Rene a more sim

equally appetizing

HAGGIS (Serves Six)

1 lb. sheep's liver

cups water

3 onions

14 lb. raw beef fat

11/2 cups oatmeal (Scottish oatmeal, if possible)
11/2 teaspoons salt

1 teaspoon black pepper

Combine the liver and water in a saucepan. Bring to a boil and cook over medium heat for 10 minutes. Add the onions and cook for 20 minutes. Remove the liver and onions, reserving onions, and beef fat together.

Place the oatmeal in a hot frying pan and stir continuously until browned. Be sure the pan is completely dry, and be careful not to burn the oatmeal. Add the oatmeal to the liver mixture, together with the salt and pepper, and 1% cups of the reserved liquid, Mix well. Pour into a greased casserole. Cover the top, using a piece of aluminum foil if the cover does not fit tightly. Place in a deep pan of boiling water on top of the stove and steam for 2 hours.



he haggis must be just right at St. ndrew's Ball tomorrow night, so Maj. Villiam Redpath, C.D., second in com-land of the Third Battalion, Black /atch (Royal Highland Regiment) of

Canada, samples a batch prepared by Chef Rene Rastello of the Queen Eliza-beth Hotel, where the ball is being held. Maj. Redpath is liaison between the ball committee and his regiment.

litional Social Gala

es Heralds Presentation tes at St. Andrew's Ball

Watch of Canada f for the diningenia set on behind the guest the head table, the sombre blue Black Watch taron either side high narrow banthree colors, Glengarry bonthe tunic and the kilt.

hime grapes and supporting white s of chrysannd beather with simental ribbons the head table.

Andrew's Cross d by two long the sister socie-the centre of this got epergne top-glittering white three tiers holding lowers in the same bead table.

invited guests Sir Neil Ritchie DSO., MC., and of Toronto; Mr. ohn Lynch-Staun-nting the Mayor 1 and Mrs. Jean pt. J. S. Somers, Somers, repre-modore H. L. DC, RCN., Naval charge, Montreal; M. Suttie CD, and

Mrs. Suttie, representing Maj.-Gen. J. M. Rockingham, CBE., DSO., ED., General Officer Commanding Quebec Command; Air Marshal W.
R. MacBrien, OBE., ED., Officer commanding Air Defense
Command and Mrs. MacBrien; Lord Shaughnessy, president of the Royal Commonwealth Society and Lady Shaugh-nessy; Mr. J. Kelso, president of the Caledonian Society and of the Caledonian Society and Mrs. Kelso; Mr. C. N. Knowles, president of St. George's Society, and Mrs. Knowles; Dr. J. Rae Carson MA., DDS., president of the St. Patrick's Society, and Mrs. Carson; Mr. Dollard Mathieu, representing St. Jean Baptiste Society and Mrs. Mathieu; Mr. A. Ross Webster, president of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society and Mrs. Webster; Mr. Alan Carverhill, representing St. David's Society and Mrs. St. David's Society and Mrs. Carverhill; Miss Lorette Brosseau, president of La Ligue de la Jeunesse Feminine. Committee Members' Gowis

Ommittee Members' Gowns
Mrs. Alex Archibald, wife
of the president of St. Andrew's Society, wore a gold
brocade gown with draped
bodice and fully gored skirt,
topaz and gold accessories,
and a tartan sash in the Rose

tartan; Mrs. Alasdair Fraser, a gown of emerald green slipper satin dress with Fraser tartan

sash; Mrs. R. R. MacDougall, a

Balenciaga model gown of oyster poult de soie, embroid-

ered in a floral sequin design;
Mrs. James Macfarlane,
gowned in emerald green satin highlighted with toned green chiffon panels, and matching accessories;

Mrs. S. Boyd Millen, dark cherry gown, styled with a short draped skirt caught in at waist with French flowers of the same shade, matching accessories;

Mrs. Stuart A. Cobbett, Colleen original of black silk chiffon, appliqued with jet beading and sequins having a straight skirt and flowing panels on the side, matching accessories;

Mrs. William Redpath, classic gown of chamois colored Swiss silk with cognac acces-

Swiss silk with cognac accessories;

Mrs. N. C. D. Mactaggart, sheath gown of emerald green and gold Italian brocade, black fullness caught in a large bow, matching accessories and a sash of the Mactaggart tartan;

Miss Sheila Mactaggart, emerald green satin, having a draped bodice and from panel over a bouffant skirt, matching accessories, Mactaggart tartan;

Mrs. R. S. Aiken, gown of white chiffon Grecian style with wide band at waist of sequins and diamante, MeGregor tartan sash;

sequins and dian Gregor tartan sash;



Maj. Colin Forrest and Sgt. John Himes chat during reunion. Himes was under the impression that Major Forrest, a wartime buddy, had been killed.

Dead' Canadian, War Buddy Meet

By OMER ANDERSON
Of the Star's Bonn Bureau

MUNICH, Jan. 30 — A Canadian soldier "killed" in
World War II and his wartime American buddy have been
reunited in Germany through the training exchange of troops between the Canadian and U.S. armies.

The Canadian is Major Colin
G. Forrest, 1st Battalion, Royal
Highland Regiment (Black
Watch), and the American is
First Sergeant John W. Himes,

24th Infantry Division.
In 1940, Himes, a U.S. citizen, joined the Canadian Army and was assigned to the Royal Canadian Regiment, in which he served until 1942. His closest friend in the regiment became Colin Forrest, known as "Big Red."

When the United States entered the war. Himes trans-

tered the war, Himes trans-ferred to the U.S. Army. Later, he heard that Forrest had been "killed" in the war.

Returns to Europe

Returns to Europe

Last summer Himes returned to Europe with the U.S. 24th Infantry Division. When Himes learned that the Canadians were stationed in Werl, Westphalla, he suggested to his commanding officer the training exchange of troops between the Canadian and U.S. forces.

The idea was put through channels and eventually accepted by both forces. Himes was assigned to arrange on-thespot details.

When he visited Werl, he mentioned his wartime service in the Canadian Army and that one of his closest wartime buddies had been a Canadian called "Big Red."

"But there's a 'Big Red' right here," his hosts exclaimed. "He sounds like your 'dead' buddy."

Himes remembers, "Right away I had an eerily happy feeling that Colin was alive after all and here."



U.S. platoon leader Sgt, Robert Tharp briefs Canadian soldiers on the anti-tank gun. In the troop exchange, U.S. soldiers go to Werl, Westphalia, where the Cana-

dians are stationed, and Canad Munich. The aim is to familiarize with procedures, systems

Their reunion took place within minutes. Forrest, who had been a fellow corporal with Ilimes in the Royal Canadian Regiment, is now a major.

Exchange Plan

In the troop exchange, two U.S. non-commissioned officers and four enlisted men go to Werl, and five Canadian soldiers move to Munich to train with the 21st regiment of the 24th Infantry Division.

The exchange will build up to squad strength and beyond. It aims at familiarizing the respective forces with their neighbor's procedures, systems and customs.

Despite geographic contig-uity, Ilimes says, Canadians and Americans have many points of difference. This is notably true of military organization and equipment, Canada using much British military organization and equipment.

Man-for-man Swap

Man-for-man Swap

The swap is man for man, with Canadians and Americans exchanging beds and quarters in Werl and Munich, respectively. It is also a swap of German scenery and customs, Bavaria being a world apart from the British zone of North Germany where the Canadians are stationed.

Most American soldiers know tess about the Canadian Army than they do the French or German armies. The troop exchange has impressed the Americans.

Typical is the comment of Sgt. Robert J. Tharp, platon leader of the 21st Regiment's assult weapons platoon: "I particularly like the enlistment program of the Canadians. All Canadians are volunteers, as I have learned, and there is a long waiting list for each regiment.



The Colonel of the Regiment examines the Battle Honours on Corporal Brown's drum watched by the Commanding Officer.



The first official visit of the President of the Republic of Cyprus to the Sovereign Base Area of Episkopi. Captain C. M. Parker accompanying Archbishop Makarios on his inspection of the Guard of Honour mounted by "A" Company, followed by Dr. Kutchuk, the Vice-President, and by Air-Marshal Sir William Macdonald and General Sir Dudley Ward.

Clan DONALD



Magazine

1959

TRANSVAAL SCOTTISH

Last summer it was reported in a Court Circular that Colonel John N. Mackenzie had been received at Clarence House, London, by Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother. The occasion was the presentation by Colonel Mackenzie, the Honorary Colonel of the Transvaal Scottish Regiment, of a statuette of a Transvaal Scottish soldier. The inscription on the plinth of the statuette reads:—

"Presented to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of the Transvaal Scottish Regiment, by serving and past members of the Regiment—1960."

The statuette in silver is in a leatherette case with white satin

In making the presentation Colonel Mackenzie thanked Her Majesty in suitable words for the honour she had conferred on the Regiment by becoming its Colonel-in-Chief. The Queen Mother expressed her admiration of the statuette and enquired after the welfare of the Regiment, of which she had pleasant memories when the Royal Family visited the Union in 1957.



The statuette of a Transvaal Scottish soldier presented to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother.

CLAN DONALD SOCIETY OF EDINBURGH

2 Boswall Road, EDINBURGH, 5. January 1961

, Dear Member,

Newsletter No. 47

A very happy and prosperous New Year to you! 1960 has been eventful in different ways - but the poor summer, floods and threats of wars and rumours of wars have made it very unsettled. We hope for better things in 1961. We are promised by the pundits a hard winter and a good summer to compensate for it. In hope they are right - as regards the summer anyway.

The following functions are planned for the remainder of the season:-

Burns Supper - see enclosed notice.

Whist Drive - (baskct) on Wednesday 1st March in the Progressive Rooms at 95 Hanover Street. Ladies willing to take up tables are requested to contact Miss Margaret Macdonald, 11 Maxwell St. Phone: MOR 5722 or Mrs. H.W. McDonald at MOR 7250. Charge will be 2/6 each.

Annual General Meeting on Friday 24th March - details later.

You are asked to support these meetings as far as you are able.

Gathering This, the most important event of our year, was held as planned; and for those who were unable to attend a short account may not come amiss. It was in the nature of a salute to the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders before their merging with the Seaforths this year into the new Regiment - the Queen's Own Highlanders. Present with us were:-

Ranald A. Macdonald of Clanranald and his fiancee, Miss Jane Campbell-Davys. Clanranald is himself a Cameron Highlander. Major Gen. Douglas Wimberley, C.B., D.S.O., M.C., Colonel of the Regiment. Lt. Col. Niall Baird, O.D.E. Commanding the lst Battalion. Captain Meires, Adjutant of the lst Battalion, and cousin of Clanranald. These represented the Regiment. Regretful applygies were received from Lord Macdonald, absent in the Antipodes; and Glengarry, who sent a cable from the continent where he was on service for the R.A.F. It read "Warm greetings and thoughts to all at the Gathering. Much regret unable to provide air cover for the Army on this occasion:" Apologies were received also from Mrs. McKain of Ardnamurchan; the Tutor of Sleat, Major Nigel Macdonald of Sleat and Lady Mary Macdonald of Sleat on behalf of herself and the young Chief of Sleat, Sir Ian Godfrey, Bart. After the toast of "The Queen", the President welcomed the guests and read the messages from absentees. The toast to the Chicfs was proposed by Sheriff T.P. McDonald, Q.C., in humorous vein as he told us of his adventures with Clanranald in America where they attended the Clan Donald Highland Games at Ligonier under the acgis of Kingsburgh, the Convener. After the pibroch played by our Hon. Piper, Norman Johnson, Clanranald replied for the Chiefs, and responded to the congratulations offered him on our behalf by both the President and the Sheriff. We were very glad and honoured to greet Miss Davys to our company and to wish them both our sincere and warmest sentiments. Mrs. McKechnie presented a brooch to Miss Davys from the Society, wishing her every happiness.

The toast of the evening - "The Cameron Highlanders" was proposed by our honoured member, Major Gen. J.F.M. Macdonald, C.B., D.S.O., O.B.E. The reply was by Major Gen. Douglas Wimberley, C.B., D.S.O., M.C., and his speech has been well reported in the press, so I will not report it here. Enough to say he freely acknowledged the loyal way in which Macdonalds have served in the regiment during its long history. Our Clan has surpassed all others, save only the Camerons themselves, in supplying officers and men to the regiment.

After dinner the Sheriff showed films of the Games in Ligonier, where thousands of clansfolk attended.

Thereafter dancing went on till 1.30 a.m.

Some of you have expressed disappointment that there was not more dancing; and I must confess that it is hard to combine a dinner such as this with a ball. There is usually some special event we wish to commemorate at these functions, and is to be done will some up before the Council shortly.

Pibroch - The tune this year was aptly enough "Donald Ballach's March" as a reminder of the battle honours of our Clan. This tune, as most of you will have noticed, is the basis of the pipe-march "Pibroch of Donuil Dubh" the march-past of the Camerons and other regiments. The origin of this pibroch is connected with the

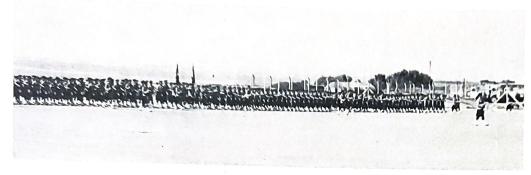
Regular Serving Officers Appointments List

January, 1961

ARBUTHNOTT, J. F.; 2Lt	-	-	-	-	1 BW.
					Staff Conege, Camberrey.
BARNETT, G. C.; 2Lt BENGOUGH, J. D.; Capt		-	-	-	1 BW.
BENGOUGH, J. D.: Capt	-	-	-	-	6/7 BW. (Adjt).
BUCHANAN I F : Mai	-		-	-	HQ 12 Fighter Group, Horsham St. Faith.
BUCHANAN, J. E.; Maj BUCHANAN, P. G.; MBE, TD. Maj.	-		-	-	GSO 2 (Liaison) R.A.S.C. Officers' School. Aldershot.
DUDN'ADV ATVING E 1:11 Col -	-	-	-	-	Military Attaché, Lisbon.
					4/5 BW. (QM).
CAMERON, E. D.; Capt CAMPBELL, C. J. K.; Lieut		-	_	_	HQ Highland Bde., Perth.
CAMERON, E. D.; Capt.			-	-	1 BW.
CAMPBELL, C. J. K.; Lieut.	-				OC Highland Bde, Junior Trg. Unit. Fort George.
CAMPBELL, J. C. F.; Capt.	-	-			4/5 BW, (Adjt).
					Depot (QM) to RO III Regimental HQ.
CLARK, H. McL.; MBE, Maj.	-	•	-	-	- 1
CLARK, H. Mel.; MBE, Maj.			-	-	1 BW,
					BM, HQ 152 (H) Inf. Bde., Inverness,
					1 BW.
DOUGLAS, P. S.: MC, Col	-				HQ. Advanced Base British Forces. Antwerp, BFPO 21.
DOUGLAS, P. S.: MC. Col DOUGLAS, P. S.: MC. Col DUDGEON, W. R.: Capt		-		-	1 BW.
FORTUNE, J. B. F.; MC, Maj	-		-	-	RMA Sandhurst, Coy. Comd.
CHLIES G. W. Mai				-	6/7 BW. (QM).
CLASS A A C. Cupt	_	-1		-	1 BW, (QM).
FORTUNE, J. B. F.; MC. Maj GILLIES, G, W.; Maj GLASS, A. A. C.; Capt GRAHAM, C. S.; Capt GRAHAM, C. S.; Capt					Staff Capt. A. HQ. N.W. District. Preston.
GRANT, C. I. A.; 2Lt.	-				1 BW.
GRANT, C. I. A.; 2Lt.	-		•		! BW.
GREGORY-SMITH, G.; 2Lt.	-			-	OC Depot, for KAR April, 1960
GURDON, A. B. D.; Maj	-	-		-	GC Depot, for RAIS Ayes
CUIDDON D T T. Cont	-	-			(150 2. 112 2 Div.
INNES, C. B.; Lieut		-			Depot,
INNES, C. B.; Lieut IRWIN, A. D. H.; DSO, MC, Lt. Col	-	-		-	1 BW.
KER. R. I. L.: 2Lt					1 BW.
LE MAITRE, G. H.: Capt		-		-	1 BW. Depot, for 1 BW 1 BW, for Trg. Coy. Comd. Combined Depot. Stating. Feb. 91 1 BW. 1 BW. CRCLO, END. Control.
LESLIE L B: Capt					I BW, for Trg. Coy. Comd. Combined Depot, Nathing, Feb. 61
LINDSAV S. L. 211					1 BW
LITHGOW A O L: MC Mai -					LBW
MacDONALD-GAUNT, C. A.; Capt.					CBGLO, HMS Centual
McLEOD, I. D.; Lieut.					I BW
MacGILLIVRAY, M. C.; Lieut.					1 BW.
McMICKING, D. J.; 2Lt	-				I BW
MeMICKING, D. J.; 2Lt.	-	*	•		D. C. A. L.
McMICKING, T. N.; Capt	-				Depot (Adja).
MOIR, C. M.; OBE, Lt, Col.	-	-			6.7 BW.
MONCRIEFF, J. G.; Maj		-			BM, HQ 157 (L) Inc. Bdr. Collarge w
MONTEITH, J. C.; MC, Col		*			Col. GS. HQ 1 (Box) Curps.
NICOLL, E. W.; Maj		-			1 BW.
NOBLE, N. G. A.; MC, Lt, Col					GSO 1, HQ 2 Div.
NOBLE, N. G. A.; MC, Lt, Col ORR-EWING, E. S.; Capt					Technical Staff College, Sh. sembaris
PARKER, C. M.: Capt					1 BW
ROWAN-HAMILTON, D. A.: MVD. Lt. (101				4.5 BW
SEVERN D. R.: Cant					Mil. Int. Odi, Kenya
STEWART I I : Mai					BM, HQ 155 (L) Inf. Box. Estimology.
STEWART, J. C., Maj.					
TROTTER E L. MC M.					DYLO HQ Highland Distract
TROTTER, E, L.; MC, Maj.					GSO 2 11g., Home Counties Dist.
TWEEDY, O. R.; Maj,					DAAG, HQ. Brit. Forces, Alabad Pendisula, Alice
UPTON, J. E.; Capt.					LBW
USHER, T. G.; Lieut,					1 RW
UPTON, J. E.; Capt USHER, T. G.; Lieut WALKER, F. S., Lt. Col					2nd Bin. Aden Protectionals: Leuca.
WALKER, J. M. P.; Capt.					LBW
WALLACE, M, R.; Maj		4			GNO 1 18 4 Was Office
WALLACE, M. R.; Maj WATSON, A. L.; Maj					1 BW
WEDDERBURN-BETHUNE, A. H. B.; C	101				LRW (Ada)
WINGATE GRAY, W. M.; MC, Maj.	19.6				DAMS AS (SD) Was 1946
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First Battalion

General

Our notes must begin with a sincere expression of sympathy to his mother on the death in an M.T. accident in North Africa of 23547893 Pte. McCann. The accident occurred when an R.A.S.C. 3-tonner went off the road while returning from an outing to Leptis Magna. the great ancient city near Homs. It was a very sad event which caused a great deal of sorrow in the Bn. An obituary notice appears on an earlier page.

The quarter has been a busy, and again successful, onc. We were delighted to welcome the Colonel of the Regiment who was given, to put it mildly, a very full week. It was a great pleasure to us to have him with us and we look forward to a further visit as soon as possible.

The other highlights of a busy quarter were, first, the Guard of Honour which we mounted at Episkopi for Archbishop Makarios when he visited the Episkopi Sovereign Area officially as President of the Republic. This was an historic occasion, which went off very well.

very well.

Then, of course, there was the Battalion's visit to N, Africa, which involved months of planning, not only for the actual move but also for the training we were to do when we got there. In the event, the painstaking preparations paid off handsomely. The move there and back went with a swing and the training was extremely beneficial in every way. We had visits from the Army Commander (Lt. Gen, R. N, Anderson) and the Brigadier, who both seemed very pleased with what they saw.

We now have, in theory, less than a year to do before our overseas tour ends. There is, as yet, no indication of where we are to go, though, in accordance with policy, we can presumably expect to go westwards from here — whatever that may mean! But time is getting relatively short and we hope to know soon what our future is to be.

In retrospect, this year has been a very successful one and we

In retrospect, this year has been a very successful one and we all look forward to an even more successful 1961,

THE COLONEL OF THE REGIMENT'S VISIT

On Tuesday, 20th September, Maj, Gen, R. K. Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, (now the Viscount of Arbuthnott) landed at Nicosia Airport on his first visit to the 1st Battalion in his capacity as Colonel of the Regiment. At the airport to meet him were the Commanding Officer and 2/Lt. McMicking, who was to be the Colonel's A.D.C. during his visit, Standing at the air terminal was a shining staff car—the property of the Army Commander—a tribute to the efforts of the C.O., Adjt, and M.T.O. who had fought long telephonic battles to procure for our Colonel a more comfortable means of transportation than the Land-Rover.

General Arbuthnott spent just six days in Cyprus, staying with Col. and Mrs. Irwin. Staying seems hardly the right word, as we in the Battalion felt that he was staying with us and that possibly Mrs. Irwin did not get a fair share of the company of her house guest.

Entertaining seems to have been the main theme of the visit. In addition to a guest night in the Sergeants' Mess and dinner in the Officers' Mess, there was a session in the Corporals' Mess and also a reception for the dignitaries of the Island of Cyprus and the Military Commanders of the Sovereign Bases, The massed bands played retreat on the square to a most distinguished audience who then had to walk the three hundred yards to the Officers' Mess before they could quench their thirst.

We had too little time to allow for sightseeing; but on the Colonel's visit to Episkopi, for lunch with Gen. Anderson — the owner of the borrowed staff car — a brief visit was made to the ancient Roman city of Curium. It proved a more interesting visit than was anticipated. The Cypriot curator was overjoyed to recognise the Red Hackle once more. He had been a muleteer attached to the 6th Battalion in Italy in 1944 and a firm friend of the Regiment ever since.

The highlight of the visit was undoubtedly the battalion parade in honour of the Colonel of the Regiment. Members of the Battalion had had more than their fair share of ceremonial during the preceding few months and, had the parade been in honour of anyone else, the R.S.M. would have had to do a lot more chasing to have achieved the same results. But this was our parade, purely Black Watch, and the aim was not to impress outsiders but to feel pride in ourselves and to justify our Colonel's pride in his own Regiment.

Regiment.

The parade, by Mediterranean standards, started late in the morning: the time chosen being a compromise to satisfy two overwhelming factors — the heat of the sun and the hangover of the Sgts.' Mess. Perhaps it was an unhappy choice of relative timings, but on the eve of the parade the Sgts.' Mess had entertained the Colonel, the C.O. and the Adjt. Despite this, the following morning the principal players showed not a sign of wear.



"... played retreat on the square..."

We stand at ease on the square awaiting the Colonel's arrival and already the rays of the sun begin to penetrate our scant K.D. protection. The kilt was never designed for wear in the Mediterranean. In the distance a pipe call is heard and the sound of the Quarter Guard turning out. The Colonel has arrived and the parade is about to begin.

NO. 254 KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL CADET CORPS.

No. 254 King's College School Cadet Corps, Windsor, Nova Scotia, became affiliated with The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada on 1st January.

This Cadet Corps was formed in the very early years of this century and has been a flourishing institution at the School ever since. The Corps is compulsory for all boys and all periods of instruction are handled by the senior boys, under the guidance of instructors. Since its formation, the School Corps has several times received the award as the best Cadet Corps in Nova Scotta, The Corps uniform consists of a scarlet tunic, glengarry and the Mackenzie kilt.

Over two hundred members of the School enlisted in the Army during the First World War and ex-members of the Corps won three DSOs, seven MCs, and a recommendation for the Victoria

During the Second World War, one hundred and seventy ex-members of the Corps enlisted in the armed services—thirty-eight in the Navy, ninety-six in the Army, and thirty-six in the Air

The Black Watch is proud to have such a fine Cadet Corps affiliated with the Canadian Branch of the Family and wish the Corps every success in the years to come.



No. 254 King's College School Cadet Corps, newly affiliated to The Black Watch of Canada, during their Annual Inspection.

SECOND BATTALION

Training

At the time this is being written, the Second Battalion is busily engaged in Infantry Specialty Courses and groups of determined belong men can be seen almost anywhere in the area puzzling



Lt, Col. C. H. E. Askwith, CD, congratulates Lt, Col. W. C. Leonard, MBE, CD, upon his taking over command of 2 R.H.C.

out the liner points of a mortar sight, the mechanism of a medium machine gun or a recoilless rifle. However, let us go back now to the time our last notes were put together and bring you up to date on happenings in the unit.

date on happenings in the unit.

The Battallon began its annual leave on 1st August and by 10th September all but a small number, who comprised the reat party, had completed their leave and returned to duty. A comprehensive training programme was planned to complete annual refresher training; it had, however, scarcely begun when the unit was called out in Aid to the Civil Power.

On 2nd September the provincial government of Nova Scotia asked the Army to aid in fighting the largest forest fire in the history of the Province. On 1nd September "B" Company, under command of Major P. M. Moore, was despatched to the area of Indian Field, near Shelburne, to aid the provincial forest rangers and local volunteers in fighting the blaze. The fire became worse with the passing days and on 7th September "C" Company, under command of Major H. D. Watson, was ordered to the area to reinforce. A third company and elements of Battalion Headquarters were sent to the scene on 10th September.

The men found the work of firefighting quite a change from

The men found the work of firefighting quite a change from the normal routine of soldiering and threw themselves into their tasks with great drive and enthusiasm. The forest rangers were



Lt. Col. C. H. E. Askwith and Lt. Col. W. C. Leonard inspecting 2 R.H.C. on the handover parade.

most impressed by our organization and discipline, and the soldiers were, in turn, very impressed with the forest rangers' abilities in woodcraft and map reading. This all combined to make for a most friendly and efficient relationship and, in consequence, much was accomplished. The men worked from before dawn until well after dark and seemed to enjoy every minute of it.

By 15th September, the blaze was under control in most areas and on the following day one company was returned to Camp Gagetown. On 19th September the second company was withdrawn, and on the 22nd the third and last returned to St. Andrew's Barracks. It was a most gratifying and refreshing experience to take part in an operation of this type. The experience gained and the lessons learned will be most useful to all ranks.

Annual refresher training began in earnest on 26th September, with the Battalion having almost a month of training to catch up on after their firefighting. Ts.O.E.T., weapon classification, and National Survival training were concentrated upon by all companies and by the end of the first week of November the majority of the battation had completed all phases of refresher training.

On 10th October the Commanding Officer, Lt.-Col. C. H. E. Command as G.S.O. I and that Maj. W. C. Leonard, M.B.E., C.D., had been promoted and would take over command of the battalion at a Change of Command Parade on 17th October, at Second Battalion, Lt.-Col. Leonard formally took over the battalion at a Change of Command Parade on 17th October, at Commanding Officers we wish the very best of luck in the future.



Major D. L. Clarke, CD, takes the salute during the graduation march past of 106 Squad.



DEPOT

General

General

On 11th November, all personnel of The Depot participated in Remembrance Day Ceremonies, which consisted of Church services in the Oromocto, N.B. townsite, followed by a march past. All units in Camp Gagetown were on parade for this occasion, which was marked by cool, fine weather. Music for the march past was provided by the combined Black Watch bands, under the direction of Capt. D. V. Start, with the salute taken by Brig. E. D. Danby, DSO., OBE., CD., Commander, 3 Canadian Infantry Brigade Group.

On 19th November, one hundred NCOs and recruits from The Depot took part in "Nimble Phoenix", an exercise designed to test the role of 3 Canadian Infantry Brigade Group in National Survival. Depot personnel, who represented casualties on the exercise, played their parts with considerable interest and enthusiasm and gained valuable experience in National Survival Operations.

Training

Since the October issue of "The Red Hackle", two squads have completed their recruit training and graduated from The Depot, On 21st September, 106 Squad, commanded by 2/Lt, R. J. Morrison and consisting of 22 recruits, passed out, The inspecting officer for the ceremony was Maj. D. L. Clarke, C.D., DAAG (M), Headquarters, New Brunswick Area, The first Pay Corps recruit to graduate from the Depot was a member of this squad.

On 9th November, 16 recruits from 107 Squad graduated; this squad was commanded by Lt, J. S. MacKinnon, who is attached to The Depot from Second Battalion. This squad also had a "first" in that it included the first Dental Corps recruit to com-



Lt. J. S. MacKinnon, Squad Commander, Major D. H. B. Bevan-Jones, Inspecting Officer, and Pte, MacDonald, A. J., during the graduation ceremony of 107 Squad.

plete training at The Depot. Inspecting officer for the graduation ceremony was Maj. D. H. B. Bevan-Jones, Commanding Officer, Camp Gagetown Station Hospital.

In the October issue, National Survival Training at The Depot was reported upon. We have recently completed construction of our own National Survival Training Site, the result of many days of hard work, and a most important and necessary addition to Depot training facilities.

The following NCOs of The Depot have successfully completed courses recently: Sgt. Kenyon, W.C.—Senior Instructor, Methods of Instruction Course; Cpl. Routledge, R.G.—Small Arms Course; L/Cpl. Schlosser, J. C.—Small Arms Course; Cpl. Dempsey, A. J.—Senior NCO Course; Cpl. Greene, N.B.—Senior NCO Course.



Graduation parade of 107 Squad.

THE MONTREAL STAR, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1961

Beverly Hills Gourmets dinner, smoked Arctic char weet dinner for wives and other pickled baby corn prepared an identical "preview" dinner for wives and other pickled baby corn Springs, and North Bay caviar were served. The dinner menu was: Clam Art Linkletter. Associated Press land Regiment who were to be a supple of the pickled baby corn Banff Springs, and North Bay caviar were served. The dinner menu was: Clam Art Linkletter.

Sample Canadian Delicacles

Were served.

The dinner menu was: Clam bouillon Digby Pines, New sespecially flown here for the occasion with a load of Canadian delicacies, prepared a reault, senior chef of the Royal dinner for the Beverly Hills

Wine and Food Society last might.

Along with the chefs and the food came seven members of the Black Watch Royal High-

30

6/7th Battalion



General

By far the most important news this quarter is that the reorganisation of the Territorial Army has not directly affected us. Although we are sure that we could have very happily amalgamated with the 4-5th Battalion, we are naturally delighted and greatly relieved at this news.

The efforts made by a great number of people to avoid amalgamation are thus crowned with success. We have been battling hard for many months and there is no doubt that the Battalion's recruiting successes played an important part in sceuring this most welcome triumph. With an increase in strength of 360 in three years we can be justly proud of our achievements — now we must concentrate on improving our standard and undertaking more interesting and realistic training. A most successful party was held on 2nd December in 'B' Company's canteen to celebrate our "continued independence". We also took this opportunity of bidding farewell to Captain Graham and of welcoming Captain Bengough as Adjutant, We wish him the best of luck and hope that he will soon settle down and enjoy life with us as much as his predecessor obviously did. Our major effort this quarter was devoted to producing a Guard of Honour for Her Majesty The Queen on Her visit to Perth on 10th October, to open the new bridge. This was a great honour, but it did involve the most complicated preparations. The dress problem itself was a nightmare but rehearsals were worse; the basic plan was for Companies to work up to the desired standard on their own first. This was followed by 'County'

rehearsals in Perth and Dunferraline, and finally two Bartists rehearsals were held in Perth. During all this leverals active the Commanding Ufficet. Adjutant and P. 9. M. dashed found circles making encouraging moses and writing endless memors their next.

their pads.

The weekend of the 8/9th Detaber was spend in Green's Bartacks where the Depot extended their contourney beopetality. Bartacks where the Depot extended their contourney beopetality. Bartacks where the Depot extended their contourney policies when a second the state of the second that the second away with desperate intensity. The dress rebears at had been held away with desperate intensity. The dress rebears at had been held away with desperate intensity. The dress rebears at had been held away with desperate intensity of the true of the second and the second of the dress rebears at 11.15 a.m., and The Ouem's Colour of the 6th (Perthebre) Bittalion was marched on, and at 12.10 p.m. the Guard, exercising the privilege accorded to the Regiment by the City of Perth, marched out of barracks in review order with bayonels fixed, the Colour flying and led by the Pipes and Drums.

The Guard was formed up in Tay Street, and Jacing Machine.

the Pipes and Drums.

The Guard was formed up in Tay Street, and facing High Street, and at 12-40 p.m. Her Majesty's car attived. The Guard presented arms in the royal salute and the Pipes and Drume played Point o' War'l Her Majesty then inspected the Guard accompanied by Major Armstrong, the General Officer Commanding and Her Equery. Her Majesty then went to the Cdy Chambers, pausing en route to congratulate the Colonel of The Regiment on the Guard before driving off again to another royal salute.

In the afternoon Her Majesty opened the new Queen's Bridge over the Tay. The first to cross it after the official ceremony were the massed Pipes and Drums of the Territorial Units and civilian organisations of Perth in which the Battalion's Pipes and Drums were prominent. A smart "eyes left" was given as they approached the City end of the bridge.

After various administrative tasks had been completed the members of the Guard left in transport for their T.A. Centres. Every Company had been represented, and many families in Perthshire and Fife listened enraptured to the story of the royal occasion that evening. Judging by the number of congratulatory messages that were received, the Battalion had acquitted itself well; it was certainly a great day and worth every bit of the enormous effort that had been put into it.

After all this excitement we got down to normal training again. We are now preparing for the N.C.O.s' and Mortar Cadres that are to be held in the New Year.



H.M. The Queen inspecting the Guard of Honour from 6th/7th Battalion accompanied by Major General F. C. C. Graham, G.O.C. Highland District and Major Tom Armstrong who commanded the Guard.



A group of Officers, older Members and Committee men at the 33rd Annual Red Hackle Dinner of the Toronto Branch. Standing, left to right: John Neggie. Supervisor, Soldiers' Aid Commission; John Gilmore, James Smith, David Smith, Lieut. Col. J. H. Lovett, Major E. V. Pinkhamn. Richard Stewart. Lieut. Col. Lan M. R. Sinclair and Dan Sloan, Committee; William Herschell, President. Major E. V. Pinkhamn. Richard Stewart. Lieut. Col. Lan M. R. Sinclair and Dan Sloan, Committee; William Herschell, President. Front Row: David Hedley. General Sir Neil M. Ritchie; Hon. J. Keiller MacKay, Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, Honorary President of Toronto Branch; George Ferguson and Kenneth Hunt, Committee.

dear of Toronto Branch; George Fer briefly, commending the Branch members for their spirit of loyalty. The strength of any country, he said, was not measured by trade bulances or bank accounts, but in the character of its people. The Commonwealth, with its traditional brotherhood, was the greatest bulwark against Communism today. A buffet luncheon was set out on rables attractively prepared by a committee of the ladies.

There was a very enjoyable gathering at the King Edward Hotel, Toronto, on December, 6th, when President Herschell and the members of his Executive were hosts to several of our most active patrons and former Officers of the Regiment, including General Sir Neil Ritchie, Mr. Vasy Ash, Lieut, Col. J. H. Lovett, Major E. V. Bourne, Major J. P. G. Kemp, and Mr. Alex, McCathie, who were presented with Life Memberships in the Toronto Branch, the presentations being made with appropriate remarks by another Life Member, Lieut, Col. Ian M. R. Sinclair, General Ritchie, in voicing his appreciation, spoke of the early years of his service in the Black Watch, of the difficulties surmounted in the establishment of The Red Hackle, and its subsequent progress to attain a foremost place among Service publications of today. He spoke also of the organization and development of the Black Watch Association and the important function it performs in maintaining contact for ex-service and serving Black Watch men throughout the Commonwealth and in stations beyond. Our new Padre, Rev. Dr. Ross K. Cameron was introduced to the company. There were reminiscences and anecdotes of foreign stations and past campaigns, and of the job of running a local Branch.

General Sir Neil M, Ritchie was the main speaker at the 33rd annual Red Hackle Dinner of the Toronto Branch on Saturday, 14th January. Responding to the toast of "Canada within the



At The Red Hackle Dinner in Toronto-President William Herschell, General Sir Neil M. Ritchie, who was the main speaker, and Lieut. Col. Ian M. R. Sinclair.

song and dance, and is an increasingly popular event. The party was well under way when our President Bill Herschell presented the toast to "The Immortal Memory", and Johnny Gilmour followed in good voice, with "The Star of Robbie Burns". There was dancing to good music with a predominance of the old familiar airs associated with the Bard, and in due course the haggis appeared, borne high by Bill Campbell, piped in by Piper George Clark. The "Address" was ably given by John Reilly, then all partook of the honest fare, and the festivity continued to a late hour.

In the Edinburgh Branch notes in the January Bard Handle.

hour.

In the Edinburgh Branch notes in the January Red Hackle, there was a question concerning The Black Watch Memorial on The Mound, which we can answer in part. The soldier who sat (or should we say stood) for the sculptor was Murdoch Ferguson, of Perth, who was Regimental tailor at the Depot at the time, and a member of the 1st Battalion. He served with The Black Watch in the South African War and in the First World War. His brother, George Ferguson, has been a member of the Toronto Branch since its early days, and is presently a member of the Executive Committee. George was a Corporal in the 6th Battalion, 51st Division, in the 1914-18 War.

Commonwealth" proposed by Hon. Justice R. I. Ferguson of the Supreme Court of Ontario, General Ritchie declared that the affiliations of The Black Watch were strongest in Canada, and that this affiliation was very important in keeping the Commonwealth together. He paid high tribute to the retiring Colonel of the Regiment, Major General Neil McMicking, and to his successor, Major General the Viscount of Arbuthnott. "We are fortunate in having him at the head of the Regiment in Scotland", he said. "We old soldiers of the Regiment can feel that it is in good hands." In his further remarks, General Ritchie gave an intensely interesting first hand account of the Dunkirk action and of the anxious days preceding it.

There were 160 present, those at the head table included Hon. J. Keiller MacKay, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, who is Honorary President of the Branch, General Ritchie, Hon. Justice R. I. Ferguson. Lieut.-Col. Ian M. R. Sinclair. Lieut.-Col. J. H. Lovett, His Honour Nathan Phillips, Mayor of Toronto, Major J. Alex. Edmiston, Major E. V. Pinkham, Rev. Dr. Ross K. Cameron, Toronto Branch Padre, John Seggie, Maurice Searle. Charles World, Norman A. East, John Urquhart, Alex. McCathie, Robert Davey, and R. G. Roy, with President William Herschell in the chair.

The usual toasts were proffered and the duties of piper and

Robert Davey, and R. G. Roy, with President William Herschell in the chair.

The usual toasts were proffered and the duties of piper and bugler were performed by Branch piper George Clark and Bugler Tom Robinson, John Gilmore, J. Enright, J. McNulty and D. Romaine, with Jack Ayer at the piano, contributed much appreciated musical and comedy numbers.

The memory of Rabbie Burns was fittingly honoured at the Clubrooms on Friday, 20th January, when, in spite of a bitterly cold night, a goodly crowd assembled. This has come to be an annual observance with the Toronto Branch, with haggis, piping,

VICTOR WALLACE

Victor Wallace, who will be remembered by many who served with the 1st Battalion in the years following the First World War, died in Sunnybrook Hospital, Toronto, on December 13th, following an extended illness.

A native of Belfast, he joined the 1st Battalion at Aldershot in 1919, and went with them under the command of Col. S. H. Eden, to India, where he served until 1925, when he returned to the Depot at Perth; on completion of his seven years service, he took his discharge in Ireland. Shortly thereafter, he came out to Canada, where he had made his home in Toronto since. He joined the Toronto Branch in 1928, and continued in active membership until his death. At the funeral, which was very largely attended, the pallbearers included three comrades who had served with him throughout his time in India, William Herschell, John Reilly and Robert Kinninmonth.

He leaves a sister in Ireland. His wife predeceased him about a year ago.

GEORGE KNIGHT EDGAR

GEORGE KNIGHT EDGAR

Toronto Branch lost one of its most faithful supporters in the death on December 22nd, of George Knight Edgar. Born in Glasgow, he came to Canada about 1906, at the age of 13. Soon after the outbreak of War in 1914 he enlisted first in the 38th Canadian Infantry Battalion, later joining the Royal Highlanders of Canada and serving overseas with the 73rd and 42nd Battalions till the end of the War. He served also throughout the Second World War, joining the Ontario Regiment in Oshawa and going overseas with that unit. After the cessation of hostilities he continued to serve on escort duty and made more than 40 crossings between Halifax and New York, and British and European ports, on the Queen Elizabeth, Ile de France, Mauretania, and other vessels carrying troops and war brides back to Canada.

George Edgar was one of the first to join in the organization of the Toronto Branch of the Association, and served a number of years on the Executive, as Treasurer, and in other capacities.



3 BN. THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

General

Although training was suspended during the summer months, the Officers kept in contact with the Commander at the weekly lunchoons which were served in the Mess by our genial Mess Steward. Sgt. H. Dollard, whose culinary efforts have been praised by high Canadian dignitaries and by foreign diplomats visiting our Mess on numerous occasions.

The alteria of the Mess of the summer of the service o

The planning of our Winter-Training Syllabus was quite a ticklish project this year, as Training Officer, Major lan Macaulay was faced with a severe shortage of Officers. Our 2IC, Major W, B, Redpath, CD, and Captains J, W, Biddell, A, R, Pryde and T, E. Price were attending qualifying courses and therefore excused from ordinary duties.

It meant, of course, that some of our Junior Officers had to assume a greater than usual work load. We have now as Acting Company Commanders three young Officers, Lts, Steve Angus, L. N. Ferdon and A. R. Aird. They have carried a tremendous amount of responsibility on their young shoulders, but according to the Regimental Adjutant, Captain W. E. Stavert, they have

come through with flying colours, handling routine administration duties and company personnel problems as veterans, and even planning and successfully carrying out week-end achiemes.

On the 11th October, 1960, WOL J. R., Jackson, who had been our RSM for two years, resigned, and RSM M. Gurevitch, CD, took over the post.

took over the post.

The Annual Officers' Reunion Dinner was held on the 29th October, when LL General S. F. Clarke, CBE, CD, Chief of the General Staff, Canadian Arity, was Guest Speaker.

The St. Andrew's Ball on the 28th of November was attended by nearly all our Officers, and our Regiment provided two sets for the "Reel of 51st Highland Division". In the past this half has, by tradition, always been staged at the Windsor Hotel, but for the second year in succession it was moved to the more spacious quarters of the new Queen Elizabeth Hotel. We had our own Mess established there, and a royal time was had by our own Mess established there, and a royal time was had by all. The climax of the eventing came when our Commanding Officer received the Guest of Homour, General Sir Neil Ritchie, GBE, KCB, DSO, MC, and Lady Ritchie.

An interesting presentation took place in our Armoury when

GBE, KCB, DSO, MC, and Lady Ritchie.

An interesting presentation took place in our Armoury when Major-General J. M. Rockingham, CB, CBE, DSO, ED, General Officer Commanding, Quebec Command, presented the Colonial Service Medal to Sgt. W. Hule. Sgt. Hule was eligible for this medal in 1918, but for reasons too long to delve into, he never received it. As a matter of fact, as the medal is no longer awarded, a special one had to be struck in Ottawa for the occasion. We also had the pleasure of seeing our own Commanding Officer, Lt.-Col. D'Arcy J. McGovern, receive his CD from the hands of Colonel E. I. Ritchie, CD, Commander, 10 Militia Gp.

The Annual General Meeting of Officers was held on the 30th of November, with Brigadier K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, presiding, when reports on all our various activities were read.

The Cadet Christmas Party on the 3rd of December, and the

The Cadet Christmas Party on the 3rd of December, and the ildren's on the 17th, were enjoyed very much by all those

Our "fast-ball" team (rounders to you) is on top of the League, and when I next report, I hope to announce that they are the garrison champions.

Presently we are conducting a recruiting campaign in conjunction with the showing of the film "Tunes of Glory", starring Alec Guinness, Our pipers and recruiting personnel, however, are giving him a bit of competition.

The weather has not been very seasonal, but we hope that there will be enough snow in the mountains for the Quebec Command Ski Competitions, which will be staged within a few weeks.



Lt. Col. D'Arcy J. McGovern, CD, CO 3 RHC, congratulating RSM M. Gurevitch, CD, on his new appointment. In the centre is his predicessor, WOL J. R. Juckson.



Maj. Gen. J. M. Rockingham, CB, CBE, DSO, ED; GOC Quebec Command, presenting the Colonial Service Medal to Sgt. W. Hale.



Colonel F. I. Ritchie, CD, Commander, 10 Military Group, presenting the CD to Lt, Col. D'Arcy J. McGovern.



DEPOI

General

Due a very successful dinner was held for post with some 200 recruits in attendance. The the Communiting Officer, Officers, Warrant NCO of The Depot and judging from the situal some recruits ecusioned, some sort of been established. The pleased and satisfied of recruits following the dinner attested to the mevery way a complete success.

Training

Two squads have completed recruit training since the January consistence 108 Squad, consisting of fifteen Black Watch, four-tien Signal Corps and one Medical Corps recruit, graduated on the 5th of January. The squad, commanded by Sgt. Barber, H., CD, held its graduation ceremony in The Black Watch drill



Col. G. D. Dailley, Commander, Camp Gagetown, presenting the silver spoon for top marksman to Signalman Alward, G. D. during Graduation Ceremony of 108 Squad.

hall. Camp Gagetown; the ceremony included an inspection by the Inspecting Officer, Colonel G. D. Dailley, MBE, CD, Commander of the Camp, a march past, and presentations of St. John Ambulance First Aid Certificates to all members of the squad, regimental buckles and lanyards to the Corps recruits, and an engraved silver spoon to the top marksman.

On 1st. February, 109 Squad, commanded by Lt. C. M. Lawson, graduated from The Depot. This squad comprised fifteen Black Watch and sixteen Signal Corps recruits. Brigadier P. W. Oland, Commander 6 Militia Group, Saint John, N.B., was the Inspecting Officer and, following the usual graduation ceremony, the Brigadier, accompanied by the Commanding Officer of The Depot.



Brig. P. W. Olaud, Commander, 6 Militia Group, inspecting the Graduation Class, 109 Squad.

inspected the unit's accommodation and training facilities and witnessed a National Survival Demonstration by the recruits of No. 110 Squad under Sgt. Bigger, J. S.

No. 110 Squad under Sgt. Bigger, J, S.

Subsequent to the visit of Brigadier Oland to The Depot, a letter was received from him commending the graduation squad on their dress, appearance on parade, and their high standard of marching. Brigadier Oland has kindly donated a very fine trophy to The Depot for competition among the squads undergoing training. This will be presented to the squads which achieve the best results in their St. John Ambulance First Aid Tests, and keen rivalry is expected.

Two of the Depot Instructors, L/Cpls, MacIntosh, P. and Pont-

Two of the Depot Instructors, L/Cpls, MacIntosh, P, and Pentland, R, F, G,, successfully completed the Small Arms Course at the RCS of I, recently. Congratulations are extended to these Junior NCOs on their fine efforts.

The Depot is very busy these days training recruits for the Second Battalion. There are nine squads undergoing training at this time, with a recruit strength of over 300.

Sports

On 23rd January, The Depot's Bowling Team captured the Maritime Moving and Storage Company's Challenge Trophy. This trophy is competed for on an "open cup" basis and any bowling team in Camp Gagetown can challenge the holders to a match. The Depot team, in winning the trophy, defeated 3 Transport Company, RCASC, by a total of 34 pins.

On the volleyball scene, our team is engaged in a close struggle for third place in the Camp Gagetown League, with 3 Field

for third place in the Camp Gagetown League, with 3 Field Workshop in first place and 7 Transport Company, RCASC, in second position.

Postings

WOII. (CSM) Laidlaw, C. B., CD, has been posted to Second Battalion and WOII. (CSM) Mills, G. N., has been posted to The Depot from Second Battalion in his place.

Sgt, Kenyon, W. C. has been posted to Second Battalion and Sgt. Barber, H. S. to the "1" Staff, Headquarters British Columbia Area.

Sgt. Bigger, J. S., has been posted to The Depot from Second Battalion.

S/Sgt. Leaver, W., Depot PTI Cadre, has been posted to the R22eR Depot and has been replaced at The Depot by Sgt. MacDonald, C. H.

THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA MILITARY BAND

The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada Military Band was officially authorized in 1954 but was not activated until 1955, its base being Windsor Park, Halifax, Nova Scotia. In May of that year the Band, consisting of approximately twenty members and the Director of Music, Lt, D. V. Start, performed its first official function, a passing out parade for recruits in Windsor Park.

Since that time, the Band has grown considerably, and has performed at most of the cities and towns in Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. During the first two years of operation, the Band spent quite a large part of its time "on the road" and gained for itself a considerable reputation as a versatile and polished combination. Its pro-

Depot Notes



Lord Provost John Young addresses the Farewell Parade at Oueen's Barracks

Unlike the 1st and 2nd Battalions of the Regiment, we have never had the exciting news of a major move to report in these pages for nearly eighty years. And, indeed, even now, the news is sad rather than exciting as, after years of doubt and exasperation, Depot The Black Watch has now ceased to exist at Queen's Earracks and is now established at Stirling Castle. There, at the Training Depot (The Black Watch/The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), the duties of training recruits for the two Regiments are shared equitably between us. The Argylls find the CO. QM and one subaltern, while we provide the Training Officer, Adjutant, one subaltern and the RSM. This combination is bound to be a great success and will serve to bring our two Regiments even more closely together than they have always been in the past.

It is nevertheless with a feeling of nostalgia that, for the last time, we send our notes to our frustrated Editor, and they must perforce tell a tale of the removal of the visible signs of eighty years of history and of our efforts to say farewell to the City of Perth and to our many friends in the Regimental area.

The quarter started as tradition demanded with the Barracks empty while everyone was at home enjoying the rigours of Hogmanay and, in most cases at least, recovering in time to return on 4th January in time for Red Hackle Day. The football match, dinners and the usual to-ing and fro-ing between the Officers' and

Sergeants' Messes took place as custom decreed and brought down the curtain on the long festive season.

On 26th January, our advance party left for Stirling to start off the training of the first combined Black Watch and Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders squad. The RSM went along to see fair play. Here in Perth we continued training our last squad and statted to plan our farewells.

The Corporals' Club held a very successful final 'housey housey' night which was very well attended by the Corporals and all their local Black Watch friends. This function rounded off what has undoubtedly been a very successful two years for the Club. Unlike most Corporals' Clubs it has been run entirely regimentally by the PRI with a corporal as permanent caterer.

On Marsh the first the officers held an informal dance in the

On March the first, the officers held an informal dance in the Mess. This went on until da.m. The amount of dancing that was accomplished and the amount of electricity saved cannot be estimated with any accuracy, but the resulting mess bills gave a very clear indication that the normal prerequisites of such an affair had not been lacking.

on the 9th, the Depot Mess held its last Guest Night — and while all those present were undoubtedly feeling more than a little sad, those well known portraits looked down on the scene reflecting possibly on the loneliness they would now have to endure. Our guests at this last dinner were:— The Lord Provost and the Chief Constable of Perth, the Colonel of the Regiment, Major-General McMicking, Brigadiers Gilroy and Oliver, Colonels Thomson and Dunn, Lieutenant-Colonels David Rose, Claud Moir and Denys Rowan-Hamilton, his brother Angus and Peter Hitchman.

With such eminent company, "La di da" was even harder than usual to control but, apart from the odd bottle flying about, it must be recorded that the final was fought out by Generals Keith Arbuthnott and Neil McMicking, who both laughed so much that the contest remained an honourable draw.

A final Depot photograph on 10th March was followed by a mass move into the NAAFI to say good-bye to Miss Queen and her staff. She, and Mary her cook, have been at Queen's Barracks for twelve years and have looked after thousands of recruits, catered for Passing Out parades and served countless teas on Association Re-union Days. We presented each with a gold Regimental brooch on behalf of all these thousands.

Regimental brooch on behalf of all these thousands.

With representatives of all ranks, we then repaired to 6/7th Battalion's "B" Company canteen to entertain as many of the people of Perth who had supplied a service to the Depot over the years, as we had been able to gather. Representatives came from Peter Thomson, Adies. The Corner Shop, Peter McRae, The Perthshire Advertiser, The Courier, the local Cinemas, SMT and so on, and again we thanked them for all they had done for the Depot. We were particularly pleased to see Sister Penny who, for a great number of years, has been bringing into the world an even greater number of potential recruits for The Black Watch.

And so we came to the last day of the Depot. — 11th March.

And so we came to the last day of the Depot — 11th March, 1961. All the friends of the Regiment, families of those at the Depot, The Black Watch Association and Women's Guilds had been invited to our Farewell Parade. Eight hundred and fifty accepted our invitation and seats were arranged for them. In addition we had made it known that we would be glad to see any of the general public who cared to come.

The parade was to have three distinct angles to it—the farewell of our permanent staff, the passing out parade of 152 Squad and the presentation of re-emblazoned drums to the 6/7th Battalion. It was to be taken by the Lord Provost of Perth at 4 p.m. but. before that, the Corporation of Perth had most generously invited everyone at the Depot to St. Ninian's Hall for lunch, and so it was with some misgivings, with this big parade before us, that we gathered for this great party.

We were given a magnificent lunch with wine and/or beer, and the Lord Provost, having given the loyal toasts, said some very nice things to us. He also read to us messages from our Colonelin-Chief and from Colonel Irwin.

The parade took place in cold and drizzly weather, but the thousand or so spectators withstood it and we hope that they enjoyed our manoeuverings. Both the Lord Provost and the Colonel of the Regiment addressed us.



Perth's Farewell

In a message published in the *People's Journal* on 25th February, under the heading "Perth's Own", Lord Provost John T. Young said:

"We cannot deny that it will be a sad loss for Perth when The Black Watch leave. They have added colour to the City for so many years.

"They have always been looked upon as belonging to Perth. We'll miss the sight of the red hackle, the tartan and white spats in the City streets,

"The bearing and the gentlemanly conduct of the troops over all these years have more than won them a place in the hearts of the citizens of Perth.

"The City has always had a pride in having the Regiment in their midst. We have felt they were ours. They have shared in our big occasions, and we have shared in theirs.

"I'm sure all Perth will join me in wishing the Regiment every good wish wherever they may go".

1341. 42ND HIGHLANDERS, 1856 (Vol. XXXVI, p. 77).—In this article on a photograph of four men of the 42nd the writer has made a mistake in saying that the Medal Roll of The Black Watch for the Crimea makes no mention of either Glen or McKenzie. Glen appears under the spelling GLENN, with clasps for Alma and Sebastopol. A note to the latter gives the spelling GLEN. McKenzie appears in the list of corporals with the same clasps, and in his case a note to the latter clasp gives "Private." Presumably he lost his stripes in between the two dates. As regards the Colour-Sergeant, I have an old printed copy of the same photograph, in which his name is spelt GARDNER; and as for his sash, it was I think in this same year, 1856, that the change was made for sergeants from left shoulder to right. But the R.S.M. and R.Q.M.S. continued to wear their sashes like officers until 1886 or later. A regimental group taken in Malta in 1886 shows these two still wearing the sash over the left shoulder.

The Long Service and Good Conduct Medal presents a more difficult problem. Gardner did receive this without gratuity in 1866 as a Quartermaster-Sergeant under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of January, 1860. A note says "claims £15" (see p. 312 of the roll). The gratuity and Good Conduct Medal was issued under earlier warrants, but the roll does not show it as issued to Gardner. It may be added that Glen received this medal in 1862 with a gratuity of £5.

R. F. H. W.

REGIMENTAL NEWS

MUSEUM NOTES

The following exhibits have been received during the past

Books. The Muster Roll of Angus, 1899 to 1900. Presented by S. Paget, 80 Bahune Drive, Dundee.

S. Paget, 80 Balunic Drive, Dundee
Uniform. Mess jacket, sportan, pladid brooch, cap badge, collar badge, pati long hose tdiced), Sam Browne. Presented by Mrs. E. F. Lyell, 3 Pannure Terrace, Montrose.
No. I dress jacket of the late R.S.M. R. Roy, M.B.F., D.C.M., Presented by Captain (Q.M.) McCue, Edinburgh Castle.
Flags.—Union Tack flown at Government House, Cypros, until Independence was declared on 15th August, 1960. Presented to the 1st Ihn., then providing the Guard. Presented by O.C., 1st Bn. The Black Watch.
Medals, V.C., Egyptian Medal and 5 bars, Khedive Star,

Medals, V.C., Fgyptian Medal and 5 bars, Khedive Star, Coronation Medal, 1937, V.C. Citation, and authority to wear Coronation Medal. All of the late Private Thomas Edwards, V.C., 1st R. Hus.

N. J., 181 B. 108.

British War and Victory Medals, 1914-18, of the late Matron (Mrs.) E. R. Edwards, wife of the above soldier. Bequeathed to the Museum by the late Miss Olive Edwards, his daughter, and handed over by Major Revd. P. A. Wright, M.B.E., executor for Miss Edwards.

Miscellaneous, Small biscuit the ornamented with V.C. Incidents, one of which depicts Private Dayls, R. Hrs., whining his V.C. during the Indian Mutiny, 1857-58. Presented by Mrs. C. Somerville (granddaughter), 10 Lochrin Buildings, Gilmore Place, Edinburgh.

Photographs. Of Pte. Davis, his V.C. and medals, and his discharge certificate. Presented by Mr. D. Denham, Scabrook Road, Hythe, Kent, who is the present owner of Pte. Davis's V.C. and other medals.

V.C. and other ficting.

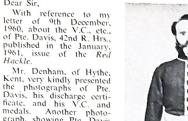
Letters. Bundle of some twenty letters of the late LL-Col. Sir R. H. Dick, 42nd R. Hrs. Presented by Mrs. Lorraine Maclean of Dochgarroch, Pixley Rectory, Ledbury, Herefordshire.

Watch. Pocket watch of the late Lieut, F. G. Tait, inscribed by the Matron, The Black Watch Memorial Horne, Broughty Force.

Visitors.

Australia		 	1
U.S.A.		 	2
England		 	19
Scotland		 	12
France		 	2
Yugoslavi	 	2	

Recruit Squads have visited the Museum during their training period at the Depot.



Hackle.

Mr. Denham, of Hythe, Kent, very kindly presented the photographs of Pre. Davis, his discharge certificate, and his V.C. and medals. Another photograph, showing Pte. Davis earrying the body of Lieut. Alfred Jennings-Bramly out of action during the Indian Mutiny, 1857-8, was taken from a biscuit tin on which this and several other V.C. episodes are depicted.

This tin was presented by

Dear Sir,

episodes are depicted.

This tin was presented by a Mrs. Somerville of Edinburgh, who is herself a granddaughter of Pte. Davis.

He was born in the Parish of Cannoneate, Edinburgh. June. 1834 and he enlisted at Edinburgh on the 2nd of November. 1852, at the age of 174 years.

Pte. Davis was discharged (unfit) on the 30th of October. 1873, after having served for 20 years 296 davs.

A. V. M. CHAPMAN, Curator,

Curator.



Pte. Davis, VC.



Rear Party

EDITORIAL

The Regiment's association with Queen's Barracks, which goes back to 1830 when 1st Battalion was stationed in Perth with the 78th Highlanders, has now been practically severed. On 12th March, after 80 years, Depot The Black Watch ceased to exist. Part of the staff moved to Stirling Castle where, under the command of Major J. V. Parnell of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, the new Training Depot (The Black Watch/The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders) has now been formed. The Regiment's representatives at Stirling are Captain Ian Leslie, Captain Thomas McMicking, Lieutenant Colin Innes and RSM Shepherd.

RSM Shepherd.
In this issue of *The Red Hackle*, with its sad record of the

farewell to the Depot, it is ironic, though encouraging, to read that, at Camp Gagetown, the Depot The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada have 300 recruits under training!

On the Farewell Parade the parade marched past to the tune "Queen's Barracks" composed for the occasion by Corporal Anderson.

The new cap badge of the Highland Brigade is now worn by all Regular personnel of the Regiment in the blue bonnet with the red hackle.

The attention of all contributors is particularly drawn to the date and address for material for the July issue.



THE OFFICERS' MESS

MESS NOTICE

19 Apr 61

I am pleased to inform the Members of the Mess that Army Headquarters has authorized the following Honorary appointment:

Appointment of Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel 3rd Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

- 1. Colonel H.M. Wallis, DSO, OBE, MC, VD, to be Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, effective 1 Jan 61.
- 2. Colonel Wallis joined the Regiment in 1914 in the rank of Private, and shortly thereafter received his Commission. He served continuously until he vacated the appointment of Commanding Officer in 1931 in the rank of Colonel. He saw active service with the Regiment and in various staff appointments in World War I, and he again served in various staff appointments in World War II. He is a member of the Regimental Advisory Board, and has always taken a keen interest in the affairs of the Regiment.

Retirement of Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel
3rd Battalion
The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

- 1. Colonel W.S.M.MacTier, MC, VD, vacated the appointment of Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, effective 31 Dec 60.
- 2. Colonel MacTier joined the Regiment in 1913 and served continuously with it until he vacated the appointment of Commanding Officer in 1934. He saw active service in World War I, and has held the appointment of Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel of the 3rd Battalion since 1956.
- 3. Colonel MacTier's long and distinguished service with the Regiment has not ended, for he will continue to hold the appointment of Vice-Chairman of the Regimental Advisory Board.

D'Arcy J.McGovern, Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding Officer 3rd Bn, The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada

lu pui 24,

BOOKS IN REVI U

B. JOHN HUNDEVAD

General's Wife Writes Fine Biography **About Famous Husband**

WORTHY, by Larry Worthington. Published by The Macmillan Commy of Canada, Limited, 70 Bond rest, Toronto. Price \$5.

EADERS OF THE LECIONARY WILL be aware that scores of Brit-ish and American generals have written their memoirs and that some - Montgomery and Alan-



General Worthington

rooke, for example - have pulled o punches in their criticism of tatesmen, politicians and fellowenerals, Allied as well as those f their own country. Vastly enterining as some of these outspoken ccounts have been, up to a point, ne resulting free-for-all in the etter columns of the daily press f Britain and the U.S.A. has often been so bitter, so acrimonious that outsiders may be forgiven for questioning the judgment, sagacity and good taste of men they once re-garded with awe and admiration. n fact, one finds oneself wishing at lmes that the brass-hats would op writing books and spend their jum growing roses, breeding or whatever brass-hats norally do in retirement.

For some reason or another, no anadian general has ever written is autobiography. Whether this is because of undue modesty or the typically Canadian aversion ticking one's neck out, is hard to The fact remains, as far as · W. reviewer is aware, that not one adian general has got out his

LEGIONARY, MAY 1961

mer camp training.

However, the special skills rememoirs, and only one — Generalquired to fulfil the national sursir Arthur Currie, of World War Ivical roles were tested during fame — had up to last month had Exercise TVRO III, three-day a full-length biography in book week-long training program unform published about him (writtender simulated nuclear warfare by Colonel "Sandy" Urquhart of conditions.

Vancouver).

Vancouver).

Last month, however, a book ap-Canadian towns and villages also peared which, in its own way, shattered the Canadian tradition of Service reticence and also broke operation into Granby after the new ground that offers tantalizing possibilities for fruitful emulation, Canadian-like, it is not written by a general — after all, that would be ties were supplied by regular too much to expect, nor by a Service and militia forces, and were rescolleague whose reluctance to stick chartened by the troops from Farnhis neck out would be equally as great. No, it's written by that most qualified of biographers — a general — addition to the actual rescue eral's wife!

Major-General F. F. Worthington, C.B., M.C., M.M., the subject of this volume, was never afraid of sticking his neck out when fighting the Germans in World War I or the Canadian authorities in World War II when he fathered the Royal Canadian Armoured Corps, or later when with boundless energy and drive he directed Canada's Civil Defence organization. Why a fighting man like "Worthy" should hesitate to put his adventurous record and virile views on men and affairs on paper only he knows. At any rate, when he flatly declined to write a book about himself, Mrs. Worthington Militia Men At Camp Farnham

al survival operations since then have received the main emphasis in local headquarters and summer camp training.

More than 1,000 members of Montreal's 10 Militia Group are gathered this week in Camp Farnham, undergoing an extensive summer training program.

Under Col. F. I. Ritchle, the group commander, the troops have been engaged in "corps" training for the first time since the army was given its specific roles in national survival operations, in September, 1950. National survival operations since then a survival operations of the contract of the group that the survival operations of the survival operations

took up the cudgel. The result is one of the finest biographies we have read in many a day. It is written with charm, humour and dignity, plus a sound knowledge of military terminology and Service life only to be found in one who for many years has been married not only to a "regular" general but to "the Army." It's a grand book,

And speaking of "fruitful emulation," why shouldn't more generals' wives write the memoirs which their husbands, so far at least, have not written? What about it — Mrs. Mc-Naughton, Mrs. Crerar, Mrs. Simonds, Mrs. Vokes. . . ?

A Far From Conventional General

WORTHY' By Larry Worthington. Macmillan; 236 pages, \$5.00.

One of Canada's best-known soldiers — Major-General F. F. Worthington, C.B., M.C., M.M. — has had the great good fortune of having his biography written by the most qualified of writers, his wife. And, without further ado, she has succeeded magnificently.

She has used three tools of the writing trade with good judgment. The first is a sympathetic insight and the other pathetic insight and the other pathet two are an objectivity and a fairness in the production of the life story of a far from conventional model of a general.

Worthy, whose earlier life stretched from Mexico to San

Francisco, around the Horn and South America, saw service with the Black Watch of Mont-

Sardinia

SOUTH TO SARDINIA. By Alan Ross. Hamish Hamil-ton; 200 pages, \$4.50.

"South to Sardinia" is an account of a summer journey through this little-known island in the Mediterranean. Starting from the north eastern tip of the island, Alan Ross makes his way through central Sardinia to Caglieri in the south, describing along the way the land, people and past history of each place he visits. A trip of each place he visits. A trip of the isla of Caprera, once the



MAJ, GEN. WORTHINGTON

real in the First World War, was commissioned in the field and later was transferred to the famed tat Canadian Metor Machine-Gun Brigade.

Between the two world wars, Between the two world wars, and was a lively member of an and was a lively member of an impopular group that believed wholeheartedly in tanks and wholeheartedly in tanks and chagrin of the Canadian and chagrin of the Canadian and

British governments concerned When the Nazis stole Liddell Hart's theories of swift tank warfare, it was nearly too late for the Allies. But 'Worthy's' persistence and his own quet way of obeying "higher authority" wishes brought about the change to armor.

ority" wishes prought about the change to armor.

'Worthy' endured the blow of his life when, after training the 4th Canadian Armored Division for action, he was sent home before D-Day because of his are.

his age.

Later be was to direct
Canada's civil defence with the
same boundless energy and

same boundless energy and drive.

Mrs. Worthington has augmented the story of the general mented the story of the general with personal glimpses of his domestic life, and she has written this volume with dignity and a sense of humor which makes it at ence informative and charming.

For the kilted members of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, the 6th Duke of Conaught's Royal Canadian Hussars and the 17th Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars and the 17th Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars (the latter two regiments now combined), the reading of Worthy is a 'must," for members of all three units (and particularly the old sweats) can claim Worthy for their own. BRUCE CROLL

1100000000



HUGH MONTGOMERIE, 12th EARL OF EGLINTON, K.T. (Reproduced by kind permission of the National Galleries of Scotland

THE MONTREAL STAR, FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1961

South Africa Won't Bar Kilts for Army Units

Reuters

JOHANNESBURG, June 23 — South Africa's "Scottish" soldiers are still going to be able to wear their kilts - even though the new republic has broken ties with the Crown and Commonwealth.

There are six South African

There are six South African regiments which wear the kilt or tartan trousers.

A South African defence official announced yesterday that kilts would be retained, but added that whether or not members of the Royal family would remain as colonels-in-chief of units was still under review.

Although the Queen's colors were ceremonially laid up

when South Africa became a republic last month, the Queen Mother is still colonel-in-chief of three units with Scottish connections.

Other members of the Royal family are honorary heads of other regiments.

Tradition-minded regiments here had been in a turmoil ever since they were told they must remove all Royal

insignia

Finally, the Defence Department came to the rescue, telling them to keep the old names, badges and insignia, pending review.

HUGH MONTGOMERIE, 12th EARL OF EGLINTON, K.T.

By Major A. McK. Annand

Some years after the failure of the Jacobite rising of 1745, when it had been borne in upon the Government that the Highlanders were intrepid fighting men, and when further risings in favour of the Stewarts were unlikely, it was decided to enlist the clans in the service of those whom they had so recently and so stubbornly resisted.

It was thus that, in 1757, two regiments of Highlanders, the 77th and 78th, were raised, chiefly from amongst the Jacobite clans, the former by Major the Honourable Archibald Montgomerie (later 11th Earl of Eglinton), a Lowlander, who was granted the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel commanding.1 In accordance with the normal custom of the day, the 77th were therefore known as Montgomery's Highlanders, and consisted in the first place of 13 companies of 105 rank and file each, 54 officers, I chaplain, I quartermaster, I surgeon, 65 serjeants and 30 pipers and drummers.2

Amongst the officers was the Colonel's cousin, Lieutenant Hugh Montgomerie, whose commission was dated 21st July, 1757.3

The regiment was embodied at Stirling and can have had the opportunity of acquiring little more than a rudimentary knowledge of military duties before embarking at Greenock for Halifax in time to allow of its attachment to the force under Brigadier-General Forbes which, in 1758, was engaged in an expedition against the French in Fort Duquesne.

After the taking of Fort Duquesne, renamed Pittsburg, on 24th November, the 77th took part in Major-General Sir Jeffery Amherst's proceedings at Ticonderoga, Crown Point and the Lakes, and in 1760 Colonel Montgomerie, with 700 of his own men, 400 of the 1st Royals and a strong detachment of provincials, was despatched on a punitive expedition against the Cherokees, a Red Indian tribe whose cruelties had alarmed the southern colonists.4

[&]quot;Sketches of the Highlanders of Scotland," by Colonel (later Major-General)

David Stewart of Garth, 1822, Vol. II, p. 14.

*Ibid. Stewart of Garth uses both "Montgomerie" and "Montgomery" when referring to the regiment, but the latter form is more commonly used.

⁸ Ibid. p. 15, and from information received from Mr. D. W. King, War Office Librarian. Strangely enough, Hugh Montgomerie's service in the 77th is not mentioned in either the Dictionary of National Biography or "Memorials of the Montgomeries, Earls of Eglinton" by Sir William Fraser, 1859, both placing him in the 78th Fraser's Highlanders, in which he was not to serve until 1762. Even more strangely, Sir William credits Colonel Montgomerie (11th Earl) with raising the 78th, again making no mention whatsoever of the 77th.

[&]quot;Sketches," Vol. I, p. 338. Amherst's orders for the slaughter of Indians, whose lands were slowly being filched from them, are sadly reminiscent of William of Orange's infamous, doubly-signed order for the massacre of the Macdonalds of Glencoe, with the exception that the women and children were to be spared. One of these orders is given in James Grant's "British Battles on Land and Sea," Vol. II, p. 87.



Col. R. L. H. Ewing

Funeral will be held at 11 a.m. today from The Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul for Colonel Royal Lindsay Hamilton Ewing, a prominent Montrealer and a military hero of the First World War, who died Tuesday in the Royal Victoria Hospital.

War, who deed Tueshay it be Renyal Victoria Hospital.

He was it.

Bern in Montreal on Nov. 12.

1878, Col. Ewing was educated at Turker's School for Boys and at the High School of Montreal.

After graduation, he formed the realty firm of Gualt and Ewing, later known as Ewing, and Ewing Real Estate Agents.

At the outhreak of the First World War, Colonel Ewing entered as a private and gained his commission as a lieutenant, in the McGill COTC. Assigned to the Gual Battailion Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, he was awarded the Distinguished Service Order and Bar, the Military Cross, the Legion o'Honeur, Croix de Guerre and was twice mentioned in dispatches. His first decoration the MC. His first decoration the MC, which he was awarded in Oc-taber, 1916, carried the follow-

"He made repeated journeys to the front and support lines under very heavy fire, to secure the immediate execution of orders. Later he initiated means of clearing the wounded and of bringing forward rebons. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout."

Col. Ewing, who had been

Col. Ewing, who had been promoted captain by the time he was awarded the MC, was promoted major two months after. He was grazeried to battalion command as a lieutenant-colonel in 1913.

He was twice wounded on ac-On returning to Canada, Col. COMME

Colonel R. L. H. Ewing

After coming through all the chances of war, Col. R. L. H. Ewing was spared to live to a full age, even into his eighties. He can never be forgotten. For he was one of that band of Montrealers who gave an undying richness of tradition to the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada.

Col. Ewing was not a young man when the Great War broke out in 1914. He was already in his late thirties when he enlisted as a private. He soon had his commission after training in the McGill COTC, and was assigned to the Black Watch as a lieutenant.

His qualities of leadership were proved so steadily and so impressively that he rose from rank to rank, until he was a lieutenant-colonel when the war ended. His service was at the front, and his honors were the honors of battle. The Military Cross came to him for service while still a lieutenant. It was followed by the D.S.O. and (after his service at Vimy) by the French decoration of the Croix de Chevalier de Legion

He stayed at the front, though twice wounded. The whole spirit of his service was expressed in the citation for his Military Cross: "He displayed great courage and initiative throughout."

In the years after the war he remained a most military figure, in his splendid bearing and manner, and in his devotion to the work of the Corps of Commissionaires. He was repeatedly elected chairman of the board of governors of the Montreal Division.

In the 1940's he mobilized many a veteran for service in guarding war factories and military installations in Canada, and in the transitional period just after the Second World War, he was able, through the Commissionaries, to provide temporary employment for many a young veteran until he could find his place in regular industry.

Such a man will always be remembered, above all by the Black Watch, where his service is part of its history and of the spirit of its future.

Col. R. L. H. Ewing

A funeral service will be hel-tomorrow for Col. Royal Lind say Hamilton Ewing, who dies Tuesday in Royal Victoria Hos



COLONEL EWING pital alter a lengthy illness. He

Born in Montreal on Nov. 12. 1878, Col. Ewing was educated at Tucker's School for Boys and the High School of Montreal.

the High School of Montreal.

After graduation he formed the realty firm of Gautt and Ewing, later known as Ewing and Ewing, real estate agents.

At the outhreak of World War I, he joined the McGill COTC and was commissioned lieutenant. He joined the 42nd Battalion Black Watch (RHR) of Canada in 1915 and served with the unit in France outil with the unit in France un 1919

While on active service he won the Distinguished Service Order and Ear, the Military Cross, the French Croix de Chevalier of the Legion de Honor, the Croix de Guerre, and was twice mentioned in demarked.

despatches.

Its first decoration — the MC, which he was awarded in October, 1916 — carried the following citation:

"He made repealed journeys to the front and support lines under very heavy fire, to secure the immediate execution of orders. Later he initiated means of clearing the wounded and of clearing the wounded and of

orders. Later he initiated means of clearing the wounded and of bringing forward rations. He displayed great courage and initiative throughout."

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colonel in 1918. He was twice wounded on

On returning to Canada, Col. Ewing stayed in command of the second battalion of the RHR until December, 1824.

But his retirement from mil-itary life did not mean a with itary life did not mean a windrawal from activities in the community. He was honorary vice-president of the Quebec division of the Canadian Red Cross, a governor of the Monitreal General Hospital, and a governor of the Canadian Corps of Commissionaires.

of Commissionaires
Col. Ewing is survived by
thee nieces: Sarah and Marquerite Starke and Mrs. Robert
Starke; and one grand-niece,
Roberta Starke.

The funeral service will be
held in the Church of St. Andrew and St. Faul. Burial will
be in Mount Royal Cemetery.

Col. Royal Ewing

Civilian-Soldier Had Heroic Career

OL ROYAL EWING will be best OL. ROYAL EWING will be best remembered not as an ailing man of 85 but as the handsome, stalwart soldier who brought to civil life the spirit of service he took to the army. In civil life he was successful and in the army brilliant, for he won not only the Military Cross and Distinguished Service Order in the field but command of his own battalion as well. command of his own battalion as well.

He went overseas in the Great War with the 42nd Battalion under Col. Canthe, was twice wounded, won his majority in the field and had the honor of commanding the battalion whose men were the first into Mons the night before the Armistice and giving the orders that took them there.

Two men who played a leading part in those last glorious days in November 1918 have died within the past week or so: Col. Allan Magee and Col. Ewing. Their activities in those last days were not unconnected.

Col. Magee's Story

Col. Magee was on the staff at Canadian Corps headquarters in the last days of the war and on duty early in the morning of November 11. At 6.30 a.m. the telephone rang. It was First Army Headquarters to notify the Canadians that all firing would cease at 11 o'clock. Col. Magee noted this down on a message pad, telethis down on a message pad, tele-phoned it through to Second and Third Division headquarters (because these divisions were in the line), then sent signal messages to other Canadian formations. Until the end of his life he kept his pencilled copy of the message as his most precious souvenir of the war.

of the war.

One of the officers who received this message a little later was Col. Ewing. He received it not from Col. Magee but from his divisional head-quarters. He knew by then that one of his companies under Capt. S. W. A. Grafftey of Montreal was in Mons, but the hattalion's objective was beyond Mons and Col. Ewing was intent on reaching it.

were ceremonially laid up

Two days earlier the battalion had reached Jemappes. It was in reserve reached Jemappes. It was in reserve but received orders there to take over from the Princess Patricias, "with the high ground east of Mons as an objective." No one knew then that an Armistice was in the making. The Canadians were under instruction to keep in touch with the retreating Germans. Col. Ewing told his men to make their way forward; if they got into trouble they were to stand pat and use their own discretion.

None of this comes from the war

None of this comes from the war None of this comes from the war histories but from Col. Ewing's own lips. He told the story when he was called as a witness at the trial of Sir Arthur Currie's \$50,000 libel action against W. T. R. Preston and F. W. Wilson. These, a publisher and a writer, had charged Sir Arthur Currie with needless waste of Canadian lives just before the Armistice. Col. Ewing just before the Armistice. Col. Ewing was a witness for Sir Arthur and was responsible for the only hilarious day in that grim recital which ended in the Canadian Corps commander's vindication.

No Slow-down

The defendants insisted that the The defendants insisted that the Canadians should have slowed down when they knew an armistice was in the making. Currie's reply was that he was under orders to stay on the Germans' heels and did not in any case know that an armistice would be called. Col. Ewing was one of the many officers who supported Sir Arthur.

Hilarity was caused by Col. Ewing's replies to counsel for the defence. Without military experience himself, counsel nevertheless tried to tell the officers what they should have done. He found discrepancies between the story 42nd Battalion offi-cers had told and the battalion's war diary.

"Oh, the war diary was looked upon as a necessary evil in the army,"
Col. Ewing said, and with these words
knocked it out as accurate documen-

tation of the battalion's activities.

Counsel persisted. He tried to show that the Germans were in head-

show that the Germans were in headlong flight when in fact they were fighting rearguard actions.
"One of your journalistic friends,"
Col. Ewing told counsel, "named Livesay (J. F. B. Livesay of the Canadian Press) came to me on the previous day and told me there was nothing between us and Berlin. I was glad to hear that, but I did not believe it. I told Livesay to be extremely careful badges and beyond the next corner. I fact he was later alliere. . I have ing review.

o the story but here to illumiivilian soldier

25

1961 Athens,

Near Athens, on the opposite side to the Piraeus, there is a suburb called Phaleron. Here the Mediterranean sweeps in to the coastline in a broad and generous bay. Running along the shore a majestic boulevard, decorated with grass lawns and beds of gaily coloured flowers, separates the sand from the gracious white houses. Here the rich have their homes and their presence gives to the selection of the property of complete and peage. At a point near the

brilliant, dancing and the gate-Sea. In May of this year the gate-way and pillars at the front of the Cemetery were inveiled and the whole place opened obticially. The Date of Glouces-te performed the ceremony while the Royal Family of

to performed the ceremony with the Royal Family of Greece and men's famous pupile looked the not The Black Workshi was pixen the task of proceding the British Guard of Honour, and, in company with Chard, we were to flank the the Evzones of the Greek Royal archiway at the entrance.

In preparation for this Guard a reconnaissance party went to Greece to seek accommodation and examine the Cemetery itself. With the knowledge of the drill required and of the form of parade, we were able to start practising while we were in the desert at Tmimi. The Guard was drawn evenly from all the Companies and was commanded by Major A. O. L. Litthgow. Mr Cox carried the Queen's Colour and Sgts. Angus and Hopkinson, both of "A" Company, were the escorts. Mr. Usher was the Subaltern of the Guard, C.S.M. Shaw and C/Sgt. Cameron were the right and left markers and R.S.M. Drinkwater held the parade together behind the Colour.

There were only four weeks for preparations and every morning for an hour or more the drills were rehearsed. The most important thine to learn was the art of standing motionless for long periods.

There were only four weeks for preparations and every morning for an hour or more the drills were rehearsed. The most important thing to learn was the art of standing motionless for long periods. From the start it was evident that this was going to be no easy task in the heat as we were to be dressed in No. 1 Dress. As the form of parade became familiar to everyone the rehearsal times were put forward so that we could taste the full heat of the sun. Although the Battalion by this time had gone into Khaki Drill the members of the Guard remained in full Battle Dress to get accustomed to the heat. In the end this proved to be a very good thing as Battle Dress is hotter than No. 1 Dress and it was a relief to put on the Green Doublet when the time came.

Among the preparations was the showing of a film taken at a

for lunch.

The quarters allotted to us were not the most comfortable, A Greek run L.S.T. in Piraeus harbour was home for most of us and it was in its expansive belly that the beds had been put up. The first day was naturally spent in settling in and waiting for the rest of Guard to arrive. The Bandmaster and the Drum Major made their reconnaissance and the Jocks started to investigate the joys of Piraeus and Athens.

By Sunday morning everyone

Black Watch Association wreath.

By Sunday morning everyone had arrived and the whole Guard went down to the Cemetery for the first rehearsal. Here we had our first view of the Evzones. These men were all over six feet tall and presented a little odd in comparison with ours but was undoubtedly very smart. The first rehearsal was really an opportunity for the organisers to see how their plan was going to work. We were "talked through" the ceremony at quite a speed and were soon marched off while Grave Faced Gentlemen in dark suits discussed points with Sunburned Senior Officers. Lunch was served by the sea and a café was invaded for its beer. Someone who thought he could speak French asked the proprietor of the Café whether he was capable of catering for 150 men if the need arose. The proprietor took this as a firm order and promptly opened up 150 bottles of beer. Unfortunately he gave this away free to the Jocks and the French speaker was presented with a bill for £9. So much for Anglo-French-Hellenic relations!

The Grave and the Sunburned finally decided that we could go and that if all went well only one more rehearsal would be needed. It was well on into the afternoon when we finished on the first day and there was little time for the preparation of Retreat which was to take place that evening. There was considerable competition that night as the Greek-Marathon was finishing next door to the area in which Retreat was to be played.



Colonel Neville Blair laying the Black Watch Association wreath.

FORCE **SCOTTISH VOLUNTEER**

th (Perthabire) Volunteer Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders)

Regimental District No. 42

South Africa, 1900-02. Order of Precedence 185

Honorary Colonel David R. Williamson of Lawers, V.D., late Ensign and Lieutenant Coldstream Guards, 9th July, 1879.

Headquarters-Perth

The 1st Administrative Battalion, Perthshire Rifle Volunteers, with Headquarters at Perth, was formed on 20th November, 1860, and to it then, or on the date on which they were subsequently raised, the following corps of Perthshire Rifle Volunteers were attached:—

1st-Perth. Raised on 13th December, 1859, as one company, 1st—Perth. Raised on 13th December, 1859, as one company, 2nd—Perth. Raised on 13th December, 1859, as one company. Of these corps the lst was composed of "citizens", the 2nd of "artisans", and they were amalgamated as the 1st Perthshire Corps, of two companies, in June, 1860, 'The uniform was medium grey hooked timites and fromers, with scarlet collars and cuths and black braid, grey peaked caps with scarlet bands and the arms of Perth, and black pouch and waist belts.

Blargowrie. Raised on 16th March, 1860, as one com-pany. Uniform dark grey with red facings. 5th

Dunblane. Services accepted on 13th December, 1859; officers commissioned on 3rd May, 1860, as one company. Uniform as for 1st Perth, but with brown belts.

COUNTRY ASSETS FOR THE PORTH, but with brown bells.

COUNTRY ASSETS Refised on 5th May, 1860, as one company. Uniform as the Arts grey with red facings.

Crieff. Raised on 5th May, 1860, as one company, Uniform as the 1st Porth, with black belts, and with the Ochtertyre bodge in silver on the cape.

Alyth. Raised on 26th May, 1869, as one company, Uniform dark grey with red facings.

9th-

Doune. Raised on 26th May, 1860, as one company. Uniform as for 1st Perth, with a bugle budge on the caps. 11th

Caliander. Raised on 26th May, 1860, as one subdivision, Disbanded in 1865. 12th -

12th—St. Martine Raised on 22rd August, 1860, as one company. Uniform deek grey doublets with searlet facings, Macdonald tartan kilts, plain glengarries, and black belts,

14th—Birnam. Raised on 10th November, 1860, as one company. Uniform dark grey doublets with searlet facings, Royal Stuart tartan kilts, plain glengarries and black belts.

Auchterarder. Raised on 4th December, 1860, as one company. Uniform light grey tunies and trousers with searlet facings, low grey shakos and brown belts.

anley. Raised on 21st January, 1861, as one company. Disbanded in 1864. 16th Stanley.

17th—Bridge of Earn. Formed in April, 1863, as one sub-division, and disbanded in June, 1863. No officers were appointed to it.

appointed to it.

18th (Highland) - Perth. Raised on 8th May, 1863, as one company. Uniform dark grey doublets with scarlet culls and collars and four rows of black lace across the breast, Atholl (Murray) tartan trews, plain glengarries with blackcock's tail, and black pouch and waist belts.

19th (Highland) - Crieff. Services accepted as one company on 7th December, 1868; offlicers commissioned on 11th December, 1868. Uniform dark green doublets with Royal Stuart tartan kilts and plaids, red and green diced hose, and Balmoral bonnets with feather. Absorbed in the 8th Corps in 1878. Corps in 1878,

Corps in 1878.

In 1868 a general uniform was adopted for the Battallon, consisting of dark grey buttoned tunics and trousers with scarlet facings and piping, dark blue shakos with red, white and blue diced borders, bugle badge, and ball-tuff black below and red above, and black belts; but the 13th, 14th and 19th Corps continued to wear their Highland dress, and the 18th only modified theirs in so far as they adopted the shako, but with a ball-tuft, red below and white above. The 8th Corps was permitted to wear the same uniform as the 18th, but with Black Watch trews.

trews, In 1869 the 5th, 7th, 9th, 13th and 14th Corps were transferred

to the 2nd Administrative Ballalion (see 5th Volunteer Ballalion), and as the 12th Curps had been disbanded in 1865 and the 16th in 1864, and the 17th had only lasted two months, the 1st Ballalion was left composed of the 1st, 6th, 8th, 11th, 15th, 18th, and 19th Corps, with in all eight companies. In 1nty, 1875, a 21st Corps of one company was raised at Connie, but it was disbanded in March, 1876; and in 1878 the 19th Corps was disbanded in March, 1876; and in 1878 to brokey, with a black-and-red plane and bughe badge, was adopted by the whole Ballalion. On 13th March, 1880, the Ballalion was consolidated as the 1st Perthstific Rifle Volunteers with headquarters at Perth and having seven companies, lettered A and 1st Perth (date 1st Corps); C. Dunblane (late 6th); D. Criell (bate 8th); E. Doons (late 11th); P. Anchterarder.



Private Private 18th Perth R.V. 1st Perthshire R.V. 1868-1878, 1876-1883, Private 1901-1908 Hit Ferm 3.7.. 1868-1878, 1876-1885, 4th Vol. Bn. Royal Highlanders,

18th). On 24th April, 1883, authority was given for the adoption by the Battalion of the uniform of the Black Watch—scarled doublets with blue facings, frews with brown leggings, plain glengarries, and white belts. On 21st March, 1885, the Battalion was increased to eight companies by the formation of "H" Company at Bridge of Allan, and, in 1887, by General Order 181 of 1st December, the Battalion became the 4th Volunteer Battalion, The Black Watch.

The Black Watch.

During the South African War the Battalion contributed twenty-two men to the 1st, Captain R. M., Christic and seventeen men to the 2nd, and six to the 3rd Volunteer Service Company of the Black Watch, all three of which were attached to the 2nd Battalion. In all two officers (including Surgeon-Major R. Stirling, M.D., who was mentioned in despatches on 29th November, 1900) and 72 members of the Battalion took part in the war, and Sergeant J. B. Deas and Private J. Chalmers, both of "A" Company, were killed in action.

Recrulting became very brisk at home, "I" and "K" Companies being raised at Perth under War Office authority of 17th March, 1900, and "L" (Cyclist) Company, also at Perth, under that of 26th May, 1900; but after the war it was found impossible to maintain them, and "I" Company was reduced in 1902 and "K" and "L" in 1905, thus leaving the Battalion with eight companies, including a cyclist section.

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DEPOT THE BLACK WATCH FAREWELL PARADE



11th March 1961



The Pipes and Drums, Singleton, N.S.W., 1950

REVIEWED BY CAPTAIN A. L. DISHER, HISTORICAL SECTION, ARMY HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA

Take a water-boy from a Mexican Take a water-boy from a Mexican ild mine; a stoker; a deck seaman; revolutionary and counter-revolutionary; a four-times decorated vettan of 1914-18 and stir very vigously with lots of pepper—result, all things a Canadian general! at don't try the recipe too often cause the chance of producing a comd Major-General Frederic forthington, CB, MC, MM, CD, is ery rare indeed.

We have waited (in the spate of est-war books) for a long time to ead about one of our Canadian gen-

ost-war books) for a long time to osd about one of our Canadian gen-rals. It has been almost worth the rait, for now we have "Worthy",* be life-story of a man by his wife, is a small, well prepared volume the most pleasant reading we ave seen for some time. Mrs. 'erthington tells a tender story of stormy military figure, and while laring not a few of the frustra-ons and disruptions of army life, cords them with patience and good

Imour.
As all the army knows, Worthy
the "Father of the Armoured
strps", but few of us know the long,
shill grind convincing officialdom
the need for modernizing the
my in the years between the wars.
Aberal Worthington saw his grail dheral Worthington saw his grail w the battlefields of 1918 and he frer lost sight of it through the glowing years when his imaginaall, inventiveness and persistence alried him through to the developtof a Canadian school of argired warfare with its seat (as it is) on the dusty plain of Camp

Warthy". By [Mrs.] Larry Worthington. nillan (Toronto) 1961, pp 236, \$5.00.

(Continued from preceding page)

up and down the coast organizing and reorganizing what defences he had. What he did not have he

His fellow workers in Civil Defence will better understand the man who pushed himself to near exhaustion as their Federal Coordinator.

Mrs. Worthington tells us in the

foreword of her book that her hus-hand refused to read her work prior to publication, though he helped with the "military vernacular". The author has a keen ear. Worthy would Borden. Don't get the idea that this is the story of a crank with a good idea that just happened to pay off in the event, for as the author explains, there were many long years of study and hard work at Lulworth, Bovington, Woolwich and Salisbury Plain in company with other "Dangerous Young Men" who, with their ideas and ideals, found their paths difficult. At any rate, by 1938 Worthington's rank of Captain, Brevet-Major, Acting Lieutenant-Colonel reflected the permanency of his employment.

his employment.
At the age of thirteen Worthy, in self-defence, clobbered a drunken Mexican thief to the point of death. Mexican thief to the point of death. At sixteen he experienced the San Francisco Earthquake. Two years later he was "rolled" on the New York waterfront and survived his next voyage only by defending himself against a Greek sailor with a heavy wrench during a stoke-hold brawl. But this was the same youth who loved to read whatever came his way, who tinkered with engines and machinery and who later delighted in P. G. Wodehouse, Mack Sennett and the antics of Olsen and Johnston. And the same man who Johnston. And the same man who twice won the Military Medal and after receiving his commission was twice awarded the Military Cross.

Veterans of the 4th Canadian Armoured Division will be interested in hearing of Worthington's work in raising and equipping the force and will share his disappointment in having lost command (because of his age) before the day of action. Those who served in Pacific Command will recall the General bustling

never tolerate "1,500 weight truck" in print. His knowledge of Spanish would probably have helped when she describes the military head-quarters in San Francisco as the "Praesidium", and he may have suggested a few photographs to illuminate the tay. But these one luminate the text. But these are small points.

this book and read it, then give it to your wife or anyone with whom you intend to share the mili-tary life. You will both benefit from the experience.

Cirrle Old U TORK By ED SULLIVAN

Men and Maids Par

Too bad that the late Pulitzer Prize playwright, Robert E, Sherwood, is not bere to straighten out the thinking of those Commie sympathizers along Broadway, who are now coming out from under the rocks, to urge us to surrender to Khrushchev's Berlin threats.

Wounded and gassed in World War I, Sherwood was so revolted by war that from 1926 to 1932, he penned such pacifist plays as "Road to Rome." Then, in 1932, Sherwood read Hitter's "Mein Kampf," which shocked Sherwood out of his belief that idealism or pace.

The late Robert E.
Sherwood out of his bellef that idealism or pacifism could halt a murderously ambitious madman. To project this thought to the country, Sherwood then took dead aim at Hitler by writing "The Petrified Forest" "Idiot's Delight" "Abraham Lincoln in Illinois" and finally, "There Shall Be No Night," using Leslie Howard, Humphrey Bogart, Lunt and Fontanne and Raymond Massey to articulate his messages. Those of small minds and small hearts who, in 1961, urge surrender to Russia on the Berlin issue, should read the plays of Robert E. Sherwood.

Letters from our readers 🥋

Militiamen Losing Interest In New 'Role'

Sir, —I am a member of a Montreal Militia Infantry Regiment and have been for nearly five years. I originally joined for the comradeship and the chance to make new friends, and I was under no delusions of patriotic spirit for the defence of my homeland. Of fence of my homeland. Of course in a national emergency I would eagerly serve Canada in any capacity to which I was assigned.

assigned.

During my first year with the Regiment I received the usual basic infantry training of a standard that was compatible with the capabilities of a "Two nights a week" recruit, and soon found myself as enthusiastic a soldier as ever wore khaki: an infection which prevailed throughout the whole course, and which had also spread to my fellow recruits.

0 6.

Upon the completion of this first year's training, we looked forward with much interest to the next year's course. We were told that it would consist of Leading Infantrymen training, a complete combination of the subject material required by a knowledgeable soldier, followed by specialist training in heavier weapons, driver and signal operator training, and eventually the prospects of a Junior and Senior NCO course to qualify for promotion, if jus-

tified.

The second year's training was again superb. We enjoyed a wonderful Company spirit and the morale of the Regiment as a whole was something for other units to envy. I understand we were the only English speaking unit in the area that consistently paraded over 150 all ranks. Then suddenly, out of a clear blue sky.

the Department of National Defence announced the Militia would henceforth have a civil defence role. That the announ-cement itself was extremely poorly handled by the public relations personnel of the De-partment is a matter of record, but the unseen reaction among but the unseen reaction among the public caused a havoc the results of which are still being felt by every Militia Unit. There were mutters of "Bucket Brigade" and "The Hook and Ladder Army", and visions of soldiers running about with a sand pail in one hand and a stretcher in the other.

There has long been an obvious lack of enthusiary within

There has long been an ob-vious lack of enthusiasm within the public towards the Militia, whether due to fears of war-mongering, or public expense, I know not, but now this lack of enthusiasm had found its way into the various armouries. way into the various armouries. In any case, the scheduled training program was scrapped and a new one driginated, and the Defence Department fell all over each other in an attempt to rectify their error and to put some "bite" into the Militia role. They even coined the term "National Survival," but after one's teeth fall out, the only replacement is false. is false.

My third year's training was foreign to even the Senior instructors, who were seconded to us from Command Headquarters, and were regular force soldiers, and at times it appeared as though the book had yet to be written. Despite the best efforts of our officers, who themselves were obviously uphappy, our Company strength dropped from 43 men to 10.

Last year I was indeed fortunate to be appointed to a qualification course and sadiy 4

witnessed another Company, 38 strong, under this National Survival Training, and emerge with 8 men. We were all gratified to learn that this year more emphasis would be placed on our original role, that of infantry soldiers, and that the survival training would be somewhat decreased. More drill would be embodied in the syllabus, especially in view of the fact that the Regiment is to celebrate a very historic octhe fact that the Regiment is to celebrate a very historic occasion in the summer of 1962. This is all very well, but the parade strength of the Unit is now down to around 50 all ranks, and the morale is at an all time low. The prospect of new recruits is good, but usually number the same as the quitters. So we go no further quitters. So we go no further ahead.

Plaque To Honor Brig. A. H. Gault

OTTAWA—ID—A plaque honoring the late Brig. A. Hamilton Gault, founder of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, and Canadian servicemen who died in the two world wars will be unveiled at Ypres, Belgum, today, the army announced. The plaque will be unveiled at St. George's Chapel on the First World War battlefield by Lady Patricia Ramsay, colonel inchief, for whom the regiment was named when it was formed in 1814.

July, 1961



Depot

General

General

Since the April Newsletter The Depot has been the scene of several major events.

On the 9th of May, His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada paid a visit to the unit as part of the itinerary for his day-long visit to Camp Gagetown. A drill demonstration was put on by the senior and junior squads undergoing training at the time of the visit, 112 and 121 Squads, under the command of Sgt. Luttrell, K. R. and Sgt. Gauthier, I. G., respectively. At the conclusion of the demonstration His Excellency congratulated the recruits for their smartness in both drill and appearance and reminded them that they were members of a fine Regiment, with a long history of outstanding service.

On the following day, the Annual Inspection of The Depot was carried out by the General Officer Commanding Eastern Com-



His Excellency The Governor-General's visit to The Depot on 9th May.

mand, Major-General M. P. Bogert, C.B.E., D.S.O., C.D., After a colourful Ceremonial Parade, in which 13 officers and 339 other ranks participated, the General and his Inspection Party inspected The Depot's accommodation and training facilities. More recently, on the 7th of June, the Primate of the Anglican Church of Canada, the Most Reverend H. H. Clarke, visited Camp Gagetown and all Depot recruits of the Anglican faith had the honour of meeting the Primate and talking with him during the reception held in the Recreation Centre.

During the past three months, three squads have completed their recruit training at The Depot.

110 Squad, comprising twenty-four Black Watch recruits and one Medical Corps recruit, graduated on the 16th of March. Following the Graduation Parade, the Inspecting Officer, Lt.-Col.

M. H. Bateman, C.D., C.O. of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, Camp Cagetown, presented St. John's Ambulance First Aid Certificates to all members of the squad and a silver spoon to the top marksman, Pte, Beaver, C. K.

On the 27th of April, 111 Squad, consisting of twenty-two Black Watch recruits, graduated from the Depot. The Graduation Ceremony was highlighted by the attendance of the following officers from three different countries: Col. II. Ash, Chief of the United States Standardisation Group, Ottawa; Lt-Col. W. Fl. Seamark, C.D., Chief Instructor, The Royal Canadian School of



Lt.-Col. Bateman presents the silver spoon for marksmanship to Pte. Beaver, C.K., No. 110 Squad.

Infantry, Camp Borden; Major G. P. Wood, M.C., The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, The Royal Canadian School of Infantry, Camp Borden; Major R. B. Brown, United States Army, The Royal Canadian School of Infantry, Camp Borden.

Lt. Col. Seamark, a former C.O. of First Battalion, The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, inspected and addressed the graduation squad, which was commanded by Lt. J. S. MacKinnon. Following the Graduation Ceremony, The Depot conducted a march past, with Lt. Col. Seamark taking the salute.

march past, with Lt. Col. Seamark taking the salute.

112 Squad, commanded by 2/Lt. V. J. S. McKeen, graduated on the 2nd of June. This squad was the first one to receive the Brigadier Philip W. Oland Trophy for First Aid Competition. The trophy, kindly donated by Brigadier Oland, Commander, 6 Milltin Group, Saint John, in February when he visited The Depot, is awarded to the squad obtaining the highest average on the St. John's Ambulance First Aid Tests. The Inspecting Officer for the graduation was Major John C. Whalley, C.D., 2/i.c. of the



Annual Inspection of The Depot on 10th May by M. P. Bogert, C.B.E., D.S.O., C.D., G.O.C. Easter

Museum

The official opening of The Museum, St. Andrew's Barracks, Camp Gagetown, was held at 1130 hrs. on Friday, 30th June. Brigadier E. C. Brown, Commander, New Brunswick Area, was the officiating officer at the ceremony, which was attended by the Commanding Officers of Second Battalion and The Depot, by all officers and the R.S.M. of The Depot, and by the pipes and drums of the Battalion.

More than two years have been spent by The Depot in collecting, cataloguing and arranging the hundreds of items on display which include uniforms, badges, weapons and equipment dating back to pre-World War I days.

The Museum is located on the second floor of The Red Hackle (Other Ranks) Club. Pipe-Major Rankine, a Black Watch veteran of many years service, is the full-time Curator of The Museum

The Depot would like to thank Third Battalion, Montreal, for their kindness in donating or loaning many of the items on display, also the many individuals of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, and other Corps, who have made items available to The Museum.

Readers of *The Red Hackle* who have items of a military significance in their possession who would be willing to donate these to The Black Watch Museum, St. Andrew's Barracks, are

REGIMENTAL NEWS

RHQ still remains in the old Officers' Mess Block in Queen's Barracks. Progress on Balbouse is slow and the completion of repairs and reconstruction is not expected before the end of November this year, final plans for the move from Queen's Barracks can then be made.

Recruiting research, museum, dress, trust fund business, wedding presents, BW gathering and so on seem to keep us very busy and a constant stream of "bumph" flows in all directions.

Our recruiting figures are now on the upgrade, a target figure of 15 recruits per month will cover the needs of the Battalion, Depot Staff, PSIs, ERE and rejections on medical and other grounds.

grounds.

Boy recruiting goes very well, the numbers under training at HBJSW. Fort George by January 1952 will be: Pipers—6. Drummers—10, Bandsmen—7.



ENO REGIMENT ROYAL HIGHLANDERS REVIEW ORDER, CASTLE YARD, DUBLIN A Coloured Lithograph, 1940

Lt.-Col. Clark-Kennedy, VC, Dies Here In 83rd Year

Private funeral will be held tomorrow at 11 a.m., for Lt.-Col. William Hew Clark-Kennedy, VC. DSO and bar, CMG, Croix de Guerre, a noted Canadian war hero, who died Wednesday. He was 82

Born at Carsphairn, Douglas Castle, Scotland, on March 3. 1279, he first served as a trooper in the Boer War 1899-1901, in the Yeomany, a Cavalry Regiment. He was mentioned in dispatches.

He was mentioned in uspaicnes. In 1902 he came to Montreal as Secretary of the Standard Life Assurance Co., after joining the firm in England as a clerk in 1896. Three years later he enlisted with the Black Watch as a vecesivist officer. reservist officer.



reservist officer.

He was sent overseas at the outset of the First World War with the rank of Company Commander, with the 13th Battalion of the Black Watch. In the spring in 1918 he left the Black Watch to a year later he was erroneously reported killed in action.

For his gallantry in battle at St. Julien and Langemarck he was awarded the Croix de Guerre with palm. Promoted to the rank of major that same year he received the Distinguished Service Order after the battle of Festiment. He was also recommended

At the end of the war he beceived the Distinguished Service Order after the battle of Festiment. He was also recommended was appointed a director during the Second World War.

After his retirement as manager in 1945 he retained his director with the firm.

Col. Clark-Kennedy was made director of the Guardian Insur-

with the firm.

Col. Clark-Kennedy was made director of the Guardian Insurance Co., of Canada, in 1977, and became chairman in 1943. He was also chairman of the advisory board of the Guardian-Caledonian group of insurance companies.

He is survived by his wife, the former Katherine Reford, of Montreal, daughter of the late Robert Reford also of Montreal.

THE BLACK WATCH CAN TURN TO



Her Roya! Eighness, Prin-Watch (RHC) of Canada, dur-tess Margaret, inspecting the no Bantalton. The Black

Depot

Trained

me discouraged after penetrated the wood

out a mile.
But the Depot refused to give
the Search, and at 11 p.m.
and the boy lying face diwn
a swamp, two and, a oaifdies within the wood. He was

exhausted, but otherwise unburn examinates on otherwise marking. The commanding officers of the Depot have been Major J. E. Caryli Maj. J. R. Soboj. Maj. W. J. MacDougald: Maj. R. O. Porter; and the present commanding officer, Maj. G.

Also Page 12



See

Militiamen Gave Their Help

The response was prompt and R. M. Ross OBE, ED, the The Militainen from the cities of communing Officier.

The Militainen from the cities of communing Officier.

The was at Camp Addendard the summer of the best of the public commitments during 'SI. 'Il.

They came from Vincourse the officier was the training that by the commitments during 'SI. 'Il.

They came from Vincourse the officier was the training that by the suspensibly certain, though the fit is reasonably certain, though the fit is reasonably certain, though the fit is reasonably certain, though the fit is the common and Ministerial the value of the fitness regiment in the camp of the ca

Besides The Black Watch Highlanders of Canada in C Company; The Highlanders of Canada in C Company; The Canada in C Company; The Canada in C Company; The Trimbully The Canada in C Company; The Company Canadian Scottish Princess Royal Australian Regiment.
Mary's Regiment) in D Company, and the North Nova Scottake; endless interpreter-relative Highlanders in Support Combany, and talk again.

The job of welding this some- ROUTINE what assorted collection of com-

the fields of shooting and bert simp "marine light as beauty, and he fig."

Take the case of the Served somer were they aboard heven and Battalon, The Black Watch of ever, and hardly under way accessed at Camp Gagetown.

When it was the Served Can-B, M. Boss announced the ornadian Highland Battalon, its was to be called The Second companies incorporated in en Battalon, The Elack Watch from the Millia Highland units The answer surroundings were in the same way the First Batt-enlivened by does of colour as talon had done while it was the regiment re-equipped Belling formed a year earlier, self with the red hincide, the new shoulder unless and Tale COMPANIES.

Elack Watch ECh.

The task of the Second Butfell to Lt. Contable of particular, content of particular of p point times within the above and upherp of their bails per lines in case the protections brike down, Winter came - B worse than a Canadian within followed by a cry and daily summer. However, the 7 & 5.7 Taking and very soon the men-reached a high degree of payscal firmess.

On May 9, 1954, they visited by the Prime Munisco-the Right Honorable Louis St. the Battalion held in tarveti parade for the GOC his Commonwealth Division, and embarked for Canada.

The Second Bantahon, Black Watch of Canada, was firmly established as one of the leading regiments in Cas-ada on their return from Karea. The command was changed from Lt. Col. R. M. Ross OBE. CD to Lt. Col. W. DeN. Walson, DSO, MC, CD. in October.

About 3 (00) recruits have pas-sed intrough the Depot of the Black Which since it was star-ted in 1933. Then, Lie its Ested in 1933. Then, like his sater battalistics which it supplies, the Depot was part of the Canadian Highland units.

It was in April, 1933, that the first group of min were possed from 2 Canadian Highland Sa tallon to form the national sate of the first recrimis arrived a month later at Camp Air occasion. N.S. They were the first soldiers in the Canadian Army to do their retriet training under the new system of Regimental depots.

The number of recruits turned out during the years has The number of recruits turn-out during the years has ried from 275 to as much as I a year. The training has d its highlights. In 1938, for stance, the RCMP called in e unit to look for a mass ag y lost in the woods hear Ury, Sussex, Civilian volunteers



O FIGHTING, PAGEANTRY, OR MUSIC



W. Hawkins and Ptc. pany look out of a Platon, A Com- in Korea, 1954.

of their O.P.

It finished well up in the Windowski and at Fredericton. This year Major H. D. Fatson commanded the Second in the Estory of the Barthon to the Competitions. Sergeant G. P. Seacy won the John Player T. Challenge Cup for the sitting match and the four - man team to Durng their period at of the Bartalion won the Hamilton Leigh Competition. This was the first time in Downs team won the Competition had been won by a team other than a British Service Team. Moreover, the Command Bowing Chamber in Service Team. Moreover, the Command Bowing Chamber in Fredericton. This year Major H. D. Fatson commanded the Viceregal Guard of Honor in Fredericton for His Excellency, Major - General Vanier.

ACTION

Meanwhile, in May 1958, the Second Battalion had moved from Camp Aldershot to Camp Gagetown and the command was handed over to Lt. Col. C., H. E. Askwith CD.

He was the first wartline of the 2nd Battalion won more matches than any other of The Black Watch to command one of the regular battallons in peacetime.

Bisley.

PARADES

they mounted a quarter guard daily with the Pipes and Drums in Attendance The following year the Battalion provided a Guard of Honor for the Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey, Governor General, during his visit to Kentville. And in October of 1967 they partieipated in Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II's State Visit to the United States.

United States.

Not only did they take part in the ceremonial parade but also played at the State Banquet held in the British Embassy for the President of the United States. In fact, Pipe Major Duncan Rankine piped Her Majesty and President Eisenbewer put of the banquet hall hower out of the banquet hall.

and Drains of the First the following year the Army are second Satishors represent the following at the Army at the Onadana Army at the Army at Bisley, allow and later they took allow and later they took at the Ministry Tatoo at in the Ministry Tatoo at in the Ministry Tatoo at mother Princes Margaret when she visited New Erunswick in August, 1958, C. G. Forrest. And in 1959 Major D. W. Mitchell commanded the Royal Guard for Her Majesty, and the Major Majo Another Royal Guard of Hon-

tober last year. In the same month the Second Battalion, The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada was selected to replace the First Battalion in Germany, this year.



Her Majesty Queen Eliza- lip, Duke of Edinburgh, drive of Honor during their beth II, and HRH, Prince Phll- past the Black Watch Guard tour.



Ranks of precision await the Bogert, as he inspects the ade this year.



e first time the | Servicemen at Bisley. The ton Trophy has | 2nd Battalion's team are just-way from British | ly proud.



Prom left to right, and Cpi. Roy smile proudly Pte, sewart, L-Cpl. Fleming during an off-duty moment in

THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA OFFICERS, MESS

Annual Regimental Reunion Dinner



SATURDAY the $28\tau_{\rm H}$ of OCTOBER NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE

training has not actually commenced. Some of these volunteers at the end of their six week period may elect to remain in the Militia which, of course, would be of great benefit to the Battalion.

At the annual Summer Camp the basic training carried out was National Survival, though contrary to last year's syllabus one day was allotted for Infantry Training which was appreciated by All Ranks. The final two days of camp consisted of a Rescue Operation involving the City of Granby, where the Battalion had an opportunity of actually carrying out on the ground many of the lessons learned during its winter training. A representative number of All Ranks attended various courses both during the winter period and the summer period held by the Regular Forces.

THE DEPOT

The Regimental Depot at Camp Gagetown continues to be commanded by Major D. G. Cochrane, CD.

Fifteen Squads consisting of 331 Regimental Recruits and 40 Recruits from other Corps completed training during the past year. There are over a hundred Recruits at the Depot at present, and it is anticipated that this number will be greatly increased during the next few months.

Seventy Officers of Other Ranks were called out in aid of the Civil Power in July, in search for a woman lost in the woods of Northern New Brunswick. During August 150 Instructors and Recruits were called out for several weeks of fire fighting duties in Newfoundland.

The Black Watch Military Band consisting of more than fifty Bandsmen has been attached to the Depot since October 1960. During the past year 382 Recruits and 6 Instructors qualified for St. John's Ambulance First Aid Certificates.

His Excellency the Governor General visited the Depot on the 9th of May. Major General M. P. Bogert, CBE, DSO, CD, General Officer Commanding Eastern Command inspected the Depot on the 10th of May.

The Black Watch Museum — St. Andrew's Barracks, which has been established at the Depot was officially opened on the 30th of June.

The Depot has had a very successful year in sports. It won The Camp Challenge Trophy for bowling, and Indoor Sports Tournament was conducted in May and a Track and Field Meet in August. Five inter-squad boxing tournaments have been held since last May.

Montreal, Quebec October 17th, 1961

Force Units presented to the moyal canadian concess of Infantry, two special dining chairs and a candelabra, all of which were engraved with the Regimental insignia.

The Colonel of the Regiment paid a visit to the Regimental Home Station at St. Andrew's Barracks, Camp Gagetown. The 2nd Battalion and the Depot on separate occasions were paraded for his inspection. In addition to inspecting various Regimental Institutes, he attended a Buffet Luncheon in the 2nd Battalion Sergeant's Mess and a Guest Night in the 2nd Battalion Officer's Mess.

1st BATTALION

The 1st Battalion is stationed in Germany and forms a part of the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group. During September 1960 Lieutenant-Colonel D. S. McLennan, CD handed over Command to Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Teed, CD.

During the year, the Battalion provided a number of important Guards of Honour; one of the more interesting to Canadians was the fifty man Guard at the Unveiling of the War Memorial to the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at Beaumont-Hamel (The Somme). During April 1961, a sixteen man Guard from the Battalion representing the Canadian Army paraded with similar Guards representative of Great Britain, Belgium, Holland and Germany at the Headquarters of the B.A.O.R., Muenchen-Gladbach in commemoration of the 12th Year of N.A.T.O.

In Sports, the Battalion has again had a most successful year. The Hockey Team handily won the Brigade Hockey Championship, winning 29 out of 34 games. The Battalion also won the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group Softball and Soccer Championships. In April 1961, the Battalion Stretcher Bearer Team won the 1st British Corps Infantry Battalion Stretcher Bearing Competition and in so doing regained the Connaught Shield last won by a Canadian Unit in 1958.

2nd BATTALION

The 2nd Battalion is stationed at the Regimental Home Station at Camp Gagetown and forms part of the 3rd Canadian Infantry Brigade Group. During October



THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA

THE REGIMENT

Very briefly summarized below are some of the activities undertaken by the specific Units of the Regiment. On a Regimental basis continuous contact and liaison has been maintained throughout the year with the Battalions and the Depot. A Regimental Conference was attended by Commanding Officers of the 2nd Battalion, the 3rd Battalion and The Regimental Depot. An opportunity to personally discuss the affairs of The Regiment with the 1st Battalion occurred when Major David Dodge, the Second-in-Command passed through Montreal on a brief trip from Germany.

After a tremendous amount of detailed preparation and the revision of a multitude of drafts, all of which were coordinated through The Regimental Depot, the Colonel of the Regiment submitted to Army Head-quarters new and most complete Dress Regulations. With one or two relatively minor exceptions, these were approved in their entirety. It is anticipated, at the time of the preparation of these notes, that copies of these Dress Regulations will be received from the Queen's Printer during the fourth week of October.

The Colonel of the Regiment participated in the Centennial Parade of our Affiliated Cadet Corps at Bishops College School. Other Regimental Officers who had attended the School also were present at this Parade. On this occasion, the Colonel presented the Corps with a Drum Major's Baton, suitably engraved, to commemorate the strong and lengthy association of the two Units.

Lieutenant-Colonel Leonard, 2nd Battalion, represented the Regiment at the Annual Parade of the Kings College School Cadet Corps in Windsor, N.S. This Corps became affiliated with the Regiment effective 1st January 1961. Affiliated Cadet Corps now consists of Bishops College School Cadet Corps (Lennoxville, Quebec), The Black Watch Cadet Corps (Montreal, Quebec), Lachine High School Cadet Corps (Lachine,

During the past year, the Battalion provided a Royal Guard of Honour on the occasion of the visit of His Excellency the Governor General to New Brunswick in May

In the field of athletics the Battalion has had a successful year. It won the Eastern Command and Maritime Boxing Championships, the Camp Gagetown and Command Hockey Championships, the Eastern Command Rifle Championship and was runner-up in the Forced March, Track and Field, Basketball and Volleyball Championships.

In July the Pipes and Drums were invited to represent the Battalion at the Vancouver Military Searchlight Tattoo. They experienced a very successful two weeks playing before capacity audiences on the West Coast.

3rd BATTALION

The Battalion continues to be commanded by Lieutenant Colonel D. G. McGovern, CD.

At the commencement of the training year recruiting parades were held in Rosemount (a section of the City of Montreal) with a view to attracting recruits in this area. It is difficult to tell how successful this programme was, however, during the fall it was observed that a goodly number of those recruited came from the Rosement area.

The Battalion's training programme consisted of regular recruit training for inductees and National Survival training for those who have passed their recruit's training. Despite the Unit's best efforts to make this latter phase of the training interesting, it is felt that declining attendance results from the average man's lack of interest in this type of training. As is very generally known, the Canadian Government are inaugurating a scheme whereby they hope to train approximately 100,000 men in National Survival. The facilities for this training are to be provided by the Militia. Insofar as the Battalion is concerned, it has been decided that four courses of six weeks duration will be conducted at The Armoury during the 1961-62 season. It is anticipated that 175 volunteers will in effect join the Militia for each six weeks period. This

Regular Serving Officers Appointments List

October, 1961

ARBUTHNOTT, J. F.; 2Lt	-	-	1 BW.
ARBUTHNOTT, the Hon, W. D.; Mai,	-	-	Staff College, Camberley.
DADNETT C C. It	-	-	1 BW (For Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling).
BENGOUGH, J. D.; Capt.	-	-	6/7 BW. (Adjt).
DITCHANANT I E. Mai	-	-	MO 4, War Office.
BUCHANAN, J. E., Maj. BUCHANAN, P. G.; MBE, TD, Maj.	_	_	Sultan of Muscat's Armed Forces, c/o HQ Middle 2230
BURNABY-ATKINS, F. J.; Lt. Col.	_	-	Military Attaché, Lisbon.
BURNABY-ATKINS, F. J.; Lt. Col.	_	-	4/5 BW. (QM).
BUTCHART, G. C.; Lt. Col			HQ Highland Bde., Perth.
CAMERON, E. D.; Capt		-	1 BW.
CAMERON, E. D.; Capt CAMPBELL, C. J. K.; Lieut	-		4/5 BW. (Adjt).
CAMPBELL, J. C. F.; Capt.	-	_	1 BW.
			1 BW.
			and the Distriction of the Control o
CRITCHLEY, I. R.; Maj.	-	• /	1 BW (for QM 6/7 BW, Dec. 61).
			HQ, Advanced Base British Forces, Antwerp.
DICKSON, J. A.: Capt DOUGLAS, P. S.: MC, Col	-	-	
			1 BW. RMA Sandhurst, Coy. Comd.
FORTUNE, J. B. F.; MC, Maj.	-	-	RMA Sandhuist, Coy. Comer
			6/7 BW. (QM).
GILLIES, G. W.; Ma) GLASS, A. A. C.; Capt	-	-	1 BW. (QM).
GLASS, A. A. C.; Capt GRAHAM, C. S.; Maj	-	-	HQ, N.W. District, Preston.
GRAHAM, C. S.; Maj GRANT, C. I. A.; Lt	-	-	1 BW.
GRANT, C. I. A.: Lt. GREGORY-SMITH, G.; Lt.	-	-	1 BW.
GREGORY-SMITH, G.; Lt. GURDON, A. B. D.: Capt.	-	-	6 KAR.
GURDON, A. B. D.: Capt. GURDON, R. T. T.; Capt.	-	-	HQ 3 Div.
GURDON, R. I. I., Capt.	-	-	HQ 153 (H) Inf. Bde., Stirling.
HAMILTON, B. M., Maj.	-	-	Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling.
INNES, C. B.; Lt.	_	-	1 BW (For School of Infantry, Warminster).
IRWIN, A. D. H.; DSO, MC, Lt. Col.	_	-	1 BW.
KER, R. I. L.; Lt.	-	-	1 BW. (Adjt).
KER, R. I. L.; Lt. LE MAITRE, G. H.; Capt. LESLIE, I. B.; Capt.	-		Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling, Coy Comd.
LESLIE, I. B.; Capt.	-	-	1 BW.
LINDSAY, S. J.; Lt.	_	-	1 BW.
LINDSAY, S. J.; Lt. LITHGOW, A. O. L.; MC, Maj.			CBGLO, HMS Centaur.
LITHGOW, A. O. L.; MC, Maj. MacDONALD-GAUNT, C. A.; Maj.		_	1 BW.
MacDONALD-GAUNT, C. A.; Maj McLEOD, I. D.; Lieut	-	_	1 BW.
McLEOD, I. D.; Lieut. MacGILLIVRAY, M. C.: Lt.	-	-	1 RW
MacGILLIVRAY, M. C.: Lt McMICKING, D. J.; Lt	-		Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling (Adjt).
McMICKING, D. J.; Lt	-		6/7 BW.
McMICKING, T. N.; Capt. MOIR, C. M.; OBE, Lt. Col.	-	-	HQ 157 (L) Inf. Bde Glasgow.
MOIR, C. M.; OBE, Lt. Col. MONCRIEFF, J. G.; Maj.	-	-	HQ 1 (Brit) Corps.
MONCRIEFF, J. G.: Maj. MONTEITH, J. C.: MC, Col	-	-	
MONTEITH, J. C.; MC, Col	-	-	WO 2 Div. (Far I PW)
NICOLL, E. W.: Maj. NOBLE, N. G. A.; MC, Lt. Col.	-	-	m 1 1 1 Stoff College Shrivenham
NOBLE, N. G. A.; MC, Lt. Col ORR-EWING, E. S.; Capt	-	-	
ORR-EWING, E. S.; Capt. PARKER, C. M.; Capt.	-	-	
			4/5 BW.
			St. Andrews University OTC, Trg. Major.
SEVERN, D. B.; Maj. STEWART, J. L.; Maj.	-	-	
STEWART, J. L.; Maj. STEWART-MEIKLEJOHN, N. J.; Maj	-		HQ Highland District.
STEWART-MEIKLEJOHN, N. J., Maj.	-		HO Home Counties District.
TROTTER, E. L.; MC, Maj.	-		HQ Middle East Command.
TWEEDY, U. R., Maj.	_		- 1 BW.
UPTON, J. E.; Capt.	-		1 RW
LISHER, T. G.; Lt.	•		2nd Bn. Aden Protectorate Levies.
WALKER, E. S.; Lt. Col.	-		- 1 BW.
WALKER, J. M. P.; Capt.			EP 4, War Office.
WALLACE, M. R.; Maj.	-		
WATSON A L. Mai.	. ,		The state of the s
WEDDERRURN-BETHUNE, A. H. B.; Capt.	-		MS (SD), War Office.
WINGATE GRAY, W. M.; MC, Maj.	-		M3 (3D), Wal Office.

WAVELL, Portrait of a Soldier

by Bernard Fergusson

This book deals with the period of Wavell's life after he became a Divisional Commander. It tells of many delightful anecdotes. There are many in his earlier life still to be told, such as when he, as a subaltern, advertised in a national newspaper in India—"Lonely lady wishes to correspond with lonely gentleman, etc.," and he succeeded in getting the Regiment's much loved and much respected bachelor Padre corresponding with him and his fellow subaltern advertiser. Or when he, as a subaltern, sat for the same Lower Standard Urdu examination as his Commanding Officer. On this occasion everyone passed except the Colonel. His personally recorded "Recollections" give an exciting addition to this story.

On this occasion exceptions give an exciting addition to this story.

Lord Wavell's official biography should be published next year. It will deal with the time when Wavell as Commander in Chief, Middle East, with only 80,000 troops at his disposal first totally defeated 215,000 Italians in Libya, capturing 130,000 prisoners and then turned and completely defeated 400,000 Italians in Abyssinia and Somaliland from where there was no escape.

Those of us who knew him can imagine they hear him saying many of those words or remarks attributed to him by Bernard Fergusson. All Officers of the Regiment should get the book, especially in view of Bernard Fergusson's generosity in devoting part of the proceeds to The Black Watch Wavell Memorial Centre in Perth. They will find in the book not only the characteristics of a great commander, but also, unintentionally included, are the characteristics of a successful A.D.C.

N.McM.

The following are some of the many reviews which appeared of the publication "Wavell Portrait of a Soldier."

"The Sunday Times"-

HAPPY WARRIOR

The Happy Warrior: "this is He that every Man in arms should adish to be"—and this is the label that Bernard Fergusson ties to the last chapter of his "Wavell Portrait of a Soldier." At first glance it seems inappropriate, for happiness, in the sense of good fortune, was not the characteristic or distinguishing feature of Lord Wavell's career. After his double victory in East Africa and the Western Desert came the fruitless intervention in Greece, and his removal from the Middle Eastern command to the backstairs atmosphere of Delhi. Then he was involved, when it was too late to do anything, in the miserable affair of Singapore. And from a Viceroyalty in which he had valiantly engaged with famine, he was hustled home without honour. To casual observation it was not a happy career. not a happy career.

But how splendidly right is Fergusson to see in Wavell the personification of a strenuously simple ideal! Nothing ever diminished him because he himself "possessed his own desire," kept faithful to his trust "with a singleness of aim," and therefore did not "stoop, nor lie in wait for wealth, or honours." Incontestably great, he made no effort to assert greatness—he had none of the arts of popularity, nor cultivated them—but by sheer goodness, as a man and a soldier, he won the absolute love and confidence of all who served under him, and in The Black Watch came near to being idolised.

of all who served under him, and in The Black Watch came near to being idolised.

Bernard Fergusson was his A.D.C., and then his friend, for fifteen years, and in his short, unpretentious log of their friendship he reveals, perhaps surprisingly, the inner gaiety of Wavell's mind. Fergusson himself, who has been much associated with gallantry, has never eschewed gaiety, and manifestly Wavell found in him, not only a serviceable officer, but a congenial temper. He took pains with the young man: worked him hard, made him read history as well as Kipling, strongly advised him to avoid orthodoxy, and told him: "The Regiment is the foundation of everything, but don't be swallowed up by it." And then the granite-faced, terrifyingly taciturn General might command his young Staff officer to help him with a few rhymes and phrases, in a nonsensical ballade that warned the Jocks: "Never go parachuting in the kilt."

A man like the Rock of Gibraltar, but its magazines stored with poetry: that is an image of Wavell with which we are familiar. Fergusson, by adding unexpected detail and good stories, gives movement and breathing to the Rock, and finally persuades us

that if a by-name is needed for him, a prophetic Wordsworth invented it. Wavell was shaving when news was brought that Auchinleck was to succeed him in the Middle East. He showed no emotion. "The Prime Minister is right," he said, and went on shaving. Reflected in the mirror, his one eye answered the question Who is the happy Warrior? Who is he That every Man in arms should wish to be?

ERIC LINKLATER.

"The Daily Telegraph"—

WAVELL: THE CAPTAIN WITHOUT PETTINESS

Field-Marshal Earl Wavell could never become one of the forgotten figures of World War II, but he has waited long for adequate, considered tributes.

Happily, the first of these is personal—Bernard Fergusson's "Wavell Portrait of a Soldier" is a record of friendship as well as the portrait of a soldier, over which there is no murk of political or military pettiness to obscure the simplicity and kindliness that were Wavell's finest qualities. In a formal biography these could easily be overlaid, for the Field-Marshal was involved in controversy although he contributed to none.

As a soldier, he was a casualty of Churchill's temperament; as a statesman of Attlee's impatience. In duty bound the politicians used his abundant talents and, by habit, showed him little generosity, protecting themselves in the cloak of his absolute loyalty.

generosity, protecting themselves in the loyalty.

Wavell was one of the great Captains such as this country has but rarely produced these past 300 years—a soldier at whose feet men like Dill and Alan Brooke and Freyberg were happy to sit; a statesman whose honesty and patience did more than anything else to make the Moslem League and Congress face realities and brought them to the threshold of freedom; a scholar whose mind was richly charged with poetry and who could use "the magic of its imagery in times of stress, to distract my mind from peril or disaster."

offisher.

The poets he preferred were those of courage and humanity with their feet on the ground. The Field-Marshal or the Viceroy was never permitted to dominate the man.

was never permitted to dominate the man.

Only Wavell, in all the strains and turmoil of an exploding empire, would have been prepared to indulge a young journalist in uniform who talked far too much about the Manchester Guardian at dinner—and would then have forwarded across half India the next batch of thin, war-time Guardians that came from home with the scribbled reference: Proverbs 16: 8. "Better is a little with righteousness than great revenues. . ."

This is the Wavell whom Brig. Fergusson evokes, who was his first A.D.C. and his close friend for 16 years. That they were a well-matched pair was apparent from the outset.

At their first meeting Fergusson confessed: "I've never been an A.D.C. before; I may make an awful mess of it." Said Wavell: "Well. I've never had an A.D.C. before; I may make an awful mess of you." On that note they went on happily together.

Had Wavell lived he would have written his memoirs. Fergusson records that he had committed some passages to paper and selected a title, "Reasons in Writing." To Army familiars the implications are quite clear. "Reasons in writing are only asked for when it is quite clear that there are none to give."

The Field-Marshal was not proposing an apologia. It would not, I think, have occurred to him to join in the paper skirmishes in which so many others have underlined their victories and tried to recoup their losses.

Some day his biographer will do it for him because respect and admiration are so often felt to need painstaking justification. Yet in fact it is done already. Wavell lived and lives again in Brig. Fergusson's book. It is not a long book or a solemn book, but it shines with the presence of greatness and sincerity.

It needs neither length nor awe, but only instinctive understanding, to pay tribute to a man of whom it can be said so truly: "No blow, fair or foul, military or political, ever got past the shield of his integrity."

"The Financial Times"-

"Full of charm, pleasure and nostalgia."

SCOTTISH VOLUNTEER FORCE

5th (Perthshire Highland) Volunteer Battalion Black Watch (Royal Highlanders)

Regimental District No. 42

South Africa, 1900-02

Order of Precedence 186

Headquartery-Birnam

The 3rd Perthshire (Breadalbane) Rifle Volunteer Corps, four companies strong, was raised in the end of 1859, and its officers were commissioned on 29th February, 1860, the Major-Commandant being John, second Marquess of Breadalbane, K.T. Headquarters were at Taymouth Castle, and those of its four companies

treadalbane, K.T. Headose of its four companies were as follows: 1st at Kenmore, 2nd at Aberfeldy, 3rd at Killin and 4th at Strathillin.

The uniform was plain dark green doublets, without facings and with black buttons marked "BV", Breadalbane Campbell kilts and belted plaids, round deerskin sporran with three tassels, black and red twisted "moggans" with black spats, Rob Rorison bonnets with badge and sprigs of heather and bog myrtle, and black belts. To this Corps was attached, for administrative purposes, the 10th Perthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps, with

10th Perthshire Kille Volunteer Corps, of one company, with headquarters at Strath-tay, raised on May 19, 1860.

Its first uniform was villeurgen coates with

Its first uniform was rifle-green coatees with short tails and brass buttons marked "SV". without facings, 42nd uniform was assimilated to that of the 3rd Corps: black and red diced hose, white goatskin sporrans without tassels, and white pats being worn.

opats being worn.

On 12th November, 1861, the 2nd Administrative Battalion Perthishire Rifle Volunteers, with headquarters at Taymouth, was formed, comprising the 3rd and 10th Perth and the 9th Argyllshire Rifle Volunteers, the latter a corps of one company, with headquarters at Glenorchy, raised on 12th April, 1860, from the Breadalbane estates in Argyllshire, and wearing grey doublets with green facings, and kilts and belted plaids of Breadalbane Campbell tested.

In 1865 the 9th Argyllshire was transferred to its own county battalion (5th V.B. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders). In 1869 the 3rd Perthshire was reduced to two companies and split into two corps of one company each, the 3rd (Breadalbane) at Aberfeldy and the 4th (Breadalbane) at Killin, and at the same time the 5th (Blairgowrie), 7th (Coupar Angus), 9th (Alyth), 13th (St. Martins) and 14th (Birnam) Corps were transferred to the 2nd from the 1st Administrative Battalion Perthshire Rifle Volunteers, and the strength of the battalion was raised to nine companies by the formation of the 20th Corps at Pitlochry on 27th May, 1869.

27th May, 1869.

Battalion Headquarters were at the same time moved to Birnam. The uniform of the battalion was authorised to be dark grey doublets with scarlet collars, cuffs and piping, and black lace across the breast, plain glengarries (with blackcock's tail for officers) and black belts. The 3rd, 4th and 10th Corps wore Breadalbane Campbell, the 13th Macdonald, the 14th Royal Stuart, and the 20th Atholl (Murray) kilts and belted plaids, while the 5th, 7th and 9th Corps wore Atholl (Murray) tartan trews, which they only exchanged for kilts of the same tartan in 1881.

In 1873 the 10th Corps was disbanded and in the following

year the title "Perthshire Highland" was conferred upon the battalion, which in March, 1880 was consolidated as the 3rd (re-numbered 2nd in April, 1880) Perthshire (Perthshire Highland) Rifle Volunteers, with headquarters at Hirnam, and eight companies as follows: A—Aberfeldy (late 3rd Corps); B—Killin (with detachments at Crianlarich, Lochearnhead and Kenmore) (late 4th); C—Blairgowrie (late 5th); D—Coupar Angus (late 7th); E—Alyth (late 9th); P—St. Martins (late 13th); G—Birnam (late 14th); and H—Pitlochry (late 20th). In 1883 the whole battalion adopted the uniform worn thereafter, namely dark grey doublets with searlet collars, cuffs and piping, 42nd Tartan kilts and belted plaids (shoulder plaids for officers), white sporrans with two black tails, green and red diced hose (black and red for officers), white spats, plain glengarries (with blackcocks' tails for officers) and black belts. Drab service doublets and khakl spats for marching were authorised in 1902.

By General Order 181 of 1st December, 1887, the title of 5th (Perthshire Highland) Volunteer Battalion, The Black Watch, was conferred upon the battalion.

During the South African War 94 members of the Battalion served in the field, of whom twenty-three non-commissioned officers and men joined the 1st, Lieutenant Buchanan-White and thirty-one men the 2nd, and Lieutenant T. Ferguson and ten men the 3rd Volunteer Service Company of The Black Watch, the remainder serving in various other corps. One man was wounded and three died of disease.

In 1899 the headquarters of "F" Company were transferred from St. Martins to New Scone, and in the same year two new companies, at Blairgowrie and Birnam, were add to the establishment of the battalion, but these were reduced again in 1904 and 1905 respectively. The battalion in 1907 possessed seventeen 1901, 2nd Marquess of Breadalbane, K.T., 12th November, 1861 to 1862.

William M. Maedonald of St. Martins (Hon-Col.), 7th March, 1864.

Sir Robert Menzies of Menzies, Bart., V.D. (Hon. Col.), 28th

Sir Robert Menzies of Menzies, Bart., V.D. (Hon. Col.), 28th

Sir Robert Menzies of Menzies, Bart., V.D. (1701). Col.), 23th February, 1885.

Gavin, 3rd Marquess of Breadalbane, K.G., A.D.C., Colonel, 17th February, 1897.

lote:—In 1908, or thereabouts, this battalion formed the 8th Bn. Royal Highland (Cyclists) (four companies).



General

Camp, as it always does, marked the end of the training year. In July the Battalion went into hibernation (if such a word can properly be applied to the summer). All ranks disappeared on holiday and usually returned with fairly sunburned taces.

On the 8th of July at a ceremony in the City Square in Dundee, Major General Lord Arbuthnott presented the new Lord Provost, Mr Maurice McManus, with his commission as Honorary Colonel of the Battalion, He, in turn, presented us with eight beautifully emblazoned drums. A guard of honour, found by A, C, Sp and HQ Coys, was watched by an excellent crowd and many distinguished ex members of the Battalion. Everyone was entertained by the municipality in the City Chambers after the ceremony. An interesting problem came to light as a result of our having to emblazon our new drums. In the centre of the emblazonment on the old drums was the regimental crest surrounding the badge of the Thistle, not St. Andrew, We consulted the 6/7th Battalion who had recently acquired new drums on the correctness of this, and we were assured by them that the Thistle was correct and that the Lord Lyon had said so in writing. In the meantime we had



Photo: Dundee Courier

Her Majesty the Queen presenting Pipe-Major Barron with the trophy awarded to the Best Pipe Band at Braemar. The trophy was last won by the Battalion in 1948.



Lord Provost Maurice McManus inspecting the Guard of Honour accompanied by Major R. A. Davidson and the Colonel of the Regiment. The Lord Provost accepted his commission as Honorary Colonel of 4/5th Battalion and presented emblazoned drums on behalf of the City of Dundee.

written a letter to the Lord Lyon for confirmation, but this time the Lord Lyon wrote that St. Andrew was correct. The situation now is that the emblazonment of the drums must wait while the Lord Lyon makes up his mind which of his rulings is correct.

Lord Lyon makes up his mind which of his rulings is correct.

Our PSIs have twice this summer become showmen at local fêtes. They performed at Dunalastair Memorial Home and again at Cortachy raising considerable sums of money which unfortunately had to be handed over to some cause presumably more important than ourselves.

Last weekend we ran a recruiting camp at Buddon which was open to any visitor who cared to come between the ages of 174 and 25. As a recruiting activity its success can still not be accurately determined. We hope to get 8 recruits now and more later. A BBC cameraman took cine film and we featured for 3 minutes next day on the BBC TV news.

The camp itself was a great success in spite of the hurricane which disrupted telephones and blew down trees all over Scotland. Our seventeen guests fired most types of weapon and sang songs deep into the night in the canteen. The standard of visitor was surprisingly high and included students and ex NS soldiers who evidently pined for the life they had known.

In September we find a guard of honour for Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother in Arbroath and we have an officers' weekend at Cultybraggan.

Officers' Mess

We have had two more Mess dinners since camp which, judging by the furtiveness with which members drove past Bell Street police station on departure, must have been a success. On 17th September the Guthrie Cup, presented by Col Ivan Guthrie, but not played for in many years, was won by George Dunn with a remarkable net 70 in a gale at Barry. Thomas Fothringham and Gilbert Hendry were equal second with 74. It must have been a great pleasure to everyone there to see Col Ivan playing for his own cup. He did not hand in his card. George won the sweep worth 30/- but had to buy the Kümmel after lunch which must have been bad business.

THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

REGULAR SERVING OFF

						C	1	ale		
PARKER, H. H. A.; OB	ECD .					Co	lon -	DMO & P, AHQ.		
RUTHERFORD, R. L.;	OBE, CD	,		-	-			HQ Eastern Command,		
Lieutenant Colonels										
ASKWITH, C. H. E.; C	D	-	-					HQ Western Command.		
CAMPBELL, R. M.; CI CLARKSON, J. M. E.;	MC CD	-	-		-		-	No I AAU, AHQ. HQ NORTHAG, Germany.		
EDMONDSON, J. S.; C LEONARD, W. C.; MBI	D	-	-				-	DMT, AHQ.		
MACLENNAN, D. S.; C	E, CD -	-		-	-		•	2 RHC, Canadian Army Staff College (DS).		
PERRY, L. V.; MC, C	D	-	-				-	Royal Military College.		
PERRY, L. V.; MC, C REED, L. M. K.; CD SEAMARK, W. H.; CD		-	-	-	-	-	:	4 CIBG, Europe. DMT, AHQ.		
TEED, W. A.; CD -		-	-	-	-	-		1 RHC.		
WATSON, W. de N.; DS	O, MC, CD	-	-	•	-	•	~	British Army Staff College (DS).		
Majors										
ARMSTRONG, D. G.	D	-		-	-	-	-	2 RHC. Canadian Army Liaison Establishment, Europe.		
BARTER, C. H. S.; C COCHRANE, G. D.; C CORRY, G. D.; CD DODGE, D. W. R.; C	D	-	-	-	-	-	-	RHC Depot,		
CORRY, G. D.; CD		-	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC.		
DODGE, D. W. R.; C	CD	-	2	-	-	-	-	HO Camp Gagetown,		
DONALDSON, G. A.; OF FINDLAY, W. O. B.; OF FORREST, C. G.; DCM	CD	-	-	-	100	-	17	HQ Camp Gagetown. "AG" Branch, AHQ.		
FORREST, C. G.; DCN FORRESTER, J. E.; C	1, CD -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC. HQ Eastern Ontario Area.		
FRASER, J. H.; CD		-	-	-	-	-	-	1 ŘHC.		
GEORGE, R. N	D . CD	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 RHC. 2 RHC.		
HALL-HUMPHERSON HARDY, J. H	, P., CD	-	-	-	-	-	-	Royal Canadian School of Infantry.		
HARDY, J. H HARKES, H. J.; MC, C	CD	-	-	-	-	-	-	D Ínf., AHQ. I RHC.		
HARPER, B. E.; CD KINNEAR, J. D		-	-		-	-	_	Canadian Army Staff College.		
LOGAN, G. M.; CD McALPINE, D. A.: CI		-	-	-	-	-	-			
McALPINE, D. A.: CI McDONALD, S. B.; C	d'	-		-	-	-	-			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC.		
MCTAGUE, M. A.; M' MIMMS, J. G.; CD MITCHELL, D. W.; M MOFFAT, K. E. R.; C MOORE, P. M.; CD MORTON, J. D.; CD MURRAY, E. M.; CD NEWLANDS, W. J.; C	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC. Royal Canadian School of Artillery.		
MOFFAT, K. E. R.; C	D	-	-	-	-	-	-	Canadian Army Staff (Washington).		
MOORE, P. M.; CD		-	-	-	-	-	-	HQ 16 Militia Group. 2 RHC.		
MURRAY, E. M.; CD		-	-	-	_	-	-	RHC Depot.		
NEWLANDS, W. J.; C	CD		•	-	-	-	-	HQ 4 CIBG. DMO & P, AHQ.		
PORTER, R. O.; CD			-	-	-	-	-	2 RHC.		
KHODES, J. K., DSO,	CD		-	-	-		-	HQ Central Command. HQ NORTHAG, Germany,		
SCOTT, W. H.; CD - SELLAR, G. H.; CD	: : :		-	-	-	-	-	2 Bn. Ghana Infantry, Acera, Ghana.		
STORO I. R.: MC. CD		-	-	-	-	-	-	HQ 13 Militia Group.		
TURNBULL, J. G.; C WATLING, L. A.; MO	D		-	-	-	-		- 1 RHC. - 2 RHC.		
WATSON, H. D.; CD	C, CD -	-	-	-	-	-	-	- HQ Niagara Falls Target Area.		
						(Cap	tains		
ANSTIS. W. A		-	-	-	-	-				
BAILEY, W. J		-		-	-	:		 Canadian Army Staff College. HO Western Command. 		
BARREY, W. C		- 0	-			-		- HQ Western Ontario Area.		
ANSTIS, W. A BAILEY, W. J BARREY, W. C. BISHOP, P. R. A.; CD BROWN, C. E CAMERON, A. C		-	-	-	-			 2 ŘHC.* Canadian Army Staff College. 		
CAMERON, A. C.		-	-		-			Ghana Armed Forces Training Centre, Ashanti. Ghana		
CREFLMAN, L. R.		-	-	-	-	-		 Military College of Science. 		
CUMMINGS, J. W.; C	CD	-	-	-	-			- 1 RHC. - HQ Eastern Ontario Area.		
DAVIS, R. P		-	-	-				- 2 ŘHC.		
FIRSTBROOK, I. H. FRASER, I. S.		-	-	-	-	-		- Royal Canadian School of Infantry.		
GEORGE, V. A.; CD HAMILTON, J. W. B.		-	-	-	-			- 2 RHC. - 2 RHC.		
HAMILTON, J. W. B. HILL, L. K.; CD		-	-	-				- RHC Depot.		
		-	-	-				- DPR, AHQ No 1 Personnel Depot.		
MACLEAN I C. CD	; MC -	-	-	-				- "QMG" Branch, AHQ.		
MACLELLAN, G. T.;	CD	-	-	-				- RHC Depot.		
MACDONALD, V. L. MACLEAN, J. G.; CD MACLELLAN, G. T.; MACLEOD, W. B.			-	-				- HO NB Area. - 1 RHC.		

JERS APPOINTMENT LIST

OCTOBER 1961

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							(1	17,111111	HO Saskatchewan Aten.	
McDONALD, J. A.; CD	-					•		-	11Q Central Command.	
McQUEEN, G.; CD -	-	-			-				No 2 Personnel Depot,	
MEAGHER, T. F	-	-	-		*	-			NO Present Committee	
MOLLISON, K. L		-	-		-				11Q Eastern Commund.	
MORRISON, G. S	-	-		-					1 RHC.	
NEISH, D. R. MacG		•						-	DMT, AHQ.	
NIVEN, J.; CD	-		-				-	-	2 RHC.	
O'BRIEN, B. C.; CD -	-	-	-						1 RHC.	
PAISLEY, D. S			-	-				-	Canadian Army Staff College,	
RITCHIE, S. U STEWART, W. R THURGOOD, M. F				-			-		11Q Manitoba Area,	
STEWART, W. R			-				-	-	i Ruc.	
THURGOOD, M. F		-	-				*	-	HQ 3 CIBG.	
TIBBETTS, G. F	-	-	-					~	I RHC.	
VYE, F. A	-		-				-		DEP, AHQ.	
WATT, A. W.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Royal Canadian School of Infantry.	
WATT, C. L		-	-	-		-	-	-	I RHC.	
WETMORE, J. B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 RHC,	
WHITE, E. K	-	-			-	-	-	-	HQ Calgary Garrison.	
11111212111										
Lieutenants										
ANDERSON							_	_	2 RHC.*	
ANDERSON, S	-					-	_		HQ Eastern Command.	
BEAL, G. C.; CD	-	-	-	-	-	- 0		-	2 RHC.	
BUCHAN, J. M	-	-	-		-	-		-	1 RHC.	
BUCK, G. C CHRISTIE, A. G	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC.	
CHRISTIE, A. G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HQ Saskatchewan Area.	
CUTHBERTSON, B. C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HQ Saskatchewan Area.	
DEVANEY, C. J	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 ŘHC.	
EASTWOOD, W. H	-	-	-		-	-	-		I RHC.	
ELLS, D. B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		HQ 4 CIBG.	
FRASER, B. M FRASER, D. A GIBSON, E. M. W GOLEMEIC, J. T	-		-	-	-	-	-		i RHC.	
FRASER, D. A	-	-		-	-	-	-	~	1 RHC.	
GIBSON, E. M. W	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1 RHC.	
GOLEMEIC, J. T	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 RHC.	
	-	-		-	_	-	-	-	2 RHC.	
KELLY, W. J. T KERR, I. H	-	-	-	-	-	14	-		1 RHC.	
KERR I.H	-	_			-	-	-		HQ 4 CIBG.	
LAIRD, G. N					_	-	_	-	1 RHC.	
LAWSON, C. M	-	-			-	-	-	-	RHC Depot.	
LESLIE, D. S	_				-	-	-	-	1 RHC.	
LOGAN, G. L	-				-	-	-	-	2 RHC.	
LUDLOW, D. P	_				-	-	1-		1 RHC.	
MACAULEY, J. S	_					-	-	-	i RHC.	
									2 RHC.	
MACDONALD, A. J MACDONALD, R. F					_	_			1 RHC.	
MACDONALD, R. I.					_	_	-		2 RHC.	
MACEACHERN, R. T.	_					-			PHC Depot	
MACKINNON, J. S.						-			RHC Depot. 1 RHC.	
MACPHERSON, J. R.					_	_		-	2 PHC	
McCABE, C. N McCONNELL, R. S	-				-	-			2 RHC. 2 RHC.	
McCONNELL, R. S.					-				2 RHC.	
McKEEN, V. J. S	-								2 RHC.* 2 RHC.	
McMASTER, W. J					-				2 RHC.	
MANUEL ,D. S.					-				2 RHC.	
	-				-				1 RHC.	
MOFFAT, J. L.				-		-		-	2 RHC.	
MOFFAT, J. L MOLNAR, W. J			-	-		-		-	1 RHC.	
PATTERSON, G. A.								-	Canadian Army Recruiting Station, North Bay, Ontaria.	
PATTERSON, R. N.			-	-	-			-	1 RHC.	
PETTIPAS, W. J.			- 1	-		-			2 RHC.	
PUGH, J. A		-	-	-					2 RHC.	
RHODES, N. C		4 9							HO Saskatchewan Area.	
RUTTER C D -		-	-	-					2 RHC.	
RUTTER, C. D SIMSER, M. G. R			_						2 RHC.	
SMITH, S. G			-						RHC Depot.	
TEMPLE E C									HO Eastern Command	
TEMPLE, E. S									HQ Eastern Command.	
WIGHORE, J. K.									1 RHC.	
WILLETT, J. A. B.	-	-	-	-	- '				2 RHC. 2 RHC.	
WILLIAMSON, G. F.	-	-	-	-	-				Z KHC.	
							S	beand	Lieutenants	
							30			
ANDERSON, E	-	-	-	-					RHC Depot (Supy).* RHC Depot (Supy).*	
BURNS, R. I	-	-	-	-	-				RHC Depot (Supy).*	
CAMPBELL, R. A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2 RHC.	
FORREST, J. S	-		-	-	-		-		2 RHC.	
GOLDIE, P	-	-	-	-	-		-		2 RHC.	
	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		2 RHC.	
YOUNG, J. M.		-	-	-		_	_		2 RHC.*	
100110, 3. 111.									* To be posted to 1 DIIC	
									* To be posted to I RHC.	



Depot

General

During the past quarter, personnel of The Depot were called out on two separate occasions in Aid of the Civil Power.

In July, seventy officers and other ranks of the unit, including a high proportion of recruits undergoing training, were called out to assist in the search for a woman lost in the woods of Northern New Brunswick. Although the search party, comprised of forest rangers, RCMP, civilian employees of the Bathurst Power and Paper Company Limited, other volunteer civilians and military personnel of The Depot, assisted by light planes and helicopters, conducted the search over a wide area, no trace of the missing woman could be found and the search finally had to be discontinued.

On the 24th and 25th of August, all Cadres and recruits of The Depot, almost 150 strong, were despatched to Newfoundland to fight forest fires raging in the Province. Depot personnel, who formed part of a 1200-man Army Task Force employed on fire fighting duties, spent several long, exhausting, hectic weeks battling fires before being returned to the unit to resume training.

In both cases, Depot officers and other ranks performed their Aid to the Civil Power duties in a very capable manner and deserve a great deal of credit for jobs well done. This applies parturularly to the many recruits employed in the search and fire figiting tasks, some of whom had only completed a few weeks of training, and most of whom were only 17-18 years of age.



Presentation of Royal Canadian Corps of Signals plaque to The Depot. Pipe-Major Rankine, D., Major N. S. Benvie, Brigadier E. C. Brown and Major G. D. Cochrane.

Training

The Depot has been very busy during the past several months, with as many as eleven squads of recruits undergoing training at the one time. Seven Cadres were provided by 2 RHC during the Spring and Summer to assist The Depot in training the large number of recruits involved.

Seven squads, with a combined strength of 164 Black Watch recruits, have completed their training at The Depot since our Newsletter in the July issue of the Red Hackle was published, and been posted to Second Battalion. The squads concerned, graduation dates, and strengths follow:

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Squad	Graduated	Strength
113	21st June	19
114	28th June	25
115	7th July	24
116	26th July	23
117	26th July	27
118	8th August	21
119	16th August	25
111	Total Indignet	f 41 - 41

Inspection Officers for the Graduation Parades of the various

Inspection Officers for the Graduation Parades of the various squads were:

Maj J. L. Hunter, GSO II, HQ NB Area—113 Squad.
Maj N. A. Buckingham, GSO II, HQ NB Area—114 Squad.
Col F. M. Reardon, Commander, 6 Militia Group—115 Squad.
Brig E. C. Brown, Commander, NB Area—116 and 117 Squads.
Maj D. J. Jones, 2IC, 1st Bn. Duke of Edinburgh's Royal
Regiment—118 Squad,
Maj C. A. Hurst, CO, 222 Workshop RCEME—119 Squad.
Following the Graduation Parade of each squad, St John's
Ambulance First Aid Certificates were presented to recruits who
successfully completed their First Aid Tests, also a suitably
engraved silver spoon to the top marksman in each of the seven
squads.
In conjunction with the Graduation Ceremonies of 116 and 117

squads.
In Conjunction with the Graduation Ceremonies of 116 and 117 In Squads on 26th July, a handsomely engraved plaque was presented to The Depot by Maj N. S. Benvie, NB Area Signals Officer, on behalf of Col J. B. Clement, Director of Signals, Canadian Army. The plaque, which bears the inscription "Presented to The Black



March past of 118 Squad during Graduation Ceremonies on 8th August. Taking the salute is Major D. J. Jones, 21C, 1DERR,

Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canadia Depot, by Colonel J. B. Clement, CD. Director, Royal Canadian Corps of Signals, on behalf of the officers of the Corps in appreciation of your fine work in the training of our recruits—1961", was accepted by Maj G. D. Cochrane, CD, Commanding Officer, on behalf of the officers and other ranks of The Depot and now occupies a prominent position in The Museum, St Andrew's Barracks.

A "first" in the history of The Depot was established in August when Maj D. J. Jones, 2IC of the 1st Battalion, Duke of Edinburgh's Royal Regiment, which carried out training in Camp Gagetown during the past summer, attended the Graduation Ceremonies of 118 Squad as Reviewing Officer. This occasion marked the first time that an officer of a NATO ally had taken the salute at such a ceremony since The Depot was established over eight years ago.

THE GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1961

ON AND OFF THE REC

· QUEEN MOTHER MAY VISIT BLACK WATCH HERE: Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother, Colonel in Chief of the Black Watch, may visit the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada here in mid-1962 to take part in observance of the unit's centenary. It is known that overtures to this end have been made, but no official reply has yet been received. Plans are to have new colors presented, probably in June, to all three of the unit's battalions. The First is currently in Germany; the Second at Gagetown, and the Third is the local militia unit. This is the first time new colors will be presented to three units simultaneously, and the hope is that the Queen Mother will preside at the ceremony. .

PIPER'S HEAD DRESS BADGES

BY J. B. PETERS

THE TRUE origin of Pipers' Badges is obscure, but distinctive badges appear to have first come into use in the 1860s although red piper's tartan was in use for pipers of certain regiments for at least 150 years; it is also odd that two of the oldest Scottish regiments, the 25th Foot (now the King's Own Scottish Borderers) and the senior Highland Regiment, the 42nd (now The Black Watch, Royal Highland Regiment), do not have such badges. However, Pipers were very special men in the families of Clan Chiefs and probably had special distinctive wear of some sort.

Why Pipers should have such special badges when they are usually the most prominent members of any unit on parade is a matter for conjecture.

From a collector's point of view, these have always been difficult to obtain, as only a limited number are made and they are usually the private property of the unit: they do, however, make a most attractive addition to any collection.

The Pipers' badges shown are those which differ in size or design from the usual cap badge of the unit. A guide to size is Fig. 8, which is 2\xi in. x 2\xi in., and Fig. 22, which is 3\xi in. x 3 in.

It should be remembered that Pipers in Scottish regiments have for many years worn black-cock feathers behind the badge in the glengarry, whereas those of Irish regiments wear hackle, or plume in the caubeen, or bonnet.

PLATE I

21st Foot/Royal Scots Fusiliers

- Fig. 1 In heavy silver plate, with four leaves to the thistle 1877-1880.
- Fig. 2 In heavy silver plate with two leaves to the thistle from 1880 and until 1948.
- Fig. 3 In heavy silver plate 1st Battalion, 1881-1960. In 1948 the 2nd Battalion were incorporated in the 1st Battalion and consequently the Pipers changed their badges to that shown here.

102nd Battalion (North British Columbia) Canadian Expeditionary Force 1914-1919

- Fig. 4 In heavy silver plate.

 Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, Canadian
 Expeditionary Force 1914-1919
- Fig. 5 In heavy silver plate.

 2nd Scottish General Hospital (R.A.M.C.) (T.A.)
- Fig. 6 In heavy silver plate, the Band was formed and the badge adopted in 1927.

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* THE GAZETTE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1961

ON AND OFF

THE RECORD

- e SOCIAL CLUBS TAKE LEGAL ADVICE: Damage actions against the city and the police department are in the works following the recent series of raids on social clubs as alleged gambling establishments. The clubs operate on a membersonly basis under provincial charter, which allows them to charge ten cents an hour for use of their facilities. They maintain that more influential political and social clubs, which operate in the same manner, are not bothered. Owners of the clubs have retained some top-flight legal talent to present their case, and will make a point of "harassment" of their operations, sanctioned by the province but frowned on by the city.
- ELECTION TIMING AFFECTED: If, as indicated here yesterday, Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother visits Canada next June to take part in Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada centenary celebrations, the visit could have considerable effect on the timing of the federal general election expected in 1962. It is regarded as most unlikely Her Majesty would accept such an invitation if the country were in the throes of a general election campaign at that time. Obviously the Diefenbaker Government would be unwilling to risk a defeat in the meantime, since the association of party leaders with Her Majesty's various appearances would have considerable propaganda value. Indication is that whatever Prime Minister's timing of the election, the proposed Royal visit next June will have to be taken into consideration.



Memorial University students share in the march past of twelve thousand schoolchildren to celebrate the opening of the new campus. It was the most spectacular procession ever seen in Newfoundland. Below, the Black Watch Band.





The Landing of the First Canadian Contingent at St. Nazaire, France, 1915

EDGAR BUNDY, A.R.A.

Queen Mother's Visit She has been colonel-in-chief for 25 years. She will present new colors to the regiment. Set For June 8 To 10



PRINCESS ROYAL

OTTAWA - IP - The Queen Mother will visit Montreal and Ottawa pext June for about 10 days on her first Royal visit here

Offiawa next sold consider 1954.

The Queen Mother's visit, her third to Canada, was announced here and in London, together with news that the Princess Royal, here and in London, together with news that the Princess Royal, here and in London, together with news that the Princess Royal, here and in London, also will make a separate visit to Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Canada in the Queen's aunt and a separate visit to Canada in the Canada in th

The 61-year-old Queen Mother will attend three days of ceremonies in Montreal June 8 to 10 marking the centennial of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Montreal, of which

She will then visit Ottawa for several days as guest of the Gov-ernor-General and Mme. Vanier.

There was no immediate in-dication that she will visit other centres in addition to Montreal and Ottawa.

Princess Royal's Schedule

The Princess Royal, only sister of the late King George VI, will present new colors to the Royal Regiment of Canada in Toronto June 16 and to the Canadian Scottish Regiment (Princess Mary's Own) in Victoria a week later.

She is colonel-in-chief of both regiments and of the Royal Cana-dian Corps of Signals, which she also will visit.

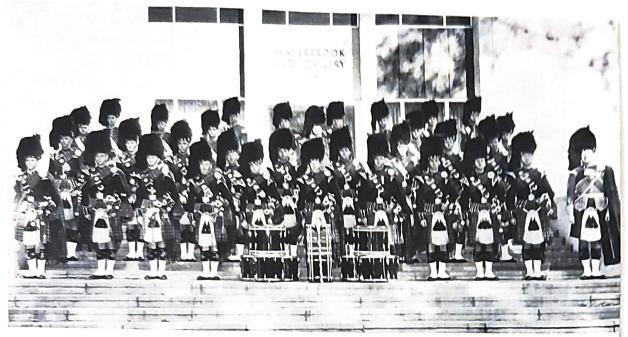
Yesterday's announcements bring to three the number of visits planned by members of the Royal Family to Canada this year.

Prince Philip will make a private visit next spring to attend the second Commonwealth Study (Conference being held at McGill University, Montreal, from May 14 to June 6.

Fergusson Named Governor-General Of New Zealand

LONDON -(Reuters)- Brig.-LONDON—(Reuters)— Brig-Gen. Bernard Fergusson was named yesterday the new govern-or-general of New Zealand — a post held by both his father and grandfather. Fergusson, a 50-year-old Second World War hero, will succeed Viscount Cobham late in 1962. Cobham has held the post since 1957.

Fergusson won fame during the war as commander of the British Chindit commando group which operated behind the Japanese lines in Burma.



The Pipe Band of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, on the steps of the Beaverbrook Art Gallery in Fredericton.

THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

HE RECORD OF glorious achievement of the Royal 42nd or Black Watch—the oldest Highland regiment in the British Army—covers a period of more than two hundred and thirty years, during which, at intervals, occurred events which shook the political and economic structure of the world to its very foundations. But it is very doubtful if more than a few of us are familiar with its distinguished past; fewer still with the significance of the secondary title "The Black Watch". Yet in these few words are contained the story of its origin and the beginning of its romantic and fascinating history.

Although as early as 1725 Highlanders were admitted into the service of the

country, it was not until four years later that the government recruited and enrolled six independent companies to form part of Britain's regular domestic forces. For the most part the men were the sons of landowners, and persons in good circumstances. These independent companies were employed in enforcing the "Disarmament Act", in preventing reprisals and plunder between rival clans, and in restricting the robberies and system of blackmail committed by lawless free-booters, such as Rob Roy, on the people of the lowlands. In simple terms their duty was to watch the Highlands and enforce the law. Hence the name "Watch". Their officers were taken chiefly from the clans Grant, Campbell and Munro. And

as they continued to wear the dress of the country, which consisted so much of black, blue, and green tartan, it earned for them the title—among their countrymen—Freicudan Du (Black Watch), to distinguish them from Setdaran Dearag (or Red Soldiers), who were held in contempt by the Highland Scots.

In October, 1739, the whole of England was clamouring for war against Spain, whose Customs officials were said to have cut an ear from the head of the smuggler, Captain Jenkins*. So, much against his better judgment, Sir Robert

* Sir Winston Churchill: The English Speaking Peoples. G. M. Trevelyan: History of England. The Official History of the regiments of the British Army. London 1840.

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to proceed against Louisbourg. But the commander of the British fleet, finding that the fortress had received large reinforcements, and was protected by an immensely strong French squadron, retired to New York, whence the 42nd returned to Albany.

TO BE CONTINUED

JULY 1961

THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

Illustrations courtesy of the New Brunswick Museum

In the first part of this article, which was printed in our July number, Dr. Clarke described the raising of the Black Watch Regiment in the early eighteenth century and their first victories over the French in European campaigns. In 1756 the Highlanders were sent to North America.

In July 1758, the Black Watch were attached to the Army of 15,000 men—composed of Colonial militia and British regulars—under command of Major-General Abercrombie. This large force had been assembled by William Pitt, now in control of affairs in England, in the hope of retrieving the fortunes of the English which had sunk to a low ebb. For in 1755 Braddock, while on his way to attack Fort DuQuesne, had been ambushed and defeated by a band of Seneca and Ottawa warriors and a few

Major-General Abercrombie

French Canadians. But, although Sir William Johnson had subsequently gained a victory over the forces of Dieskau at Lake George, this was offset by Montcalm—Dieskau's successor—who had captured Oswego in 1756, and in the following year Fort William Henry, with the subsequent butchering and scalping by his Indian allies of many of the garrison who had surrendered.

Abercrombie—an incompetent and cowardly officer—had been recommended to Pitt by the King's favourite son, the

Duke of Cumberland, better known as Bloody Cumberland. But Pitt had also sent out Brigadier-General Lord Howe as the actual commander: "The noblest Englishman that has appeared in our time, and the best soldier in the Army," wrote Wolfe to his father.

The orders were first to take the strong fort built by the French on a peninsula at the Narrows between Lakes George and Champlain. This powerful fort—called Carillon by the French, and Ticonderoga (its Indian name) by the English, had been a covering for, and base of, communications with Fort Duquesne and other posts built by the French to seal off the Ohio Valley, on which English colonists and fur traders were encroaching.

Unfortunately, within a couple of miles of Ticonderoga, Lord Howe's column (in advance of the other three) ran into an ambuscade of French scouts. The gallant Howe was shot through the breast; and with his passing the enterprise was doomed to failure.

Ticonderoga was defended by 3,500 soldiers belonging to famous regiments under General Montcalm. This clever man, well aware of the large force advancing against him, had left his artillery and sufficient gunners to serve it-in the fort, and removed his main army to a high knoll near by. Here his men cut down the trees and formed a strong abattis eight or nine feet high. The limbs projecting upwards and outwards were sharpened to form what is known as chevaux de frise, and presented an almost insuperable barrier against a charging enemy. Moreover, they had cut down all the trees surrounding the abattis to the distance of a musket shot; these lay on the ground in a confused tangle of trunks and branches that "looked like a forest laid flat by a hurricane.'

In his rapid march Abercrombie had far outdistanced his artillery, and when

within a short distance of the fort he ordered a young engineer named Clerk (as much lacking in judgment as himself) to go forward and reconnoitre the position. Clerk reported that in his opinion the fortification could be taken by assault; and, on this assurance, Abercrombie decided to attack at once.

decided to attack at once.

The grenadiers and other regiments forming the storming party charged impetuously. They fought their way through the tangle of trees, reached the abattis, and were caught in the maze of sharpened branches, while musketry from behind



William Pitt

the stockade and grape-shot from the fort mowed them down.

The 55th Regiment and the Black Watch had been held in reserve; now, seeing the predicament of their comrades, they dashed forward to assist them—only to add to the number impaled. Since they had no scaling ladders, some of the Highlanders hacked at the sharpened branches with their claymores to get footing; others clambered upon the shoulders of their comrades and leaped upward

and over the obstruction only to be shot or bayoneted by the French. Their ardour was such that even those who were mortally wounded cried to their companions not to lose a thought upon them, but to follow their officers and mind the glory of their country. And so, for nearly four hours (under the blazing sun) like succeeding waves of an ebb tide they strove again and again to enter the place. But all their courage was to no avail, and



Brigadier-General Lord Howe

Abercrombie called off the action. But the gallant Scots were so enraged at the loss of their comrades, so regardless of their own probable fate, that it was difficult to bring them off.

Of the 1,994 casualties suffered by the British, 647 of the Black Watch, including most of their officers, were killed or wounded in that frightful engagement. Almost twice as many as at Quatre Bras and Waterloo combined. Upon and in front of that rude barricade which one hour of artillery would have obliterated, fell some of the bravest of Britain's soldiers. But though the French fought under such advantage, their casualties numbered 337.



In the meantime (1757) three other companies had been recruited in Scotland for service with the regiment; then, in the early summer of 1758, seven companies, of one hundred and twenty men each, were, with the above three companies, by a Royal Warrant, constituted into the 2nd battalion of The 42nd Royal Highland Regiment. But when news was received in England of the severe casualties suffered by the first battalion at Ticonderoga, the three companies were detached from the 2nd battalion and despatched immediately to reinforce the parent regiment in North America. The other seven companies were ordered to



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THE BLACK WATCH

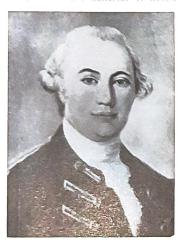
The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

Illustrations by courtesy of the New Brunswick Museum

In the first part of this article in our July number, Dr. Clarke described the raising of the Black Watch Regiment in the early eighteenth century, and their first campaigns in Europe. In August the second part dealt with the Black Watch in North America from 1756, with the disastrous attack on Ticonderoga, the conquest of Canada, operations in Cuba, and garrison duty at Albany, New York, after the Treaty of Paris, 1763.

PONTIAC AND HIS allies attacked the province of New York, the borders of Ulster and Albany counties, and threatened to destroy the settlements of the Mohawk Valley. They destroyed nine forts, and burned hundreds of homes



General John Forbes

along the borders of Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia. During the two years of terror 2,000 people in all—including men, women and children—were killed or taken captive, and an equal number driven from their homes.*

And so, on August, 5 and 6, 1763, occurred the most hotly contested action ever fought between Indians and whites in North America. A detachment of the Black Watch, numbering 214 (including officers) constituted the most effective unit of the force of five hundred men Colonel Henry Bouquet was leading into the wilderness to the succour of Fort Pitt, which was besieged by a large body of Indians under Pontiac himself. Fort Pitt, named in honour of the great

* Parkman: The Conspiracy of Pontiac.

British statesman, stood on the site of Fort Duquesne—which had been destroyed by the British in 1759—at the junction where the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers form the mighty Ohio.

Bouquet had been much concerned for the safety of a small fort called Ligonier, surrounded by Indians. Accordingly, having reached the tiny village of Bedford, he had chosen thirty of his best Highlanders, furnished them with guides who knew the wilderness, and ordered them to push forward with the utmost speed. This they did, travelling by night and lying close by day. Finally, coming to the screen of forest which surrounded the little clearing beyond the fort, they broke through the cordon of Indians, and, although fired at, reached the gate and entered safely, to the unspeakable relief of the beleaguered garrison.

 \triangle \triangle \triangle

Many of the soldiers with Bouquet had only recently returned from the West Indian campaign, and were so ill they had to be conveyed in waggons, For days on end the rest of the little army with its convoy-which included several hundred horses laden with provisions-had now struggled almost two hundred miles under the hot sun over the rough portage, which wound snake-like between the rotting stumps of trees felled by General Forbes's pioneers eight years before. They slogged their way through swamps where the sphagnum soil of unnumbered centuries lay deep and black and dank; between spruce and fir trees from whose limbs hung long festoons of greyish-white moss, like the beards of ancient patriarchs: they disturbed to flight the white-tailed Virginia deer, and flocks of partridges that flew with a whirr of wings between the boles of the trees. They pushed their weary feet over the Alleghennies, whose more distant peaks, like enormous pyramids, seemed to prop the purple haze which lay over the horizon, and which must have reminded the Highlanders of their own mountains and glens.

It was now a little past mid-day, and within a half mile of a small stream called Bushy Run they were startled by reports of musketry in front of the advance guard; then continuous fusillades which told them that the enemy were numerous.



General Richard Montgomery

Colonel Bouquet ordered the 2nd Company of the Black Watch to support the advance guard. The Highlanders drove the Indians from behind the trees that flanked the defile, and pursued them a considerable distance. But immediately the Scots had returned, the Indians, darting from tree to tree, once more assailed the front, and even spread along the flanks. A general charge was ordered to dislodge the enemy from the heights, and although this succeeded, the Indians appeared at another point until-by continual reinforcements-they finally surrounded the English troops and attacked the convoy left in the rear. This obliged the English to hasten back to protect it. The action became general. Attacked from all sides, the soldiers were dropping

in ever-increasing numbers; but though the Indians fought with uncommon resolution, now firing from behind trees, now rushing forward with wild yells to discharge their muskets, they were repeatedly repelled with loss. The battle lasted about eight hours, from one o'clock until night-time, when the Indians retired into the darkness of the forest. In this first engagement the English loss exceeded sixty killed or wounded.

That night they took post on the hill where the convoy had halted when the front was first attacked. The wounded were cared for, and bags of flour placed to protect them; then the troops surrounded the whole area. A night of suspense followed. They lay down on their hillside, their arms beside them. Unfortunately there was no water; all suffered: the wounded, the agony of both pain and thirst. Thus, surrounded by league upon league of forest, and hemmed about by a ruthless enemy who often fired their muskets and shivered the night with their hideous war-whoops, the English remembered that, near this same place, Braddock's force of four times their number had suffered a terrible defeat at the hands of these same Indians, and anxiously awaited the morning-and the inevitable attack.

Finally the stars paled. At the first streak of dawn the woods surrounding the camp were filled with diabolical yells, and from every side the Indians poured in their fire with deadly aim. The English. already astir, answered whenever they saw an enemy. As on the previous day, the Indians would rush from their hiding places and try to break through the cordon of soldiers, only to be flung back with loss. Especially they dreaded the bayonets. The troops, fatigued with the long march, the long battle of the day before, and the lack of sleep, were maddened by the torments of thirst, "more intolerable", their commander later wrote, "than the enemy's fire." Yet though they stood their ground with indomitable courage, they knew their peril and, conscious of their fast-increasing losses in killed and wounded, felt that it was only a matter of time until, unable to come to grips with a foe who alternately charged and retreated, they would be utterly annihilated. To add to their danger the horses-maddened by wounds, the roar of musketry, and the shouts of the combatants-broke the circle where the wounded lay, and dashed wildly in all directions along the hillside.

At this point Colonel Bouquet thought of a ruse to entice the Indians to come close, or at least to stand their ground when attacked. He ordered the two companies in the van to retreat within the circle, and the troops on their left and right to open their files and fill up the space so that it would deceive the Indians

into thinking that they intended to cover a general retreat. The Third Light Infantry Company and the Grenadiers of the Black Watch were ordered to support the first two companies. This manoeuvre worked. The Indians, mistaking the movements for a withdrawal, rushed forward with the most daring intrepidity, and poured in a heavy fire. But at the instant they thought themselves masters of the field, Major Campbell with his men of the 42nd sallied out from a hollow of the hill, concealed from the enemy, and fell upon them with the bayonet. Many were killed, the rest put to flight. The Indians on the left flank, who had not been attacked in this charge, were checked and held in awe by the remainder of the English troops posted on the brow of the hill, and now followed the example of their kindred.

The English cleared the woods and took possession of a hill in front; then, as soon as litters could be made for the wounded, they proceeded onward to Bushy Run. But, although they had hoped to enjoy some rest, they had barely finished their camp when they were fired on again; and the enemy had to be dispersed by the Light Infantry. On the following day the remnants of the little army, carrying their wounded, took up the march to Fort Pitt; and, though fired on several times, they arrived there on August 10. The loss of the English in the two days battle amounted to eight officers and 115 men. Had the Indians attacked in force again it is doubtful if any would have lived to tell the tale of that bloody engagement. Their bones would have lain in the wilderness with those of Braddock's men, and their scalps hung in the wigwams of their adversaries. But, although the Indians had suffered considerable loss, several of their chiefs being killed, they were far from cowed, and continued their depredations on the settlements with unabated fury.

In August, 1764, another detachment of the Black Watch accompanied Colonel Dearborn's army to Niagara, thence along Lake Erie to the Indian towns of the Wyandots at Sandusky, where he made a treaty of peace which the Indians failed to keep.

It was October of the same year that Colonel Bouquet again left Fort Pitt with a force of 1,500 men, which included the Black Watch, on one of the most daring expeditions ever undertaken by white men in North America. For two hundred and fifty miles, through a wilderness infested with Indians, slowly they made their way to the Muskingum-one of the lower tributaries of the Ohio-up which, a short distance, the chief towns of the Delawares and Tuscaroras were situated, and a little farther westward the settlements of the Shawnees. After constructing a strong palisade, Bouquet

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sent word to the Indians, who were in great numbers, to come to meet him, When they arrived, he had his troops drawn up in battle array; the Black Watch in their dark kilts, red tunics and flowing tartan plaids; the Royal Americans garbed in bright red uniforms; the Pennsylvania militia in their darker garb and duller trappings; the Virginian backwoodsmen in fringed hunting smocks and Indian moccasins.

Faced with an army under a man who, with one-third of his present force, had inflicted on them such a defeat at Bushy Run the year before, the chiefs signified their willingness to make peace, to give up the captives they had, men, women and children, and promised to bring in others from their more distant towns the following spring and deliver them to Sir William Johnson at Schenectady. Then, taking several of their most prominent chiefs as hostages, until their promise should be fulfilled, Bouquet departed from the Muskingum, marched back through a wilderness now devoid of foliage, and reached Fort Pitt on November 20.

But once more, in October, 1765, one hundred men of the Black Watch, this time under Captain Stirling, left Fort Pitt, descended the Ohio, and afterwards proceeded several hundred miles up the Mississippi to Fort Chartres, in the Illinois country, and took possession of the fort from its commander, St. Ange. Thus these members of the Black Watch witnessed the surrender of the last stronghold in North America of Britain's ageold foe. France was left without a foot of land-save a couple of small islands at the mouth of the St. Lawrence-in a country for which, during a century and a half, she had expended so much blood and treasure. And now, with his powerful confederacy broken and scattered, the renowned Pontiac was assassinated by one of his own tribe.

Captain Stirling and his men stayed the winter at Fort Chartres. In June they returned to Fort Pitt, and from there they marched to Philadelphia and rejoined the regiment, now stationed there. Ten months had passed since they had started out on their dangerous mission to the Illinois. They had performed a journey of three thousand miles, and Captain Stirling brought back every one of his men in perfect health, without an accident. They, and their companions in arms, had saved New York, the Jerseys, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia from annihilation.

The people of Philadelphia were not unmindful of what the Black Watch had done for them. And so there is a vacant chair at the ceremonial mess of the 111th Regiment at Philadelphia reserved for the commander of the regiment should he ever be in the city to occupy it. In 1959 the First Battalion of the Black Watch, stationed at Edinburgh Castle, Scotland,

despatched a claymore (or basks sword) to be used in the ceremony vacant chair. The vacant chair ha



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THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by
GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

In the earlier parts of this article, which began in the July issue, Dr. Clarke told of the raising of the Black Watch Regiment and of its service in North America from 1756. Here begins the account of the Regiment in the American Revolution.

ollowing the cession of Canada to Great Britain in 1763 the French at Versailles—suffering from defeat and jealousy—began a systematic propaganda among the North American colonies with the purpose of accelerating the discontent, already existent in no small degree, and urging them to throw off the sies that linked them with the motherland.

Admittedly they suffered injustices, These could and should have been resolved by constitutional means. But there were too many hot-heads, such as Sam Adams and John Hancock, on one side, ad too much stubbornness on the other. Yet there were many thousands of people in the colonies who refused to join the 'Sons of Liberty'. Out of these were formed eighteen loyalist regiments which fought throughout the conflict against their fellow citizens who were determined to obtain nothing less than complete independence. Thus we had a civil war within a revolution. It was a pity. For fratricidal strife breeds enmities that are difficult to heal. At the end Canada and Nova Scotia benefited. For counting those people who migrated from the disaffected provinces prior to the actual declaration of war, and those with the loyalist regi-



The uniform of the 42nd Highlanders, about 1786.

ments who followed after the peace of 1783, the population of the country was suddenly increased by some fifty thousand souls.

Before the Battle of the Grampians (84 A.D.) the Roman general, Agricola, pointed to the masses of Pictish tribesmen drawn up on the slope, and said to his legions: "These are the Britons with the longest legs; the only reason they have survived so long." His meaning was ob-vious. But it was a poor pun. For although his seasoned veterans, their bodies covered with long, wide shields, won the battle, Agricola and his successors never again attempted to invade the Highlands. Instead two walls were built. One connected the forts already constructed across the Forth-Clyde isthmus; the other, those between Tyne and Solway. But even these formidable fortifications were insufficient to contain the 'long-legged Britons' within their mountain glens. Time and again in the succeeding four centuries they clambered over them and subjected the Romans to their fury. Thus "the Romans failed in Scotland as repeatedly and hopelessly as the English Plantagenet Kings." And the Highlanders have been scrambling over obstacles of one kind or another ever since.

From the time of Fontenoy few British regiments have fought in so many widely-separated lands as the Royal 42nd: The Black Watch. In April, 1776, its establishment augmented to 1,100 officers and men—all Highlanders—the regiment embarked at Greenock to engage in deadly combat with a people for whose safety it had left so many dead from the Lachine Rapids, above Montreal to the distant shores of Lake Erie, and throughout the vast wilderness of the Ohio.

Soon after departure, the transports were separated by a heavy gale. When it had subsided, the Oxford, with one hundred of the Black Watch on board, was captured by an American privateer. All the British crew—except the captain—were removed, a prize crew substituted,

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A day or so later the Highlanders rushed on deck, overpowered the Americans, and, aided by the Oxford's captain, navigated the ship to the Chesapeake. But the place had been evacuated by the British army and the Americans were now in charge. So once more the Highlanders were prisoners. The most flattering offers of preferment and grants of land were held out to induce them to join the revolutionary army: but they stoutly refused to change their allegiance, and were sent in small detachments to northern New York. Then in an exchange of prisoners in 1778 they rejoined their regiment.

In the meantime, August 3, the rest of the transports, with their former comrades on board, had safely reached Staten Island and joined the army under General Sir William Howe. Two small buttalions were detached and trained in bush fighting by Colonel Thomas Stirling (a son of Sir Henry Stirling of Ardoch), who in 1765 had been the young captain who led one hundred Highlanders from Philadelphia to Fort Pitt, and from that wilderness stronghold to the distant country of the Illinois.

On August 22, the Black Watch formed part of the van which crossed the Narrows between Staten Island and Long Island, followed by the whole army. They played an important part in the battle of Brooklyn Heights where Washington's army was entrenched. Then, when the Island had been cleared of the enemy, they were among the leading divisions which crossed Kipp's Bay, landed three miles above the city of New York, and swinging towards Bloomingdale, captured a corps of Virginians and New Englanders. Then, supported by the light infantry, the regiment advanced up country and forced the Americans from fortified positions at White

November 22, the Black Watch were engaged in the capture of Fort Washington, situated on the heights of Harlem, and connected by a line of entrenchments extending almost to the East River, While three other units marched to attack from different positions, the Highlanders, under Colonel Stirling, embarked in boats and crossed the lower part of Harlem Creek under heavy fire from the heights. Once on shore the Scots, with the agility of their own mountain deer, began clambering up the wooded promontory. They pulled themselves forward by the aid of saplings and scrub bushes, reached the top, and charged with such impetuosity that they overcame all resistance. Two hundred of the enemy, unable to escape, were made prisoners; the rest fled into the fort. At the same time the other British units, having captured the advance works, reached the tableland. The fort was invested, and the garrison, consisting of three thousand regular troops, exclusive of militia, surrendered. The reduction of Fort Washington gave the British control of the Island of New York, and the Black Watch received the thanks of General Howe for their splendid work. It was not to be the last time.

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After this the regiment was attached to the army under General Cornwallis which pursued the Americans towards the Delaware, but, reaching Brunswick, were ordered by General Howe to halt. Then, while the rest of the army went into winter quarters, the Highlanders were stationed for a time at Mount Holly; and in January at Pisquata—on the line of communications between New York and Brunswick The weather was bad, and what little shelter the men had was in sheds and barns. On one occasion a detachment escorting provisions was attacked by a large force of the enemy. The Highlanders fought manfully against these superior numbers until reinforced by another party, when the Americans, caught between two fires, fled in confusion, leaving three or four hundred casualties on the spot, General Cornwallis ordered an extraordinary day's ration of rum to be given immediately to the regiment for their gallant conduct in defeating upwards of three thousand of the enemy.

On May 10, two thousand Americans, commanded by Generals Stapleton and Stevens, advanced under cover of trees and suddenly attacked the picquets. The Highlanders on duty, in front of the camp, seized their arms and courageously debated the ground to give time for the regiment to turn out. Then all charged with the bayonet, and, although still vastly outnumbered, forced the enemy to flee in disorder, pursued through the woods by the Highlanders until night began to fall, The contempt of danger displayed by the Black Watch on this occasion, in facing and defeating some two thousand of the enemy "was the theme of admiration to the whole army.

At the end of the engagement, an American soldier staggered into British headquarters with a wounded Highlander Serjeant McGregor—on his back. Both General Cornwallis and Colonel Stirling, who were present, warmly complimented the man for his splendid humanity. Evidently the American had a New England conscience, for in much confusion he confessed that he had chanced upon the wounded Highlander, and was about to relieve him of his silver buckles when McGregor suddenly seized him by the throat, drew his dirk, and told him that, unless he carried him into the British camp he would instantly kill him. Faced with such a frightful alternative he could only obey.

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THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

Illustrations courtesy of the Legislative Library, Fredericton

The first article of this series, in our July number, dealt with the raising of the Black Watch Regiment in the early eighteenth century, and first campaigns in Europe. The second and third instalments told of service in North America. The Black Watch left for Ireland in 1767 and eight years later returned to Scotland, many seeing their home country for the first time in twenty-five years. The regiment returned to North America in 1776 to take part in the Revolutionary War.

We can be Black Watch waistcoats, flox jaunty bonnets THE AMERICAN REVOLUTIONARY WAT WAS the fair sex, and largely one of movement, of alternate retheir spare tim treat and pursuit by both of the belliger-Indian King, 7 ents. At that time the American army was Three Crowns. on the run. In August, 1777, General rambles in the s Howe was convoyed to the Chesapeake Wissahickon Ci by his brother, Admiral Howe, and invaded Pennsylvania with a force of sixteen cipices, with sy hemlock trees; thousand men. They disembarked at Elk as the dogwood Ferry—the nearest suitable landing to the plucking some city of Philadelphia. As they advanced toto bedeck the h wards Chadsford the inhabitants fled in girl. Or pausing terror. They reported that the British were moss, and, for a coming, and butchering men, women and to cover two, c children, indiscriminately. (A tale as false about her shou "wholesale massacre" at Boston out the Old Yor as today, grew big as pansies; vood. And then ld stone houses ver the door

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where only four were killed; and they had invited it.) In the battle of Brandywine, which followed on September 11, elements of the Black Watch helped defeat Washington's army of fifteen thousand. Although the American general suffered a loss of three thousand men, retreated to Chester, and a few days later crossed the Schuylkill and again attempted to check the British, he was driven back with heavy loss to Philadelphia.

At this time General Wayne (known as

'mad Anthony Wayne') was encamped with 1,500 men in a wood near Paoli, three miles from Howe's headquarters, and prepared to carry out raids against

learned of this, and ordered Major-General Charles Grey to make a surprise attack on the night of September 20. Grey, a stern man noted for his uncanny celerity, had under him the 1st battalion of Light Infantry, the Black Watch and 54th regiments. Before the attack every British soldier was ordered to knock the flint out of his musket. The job must be done with enemy's left soon after midnight, bayoneted the picquets and outguards in an instant, then attacked the camp. The

detached posts of the British. Howe the bayonet alone. They approached the American casualties totalled about three hundred, and eighty prisoners were taken,

The rescue of General Sir Palph Abercrombie at the Battle of Alexandria on March 21, 1916.

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The men of the Black Watch in their scarlet tunics and waistcoats, flowing tartan plaids, kilts and jaunty bonnets, were great favourites with the fair sex

nation. In 1779, while France and Spain, under guise of intermediaries between England and her former colonies, were talking of peace, and Congress had ordered her commissioners in London "to make every exertion to obtain the cession of Canada and Nova Scotia in favour of the United States," the two great European powers threw off the mask. So, while the best of England's troops were in North America, the West Indies and other places, France and Spain had collected an immense armada and despatched it against the coasts of England. "There were sixty-six ships of the line, a host of frigates, cruisers, corvettes, fireships, and

stronger French squadron, and by a heavy gale that followed the action.

It was not until October 19, the fleet repaired and reinforced by other ships of the line and several frigates, that Clinton embarked on transports with 7,000 men including the Black Watch, and departed to succour the beleagured garrison. But at Virginia Capes he learned that Cornwallis, after one of the most gallant defences in the history of warfare, had been obliged to surrender the very day that he (Clinton) had started on his well-meant errand. So, saddened by the turn of events, he returned to New York.

TO BE CONTINUED

THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

Previous articles in this series have described the raising of the Black Watch in the early eighteenth century and the campaigns in which it fought so gallantly in that war-filled period, culminating in the American Revolution.

ALTHOUGH THE BRITISH still had large forces eager to continue the conflict, the surrender of Cornwallis marked the turning period of the war. Great Britain, beset by France, Spain and Holland, decided to make peace and recognize the independence of the United States. But Congress refused to consider any terms while its allies were still at war.

In June, 1782, Clinton was recalled to London, and his command given to Sir Guy Carleton, who had so successfully held Canada for the Crown. During all this year the Black Watch occupied advance positions in front of New York, filled with Loyalist refugees whom Carleton was determined to protect.

The preliminaries of peace were signed January 30, 1783. But all the United States gained was independence. The English laws were retained, and taxes comparable to, if not more than, those they had rebelled against, were paid by her citizens. France had attained the object she had most at heart, that is, the separation of the British colonies from the mother country. But little did she dream that, save for the unnecessary war of 1812-14, the United States and Canada would live side by side without a fortification of any kind to mark the boundary which stretches for more than three

The Black Watch reached Halifax, Nova Scotia, in September, 1783. Here one hundred of the men took their discharge; the rest of the regiment was broken up into eight small battalions of fifty men each and remained in Nova Scotia until 1786, when six companies embarked for Cape Breton Island; the remaining two to the Island of Saint John.* This same year the 2nd battalion (in the East Indies) was constituted the 73rd Highland Regiment. Those of the first battalion, their service ended in Cape Breton and St. John's Island, embarked in 1789 and arrived in England after an absence of thirteen years.

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In the meantime the one hundred men who had got their discharge following the reduction of the regiment at Halifax, decided to remain in the country. Many had wives and families. They were sent to Parrtown, as the present city of Saint John was then known, at the mouth of the St. John River, where they were placed in huts on the south side of the present Union Street. But that winter the huts burned to the ground; and once more the Highlanders were moved. They proceeded up the St. John River eightyfive miles to St. Ann's (now Fredericton), thence some twenty-two miles up the

Nashwaak River to a place they named Pleasant Valley, where they were awarded 17,400 acres of land. Here they began cutting down the trees to make cabins for themselves and their families, burned the brush, and sowed their first crops between the blackened stumps. It was a tremendous task for men who had never known any art save that of war. But, with the perseverance characteristic of the Scottish race, they soon had many cleared acres under cultivation, and bred herds of cattle and flocks of sheep.

Among them were Sutherlands and Rosses, Stewarts and McRaws, Camerons and Frasers, McDonalds and McKays, McNabs and McKenzies, McLeods and Bruces. And there was Lieutenant Dugald Campbell with his wife, Jacobina Drummond—daughter of the Laird of Balhaldie. She it was who (with backwardbending thoughts) gave the name *Tay* to the little tributary which vents into the Nashwaak at Pleasant Valley, in memory of the river that flowed past her old home in the Highlands.

Dugald Campbell was no ordinary man. Besides laying out military roads, surveying and mapping the St. John River from Grand Falls to its mouth, he helped lay out the lots and compile the first map of Fredericton. He served in the boundary commission, was a major in the York County militia, and a magistrate.

When the Miramichi Valley was opened up, sons and daughters of the Highlanders removed thither. Yet others helped to swell the population of Fredericton, Woodstock, and Saint John. But wherever they went, they quickly identified themselves with the community life and, while helping forge the bonds of citizenship, retained that clan spirit and love of Scottish literature and folklore that are among the dominant characteristics of the race. But they were not only Scots; they were Britons, and when the need came to defend the country, as in the war of 1812-14, they gladly enlisted in the armed forces.

The ancient cemetery at Pleasant Valley, two miles above the mouth of the Tay.

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There is an ancient cemetery at Pleasant Valley, two miles above the mouth of the Tay. And there, at the heads of graves, until time had destroyed them, might be seen pine-board markers, with the names of those old veterans whose battle erv had echoed over many bloody fields in the old and the new world. Today one may read on granite and slate stones the names of their descendants. Over the entrance is a concrete arch built, after ten years labour, through the efforts of an aged resident of the community, who assumed the self-imposed task in a spirit of loyalty to the memories of those men and women of the Highlands who came to the valley one hundred and seventythree years ago.

We can imagine those veterans—could they come to life—making their way to Camp Gagetown, where a new generation of the Black Watch, the 2nd battalion of the Royal Highland Regiment of Canada, are now in garrison, and listening with kindling eyes to the pipes skirling some of the same marches which had long since played them into battle on many stricken fields.

Shortly after the outbreak of the French Revolution, men of the Black Watch were to continue to play their gallant part in continental strife. From their craggy glens they (as well as other Scots) hastened to join the British army. In the campaign in Holland, 1794, the Black Watch helped in the attack on the fort at Meteren, and were especially cited for their bravery by the commander of the army. In 1798 the regiment landed in Minorca with other troops. They marched over almost impassable roads, flanked with stone redoubts, and over a mountainous district to the interior, and the capital, Ciudadela. Although it was defended by ten thousand Spaniards (twice their own numbers) they forced it to surrender. Under the command of the gallant Sir Ralph Abercrombie the regiment went to Egypt. At the battle of Aboukir, which decided the sovereignty of the whole of this portion of Africa, the Black Watch particularly distinguished themselves, and Captain Sinclair captured the standard of Napoleon's "Invincibles", so called because of their exploits in Italy. Unfortunately, General Abercrombie was mortally wounded by a French officer who a moment later was bayoneted by a soldier of the Black Watch. It had been a terrible battle: the British casualties numbered 1 360 rank and file. One historian says: 'Amidst such a general display of gallantry, it is difficult to select those regiments which claim a superior degree of merit; but it is allowed that the 28th and 42nd particularly distinguished themselves on this occasion." They helped in the capture of Rosetta, which commanded the navigation of the Nile, Fort Julian, and were in at the fall of Alexandria. Previous to this they marched with the 79th and 90th regiments over the burning sands to the pyramids in twelve days; and on the 21st halted two miles from Gizeh.

During the ceaseless fighting in the Peninsular campaign, 1808 to 1814, the Black Watch were in the thick of every battle. They covered the famous retreat to Corunna, and were overtaken by the French when Sir John Moore rode up to them and cried out: "Highlanders, remember Egypt!" They charged with such fury that the French retreated in turn. Besides Corunna they fought at Fuentes de Onoro, the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Orthe, Toulouse and Talavera, and won eight major battle honours.

"On the night of June 16, 1815, when it was learned that the French were at Quatre Bras, the Black Watch, and the 92nd (The Gordon Highlanders) were the first to muster. They assembled to the sound of the well known pibroch 'Come to me and I will give you meat'-an invitation to the wolf and the raven. At four o'clock in the morning the regiments marched through the Place Royal and the Parc. Their fine appearance, their firm, collected, and military bearing as they went marching into battle, with their pipes playing before them, excited the admiration of those Belgians who had awakened to wish them God speed."

Quatre Bras was an important strategic point where four roads met, and Napoleon had sent Marshal Ney with 45,000 men to hold it. Early in the battle a corps of Belgians was ordered to advance with the Black Watch to the succour of a detachment of the 79th (Cameron Highlanders) which was being roughly handled by the French. For some cause the two allied forces were separated, when a column of French lancers-who were in ambush concealed by hedges and high standing corn-rushed upon them. Colonel Macara, seeing the danger to which his troops were exposed, ordered his regiment to form a square. But, in performing this evolution, two companies of the Black Watch were left out. The lancers charged upon them with desperate fury, and literally annihilated them. Encouraged by this success the French charged the square, and though repulsed with loss, they succeeded in cutting down great numbers of the Highlanders—among them their gallant Colonel Macara, Again and again the lancers charged, but not a man thought of retreating; the gallant Scots, with the 28th, the 79th and 92nd, and a battalion of Hanoverians, stood firm. But not until the Highland regiments were reduced to one-tenth of their original numbers, were the French put to flight. For two hours these valiant regiments had withstood the fierce charges of and defeated an enemy who had been sure of utterly destroying them.

TO BE CONTINUED



The Duke of Wellington at the Battle of Waterloo

THE BLACK WATCH

The Story of the 42nd Regiment

by GEORGE FREDERICK CLARKE

In previous issues Dr. Clarke traced the history of the Black Watch Royal Highland Regiment from the time of its formation in Scotland in the early eighteenth century. In this final instalment he takes us up to the present time.

THE BATTLES OF Crecy, of Agincourt, and of Poictiers were eclipsed on the field of Waterloo." The stakes were greater; the fate of the whole world hung in the balance.

The remnants of the Highland, regiments—the Black Watch, the 92nd, and the 79th—only a thousand in all which had survived the battle of Quatre Brasand the 1st Royal Scots, were among the troops comprising the divisions of Generals Picton and Kempt which formed the left of the British line. Here, at a critical moment in the battle, the principal masses of the French 6th corps were directed by Napoleon in a supreme effort to turn the flank, and cut off Wellington's retreat to Terre la Haye. It was a massed attack of artillery discharged iron grape-shot on the front; each bullet was larger than a walnut. Then came the massed charge of fifteen thousand cavalry; at the head of their

columns the iron-clad cuirassiers in complete mail, upon which the musket balls were heard to ring as they glanced off without injuring or even stunning the wearer.

"But the Black Watch, the 79th and the 92nd, supported by the 1st and 28th regiments, met this phalanx without dismay, and displayed all the gallantry which had distinguished them in the battle of Quatre Bras."

Serjeant-major Dickson, of the Scots Greys, later wrote: "From our new positions we could descry the three Highland regiments—only a thousand in all—bravely firing down on the advancing masses of Frenchmen." Throughout all the din of musketry, of charging horses, of clang of steel on steel, Pipe-major Cameron stood apart on a little hillock, while wreaths of powder-smoke eddied about him, coolly playing "Johnny Cope, are ye waukin yet?" (A reference to Sir

John Cope who, at the battle of Preston Pans, 1745, was signally defeated by Prince Charles's Highland clans).

When finally the Duke of Wellington ordered the Scots Greys, the Royal Dragoons, and the Inniskillings to charge, the Greys had to pass through the thinned ranks of the 92nd Highlanders, many of whom seized the stirrup leathers, and charged to the cry: "Scotland for ever!"

In his despatches after the victory, The Duke of Wellington, in speaking of Quatre Bras said: "I must particularly mention the 28th, 42nd, 79th and 92nd regiments, and the battalion of Hanoverians."

Every man who served at Waterloo was entitled to wear on his uniform a "W" enclosed with a wreath.

Half a century went by, then the Black Watch were among the first British to set foot on Crimean soil. They fought the

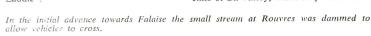
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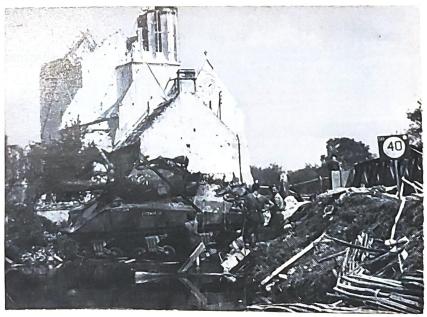


Men of the 51st Division holding positions on the River Bresle during operations in June 1940.

enemy and the elements until the fall of Sevastopol. Thence they departed for India and shared in the siege and relief of Lucknow, their pipes shrilling defiance to the savage hordes who opposed them. "A decade and a half later they bore the brunt of the Ashantee war, hacking their way through an impenetrable swamp to finally capture the town of Amoaful, the residence of King Coffee. And at Telel-Kebir and other subsequent Egyptian battles the Black Watch added laurels to the regimental wreath." They fought in South Africa, then, in the First World War won glory at Albert, at Lens, at Beaumont Hamel, at Ypres, at Cambrai, Hill 70, and at La Bassée, where they advanced to the strains of "Hieland Laddie".

During the Second World War the 1st and 4th Battalions of the Black Watch were attached to the 51st Highland Division, and formed part of the Expeditionary force landed at Le Havre at the end of January, 1940. At first they fought in the Saar beside the French. Then the highly mechanized German army swept like a tidal wave through Belgium. All the world knows of the surrender of Holand, of the splitting in two of the French army, and of how the main British army, its flank exposed, retreated to Dunkirk and was successfully evacuated to England. It knows how the 51st Highland Division was trapped; and of the splendiand heroic rearguard action they fought until, and even after, it reached the chalk cliffs of St. Valery, when they were com-







The Black Watch on the move from Rijssen to Ommen cross the River Regge a few thousand yards south of Ommen on April 10, 1945.

pletely surrounded by the enemy. They "had left their dead in every Norman field from the Somme to the little Durdent, from the Cambron woods to the trees of the cemetery where the Black Watch were now at bay." They had done all that could be expected of human flesh, and strong men wept when finally they were told by Colonel Rennie, under orders from General Fortune, that they must surrender. That surrender was no disgrace. As "the benefits derived from the example of a distinguished commander do not terminate at his death," so too the spirit of a regiment does not die after a devastating defeat by vastly superior numbers. And in no regiment is this more clearly exemplified than in the Black Watch. For more than two centuries the spirit that

Major-General Sir Victor Fortune, officer commanding the 51st Highland Division, at his headquarters at Le Caudroy in the Somme area on June 8, 1940.

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animated the Regiment at Fontenoy has been like a beacon to light its personnel to emulate the glorious deeds of the past; a regimental spirit that is as permanent and indestructible as the Grampians of their native land.

There were other members of the Black Watch, the 4th battalion, of Ark Force, under Brigadier Stanley Clarke, who were nearer to Le Havre, where they embarked June 12, taken to Cherbourg, and subsequently across the Channel. Their comrades suffered only a momentary eclipse.

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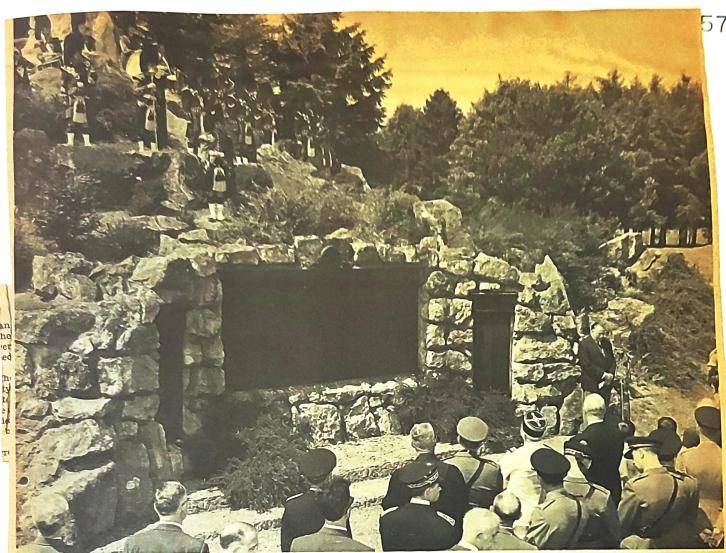
Reorganized in England, with new recruits to their ranks, the Black Watch saw service with the British army in North Africa; in Sicily; in Italy, and then yet again returned to France; fought in the bloody battles around Caen with the 51st Highland Division; at Le Havre, and had the satisfaction of once more entering St. Valery, this time to the victorious skirling of the pipes.

The Black Watch, The Royal Highland Regiment of Canada, fought at Falaise; during the advance up the Scheldt estuary; cleared the Leopold Canal of the stubborn enemy, and nobly sustained the traditions

of the parent regiment.

Thus, wherever the Empire gave and received blows, the Black Watch was there to reap new laurels . . . Let us hope that civilized nations will never again appeal to the arbitrament of arms in the expectations of settling their differences. But, if the time shall ever come that the British Commonwealth of Nations find themselves threatened by an enemy, with no prospect for a peaceful compromise, let them take heart in the knowledge that their sons will rally to their need; and that among the first will be that valiant Regiment—the Black Watch—whose motto for more than two centuries has been Nemo me impune lacessit. (No one provokes me with impunity.)





Canadian Army Photo

The Hon. Pierre Seeigny, Associale Minister of National Defence, addresses the gathering at the Newfoundland Memorial at Beaumont-Hamel.

Newfoundland's Saga of Valour

"Dead Men Can Advance No Further"

THE 45th anniversary of the gallant action of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at Beaumont-Hamel, France, on July 1st, 1916, was marked this year by the opening of reception accommotation for visitors to Newfoundland ark near the village, by the untiling of a plaque showing the Arms Newfoundland and the battle nours of the Regiment, and a rembrance service at the memorial cted there by Newfoundland to petuate the memory of those of fell on that fateful day. The monles took place on Sunday, 2nd.

he Hon. Pierre Sevigny, Assoe Minister of National Defence, itally opened the reception lites, and the Hon. Joseph llwood, Premier of Newfound-, unveiled the plaque. Also ent from Canada were the Hon. es Murray, Minister for Provin-Affairs and Newfoundland's representative on the Dominion Executive Council of the Royal Canadian Legion; G. W. Montgomery, M.P., Chairman of the Standing Committee on Veterans Affairs; C. W. Carter and J. A. McGrath, Members of Parliament for Newfoundland; Sir Leonard Outerbridge, Honorary Colonel of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment, and several surviving veterans of the Battle of Beaumont-Hamel.

The Canadian Guard of Honour was provided by the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, and the Pipes and Drums of the Regiment furnished music for the ceremonies.

THE BATTLE

B EAUMONT-Hamel was a part of the Allies' attack in 1916 on the German positions in the Somme. The Newfoundland men attacked the well-entrenched,

determined enemy with great courage, and their attack failed only "because dead men can advance no further". The Battalion went into action 783 strong and only 68 answered the roll-call the next day.

June 30th was a beautiful day. A draft of 66 men arrived from the depot in the afternoon and were attached to Companies. At 9 p.m., the Regiment fell in, and ten minutes later there commenced the last march to Beaumont-Hamel. As the men swung out of Louvencourt they raised their voices in song — the happy, care-free songs of the jesting British Army — which continued until the first halt was made just east of Acheaux.

By 2 a.m. on July 1st the Regiment was settled away in St. John's Road and Clommel Avenue from which trenches the attack was to be delivered.

At 6 a.m. everybody was alert; the gun fire increased, and the intense

bombardment, which was to continue until 7.15 a.m., opened. "Zero' was fixed for 7.30 a.m., and at 7.15 the hurricane bombardment opened. "At 7.30 a.m.," writes Capt. Raley, "above the bombardment, was felt the concussion and trembling of the earth as the ground in front of Beaumont-Hamel shot like a fountain into the air and at the same time the South Wales Borderers ran up the trench steps and out into the open."

The enemy, apparently, were fully prepared for the attack, for it was not very long before the Borderers came back, and it was seen that the enemy had pushed its guns into No Man's Land and had established a position on the lip of the crater of the mine. There was a feeling in the ranks of the Newfoundlanders that things were not quite right, and this increased when at 8.20 a.m., orders were received not to advance at 8.40 as previously ar-



78th (HIGHLAND) REGIMENT (OR ROSS-SHIRE BUFFS), circa 1840

*Sermission of the Communiting Officer, Regimental Headquarters, The Queen's Own Highlanders (Scaforth and Camerous)

тне 78тн, с. 1840 то 1844

87

brought up to date in style and cut. This portrait, by A. Graff, although not being good evidence for what might have been worn in the German Campaign, does have points of similarity with the portrait of Captain Gorry; for example, gold lace, green facings, slashed cuffs, white stock, light cream waistcoat and buttons of the rayed pattern.

It is a pity that certain items of dress are missing. The Keith portrait shows red and white hose, and a Highland bonnet with black rosette, feather and diced border. These would not be out of place in the earlier period and perhaps one day another contemporary portrait will appear to complete the information on the gallant Keith and Campbell Highlanders.

78th (HIGHLAND) REGIMENT (OR ROSS-SHIRE BUFFS) c. 1840 to 1844

By Major A. McK. Annand

On each side of a fireplace in the Officers' Mess at Fort George, former depot of the Seaforth Highlanders and now the Training Depot of the Queen's Own Highlanders (Seaforth and Camerons) and Gordon Highlanders, is an old colour print, one being of the 72nd Highlanders and the other of the 78th Highlanders which regiments were later to become 1st and 2nd Battalions respectively of the Seaforth Highlanders now in turn amalgamated with the old 79th Cameron Highlanders.

Of these two pictures, both by M. A. Hayes, and from the "oblong" series published by William Spooner between 1840 and 1844, that of the 72nd has already appeared in the JOURNAL, and now, by kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel R. D. MacLagan, M.C., Commanding Officer, Regimental Headquarters, Queen's Own Highlanders, who has also lent us the blocks, we are here able to reproduce that of the 78th.

The original print at Fort George (No. 44 in the series) being somewhat faded, the colours in the reproduction are correspondingly weak, as might be expected, but are nevertheless sufficient for our needs and do in fact represent the print as it actually appears.

The uniform of the two Battalion Company officers conforms with the Dress Regulations of 1834 except as regards the number of buttons on the slashed flap of the cuffs which appear to be five instead of the regulation four. For the rest, the double-breasted coatee with the buff facings of the regiment, the gold lace, crimson sash, and feather bonnet with an eight inch white hackle, are all regulation although the diced hose have been depicted in an unusual manner giving the impression of being red

Royal Visit Here Set De 27/61 **Next June**

The Star's Octawa Bureau OTTAWA, Dec. 27 — The Queen Mother will visit Canada in June to attend centennial celebrations in Montreal of the Black Watch (Royal Highland

BIACK WAICH (Royal Highland Regiment), Prime Minister Diefenbaker announced today. The Prime Minister also announced that immediately after the Queen Mother's visit, the Princess Royal would visit Canada as guest of the Government.

Mr. Diefenbaker said that

ada as guest of the Government.

Mr. Diefenbaker said that both the Queen Mother and the Princess Royal had been invited by the Canadian Government. He also noted that Prince Philip would be in Canada in the spring on a private visit to attend the second Commonwealth study conference between May 14 and June 6.

The Queen Mother's visit will be made in the first half of June. She has been Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment for about 25 years. The ceremonies will be held on June 8. 9, and 10, and will include presentation of new colors.

Visit to Ottawa

Visit to Ottawa

The Queen Mother will then be the guest of the Governor-General and Madame Vanier in Ottawa. Details of the visit will be announced later.

The Princess Royal's visit will also feature presentation of new colors to two Canadian regi-ments of which she is Colonel-

in-Chief.

The Royal Regiment of Canada will receive its new colors from the Princess Royal in Toronto on the weekend of June 16. The following weekend she will be in Victoria to present new colors to the Canadian Scottish Regiment (Princess Mary's Own).

The Princess Royal has also made an honorary bencher of the Law Society of Upper Canada.

The Queen Mother was last

Canada,

The Queen Mother was last in Canada in 1954 when, on a tour that won the hearts of millions of Canadians, she was deluged with presents for her grandchildren, Prince Charles and Princess Anne. She now has four grandchildren with the addition of Prince Andrew and Viscount Linley, Princess Margaret's baby son.

Viscount Linley, Princess Margaret's baby son.

It will be the Queen Mother's third visit to Canada. Her first, as Queen Elizabeth in 1939, was a six-week coast-to-coast tour with her husband, the late King George VI. They also visited President Roosevelt in Washington.

Washington.
The last Royal visit to Canada was a six-week tour by the Queen and Prince Philip in 1959, when the Queen opened the St. Lawrence Scaway. 1376. PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS OF PRIVATE SOLDIERS, 1834-

1376. PHYSICAL MEASUREMENTS OF PRIVATE SOLDIERS, 1834-37.—Among the private papers of Sir Alexander Cameron of Inversilort! the following paper has come to light:

"42nd Regt. of Foot. Measured at Edinburgh Castle, 6th of May, 1837.
546 Privates of the 42nd Regt. of Foot. Average of full Length, 5' 8½"; Do of Head & Neck, 10½"; Do of Body, 25½%"; Do of Fork, 32½%"; Do of full Width of Chest, 38½%"; Do of Waist, 3½½%"; Do Round the Hip, 40½%".

"71st Regt. of Foot. Measured at Edinburgh Castle, 13th March, 1835.
542 Privates of the 71st Regt. of Foot. Average of full Length, 5' 7½%; Do of Head & Neck, 10½%"; Do of Body, 2½½%"; Do of Fork, 32½%"; Do of full Width of Chest, 38½%"; Do of Waist, 3½½%"; Do round the Hip, 38".

"77th Regt. of Foot. Measured at Edinburgh Castle, 16th Oct., 1834.
512 Privates of the 77th Regt. of Foot. Average of full Length, 5' 7½%"; Do of Head & Neck, 10½%"; Do of Body, 24½%"; Do, of Fork, 32½%"; Do of full Width of Chest, 37½%; Do of Waist, 33½%"; Do Round the Hip, 36½%".

"Average.—Viz. of full Length, Length of Head & Neck, Body & Fork; also full Width of Chest, Walst & Hip of His Majesty's 42nd, 71st & 77th Regts. of Foot taken by an Instrument invented by me Called the Ankometer.

taken by an Instrument invented by me Called the ANKOMETER.

(Signed) "JAMES McDonald,"

S. W. JACKMAN.

The Queen Mother's Visit To Montreal

It is good news that the Queen Mother will be visiting Montreal in June, when the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada will be celebrating its 100th anniversary. As colonel-in-chief, she will present the regiment with its new colors.

giment with its new colors.

Many will remember that day in 1939 when she first came to Canada. The Prime Minister of Canada, in welcoming her husband and herself at Quebec, spoke of them as two young people who had been unexpectedly called to the highest duty, and had set out to fulfill it. They would never fail others, by never failing themselves.

Much of anxiety and tragedy has

Much of anxiety and tragedy has happened since then. But all that has happened has been to her honor. In good times and in bad, she has never failed to show sympathy and courage.

She has been with her people

through the war and walked the streets of London when the mortar still lay like powder over the pavement. She has seen the coming of peace, only to have it soon clouded by her husband's failing health. She has seen her daughter come to the throne, and she has seen her show, in her turn, the dignity and courage that one would expect.

This is an age when values have

This is an age when values have gone astray, and when there is great confusion in the minds of many as to what makes the good life. But such an example of duty plainly seen and truly carried out, with a firmness that never hardened the kindness of the heartsuch an example brings an instinctive recognition.

The welcome that awaits the Queen Mother when she comes to Montreal in June will have the depth that only years of respect and gratitude can give.

Queen Mother To Present Colors To Three Black Watch Battalions

Brig. K. G. Blackader, CBE. DSO, MC, ED, CD, has confirmed that when Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, visits Montreal in June, 1962 Her Majesty Will present Colors to the three battalions of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada.

The Queen Mother is Colonelin-Chief and Brig. Blackader is Colonel of The Black Watch of Canada.

Brig. Blackader said that the Black Watch was very highly honoured by Her Majesty's ac Colonel of the birth with the Montreal for three days as the guest of the Regiment.

Molson Stadium Amount of Canada's commemorate the service of Canada Royal Highland Regiment.

Molson Stadium Amount of Canada's commemorate the service of Canada's parade would be held at Molson Stadium at which Hier Majesty would present the three sets of Colors and that for this sets of Colors and that for this great would be held at Molson Stadium at which Hier Majesty would present on duty in Germany would fly their Commanding Officer and a twelve-man Color Party to Montreal to receive theirs. Depart of Canada's history.

This special occasion till be traditional link with the famous parent Regiment.

Most of the activities will the Camp Gagetown area, which has been the birthplace and home of The Black Watch, but many more will be held in the Camp Gagetown area, which has been the birthplace and history of Canada's beat the birthplace and history of Canada's beat the birthplace and history of Canada's color and the stade of the Scots both in Montreal and the Camp Gagetown area, which has been the birthplace and history of Canada's parade to the Montreal area which has been the birthplace and history of Canada's parade to the Montreal area which has been the birthplace and history of Canada's parade to the Montreal area which has been the birthplace and history of Canada's parade would be held at Molson Stadium at which is the Home Station of the Black Watch, but many more will be held in the Camp Gagetown will be held in the Camp Gagetown will be held in the Camp Gagetown area which has been the bir

COLDSTREAM GUARDS AND 93rd HIGHLANDERS AT SCUTARI, 1854

BY MAJOR A. MCK, ANNAND

The two accompanying photographs of the Coldstream Guards (Plate I, opposite p. 58) and the 93rd Highlanders (Plate II, opposite p. 59) are reproduced by kind permission of the Librarian of the Royal United Service Institution, Whitehall. As may be seen from the signature, which appears in the bottom right-hand corner of each photograph, they were taken by James Robertson, superintendent and chief engraver of the Imperial Mint at Constantinople (Istanbul) at the time of the Crimean War.¹

Shortly before Sevastopol fell on 8th September, 1855, Robertson arrived in the Crimea, where he took some very interesting views of the city and its defences. In the case of the two photographs under review, as the name "Scutari" appears at the bottom of each, it is very possible—indeed probable—that they were taken before the army ever reached the Crimea. It is unlikely that so keen an amateur photographer as Robertson could refrain from taking such interesting and colourful subjects as his military fellow-countrymen when within such easy reach.

PLATE I

This photograph, showing non-commissioned officers and men of the Coldstream Guards, with Constantinople appearing in the background across the narrow southern entrance to the Bosphorus, was probably taken from within the grounds of the large barracks at Scutari.

The most interesting figures in the photograph are those of the corporal and five privates in full dress, complete with bearskin and the white duck trousers prescribed for wear in the East and West Indies, the Mediterranean, and other stations in a hot climate. In spite of the smallness of the figures, the two rows of buttons, placed in pairs on the fronts of the long-tailed double-breasted coatees, can be plainly seen. It is not possible to say, with any certainty, whether or not there are plumes in the bearskins, but a very close inspection of the corporal and of the central figure in the group gives the impression that they are present, on the right side. If they are so, being scarlet, they would not be very noticeable. No waistbelts are worn, bayonets and cartouche boxes being supported by crossed belts with plates at the point of intersection. The epaulettes are large and white.

The figure in the centre of the photograph is that of a colour-sergeant wearing a field service cap. The shadow cast by his folded arms gives the impression, at first glance, that he is clad in a garment cut below the waist in the style of a morning coat, but he is in fact wearing a coatee.

1"Roger Fenton, Photographer of the Crimean War," by Helmut and Alison Gernsheim, 1954, p. 25.



PLATE II.—93rd HIGHLANDERS AT SCUTARI, 1854

Facing page

A Tall Order

At the end of December, 1941, General Wavell, then C.-in-C. India, was appointed Supreme Commander of the A.B.D.A. Area, comprising American, British, Dutch and Australian commands in the Far East, as distinct from the Pacific.

It was an unenviable command which offered little chance of success, seemed likely to end in defeat, even disaster.

General Wavell's comment was:
"I have heard of men having to
hold the baby, but this is twins!"

THE LEGIONARY, JANUARY 1962



The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

A MESSAGE FROM THE COLONEL OF THE REGIMENT

On the occasion of the Hundredth Anniversary of the founding of our Regiment it gives me great pleasure and satisfaction to send greetings and best wishes to all ranks of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada.

The most important event in the Centennial Year will be the presentation of Colours to each of the three Battalions by our Colonel-in-Chief, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother. We are highly honoured that Her Majesty is coming to Canada especially for this occasion.

Also in the Centennial Year a history of the first hundred years of the Regiment will be published. When you read this book, you will find that it is to a great extent the history of a militia regiment; civilian soldiers who kept the Regiment alive and healthy between wars, and who fought with the Regiment during our country's war-time experiences.

The 3rd (Militia) Battalion will continue to contribute to our future history by serving in the Armoury in Montreal which has been the home of the Regiment since its founding. However, the second hundred years may be largely the story that will be written by the 1st and 2nd (Regular) Battalions of the Regiment serving Canada in peace and, perhaps, in war.

Those who have played a part in the first hundred years turn over with confidence to all those now serving the responsibility for playing their part in the history which will be recorded in the second volume.

K. G. Blackader, Brig.Colonel of the Regiment.



The Patricias Honour World War I Faller At Impressive Ceremonies at Ypres

By Lieutenant Peter A. H. Dupille, P.P.C.L.I.*

H.Q., 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group, Soest, Germany

EARLY one hundred past and serving members of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry assembled at Ypres, Belgium, last month for memorial dedication ceremonies close to the site of the regiment's most costly battles in the First World War.

Organized by the United Kingdom branch of the P.P.C.L.I. Association, the principal ceremony was the unveiling and dedication of a memorial plaque to the regi-ment's founder and long-time Honorary Colonel, the late Brigadier A. Hamilton Gault, and to members of the regiment who lost their lives in the 1914-1918 conflict.

BATTLEFIELDS TOUR

For several days before the unveiling ceremonies, the Association members and a number of serving Patricias toured the old battlefields and visited military cemeteries, war memorials and old billeting areas. Many members of the tour were original members of the regiment who had joined when Briga-dier Gault first obtained permission from the Canadian Government to the raise the unit from his own financial resources in 1914.

The Patricias were honoured with the presence of their Colonelin-Chief, Lady Patricia Ramsay, whose name - as the former Princess Patricia of Connaught, daughter of Canada's First War Governor-General, H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught - the regiment bears. Lady Patricia journeyed from her home in England in order to personally perform the unveiling cere-She was met on her arrival mony. aboard a special R.C.A.F. aircraft at Koksijde Royal Belgian Air Force base by Brigadier Cameron B. Ware, Colonel of the Regiment, who was Commanding Officer of the Patricias during World War II and Is now Commander of the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group in Germany, Accompanying Lady Patricia was her husband, Admiral Sir Alexander Ramsay, R.N. (ret.), and Mrs. Hamilton Gault, widow of the Founder who died in Montreal three years ago.

CIVIC RECEPTION

Prior to the unveiling and dedication ceremonies, the Patricias were honoured at a civic reception in the town hall of Ypres during which Lady Patricia was pre-sented with a commemorative scroll and medallion by the Burgomaster and town councillors.

"We will always remember the debt of gratitude we owe to your soldiers and the sacrifices they made to help preserve the freedom of Belgium," said the mayor when speaking at the reception. He con-tinued, "We are deeply honoured to be visited by Lady Patricia

*The writer of this article is Managing Editor of "The Beaver", the newspaper of the Canadian Army in

Ramsay, Colonel-in-Chief of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry and granddaughter of the great Queen Victoria."

In reply Lady Patricia thanked the mayor, his councillors and the citizens of Ypres for the hospit ity extended to herself and members of her regiment.

After the reception, the Patric attended a church service, follo ing which Lady Patricia unvel



LADY PATRICIA ARRIVES

Arriving aboard a special R.C.A.F. plane from England, Lady Patricia is met at Kal Royal Belgian Air Force base by Brigadier Cameron B, Ware, Colonel of the Regul In right background is the writer of this article who acted as A.D.C. to Breader V

the plaque. Situated in a remembrance chamber in St. George's Memorial Church, the plaque is inscribed, "In memory of all ranks, Princess Patrica's Canadian Light Infantry, who died in the 1914-18 war, and the founder of the regiment, Brigadier A. Hamilton Gault. D.S.O., E.D., C.D., who served the regiment until his death 28th November 1958."

The ceremonies concluded in the evening with the sounding of the Last Post at the famous Menin Gate at 8 p.m. For this event, two Patricia buglers in full ceremonial dress took over from the regular Belgian buglers of the Ypres Last Post Committee. These buglers sound Last Post at the Menin Gate every evening of the year and have done so since shortly after the end of the First World War.

A MEMORABLE EVENING

That night a memorable P.P.C.L.I. Association dinner was held at the Hotel Britannique in Ypres. It was attended by eighty serving and past members of the regiment, together with a number of distinguished guests. Speaking after dinner, Lt.-Col. the Hon. George Drew, Canadian High Commissioner to the United Kingdom, recalled his close association with the regiment during the Great War when he was a young artillery officer. "Your regiment has an outstanding history and a wonderful spirit." he said, and continued, "All of you must do the utmost to perpetuate this spirit, particularly among the younger generation of soldiers."

Included among the past members of the regiment in attendance were First World War officers Colonels A. G. Pearson and H. W. Niven A former commanding officer, Colonel D. H. Rosser, and Major Egan Chambers, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of National Defence and a Second World War Patricia officer, were present also. So were His Excellency G. Pearce. Canadian Ambassador to Belgium, and Major-General A. E. Potts (ret.), another former P.P.C.L.I. officer.

SERVING PATRICIAS PRESENT

The present Commanding Officers and Regimental Sergeant-Majors of both battalions and the depot were included in the group which had travelled from Canada to represent the regiment at Ypres. In this group were Colonel T, de Faye, Director of Administration at Army Headquarters; Lleutenant-Colonels C. J. A. Hamilton, 2nd Bn., and R. F. Bruce, 1st Bn.; Majors D. O. R. Kearns and R. B. Malnprize; R.S.M.'s J. G. Austin, A. J. Rudd and R. H. Appleton, Drum Major F. Harris and Private W. N.

Other serving Patricia officers stationed in Europe who attended were Colonel N. G. Wilson-Smith, a former commanding officer presently serving with NORTHAG; Major C. Pyne, an exchange officer with the British Army on the Rhine; Majors O. R. Browne and L. W. Basham, serving at the War Office in London; Major E. R. Sharpe of the Canadian Army Liaison Establishment in London, and the writer, who acted at A.D.C. to Brigadier Ware.

After a last informal meeting with the Patricias at her hotel Lady Patricia returned to England from Koksijde airport. The regimental party from Canada, who had all taken part in a three-day battlefield tour prior to the Ypres ceremonies, visited the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group in Germany for four days before returning to Canada.



Canadian Army Photo

AT MENIN GATE CEREMONY

At the Last Post ceremony at the famous Menin Gate, two Patricia buglers took over from the regular buglers. From right, Drum Major Harris and Pte. Gow greet the Belgian buglers after the ceremony.

Queen Mother To Present

Brig. K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, has confirmed that when Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, visits Montreal in June, 1962 Her Majesty will present Colors to the three battalions of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada.

The Queen Mather is Colonel.

The Queen Mother is Colonelin-Chief and Brig. Blackader is Colonel of The Black Watch of

Colonel of The Black Watch of Canada.

Brig. Blackader said that the Black Watch was very highly honoured by Her Majesty's acceptance of their invitation, and that it was hoped that she would remain in Montreal for three days as the guest of the Regiment ment

Brig. Blackader said that the new Colors of all three Bat-talions are emblazoned with the battle honours awarded to the Regiment during a hundred years of service to Canada, and contain names that will always be part of Canada's history.



Canadian Army Photo

AT CIVIC RECEPTION IN YPRES

Taken at the civic reception in the Ypres town hall, this photo shows, left to right, front row, Lady Patricia; her husband, Admiral Sir Alexander Ramsey; Mrs. Hamilton Gault, and Colonel N. G. Wilson-Smith, a former commanding officer. Standing are past and serving Patricias, including, extreme left, Major-General A. E. Potts (ret.).

MUSEUM NOTES

The following exhibits have been received during the past

The following exhibits have been received during the past quarter:—

Documents—Commission Warrant and three copies of Record of Service of Captain R. Williamson Ramsey—42nd (1828-1841), also Record of Service of Captain G. McIver—42nd, (1814 to 1838). Presented by S. W. Jackman, Iisq., Clare College, Cambridge.

War Trophies—Ist Bn. The Black Watch (RHR) Battle Flag, carried from Alamein to Tunisia, also "Alamein Stick" (plece of Camel Thorn found on start line at Alamein and carried by the donor throughout the campaign to Enfidaville). Loaned by Brigadier W. N. Roper-Caldbeck, DSO., Broomhill, Stanley, Perthshire.

Miscellaneous—Old Newspaper, "The Edinburgh Evening Courant" dated Tuesday, 25th June, 1745, containing an article on the raising of Loudoun's Highlanders. Presented by Lt.—Col. J. F. G. Hislop, 18, St. Clare Road, Colchester.

Medal—Punjab, 1897-8, Record of Service and Pay Book, also some miscellaneous records of courses, etc., of No. 3522, Sergt, J. Hannan—42nd, father of donor. Presented by Mr. J. B. Hannan—42nd, father of donor. Presented by Mr. J. B. Hannan, 7, Brian Road, Elmwood, 10, West Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

U.S.A. Weapons—Broadsword found in a field near Fort Ticonderoga, (exact location not known). Clearly a Highland Broadsword used during the North American Campaign, 1758-63. Presented by Mr. MacFetrich, 920, Bannockburn Avenue, Ambler, Penn., U.S.A. Further details of this sword are contained in the following letter from Mr. Craig, who kindly brought the sword over from America for and on behalf of Mr. MacFetrich.

GIFT OF A BROADSWORD No. 2738.

Extract from letter dated 24th November, 1961, from Mr. M. D. Craig, of Mitchell Craig Pumps Ltd., of Burnfield Road, Giffnock, Glasgow.

"The broadsword was handed to me by an American friend Mr. Robert MacFetrich of 920 Bannockburn Avenue, Ambler, Penna., U.S.A. This gentleman, I need hardly say, is of Scottish

descent and was very keen that the broadsword should be taken back to Scotland. He informs me that the sword was handed to the Ticonderoga Museum in 1937 by a farmer who lived nearby. The farmer stated that he had found the sword when ploughing a field but the exact location is not known. It transpires Mr. MacFetrich has a friend, a Mr. T. Bayard Beatty, who is a collector of ancient weapons and who assisted in establishing the weapon collection at Fort Ticonderoga Museum and at some time the authorities there presented this particular broadsword to Mr. Beatty presumably as a mark of appreciation. Mr. Beatty in turn presented the sword to my friend Mr. MacFetrich who is, apparently, a great admirer of Mr. Beatty's collection of weapons. I have also to inform you that Mr. Beatty has in his possession a sporran top which is an exact copy of the only one found at the Fort and would be very pleased to forward same if you would like to have it for the regimental museum.

I should like to emphasise that in this matter I have acted only as the vehicle of transfer, the actual donor being Mr. MacFetrich and, I suppose, Indirectly, his friend Mr. Beatty."

REGIMENTAL NEWS

Red Stechel Jan. 1962

ROYAL VISITS

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, whose Silver Jubilee as Colonel-in-Chief of The Black Watch we celebrate this year, has graciously consented to be present at the Regimental Dinner in London. It will be held in the United Services Club on Thursday, 19th July.

It was announced in The Times on 28th December that the Queen Mother would be going to Canada in June for ceremonies in connection with the Centenary of The Black Watch of Canada. Further details are on page 27.

It has also been announced that the Colonel-in-Chief has graciously agreed to attend a Regimental Parade in Perth, on Sunday, 2nd September. It is hoped that it will be possible for 1st Battalion, which will at that time be concentrated for training at Barry/Buddon, the 4th/5th and 6th/7th Battalions (TA), representative detachments from The Depot, Junior Leaders Battalions, the Army Cadet Force and The Black Watch Association to take part in this Parade.

The marriage took place quietly at Glencarse, Perthshire, on 16th November, 1961, between Lieutenant-Colonel Denys Rowan

Hamilton, The Black Watch, second son of the late Brigadier Guy Rowan Hamilton and of Mrs. Rowan Hamilton, of Killyleagh Castle, Co. Down, and Mrs. Wanda Maxwell, widow of Major Ronald Maxwell and eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Warburton, of The Banks, Frimley Green, Surrey.

OFFICERS' KILT

War Office approval has been given for the kilt worn by Officers of the Regiment to have rounded pleats in place of the flat pleats worn at present.

The change is to be made as under;—

(a) Officers joining the Regiment on being commissioned will buy the kilt with rounded pleats.

(b) Other Officers will make the change on a maintenance basis or when their kilt needs turning.

GOLE

The Highland Brigade Golf Meeting will be held at Muirfield on 26th and 27th April, 1962.
The Annual match with the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders for the Quaich will be played at Gleneagles on Wednesday, 25th July, 1962.

The following appeared in "The Scotsman"-

NEW ZEALAND'S NEXT GOVERNOR-GENERAL

Brigadier Fergusson keeps up a family tradition.

Brigadier Bernard Fergusson has been appointed by the Queen to be the new Governor-General of New Zealand, a position which was held by both his father and his grandfather. He will succeed Viscount Cobham, and is expected to take up the appointment later next year.

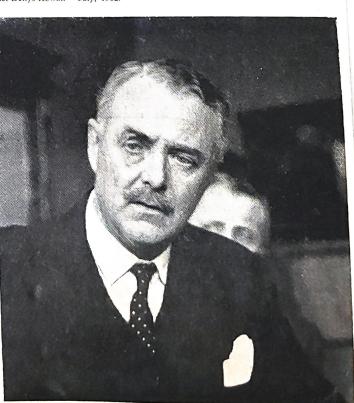
At his Ayrshire home last night Brigadier Fergusson said: "I realise what a great honour this is, and I am looking forward eagerly to returning to New Zealand. I have very happy memories of the time I spent there as a boy." He spent about a year there during his father's term of office.

The announcement from Buckingham Palace last night stated:—

"The Queen, on the recommendation of Her Majesty's Ministers in New Zealand, has been graciously pleased to approve the appointment of Brigadier Bernard Edward Fergusson as Governor-General of New Zealand, in succession to the Viscount Cob-

Brigadier Fergusson was born in 1911, the youngest son of General Sir Charles Fergusson, Bt., of Kilcerran. He was educated at Eton and Sandhurst, joining The Black Watch in 1921.

[In its announcement, The Scotsman also gave details of the Brigadier's military career, of his numerous writings and of his interest, as an Elder of the Kirk, in the affairs of the General Assembly].





THE SCANDARD REVIEW

W. H. CLARK KENNEDY, V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O.

Obituary

William Hew Clark Kennedy, V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O., Croix de Guerre

It is with the deepest sorrow we record the death at Montreal, P.Q. on 25th October, 1961 of William Hew Clark Kennedy, V.C., a Member of the Canadian Board and former Manager for Canada.

Mr Clark Kennedy was born in Dunskay, Scotland, the son of Capt. Alexander William Maxwell Clark Kennedy, and of the Hon. Lettice Lucy Hewitt, daughter of the fourth Viscount Lifford. Among the many distinguished soldiers in Mr Clark Kennedy's ancestry, the most famous was his great-grandfather, Lt.-General Sir Alexander Clark Kennedy of Knockgray, Kirk-cudbrightshire, who, while in command of the centre squadron of the Royal Dragoons at the battle of Waterloo, captured the eagle and colours of the 105th Regiment of French infantry with his own hand.

Educated at Westminster School, Mr Clark Kennedy joined the Company in London, England on the 5th November, 1896 as a junior clerk. Having served in the Yeomanry in the Boer War, when he was mentioned in dispatches, he returned to the Company and was transferred to Montreal where in 1904 he was appointed Secretary for Canada. In 1911 he was appointed Assistant Manager for Canada.

At the outbreak of World War I Mr Clark Kennedy proceeded overseas as an officer in the 13th Battalion (C.E.F.) mobilized from the Royal Highlanders of Canada. In April 1915 the Canadians had their baptism of fire and the courage of Capt. W. H. Clark Kennedy was noted for he was decorated by the French Government with the Croix de Guerre with Palm. Successive battles led to further honours: he was awarded the D.S.O., and a Bar to the D.S.O., he became a Companion of the Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, and in addition was recommended for the Victoria Cross. Having served as a Brigade Major, he was transferred in 1918 to command the 24th Battalion (Victoria Rifles of Canada). On the 27th August, 1918 in an attempt to break the Hindenburg Line, the 24th Battalion, being the central unit of the brigade, came under heavy fire and Lt.-Col W. H. Clark Kennedy was awarded the Victoria Cross for, according to The Times

dated 16th December, 1918, "most conspicuous bravery, initiative and skilful leadership on 27th and 28th August, 1918 when in command of his battalion . . . it is impossible to overestimate the results achieved by the valour and leadership of this officer."

Lt.-Col. Clark Kennedy was badly wounded in this action. At the casualty clearing station to which he was removed, it chanced that his stretcher was placed next to one on which lay Major Georges P. Vanier of the 22nd Battalion, who had also been severely wounded. These two officers were wartime friends and their friendship continued throughout the years so that it was most pleasing to Mr Clark Kennedy when Major-General G. P. Vanier, now the Governor-General of Canada, was appointed to the Canadian Board.

of Canada, was appointed to the Canadian Board. Lt.-Col. Clark Kennedy returned to Montreal to receive a tremendous welcome from people of every walk of life. In 1919 he assumed the Managership of the Company in Canada, a position he held until 1945 when he retired on pension. With the approval of the Head Office Board, he had been appointed a member of the Canadian Board in 1943 and he continued to serve as a director until his death when he had close to 65 years association with the Company.

Over the 26 years during which Mr Clark Kennedy, as he preferred to be called, was Manager for Canada, the Company and the country experienced difficult and trying times. In 1922 the Canadian Head Office building was lost by fire; the stock market crashed in 1929 to be followed by the severe depression of the 1930's and then by World War II. During these years, although other companies decided to withdraw from Canada, through his leadership and absolute confidence, he maintained a small but sound organisation. His calm approach to problems was an example to all members of the staff. He was always available to help and discuss any problems—his decisions were just and fair.

Depending on the weather, Mr Clark Kennedy walked to and from our office and his upright figure with his quiet and unassuming manner was well known to many Montrealers. It was rarely that he walked alone for he had many friends and



THE OFFICERS! MESS

MESS NOTICE

January 9th, 1962.

OF VERY SPECIAL INTEREST

BIRTHDAY PARTY!

It was a frosty January 31st in the year 1862 when an unknown, overworked, underpaid clerk completed his laborious task, backed away from his termite-chewed desk, and trundled tremblingly to ask his superior officer to sign the General Order organizing the Regiment. Fortunately, for the Nation and for the generations

Regiment. Fortunately, for the Nation and for the generations to follow, the superior officer was in a benevolent mood - and signed the Order:

One hundred years later - to the very day - the Regiment will celebrate the determination of a wretched clerk and the rashness of a superior officer at a BIRTHDAY LUNCHEON under circumstances more auspicious and in surroundings more hospitable than a century ago.

On WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1962, your Mess will hold a Birthday Luncheon to which Members old and young are warmly invited. The reception will begin at 12:15 p.m. and the formal proceedings will be concluded by 2:00 p.m. Dress, and the nature of the event are both informal.

Please note that accommodation is limited and that reservations will be filled in the order received.

It is suggested that the following "reminder stub" be detached and retained for reference.

Event: Regimental Birthday Luncheon

Eligibility: Members only (no guests, please)
Date: Wednesday, January 31st, 1962.

Place: The Mess
Time: 12:15 p.m.

Dress: Business suit

Reservations: By reply form ONLY, accompanied by cheque (reply form is the next page to this Notice)



Farewell to Lieutenant Colonel Irwin.

Battalion

Concess

This quarter's notes are oring compiled during our voyage home in M.V. Devonshire, some, it is suspected, in the Bay of Biscay!

The most important occasion has been the departure of Colonel Angus Irwin after just over two full and successful years in command. Perhaps the most vivid of our memories of him was during Exercise "Barbican", when the Emperor appeared on the mountain tops in all his Purple Glory, exhorting us to higher and better things! A very big thank you is due to Mrs. Irwin for all her interest and many kindnesses to us all and, in particular, to our families. They both take with them our very best wishes for a successful tour at Hythe.

Our handover to the 3rd Green Jackets (The Rifle Brigade) was accomplished without incident and by the evening of the 14th November we were all embarked in the Devonshire, anchored just outside the reef at Famagusta, overlooking the old Venetian harbour, the ancient remains of Salamis and the house with the red roof once occupied by Brigadier Mick Baker-Baker during the Emergency.

At noon next day, Captain Dobson, Master of the Devonshire, who had carried the Battalion across the Mediterranean on two recent occasions, weighed anchor, but not before Lieutenant-

General Sir Richard Anderson, the Army Commander, and Brigadier Basil Eugster, our Brigade Commander, had come aboard to wish us farewell. Brigadier Eugster addressed the Battalion in a most complimentary manner and reminded us that we would be seeing him again at Warminster.

We reached Southampton on Sunday, 26th November, and docked in the Queen Elizabeth's berth on time at 4.30 p.m. We were given a splendid homecoming. Many members of the Regiment, past and present, had braved the cold winter day to welcome us and we were delighted to see them. In addition many messages arrived, including one from Mr. John Young, the Lord Provost of Perth, which read:

"Welcome home. Though your Depot is no longer in Perth. the citizens welcome you back to the old county and send you their best wishes."

The Colonel of the Regiment, Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott, was first on board and later addressed the Battalion as follows:

Colonel of the Regiment's Address

Colonel of the Regiment's Address

"Good evening, everyone. First of all I have a message here for you from Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, our Colonel in Chief. She says:
"I send my warmest greetings to all Ranks of the 1st Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) on your return home from the Middle East. The Battalion is often in my thoughts and I have followed with great interest your activities in Cyprus, where you have served for the past three years with such distinction. By your achievement you have added illustriously to the high reputation of the Regiment.
"I have learned with pride that in the New Year you are to become the Demonstration Battalion of the School of Infantry." I wish you all a happy reunion with your families and an enjoyable stay in England."

Elizabeth Regina-Colonel in Chief.



Pte William Bryce receiving congratulations for being the best rifle shot in Corunna Squad from the Colonel of The Black Watch, Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott. Major J. V. Parnell, the Commanding Officer, and Captain T. N. McMicking, the Adjutant, watch benignly.



QUEEN MOTHER GOING TO CANADA

Under this headline The Times of 28th December carried the

Under this headline The Times of 28th December carried the following:
"Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother has accepted an invitation from the Canadian Government to visit Canada for about 10 days in the first half of June, 1962, it was announced from Clarence House yesterday.

The Queen Mother's principal engagements will be concerned with the centenary celebrations in Montreal of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, of which she is Colonelin-Chief. Ceremonies will take place on June 8, 9 and 10, and afterwards she will spend a few days with the Governor-General, Major-General Vanier and Madam Vanier at Government House, Ottawa."

Depot

General

The highlight of the past quarter was the visit of the Colonel of the Regiment, Brig K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, accompanied by Lt Col J. W. Knox of the Regimental Advisory Board, to The Depot, in October.

The programme for the visit included a Graduation Parade by 121 Squad, with the Colonel of the Regiment as Reviewing Officer, a Ceremonial Parade with the Colonel taking the salued during the march past, and an inspection of the Black Watch Museum.

This visit was especially memorable in the idea of the Colonel of the Black Watch

Museum.
This visit was especially memorable in that it was the first time that our Colonel of the Regiment has had an opportunity to visit Regular units of the Regiment.
Other visitors to The Depot during the past three months included His Grace The Duke of Devonshire, United Kingdom Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Commonwealth relations, who witnessed a National Survival Demonstration put on by 122 Squad, and Brig N. H. Ross, DSO, ED, CD, Commander, New Brunswick Area.
Some three hundred personnel of The Depot participated in

the Remembrance Day Parade in Oromocto on 11th November. The Commemorative Ceremonies in the Shopping Centre area of the town were followed by a march past of over two thousand soldiers from Camp Gagetown. Brig E. D. Danby, DSO, OBE, CD, Commander, 3 C1BG, took the salute at the march past. In addition to participating in the Oromocto Remembrance Day Observations. The Depot provided a hundred-man contingent for the Frederiction Observances, which included church services cenotaph rites and a Garrison Parade and march past. Maj G. D. Cochrane, Capt L. K. Hill, Lt S. G. Smith and Lt C. M. Lawson of The Depot attended the Annual Regimental Dinner in Montreal on the evening of 28th October.

Training

Three squads have graduated at The Depot during the past three months. 120 Squad, consisting of thirty recruits, graduated on 4th October; thirty-three recruits of 121 Squad on 13th October, and on 6th December thirty-five recruits of 122 Squad completed their recruit training.

Inspecting officers for the three Graduation Parades were:



adier Blackader presenting the silver spoon for top marksman to Recruit Anderson, A. E. of 121 Squad.

120 Squad-Brig N. H. Ross, Commander, New Brunswick

120 Squad—Brig N. H. Ross, Commander, New Brunswick Area.
121 Squad—Brig K. G. Blackader, Colonel of the Regiment.
122 Squad—Brig A. C. Ross (Retired), Civil Defence Co-ordinator, Province of New Brunswick.
Engraved silver spoons were presented to the top marksmen in each squad as part of the Graduation Ceremonies and all recruits who passed First Aid Tests were presented with St. John Ambulance First Aid Certificates,
There are over two hundred recruits undergoing training at this time. A large influx of recruits is expected in January, so it looks as if The Depot and 2 RHC Cadres will be fully committed for the next several months.
The following personnel of the unit successfully completed courses recently:—

Taking the salute is Brigadier K. G. Blackader, March past of 121 Squad during Graduation Ceremonies on 13th October, Colonel of the Regiment,

troops. One was lost in a minor collision and another drowned traversing a puddle, similar to all the others in appearance, which was in fact over three feet deep. The defenders, moving forward at first light to prepare positions, found some already occupied by the enemy (The Watch) and were generally quite upset over this turn of events.

A skeleton umpire group and signallers from 1 RHC joined with 4 Sig Sqn and 4 C1BG staff on "Ground Zero 26". This exercise tested communications and umpiring techniques planned for the 1 British Corps Exercise "Spearpoint".

"Spearpoint" took place in Northern Germany from 6-14 October. Ten officers and fifty-three other ranks from 1 RHC joined with were employed on umpiring and communications duties. A few were attached as umpires to British units, but the CO, the CD group, and the largest part of the men were employed at the HQ of 1st Battle Group. 21st Regiment, US Infantry. Friendships were renewed with the "Gimlets" and their helicopter-borne tactics inspired much discussion. Generally, the fore-knowledge of events, and wider view of the battle made possible by the umpire rôle, provided more instruction than participation as a player unit might have done.

A large number of unit officers returned to Canada to attempt Part 2 of their promotion examinations in Camp Borden and almost all were successful. Capt Ben Cheney and Capt Scottie Morrison qualified on the Capt to Major examinations and Lts Gerry Buck. Andy Christie, Terry Kelly, Glen Laird, Sig Anderson, Don Ludlow and John Wigmore on the Lt to Capt.

Lt Jim Devaney is conducting endurance training every afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refresher training severy afternoon and keeping all ranks fit. Refr

Most of the major sports in the Brigade are just getting under way. Our hockey team is leading the "Major League" to date; our soccer team won the Montreal Cup and the Brigade League Trophy for the 1960-61 season and is hoping to repeat the performance this year; the basketball team got away to a slow start, but the Brigade League promises to be a very interesting one with most games being close and hard fought. Our boxing and cross-country teams are training hard but have not competed as yet; the small-bore rifle team, which won the Brigade Championship last season, has fired four matches so far and has almost 100 points lead on the next highest contender.

In the last quarter, our softball team placed second to the 8th

points lead on the next highest contender.

In the last quarter, our softball team placed second to the 8th Canadian Hussars in the play-offs, which went the full five games. In the Track and Field meet held on 2nd July at Paderborn Stadium, we were placed fourth but L/Cpl Burns, H., of "B" Company won the Outstanding Athlete Award for the day, having placed first in the 100 meters, 200 meters and long jump events.

In inter-company sports last quarter, "D" Company won the Soccer and Track and Field Trophies, while "A" Company took the honours in softball. Hockey and other sports are just commencing for the season and it is too early to draw conclusions.

Officers' Mess

Two Mess Dinners were held in August. At the first, we were helds in August. At the first, we were hists to General Daley and officers of the 21st US Infantry, who had come up from Munich for the Prix LeClerc competition, and the second honoured Major J. G. Turnbull, CD, who has departed from 1 RHC on a posting to Halifax.

During the Soltau concentration, the Mess took advantage of the proximity of supporting units to invite officers of "B" Squadron. 8 CDN H and "G" Battery. 3 RCHA. The guests were presented with drums bearing an engraved plate commemorating our association, and we received in return a beautifully carved model of a Centurion tank.

An Autumn Ball was held in the Canadian Officers' Club at

An Autumn Ball was held in the Canadian Officers' Club at Soest on 30th September. The guest list was a long one and included all the Black Watch "family" in Europe. One of the highlights of the evening was the performance put on by our Pipes and Drums, which was greatly appreciated by the large audience in attendance.

Sergeants' Mess

Once more things have returned to a state of comparative calm and I must get busy and write a few notes on the happenings of the Sergeants' Mess, before I find the RSM leaning on me too hard.

January, 1962

THE RED HACKLE

classifications, companies are commencing their night shooting programme. This year the programme promises to be more comprehensive and will culminate in a section night shooting competition in January.

Company anti-tank crews have just finished the "Heller" competition. This was the first time this weapon has been fired in the battalion and a very successful programme was conducted by Lt Kaulbach and his anti-tank platoon. Twenty-four crews participated in the programme and the winning team came from the Pipes and Drums. Not only were L/Cpl Gilmour and Pte Gosbee very pleased with their 48-hour passes, but Drum Major Phelan is now going to be even harder to live with in the Sergeants' Mess.

Sports

Since the last Red Hackle notes, the various inter-company sports activities have resolved themselves as follows: "D" Company won the softball league, and Support and "A" Companies are now fighting for possession of first place in the hockey. There are still two games left to play in soccer, but it appears that the battalion championship will be won by "C" Company, who are firmly in first place.

In regimental sports, we find that Capt Wetmore's hockey team is yet undefeated. We are holding down first place in the Camp Volleyball League, and our regimental team is second in the basketball standings.

Sgt Shewan is coaching the swimming team and the team recently competed against the University of New Brunswick swimmers. Although we lost the meet, we did come up with some good individual results. Ptes Pentland and Wilson made times in the breast and back strokes which were better than the winning efforts in last year's Tri-Service Championship. There may be some promise here.

Stop Press Item "Officers' Mess defeated Sergeants' Mess 2—0 for the second consecutive year in the annual broomball game."

Now let me think, when last I wrote the Mess notes for The Hackle we were preparing for the Soltan concentration and impatiently awaiting rotation back home.

While we were at Soltan we found out that we are so good that the "higher ups" want us to stay awhile longer as obviously things would collapse if we were to go back to God's Country. (Who am I trying to kid? By the way, I refuse to take any bets as to when we will finally be rotated.)

Now for a few items about the Soltan concentration.

The advance party arrived in the same area we had occupied

Now for a few items about the Soltan concentration.

The advance party arrived in the same area we had occupied last year and because of this were quickly settled in (likewise the battation when it arrived). Sgt Harv (Hoot) Pinley, our Mess Caterer, did get the main tent of the Sgts' Mess Lines up that first night, though he didn't manage to get all the barrack stores put away, as the following story will illustrate.

It would appear that after it had become too dark to work, and the Sergeants had adjourned to the Mess, all the things had not been put away and there was a pile of chairs—folding just outside. It seems that Sgt Jim Doyle, our Signals Sergeant, had to leave the tent for a short while and the following ensued:

A voice: "Watch the chairs, Jim!"

CRASH 1 * 1 ? 1 * 1

"Oops, too late, Jim!"

"Oops, too late, Jim!"

"Oops, too late, Jim!

The main feature of the Soltau concentration this year was a three-part exercise called "Golden Fleece", when each battalion, in turn, was exercised in the defence and attack, the attack phase being a penetration by an aggressor force of two battalions across the river (simulated by the Autobahn) against a defending battalion.

This, like all exercises, was heavily umpired with the Mess doing its part by supplying six senior NCOs to the Brigade Umpire Group in the persons of Sgts Stan Preston, Earl Staples, lan Gregan and Laurie Dirks with L/Sgts Tony Gravelle and Genry Patheond

While at Soltau, we lost the RSM for a while as he decided that a rest at BMH, Iserlohn, was just what the doctor ordered, but we all knew that he would be back with us full of "wim, wigour and witality", ready and willing to keep us in our respective places.

wigour and witality", ready and willing to keep us in our respective places.

On the last exercise, when the battalion was part of a two-battalion attacking force, "D" Company was away on a Guard of Honour in Ghent, so "Sp" Company was pressed into action, at which time their vehicles were taken away from them and they were made to walk as "ordinary mortals" under the command of Maj B. E. Harper and "D" Company HQ. I'm told they walked about 30 miles while penetrating the defended position held by 1 QOR of C.

Just to illustrate how tired "Sp" Company were after their unaccustomed stroll, when the battalion had returned to the Base Camp and was cleaning up for the return, two lads of the company were detailed to load the used palliase straw in a 3/4 ton truck and dispose of it. They both walked very smartly over to the truck, climbed in, looked at each other, the driver started the vehicle and backed up four feet, following which our two stalwarts then climbed out and started to load the straw. (If I hadn't seen it with my own two eyes I wouldn't have believed it.)

It appears that this impressed somebody "on high" as to just how old Sqt. Bill Walters was getting, as they have since promoted him to S/Sgt; he is now CQMS of "A" Company, with S/Sgt Jim Byrne being promoted to WOII and CSM of the same company. The Mess offers congratulations to them both.

Upon the completion of the third serial of this exercise we returned to our Base Camp and prepared for the return to Fort St Louis, By the 9th of September, we were back in Fort St Louis, placating the wives over the deferred rotation. Some members took advantage of the situation to get away on another leave to exotic places; Spain, the French Rivieria with all the bikinis, etc.

In October the battalion supplied a good sized group for the

members took auvantage of the shadow heave to exotic places; Spain, the French Rivieria with all the bikinis, etc.

In October the battalion supplied a good sized group for the Umpire Staff for Exercise "Spearpoint", with the Mess supplying a few members to keep things going.

October also saw the RSM out of the hospital, back to the unit, and out on the square getting us in shape for the annual Brigade Commander's Inspection. The battalion, as usual, turned in a fine show and several favourable comments on the inspection were heard from sources outside the unit.

Bowling has started in the Mess again. It is still a bit early to predict any results, though according to Sgt Sandy Hughes his team is going to take the Mess Trophy for two years in a row; some others have their doubts—only time will tell, Sandy.

Proud parents in the Mess recently were Sgt and Mrs. George Fordeczka, and our ex-PTI, Sgt and Mrs. Leo Boudreau, so congratulations are in order.

A welcome is extended to two new members of the Mess in the persons of Sgt Hughie MacDougall and Ron McKinnon from

Visits and Parades

Visits and Parades

The battalion was very pleased to welcome the Colonel of the Regiment, Brigadier K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, during his visit on the twelfth and thirteenth of October. On Thursday there was a mixed cocktail party in the Officers' Mess. followed by a buffet supper at the Commanding Officer's residence in the evening. On Friday he inspected St. Andrew's Barracks, including the company quarters, the Red Hackle Club and Men's Mess. After the inspection, he took the salute at the march past of the battalion. Social activities during his visit included lunch in the Sergeants' Mess and a guest night in the Officers' Mess. All in all, it was a most successful two days.

Led by the Commanding Officer, nine officers of the battalion attended the Annual Black Watch Dinner in Montreal on 28th October. From all reports, it was a very successful affair and many old friendships were renewed.

Early in November we were visited by General Hans Speidel, Commander of NATO Ground Forces, Europe. During his visit, the General watched battle PT, a mine breeching demonstration by the Pioneers and an inter-crew competition by the Mortar, Machine Gun and Anti-tank platoons. The battalion provided the Guard of Honour for the General's visit, commanded by Capt Anstis.

The battalion also provided a Guard of Honour for the opening

the Guard of Honour for the General's visit, commanded by Capt Anstis.

The battalion also provided a Guard of Honour for the opening of the New Brunswick Legislature on 14th November. This Guard was commanded by Maj P. Hall Hampherson, with Lt R. S. McConnell and 2 Lt J. S. Forrest as the subalterns.

Conclusion

Three months have passed since our rotation to Germany was deferred. The shock has now worn off and everyone is again anxiously looking forward to Germany; by the time the next Red Hackle notes are due, we hope to be sending them from Fort St. Louis rather than St. Andrew's Barracks. (Time will tell!)



Third Battalion

1961 in Retrospect

Another year has passed by and it is time to take stock of the Regiment's achievements. We have spent much time on the consolidation of our unit, conducting numerous courses for NCOs and qualifying drivers and signallers.

Our Commanding Officer was also faced with the necessity of qualifying his officers. We, like any other regiment in Canada, are suffering from the fact that World War II Officers are getting too old to play an active part in a Militü Unit, and we look to younger Officers to take their places. Our Second in Command, Major William Redpath, and our energetic Training Officer, Major J. W. Biddell, have studied hard during the last year and both passed their examens with flying colours and were confirmed in their ranks.

We had numerous week-end schemes, but the highlight of our training season was again the Summer Camp in the sleepy little village of Farnham, Quebec. The Commanding Officer and Second in Command headed a contingent of sixty and an exercise in National Survival, TYRO III, was carried through with great success.

During the month of October an inter-unit exercise was carried out. The other units participating were the Canadian Grenadier Guards, Royal Montreal Regiment, Royal Canadian Hussars, Royal Canadian Artillery as well as Service, Ordnance, Engineer and Medical Corps troops.

A simulated "nudet" (Nuclear Detonation) was exploded, which



Lieutenant-Colonel J. d'Arcy McGovern, CD, congratulates Major J. W. Biddell on his confirmation of rank.

added great realism to the exercise. This scheme was organized by the officers of the units concerned without benefit of the assistance of a higher formation. (It goes without saying that the the exercise went like clockwork.) It is not often, nowadays, that the Militia in Canada has the opportunity of training with tanks and with the Engineers.

and with the Engineers.

A few personnel changes have taken place . . . Major Redpath being seconded to the 3 Bn Centennial Committee (1962 is the big year). Major lan Macaulay is now acting Second in Command and Lt. D. B. Campbell is our new Adjutant, Lt. Leonard Ferdon has taken charge of our Recruit Company. A very popular promotion was the one stripe that Private Cameron Lawson received . . . he is Mess Sgt. It. Dollard's 'Man Friday'.

The plans for our Centennial next year have not yet been finalized, but it is expected that the Regiment will receive its colours, and visits to Battlefields near Montreal are planned. Your reporter was one of many Militia Officers who, a few years ago, listened to an address by our then Minister of National



Sergeant J. Jackson of the Recruit Company demonstrating the "survival rescue pack". In the background are Lieutenant L. Ferdon, officer in charge of the recruit company and Major J. W. Biddell, Regimental Training Officer.

Defence which made one wonder if the Militia was going to survive at all. Now lo! and behold! . . . this is the kind of advertisement that the Canadian Militia inserts in the newspapers all over Canada today . . .

"The Army wants to train one hundred throusand men this winter to enable them to take their place with the Militia or the Reserve Force which, in the event of nuclear attack, would work with the Regular Army on its vital task of organizing our national survival" wow! . . . from being almost annihilated by Ministerial decree, we find ourselves in the position of being a very vital cog in the machinery of National Survival.

Four special courses will be run this winter for men between 18 and 50, at Regular Army pay. The response has been very good and close to 20,000 men are presently being trained in the various Armouries across Canada, and we in the 3 Bn. are very proud to be part of this important national scheme.

proud to be part of this important national scheme.

It is quite a show that these recruits are putting on . . . at first people thought that only unemployed would enlist for this special training . . surprise . . . many of the thousands enrolled were people who had jobs, but felt that this training was important enough to take time out and try to ensure the safety of their families and themselves and Canada. Go into any Armoury in Canada today, and you will see scenes reminiscent of active war training . . one interesting feature, at least as far as The Black Watch is concerned, is the fact that many of the trainees who have enrolled have also signed up for Active Militia Duty after the training period is over. The National Survival training plan has provided the shot in the arm that our Militia has deserved to get for its long, untiring efforts on behalf of National Defence.

Our annual Officers' reunion dinner in the fall of this year.

Our annual Officers' reunion dinner in the fall of this year gathered 120 officers with a good representation from the Second Battalion and from the Depot in Gagetown, N.B. Brigadier Blackader presided and explained the general outline of the activities planned for our Centennial year.

Major-General Frank Fleury newly appointed Commander for

"Red Hackle" Comes to Dublin

"Red Hackle" Comes to Dublin

A new lounge bar was opened recently in Parliament Street,
Dublin and although most of its customers will be Irish, the
bar has a good Scots name—"The Red Hackle".

"The Red Hackle", which is owned by Dublin publican Mr.
Thomas Dunne, was officially opened by Mr. W. E. Penman,
director of Hepburn and Ross Limited, Glasgow, who had flown
over for the occasion. The opening was attended by over 200
people all concerned with the Irish licensed trade, including Mr.
John Ryan, managing director of John Powers and Sons, Dublin.

"The Ped Hackle" has a public bar, a lounge bar and a cock-

"The Red Hackle" has a public bar, a lounge bar and a cocktail bar. The centre piece of the bar is a mural painted by Mr. Robert Buchanan of Hepburn and Ross, depicting a company of The Black Watch headed by a piper.



Members of Hepburn and Ross Ltd., arrive at Dublin Airport



A team of riflemen from the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, captured the Small Bore Championship Trophy at Sennelager, Germany, outshooting the best riflemen in the British Army of the Rhine. Of a possible 1600 points, the Canadian team scored 1532 Members of the team with their trophies are, left to right, seated: Corporal Saxby Carter, Sgt. Ian Clarke, Capt. Gordon Breekman, Lieut. William Molnar, Cpl. Gordon Hammond, Cpl. Jack MacRae; left to right, standing: Cpl. Millard Smith, Pte. James Crawford, Cpl. David Isaacs.

The Black Watch Best Marksmen in Army Shoot

A REPORT ISSUED BY THE DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC RELATIONS (ARMY). ARMY HEADQUARTERS, OTTAWA

Marksmen from the Canadian Army's Highland Battalion in Germany have out-shot the best riflemen in the British Army of the Rhine to win the coveted Small Bore Championship Trophy.

Representing the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group, an eight-man

team from the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, defeated the best rifle teams from 12 British brigades in the annual BAOR small bore championships at Sennelager, Germany.

In the final day of the three-day

competition, the Highland team chal-

Black Watch Celebrates 100 Years of Service

and Canada.

Ten of the honors were carned during World War I when the regiment listed 12,000 men. Some 3,000 were killed in the four-year struggle, while another 6,000 were wounded. Six members of the regiment were awarded the Victoria Cross and more than 800 were decorated

more than 800 were decorated (or valor.

The regiment's, service in World War II is marked by another 10 battle honors won in more than 30 engagements across France, Belgium, Holland, and Germany. In addition "C"

The tradition-steeped Royal Highland Regiment of Canada, better known as The Black Watch, today marks 100 years of illustrious service to Canada and The Crown.

Established here five years before Canada became a nation, Canada's oldest highland regiment consists of three battlions, the First serving on NATO duty in West Germany, the Second in training at Canp Gagetown, N.B., and the Third which supervises the Montreal depot, original headquarters of the Regiment.

White all units will observe the Regiment's birthday today the Montreal depot will be the ceremonies.

The first event of the ceremonies, which will last long into the present year, took place today in the officers' mess at the Third Battalion's armory on Bleury street when a birthday luncheon was held to mark the event.

The highlight of the Regiment's centennial year, however, will be the June visit of the Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment was perial ceremony at Molson Stadium.

Foi this occasion, the commanding officer and a 12-man color party will be molar party in the color ceremony. The woother battalions will be present at full strength for the event. The colors of all three battalions will be present at full strength for the event. The colors of all three battalions will be present at full strength for the event. The colors of all three battalions will be present at full strength for the event. The colors of all three battalions will be present at full strength for the event. The colors of all three battalions will be present of the Regiment in its 100 proud years of service to the Crown and Canada.

Ten of the honors were earned during World War I when the regiment listed 12 not the program will be present listed 12 not the program will be present and the program will be present at the colors of the Regiment in its 100 proud years of service to the Crown and Canada.

Ten of the honors were earned during World War I when the regiment issted 12 not the

The Black Watch Best Marksmen in Army Shoot

(Continued from preceding page)

ked up a conclusive victory by total- ing the Canadian NATO Brigade in ling 1532 points out of a possible 1600 in the final round. In second place was a team from the Berlinbased British 1st Durham Light Infantry who came up with a score of 1485.

The Black Watch team, edged out last year in the championship semifinals, won the honour of represent-

Lee Enfield rifles with a .22 calibre bore on indoor ranges.

The winning trophy and individual awards were presented by Brigadier Patrick Hobart, Commander, 20th Armoured Division, on behalf of General Sir James Cassels, Commander, British Army of the Rhine.

In making the presentations, Brigadier Hobart said: "I am particularly glad to give this cup to the Black Watch as I understand you are returning to Canada this year and will want the British matches for the second consecutive year by scoring the highest aggregate in annual competition against the Brigade's four other major units.

The championships matches were held in the NATO all arms training centre at Sennelager using standard

(Continued on page 43)

to take the memory and evidence of your fine performance with you".

Team members were: Captain Gordon Breckman of Lundar, Man., team captain; Lieutenant William Molnar, Fort MacLeod, Alta., Sergeant Ian Clarke, Helensuurgh, Scotland; Cor-porals Saxby Carter, Amherst, N.S.; Jack MacRae, Sydney Mines, NS.; Gordon Hammond, Toronto; David Isaacs, Stellarton, NS.; Millard Isanes, Stellarton, N.S.; Millard Smith, Kentville, N.S.; and Private James Crawford, Sydney Mines, as



THE OFFICERS' MESS

April 4th, 1962.

FASTBALL VICTORY
...a Centennial Year achievement!

On Friday, March 30th, your Officers' Fastball Toam emerged victorious

from the final game of the season. The new Montreal League champions carried off the trophy at the end of AN UNDEFEATED SEASON - eight regular games, two semi-finals and two finals - a remarkable twelve straight encounters without a single loss!

As a result, your Black Watch team will travel to Toronto to play the Subway League winner on Saturday, April 28th. The latest word is that the opposition will be from the 48th Highlanders, the Toronto Irish or the Navy (Scotch, Irish whisky or rum). Although public transportation organizations are exhibiting a marked lack of interest in handling such a quiet, reserved group, it is expected that special fares and hotel arrangements will make possible the attendance of many Members to support the team in Toronto on April 28th. For details as they develop, kindly contact Major J.F.Macfarlane: business, VI.5-2211: residence, RE.3-3050.

Your Committee extends hearty congratulations to all members of the team, to their wives who bore the strain of Friday night spinsterhood and to their indestructible Manager-Coach, Major Macfarlane - Den Mother to Montreal's most unlikely assortment of advancing paunches and receding hairlines. Now, on to Toronto!

Lieut. D. M. White

- scoring 47

Lt-Col. J. G. Bourne Capt. F. H. Cundill Maj. R. E. Hiller Haj. W. B. Redpath Capt. J.B.I.Sutherland

- scoring 46

Maj. W. J. Anderson Lieut. L. N. Ferdon Lieut. J. C. D. Tree

- scoring 45

Lieut. S. F. Angus 2/Lieut. W. J. Bonthron 2/Lieut. R. C. Cook Lt-Col. D. J. McGovern



April 11th, 1962.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Officers' Moss Hembers; 1RHC, 2RHC, 3RHC - and to Former Regimental Officers TO:

FROM: Centennial Mess Dinner Committee

As part of the Centennial Year celebrations, the Regiment will hold a Mess Dinner on Friday, June 8th, 1962, in the immediate presence of the Colonel-in-Chief, Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother. Attendance will be limited to Members of the three Officers! Messes and to Former Regimental Officers.

Because of probable numbers, the Dinner will be held in the Grand Salon of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel in Montreal. Guests will assemble by 7:45 p.m. in the Ante-Room at the Hotel. It is expected that the Colonel-in-Chief will receive each guest immediately prior to dinner.

Dinner proceedings will be similar in form to the Annual Reunion Dinner. It is anticipated that the Colonel-in-Chief will visit the Ante-Room following the dinner itself.

Dress: Active Officers - Mess Kit

Evening Dress, miniatures (Dinner Jacket optional) Others

It has been possible to arrange for an all-inclusive charge of fifteen dollars to cover dinner and beverages throughout the evening.

A reservation application form is enclosed with this notice. Applications, together with cheques in the amount of fifteen dollars, should be received by the Dinner Committee just as soon as possible. Cards of admission will be mailed on a should Cards of admission will be mailed on or about May 15th.

It is not expected that this notice will be Please note: repeated.



Depot

General

General

The primary event of the past quarter was the celebration of the 100th Birthday of The Regiment on the 31st of January.

The Depot joined forces with Second Battalion in celebrating the Anniversary at Camp Gagetown. The day started with Church Services in the Protestant and Roman Catholic Chapels, with all ranks of The Depot and Battalion participating. Unfortunately, the 31st of January was one of the coldest days experienced here this Winter, with the temperature dropping to twenty degrees below zero, which resulted in many frozen or frost bitten knees, (which goes to show that the kilt is not the most suitable item for wear in Canada in the Winter) faces and ears. However, medical treatment soon revitalized the victims of the extreme cold and they were able to carry on with the other Centenary activities.

Following the Church Services the "Jocks" of Second Battalion proceeded to the hockey arena where the Officers played the Warrant Officers and Sergeants, with the Officers emerging victorious by a score of 3-2 in a fast, rugged, wide-open game, and Depot personnel to the Sports Centre to participate emerging victorious by a score of 3-2 in a fast, rugged, wide-open game, and Depot personnel to the Sports Centre to participate in, or observe, an inter-squad sports tournament. (The results of the tournament are contained in the sports notes).

At 1130 hours all ranks of The Depot and Battalion congregated in The Black Watch Drill Hall for the birthday cake-cutting eeremony. The four-tiered cake, the creation of Sergeant Jacquard, the senior cook at The Depot, and which weighed some 425 pounds, was cut by the Commanding Officer.

Brief speeches were made to the assembled "Jocks" by both



Lieutenant-General Geoffrey Walsh. CBF. DSO, CD, Cbief of the General Staff, talks to WOI (RSM) Wootton, G. W. and Corporal Branston, D. L. during his visit to the Depot on 9th March.

tournaments between the senior squads will be held during the

tournaments between the senior squads will be held during the coming months,

General: Recruits are being instructed in basketball, volleyball, swimming and water polo in preparation for the indoor sports tournament in April, the results of which will be published in the July Red Hackle.

Regimental Birthday Sports Tournament: The tournament was held on the 31st of January with 124, 125 and 126 Squads competing. Following is a summary of the results, by events:

	, as a summary of the re-	suits, by events.
Event	Semi-Finals	Finals
Basketball	124 defeated 125	124 defeated 12
Volleyball	125 defeated 126	124 defeated 12
Water Polo	124 defeated 126	124 and 125 ties
Bowling		won by 126 Square
Ping Pong	124 defeated 125	124 defeated 126
Darts	125 defeated 126	125 defeated 12
0		

Squad standings:

Squad standings:

124--First place.

125-Second place.

126--Third place.
On the completion of the tournament 124 Squad was presented with the Subalterns Trophy by the Commanding Officer.

Museum

Following is a list of Museum accessions during the past

Potrowing is a list of Museum accessions during the past quarter;—
Egyptian Medal 1882 with Tel-el-Kebir clasp. Awarded to Pte.
W. Johnson of The Black Watch. Donor.—Regt. Museum, Montreal (on loan).
South African Medal with South Africa 1901 and 1902 clasps, also Transvaal and Orange Free State clasps. Awarded to Pte.
W. Reid of The Black Watch. Donor.—Regt. Museum, Montreal (on loan).
Indian Mutiny Medal 1857-58. Awarded to Sgt. H. Bancroft of the 42nd Royal Highlanders (Black Watch). Donor.—Regt. Museum, Montreal (on loan).
Crimean Medal 1854 with Sebastopol and Alma clasps. Awarded to T. Edwards, 2nd Battalion, Rifle Brigade. Donor.—Regt. Museum, Montreal (on loan).



Sgt. Jacquard, G. A. of The Depot putting the finishing touches to the 425 pound 100th Anniversary Birthday Cake.

Sgt. Jacquard, G. A. of The Depot putting the finishing touches to the 425 pound 100th Anniversary Birthday Cake.

Commanding Officers, congratulatory messages were read, including ones from the Colonel of the Regiment, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of New Brunswick, First Battalion, Third Battalion, the Director of Infantry and his Staff, and Black Watch officers at Headquarters Eastern Command, following which "refreshments" were served. The 425 pound birthday cake, and several smaller ones, were consumed in short order, much to the amazement of the cooks who had assumed there would be lots of cake left for the noon and night meals in the Men's Mess. They forgot that there would be a large number of recruits in attendance, most of whom are growing boys with very healthy appetites!

A half-day holiday was declared for the afternoon of the 31st and in the evening formal dinners, followed by dancing, were held in the Officers' and Serecants' Messes, and a dance for Other Ranks in The Red Hackle Club.

All in all, the 100th Anniversary of The Regiment was well and truly celebrated at St. Andrew's Barracks and the various Centennial events will long be remembered by Depot and Second Battal'on participints.

The highlight of our Centennial Celebrations will take place in Montreal in June when our Colonel-in-Chief, Her Maiesty, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, will visit The Regiment to present Colours to our three battalions and attend various other Regimental activities, including the Trooping of the Colour by First Battalion, dinners. Church Service, and garden party. Plans for the various events to be held during Her Majesty's visit are progressing very well and present and past members of The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada are looking forward to the Centennial Celebrations in Montreal with keen anticipation.

Several articles and photographs in connection with our Colonel-in-Chief's visit to The Regiment in June will be published in the July issue of The Red Hackle.

Visitors
Visitors to The Depot during the past three months included

Visitors to The Depot during the past three months included the following:

The Honourable Douglas Harkness, Minister of National Defence. Lieutenant-General Geoffrey Walsh, Chief of the General Staff. Major-General M.P. Bogert, General Officer Commanding Eastern Command. Brigadier N. H. Ross, Commander New Brunswick Area, Brigadier M. R. Dare, Commander A. Canadian Infantry Brigade Group, Colonel W. A. Milroy Director of Military Training. Colonel R. J. Graham, Colonel General Staff, Headquarters Eastern Command. Commander

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Third Battalion

Great Expectations

Our Commanding Officer, Lt-Col. D'Arey J. McGovern, CD, ably assisted by the 2 IC Major W. B. Redpath, CD, are hard at work whipping the Battalion into shape for the Queen Mother's visit in June.

visit in June.

WOII G. N. Mills has been sent to us from the Depot in Gagetown. New Brunswick, and his expert drilling is putting real life into the training. And it is not only the ORs who are under fire—neither Non-Commissioned Officers nor the Officers are being spared—the pacing stick, which can be formidable enough in the hands of any Drill Sergeant—when WOII Mills wields it, one is filled with awe at the eloquence of this mere piece of wood. Slowly and surely the 3rd Battalion is getting ready for the Presentation of Colours.

The Colour Party itself has not yet been selected, but one can rest assured that it will be most proficient.

We welcome to Canada Major C. G. Forrest, DCM, CD, from the 1st Battalion. The Major, who will report to the United States Staff College in July, has been appointed Staff Liaison Offices, no-ordinating the tangled web of numerous Centennial

Committees, City of Montreal functions, the Canadian Army, and last but not least—our own Battalion.

The birth of the Regiment in Canada, one hundred years ago, was celebrated on the Jist of January when a luncheon was held in the Mess. The birthday cake was wheeled in by Cpl. Leggett who served in the Regiment for over forty years.

The Officers' Annual Meeting was held on the 15th of February, and the highlight of the meeting was the report given by Brigadier K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, Colonel of the Regiment, recently returned from England where he had an audience of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, our Colonel-in-Chief.

You will remember that I explained our Survival Courses in the last issue. We are now running the third one. The net result of the first two courses, as far as our Battalion is concerned, was the enrolment of over fifty recruits, and if the third course will yield a similar crop, we shall have our hands full.

On top of this, I can announce the formation of a Veterans' Company. Several ex-RSMs, headed by RSM R. Diplock, called a meeting of former Black Watch members. 150 turned up at the meeting, and 61 so far have been accepted. We expect to enrol another 20 this week. In spite of the fact that many of the veterans are former NCOs, they will have to come in as privates, and as we have to adhere to Army Regulations, which set the maximum age at 55, many could not qualify. Lieut. Steve Angus is the Company Commander.

I owe an apology to our "Fastball" Team. In the last issue I wrote that they seemed to win all the battles, but never won the war. Well, I have to eat my words because, this season, they have won all their League Games—were it in Scotland, they would be declared the winners—but here in Canada we have a queer set-up—after all these battles, our heroes have only won their way into the "Play-offs"—and who knows—they may still not win the war—but here is hoping.

On February 14th an Officers' Cocktail Party was staged, which gave us an opportunity to meet

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THE RED HACKLE

April, 1962



The Pipes and Drums of 4th/5th Battalion with the Guard of Honour commanded by Lt. G. C. Barnett and found by Depot (Black Watch/Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders) at the opening of the new Army Information Office in Dundee by Lieutenant-General W. F. R. Turner, GOC-in-C Scottish Command.

Regular Serving Officers Appointments List

April, 1962

```
ARBUTHNOTT, J. F.; Lt.
                                                                                           I BW.
ARBUTHNOTT, the Hon. W. D.; Maj. BARNETT, G. C.; Lt. - - BENGOUGH, J. D.; Capt. - - BUCHANAN, J. E.; Maj. - - -
                                                                                           HQ NEARELF, B.F.P.O. 53.
                                                                                           Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling. 6/7 BW. (Adjt). MO 4, War Office.
BUCHANAN, P. G.; MBE, TD, Maj.
BURNABY-ATKINS, F. J.; Lt. Col.
BUTCHART, G. C.; Lt. Col.
CAMERON, E. D.; Capt.
CAMPBELL, C. J. K.; Lt.
CAMPBELL, J. C. F.; Capt.
CARTHEW, P. M. B.; Capt.
                                                                                           Sultan of Muscat's Armed Forces, c/o HQ Middle East,
                                                                                           Military Attaché, Lisbon.
4/5 BW. (QM).
                                                                                           1 BW (Mons OCS, Aldershot).
1 BW of Canada, Camp Gagetown, Oromocto, N.B., Canada.
                                                                                            4/5 BW. (Adjt).
                                                                                            1 BW.
COX, J. W. A.; Lt. -
CRITCHLEY, I. R.; Maj.
DICKSON, J. A.; Capt. -
DOUGLAS, P. S.; MC, Brig.
                                                                                            1 BW.
1 BW.
                                                                                             Comd. Tanganyika Army, Tanganyika.
RMA Sandhurst, College Chief Instructor (for CO 6/7 BW Jul. 62).
FORTUNE, J. B. F.; MC, Maj. GARFORTH-BLES, G. W.; 2Lt. GLASS, A. A. C.; Capt. GRAHAM, C. S.; Maj. GRANT, C. I. A.; Lt. GREGORY-SMITH, G.; Lt. GREGORY-SMITH, G.; Lt.
                                                                                             1 BW. (QM).
HQ, N.W. District, Preston.
                                                                                             1 BW.
                                                                                             1 BW.
                                                                                             1 Tanganyika Rifles, PO 2000, Dar-es-Salaam.
HQ 3 Div.
 GURDON, A. B. D.; Capt. GURDON, R. T. T.; Capt.
 HAMILTON, B. M.; Maj. -
 INNES, C. B.; Lt. - - - - IRWIN, A. D. H.; DSO, MC, Lt. Col. KER, R. I. L.; Lt. - - - -
                                                                                              1 BW
                                                                                             School of Infantry, Hythe, 1 BW,
1 BW. (Adjt).
                                                                                              Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling (Coy, Comd.).
                                                                                              1 BW (for BM 19 Bde., Jul. 62).
                                                                                              CBGLO, HMS Centaur.
 MacGILLIVRAY, M. C.; Lt.
McMICKING, D. J.; Lt.
McMICKING, T. N.; Capt.
                                                                                              1 BW.
                                                                                               1 BW.
                                                                                               Trg. Depot BW/A & SH, Stirling (Adjt).
                                                                                               6/7 BW (for GSO I, HQ Highland Div./Dist., Jul. 62).
 MOIR, C. M.; OBE, Lt. Col.
MONCRIEFF, J. G.; Maj.
MONTEITH, J. C.; MC, Brig.
                                                                                               Comd. Arabic Language School, BFPO 69: 155 (L) Inf. Bde., Edinburgh.
                                                                                               1 BW (for GSO II, Edinburgh Area, Jun. 62).
 NICOLL, E. W.; Maj.
 NICOLL, E. W.; Maj.

NOBLE, N. G. A.; MC, Lt. Col.

OGILVY, C. M.; 2Lt.

ORR-EWING, E. S.; Capt.

PARKER, C. M.; Capt.

PATERSON, G.; MBE, Lt.

PATERSON, A.; MBE, Lt.
                                                                                                Technical Staff College, Shrivenham.
                                                                                                1 BW.
                                                                                                i BW. (QM).
 ROWAN-HAMILTON, D. A.; MVO, Lt. Col.
                                                                                                4/5 BW.
                                                                                                St. Andrews University OTC, Trg. Major,
 SEVERN, D. B.; Maj.
 SEVERN, D. B.; Maj. -
STEWART, J. L.; Maj. -
TROTTER, E. L.; MC, Maj.
TWEEDY, O. R.; Maj. -
UPTON, J. E.; Capt.
USHER, T. G.; Lt. -
WALKER, J. M. P.; T/Maj.
                                                                                                HQ 155 (L) Inf. Bde., Edinburgh.
                                                                                                HQ Middle East Command, BFPO 69.
                                                                                                1 BW.
                                                                                                1 BW.
                                                                                                EP 4, War Office (for 2IC 1 BW, Jun. 62).
 WALLACE, M. R.; Maj. -
 MS (SD), War Office.
  WINGATE-GRAY, W. M.; MC, Maj.
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TRAINING DEPOT BLACK WATCH/ARGYLL AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS



Officers' Mess

Officers' Mess

Nothing disturbs the dust on the Banqueting Hall Colours; no girlish giggles echo round the gargoyled battlements; the fire hoses remain quietly coiled; even the telephone pad is empty of initials and faraway places.

Memories are fading of the ice and snow which surrounded the Christmas Festivities from the County Buildings to Cardross, Gribloch and the mountains about Glencoe, or the lashing rain on the night of the Linlithgow and Stirling Hunt Ball. That first night for nine months when the anteroom wireless was played to give the Scots a more homely background and the same night the Mess Sergeant was called "love" across a dish of Brussels Sprouts. Now the Mess is all but deserted—the Spring migration has begun. Tim Usher has gone, with Colin Innes dragging his heels close behind. Tim left behind a trail of broken hearts, a smell of burning rubber and many a tired Linlithgow householder whose sleep was so often exploded by his dawn time passing. With Colin went those Babylonish one o'clock feasts; Ginger Richardson, the audit board behind him, seems to have inspired a greater sense of economy in Garry Barnett, whom he fixes with a baleful glare before beginning with the accustomed "Listen you, "

There was shooting at the tail end of the season, and fishing

a baleful glare before beginning with the accustomed "Listen you, ..."

There was shooting at the tail end of the season, and fishing on the Teith. Ian Leslie armed with his cigarette holder and Polo mints was initiated into the arts of curling by Andrew Brown and others, and developed an entirely new and powerful round arm style. Andrew Dewar Durie who weekly feared to caste a pearl before the swine still seeks diligently but unsuccessfully to exorcise the Poltergeists George and Georgina from the innermost depths of his car.

Vie McGuirk, who arrived during a cocktail party to hold sway in the halls of learning, left after his three hundred and forty second cup of tea. Jocks may remember him for the odd caress he bestowed on our historic masonry.

Now dazzled by the nearer prospect of the gilded staff, both the Company Commander and the Adjutant have fled to the Alps. Benjie McMicking has gone off to recuperate with his father Bruce, so there is no longer any excuse for the young in heart to rush around the Anteroom on all fours.

In solitary state the two subalterns sit, rug clad and coughing in the back draft of the Anteroom fire — And are there still Tomato Sandwiches for tea?

Sergeants' Mess

They assured me that it was only due to the immense pressure of work being placed on their already overloaded shoulders that it was impossible for them to write these notes. However, being a pay bloke myself, I've heard all these stories before and I still think I'm being lumbered. Ah well! to work.

Rather a quiet period, these last few months, only two more new members, Rabby Burns from some cushy little TA posting to Training NCO here, and ORQMS Terry Graham from 5 KAR, in the depths of darkest Africa. Rabby wanders around mumbling to himself these days in a husky voice which he claims is not due to the type of export we sell up here. Well, not entirely; Terry



Pipes and Drums of 1st Battalion leading the Passing Out Parade of Pyrenees Platoon. Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling

Graham has just managed to get rid of the goose pimples on his goose pimples and is now working on getting rid of the original ones he acquired before coming up to Stirling from the tropical South of England. Both these gentlemen now have their families with them so they can do the same as the rest of us, go home and take it out on the wife instead of pinning our ears back.

We've had two social evenings in the last few weeks, one a games night against the honorary members, where justice triumphed at last and we won, and the other a social evening for members and their wives, where a most enjoyable time was had by all, made doubly enjoyable by the fact that all drinks were on the house. This happy state of affairs was enjoyed to the full by all members, including yours truly. Drummie Roy Dear, Big Andy and Chick Robertson came up for one of these occasions, unfortunately I can't remember which one it was as my memory is a little hazy about that period. An old war wound, you know. Anyway Drummie enjoyed it so much that he stayed an extra night. He says that it was surprisingly fatiguing, visiting this place. Oh! mate, you're not kidding! I've been here and at Perth nearly three years now and I'm down to my last nervous breakdown. Well, that appears to be the lot, so until the next notes, when I hope to be conveniently out of the way, all the best from us here to you there.

Permanent Staff

The National Servicemen who have adorned the permanent staff doing their conscription in the cool comfort and the historic surroundings of Stirling Castle, which includes Friday to Monday exclusively spent warming their toes in front of Mum's hearth, are disappearing. However, the Adjutant mourns the loss of Pte. Andrew Hutton, and the Medical Officer Lance Corporal Philip Reid. The RSM will not admit that he misses his regimental policeman William Ogilvy, but his firm of plumbers



Colonel J. D. Stewart, OBE, MC, TD, late The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, who was the inspecting officer at the Passing Out Parade of Pyrenees Platoon. He is seen talking to Ptc. Wedge. Also in the group are Lt. G. C. Barnett, Sgt. Ritchie, Major G. M. M. M. Howat, MC, and RSM Shepherd.

Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling

seemed very grateful to get him back in Aberfeldy. The normal sights of Pte. Joe Payne with his head buried inside his Tin Lizzie ably assisted by Piper George McDonald in his scarlet breeks are no longer.

In their places old stalwarts from the 42nd have appeared, some confidently, like Pte. Eddy Clements or Pte. John Quigley, others with the faraway look of a man about to become engaged—like Private Chic Eadie. A few even arrived looking efficient, determined to be the new broom—like Lance Corporal John Forrest and Private Young Marshall Stewart '40. Pte. John Baillie arrived looking like a TV interviewer in a new pair of hornrim spectacles to relieve Private Philip Grieve who really has gone back to TV; but he is the fellow who twiddles the screws behind the "goggle box". Private J. C. Baxter still has games afternoons on Tuesday and Thursday and runs up expensive Government telephone bills talking to a small firm of football dealers in a corner of Glasgow city.

The Depot football team only stands halfway up the Forth Area Services League, but sickness and the enforced absence of the stars has taken its toll. CSMI Davies once more swept the board with his basketball team. Cpl. Moug and Cpl. Allison (A. and S.H.) produced a very competent result in the Highland District Cross Country Team, and Captain Leslie won the Downhill Ski race at Glencoe by a distance.

The Administrative inspection was successfully completed and General Graham did not find Lance Corporal Jerry Davies' old still or Corporal Bob Stonor's back post skeleton.

The evenings are spent practising pokey drill and other weapon handling. The happy smiles of the permanent staff stretched on the frosty ground doing the lying load for the twenty third time at 5.30 p.m. indicate that the shooting results will once more be highly satisfactory.

Training Company

Training Company

The sun is shining in Stirling and there are only a few traces of snow left on the hills—this must be the promise of Summer; although it is reported to be snowing in Aberdeen. The weather is a never ending topic of conversation year in and year out; however, it is more than pertinent when the training of recruits is so dependant upon its clemency. We have had snow, wind, rain and thick mist, but we have survived the lot even if it has caused some difficulties. Slightly more disturbing were the recent severe gales. The Pay Office is often subjected to the stormy arrival of heated visitors demanding satisfaction and Sgt. Chambers handles them all with charm and aplomb—however, the arrival of a smouldering chimney stack by way of the roof was not catered for in the Manual of Pay Duties. All has now been put right; the gales have abated and business continues as usual.

CSM Owen retired from the Army just after Christmas, but is

CSM Owen retired from the Army just after Christmas, but is still in uniform as the Custodian of Dunblane Cathedral. We wish him good fortune in his new job. CSM Edmonson of the Argylls arrived from Germany only the week before our Annual Administrative inspection which was a little hard on him. On the day itself all went well. The niceties of the division of responsibilities between the Ministry of Works and the Army were probably violated many times, but passed with understanding and without strikes.

On the training side the pace is, if anything, quickening. In our last notes we reported that we started a new squad every month—now it appears to be every three weeks, which is a most welcome sign. We hope that it will stay that way.

The last few months have seen many changes in the training staff. Lt. Colin Innes has returned to the 1st Bn. The Black Watch and has been replaced by Lt. Garry Barnett, who after only two weeks here felt that it had been months.

CSMI Davis is leaving us very shortly for the Junior Tradesmans' unit at Troon—he will be a great loss to the Depot, however we look forward to seeing S/Sgt. Byrne who is coming to us from Edinburgh. Sgt. MacAulay and Cpl. P. Duff have both returned to the 1st Bn The Black Watch and Sgt. Burns and Cpl. Pattie have taken their places; and so the wheels turn on.

Ahead of us we have the Summer, the Rifle Meeting, the Games and we hope lots more recruits—for it is for them that we



Lt. Col. S. H. Allison congratulating Pte. Henderson '92 on being the best Rifle Shot in Caen Platoon. Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling 12



Aisne Platoon forming up just before the start of their Passing Out Parade.

Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling

April, 1962

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS

Our 'D' Day has come and gone and we are now firmly established in Balhousie Castle.

On the 6th of March a start was made. Pickfords' removal vans arrived at 8 a.m. and very soon the old officers' mess was looking bare and forlorn; steadily the move went on until it was completed on the 8th March.

So, an association of over 130 years was broken, the Regiment being first stationed in Queen's Barracks in 1830, from the reign of William IV to that of Elizabeth II. A phase in the Regiment's history which covered the Crimea, the Indian Mutiny, Ashanti, Egypt, South Africa, The Great War 1914-1918, 2nd World War 1939-1945 and Korea: an era which has seen many pages of our history written and many battle honours won.

Balhousie Castle is a former seat of the Earls of Kinnoull and it is situated on the west side of the North Inch, barely a half mile from our old home in Queen's Barracks. There is reputed to have been a building of some sort on the site since the 12th Century.

Century.

The Sandeman Library of Perth has been most helpful in delving into the past history of the Castle and we hope that sufficient material will be forthcoming to produce an article for publication in a later issue of the Regimental magazine.

The Museum, which in present circumstances might well be considered to be the most important branch of the Regimental Headquarters, is gradually taking shape under the careful direction

of Colonel Rusk, who is devoting a great deal of time and patience to the creation, in a most wonderful setting, of a Museum which will be second to none in its class. Major Bert Chapman, who is now employed by the Regiment as Curator, is no less dedicated to this task.

Exhibits will be displayed in five rooms, each presenting a complete story of a given period, but it will be some months before the final touches are complete.

It is planned to make the Castle one of the show places of Perth. Expense will not be spared to beautify our own grounds, and the floodlighting of the building will provide an added pleasure.

During the summer we expect many visitors including, we hope, a large contingent from the Regiment who, we feel sure, will find much joy in this new and stately home.

will find much joy in this new and stately home.

We were gratified and greatly encouraged by the following Signal received from the 1st Bn:—

"Very best wishes for your move to Balhousie. May the Regiment be led and guided as splendidly from its new home as it has been from the Queen's Barracks. We shall look forward to seeing you."

In turn, we dare to hope that the planners of larger Regiments will be frustrated and that we may be allowed to get on with the job without further interference with the regimental system.

HOME OF THE REGIMENT



Photo: "Perthshire Advertiser,

in the "Perthshire Advertiser" on 3rd March, 1962:— The Black Watch, The Black Watch, who now occupy the same training quarters at Stirling as the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, will quit Queen's Barracks completely next week when the regimental headquarters are transferred to Balhousie Castle. In the near Castle. In the near future the Barracks buildings, long since out of date and unsuitable as and unsuitable as modern Army accommodation, will be demolished and the site redeveloped by the Town Council. Town Council.
Many a man who
has worn the red
hackle will be sad
to think that the Barracks, with which The Black Watch have had an association lasting association 130 years, must so on disappear. Numerous citizens will be sentimental enough to share their regrets. But

enough to share their regrets. But there is consolation in the thought that Balhousie Castle, the old seat of the Kinnoull family, redecorated and renovated after a long spell of occupation by the Army, will provide an admirable setting for Black Watch H.Q. and for the regimental museum. It is a matter for satisfaction that Perth will continue in the future to be the home of the Regiment in a very real way, though the training of Black Watch personnel, temporarily moved to Stirling, will eventually be carried out as part of Highland Brigade activities at Aberdeen. And it is fitting that the special parade arranged for September 2, in honour of the Queen Mother's silver jubilee as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment should be held on the North Inch, where she accepted the freedom of the city on their behalf in 1947.

Plans to make a showplace of Balhousic Castle accord well with its proximity to the North Inch and with the Town Council's proposals to transform the grounds, which they recently decided to acquire for public use. In particular the creation there by the Royal Horticultural Society of Perthshire of a memorial garden to David Douglas, one of the most noted of Scottish plant collectors, will be a source of interest. When the Castle grounds scheme has been completed, the North Inch's appeal to residents and visitors will be much enhanced. In exchanging the old Barracks for a Castle closely linked with a modern civic development The Black Watch are making a move which will keep the regimental headquarters in the public eye.



The Black Watch and Wavell Appeal

Balhousic Castle and Wavell House

On the 24th of May, 1950, there died in London Field-Marshal the Rt. Hon. Earl Wavell of Cyrenalca and Winchester, PC, GCB, GCSL, GCIE, CMG, MC, one of the most illustrious soldlers of all time. He had planned to spend that very day in Berlin with the First Battalion, The Black Watch, during his annual visit as Colonel of the Regiment. The Wavell connection with The Black Watch covered a span of three generations: from the 4th November, 1891, when Lord Wavell's father transferred into it, the future Field-Marshal being then eight years of age, until Christmas Eve 1953 when Lord Wavell's only son was killed in action with the Regiment in Kenya, having already been twice severely wounded in its service.

On the 11th March, 1961, the Depot of The Black Watch in Queen's Barracks, Perth, was closed down, after eighty years on the same site. During that long period every Regular Black Watch soldier began his service there, whether in war or peace; and it was in Queen's Barracks that everyone who returned safely—there were all too many who did not—took his final leave of the Colours. Many thereafter came back again to Queen's Barracks in times of crisis, to resume their duty and loyalty as Reservists.

To these countless thousands of fighting men, to all their

and it was in Queen's Barracks that everyone who returned safely—there were all too many who did not—took his final leave of the Colours. Many thereafter came back again to Queen's Barracks in times of crisis, to resume their duty and loyalty as Reservists.

To these countless thousands of fighting men, to all their relations, to all who live in Scotland, and to many others overseas, Perth has always been the home of The Black Watch. And it was on the banks of the River Tay, on which Perth stands, that the Regiment was first embodied in 1740.

There should be a Memorial to the great Lord Wavell. He never for a moment forgot, in good days or bad, the regimental rock from which he was hewn. We are convinced that he would have desired that any memorial to him should directly benefit all ranks of the Regiment which he served so faithfully all his life, and to which he brought so much honour. The moment has come when his memory may be fifty invoked to further a cause which would certainly have been close to his heart.

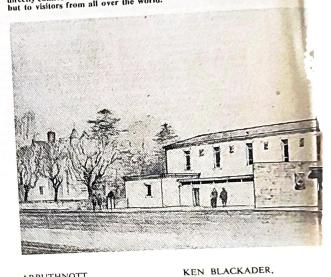
Queen's Barracks is no more. But the link between The Black Watch and the City of Perth is not to be broken—this is unthinkable. The Regiment has been allotted Balhousic Castle by the War Office. This is an old house only a few hundred yards from Queen's Barracks, with a history even longer than our own. Until lately it belonged to the Earls of Kinnoull, a family of which seven members have served in the Regiment. It stands on a splendid site, far grander than that of Queen's Barracks, looking across the North Inch and the River Tay to Kinnoull Hill. It is potentially perfect, but a great deal needs to be done to make it a worthy home for The Black Watch and its Allied Regiments all over the world. Our Regimental Headquarters are already housed in it, and we are able to display some of our regimental tressures, but it is not nearly big enough for our real needs.

In future our recruits will be trained elsewhere, along with these of other Highland Regiments. But since we are determined to malntain ours

Provisional designs have been submitted by the distinguished contemporary Scottish architect, Mr W. Schomberg Scott. ARIBA, who is closely associated with the National Trust for Scotland. Wavell House will include a large central hall, dining toom, kitchen, bedrooms, sitting-room and other amemities, including accommodation for a resident steward. Here we shall be able to forgather and to entertain our visitors among a full display of our regimental treasures, some of which have Lain hidden for generations.

This project will cost a substantial sum of money, and we are asking you to give very generously indeed. Within the United Kingdom it is possible to donate by means of a seven-year Covenant, which means that the Appeal will receive £1 12s. for every £1 that you subscribe.

We look forward with confidence to Balhousie Castle and Wavell House becoming a place of pilgrimage, not only to those directly connected with The Black Watch and its Allied Regiments, but to visitors from all over the world.



ARBUTHNOTT,

Major-General Colonel, The Black Watch

NEIL McMICKING, NEIL RITCHIE, Major-General General Colonel, The Black Watch, 1950-1952 Colonel, The Black Watch, 1955-55

> JAMES OLIVER Brigadier

BERNARD FERGUSSON, Brigadier Chairman, Appeal Committee

Regimental Headquarte The Black Watch Balhousie Castle, Perth. Headquarters FORTEVIOT, Hon. Treasurer, Appeal Com

Colonel, The Black Watch of Canal

Brigadier

Inaugural Luncheon

The Black Watch and Wavell Appeal was launched on 5th of April in the Station Hotel, Perth, at a luncheon attended by a company of about one hundred.

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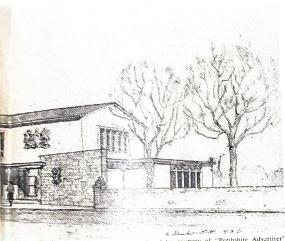
The Colonel of the Regiment read the following message from the Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother:

"I was very pleased to hear of The Black Watch and Wavell with the word of us with family connections with The Black Watch to imagine its home being anywhere but Perth, and am so glad that this long connection is not to be interrupted. I was a good to be a superposed to the major of the word o

"My daughters and I send our best wishes to you today. Our thoughts are with you, and we hope the appeal being made will result in giving all members of The Black Watch, past, present and future, here and overseas, a centre worthy of the Regiment and its great traditions."

A cable from General Sir Neil Ritchie in Canada read:

"All good wishes for complete success of The Black Watch and Wavell Appeal."



duced by courtesy of "Perthshire Advertiser"

In his address, the Chairman of the Appeal Committee, Brigadier Bernard Fergusson, said:—

Brigadier Bernard Fergusson, said:

'The object of this Appeal is quite simply to put our new Regimental Home in order and to raise a lasting memorial to the memory of the great Lord Wavell.

Let me say a few things about Lord Wavell. I shall always think that I was the luckiest chap in the world to be sent to be his A.D.C. by Colonel Frankie Chalmer. I held no less than six appointments under him.

I could not have been closer to Lord Wavell, in good times and in bad, and never at any time could I perceive any vestige of a flaw in his character. He brought a completely new dimension to soldiering, and it would not be hard to maintain the claim that he was the greatest soldier of the century and one of the greatest of all times.

of all times.
Yet throughout the whole of his life, (and I know John Benson, and others who knew him intimately, will confirm this.) there was never a day but that he was aware, as it says in the pamphlet, of the regimental rock from which he was hewn". He took deep pride also in the fact that he had been a "barrack rat" of The Black Watch as a boy.

One of his outstanding traits was his enormous generosity. I

"The Regiment is the foundation of everything."

FIELD-MARSHAL LORD WAVELL

have told the story before but I'll risk telling it again, of how he once offered to bale me out when I was in financial trouble.

I had bought a car and not for the first time in my life I fell behind hand with the payments. One day when I was in my little office leading off his, a man in a bowler hat put his head round the corner and asked where he could find Mr. Fergusson. When I said it was me, he said he'd come to take away the car.

I went into Wavell's office and made some excuse for leaving for half an hour, to pay the gardener or something, and took the man up to my quarters, where I gave him a couple of glasses of beer and four post-dated cheques.

When I got back to the office Wavell called out: "Bernard."

I went into Wavell's office and made some excuse for lenving for half an hour, to pay the gardener or something, and took the man up to my quarters, where I gave him a couple of glasses of beer and four post-dated chequies.

When I got back to the office Wavell called out: "Bernard." I said, "Sir?" He said, "Who was that you were with just now? I said, "Sir?" He said, "Who was that you were with just now? I said, "Sir?" He said, "Who was that you were with just now? I said, "Sir?" He said, "Who was that you were with just now? I said that I he said, "Sir?" He said, "Who was that you were with just now? I said that I he said, "Are you in very deep waters, Bernard?" I said that I thought I'd be out of the mess in a few months if I was careful with myself, "I see", he said and then after a long pause he added, "I think perhaps I could manage £100." There must be very few Generals in the world who'd put up with their A.D.C. being dunned.

Here is another example of his great generosity. Lord Wavell was never a weathy man. After he came back from being Vice-roy of India, a national newspaper asked him to write two articles about "The Soldier". He did, and they paid him the handsome sam of £1,000 for the two articles. What do you suppose he did with the money? He gave it to the Regiment.

Now for a word about the Regiment. Professor Tom Smith, whom I've just been sitting next to at luncheon, tells me that years ago I said to him: "The Black Watch is not a Regiment; it's a religion." I must have been inspired when I said that, because it is a good phrase, and I stick to it now.

No visitor could come to these counties where we belong and be three or four days in them without realizing that this is the home of The Black Watch. There is nothing old-fashioned, or dichard, or blimpish about looking on the Regiment as we do. We all know how in the bad days early in wars when there are no weapons, and a shortage of ammunition and all the other things, in what I call "the days of the defiles", we do draw immense inspiration

money for this thing.

For instance, I propose in Ayrshire to arrange a Dinner in Ayr to which we'll ask everybody in Ayrshire who ever served in The Black Watch. We had one such Dinner ten years ago and it was a great success. We shall do it again, and this time we'll pass the hat round."

Continued on page 54

Inaugural Luncheon-from page 29

Brigadier Fergusson continued:-

Brigadier Fergusson continued:—
"We want Balhousie Castle and Wavell House to be a rallying-place for Black Watch people from all over the world. Those of us who have been in the Regiment, I think, will be prepared to contribute rather more than we feel we can afford in gratitude for the years we spent under the Red Hackle: and among those who haven't I think there will be many people who will be happy to pay tribute in terms of hard cash to the memory of Lord Wavell. The final thing is this. We don't regard this thing we are trying to establish purely as a memorial. It is not going to be a dead thing commemorating the past.

We are confident that it is there as a place to perpetuate the home of the Regiment in Perth, on the banks of the Tay, on the banks of which river the Regiment held its first parade.

We are confident it can easily be made a place of plierimase, not only for Black Watch people and not only for people of the affiliated Regiments, but we feel the history of the Regiment and the history of Archie Wavell is such that people will come from all over the world to see it and to feel they are part of it.

It will mean a big effort on our part to finance the proposition. We must have it a millstone hanging round our neck. We must not have it a millstone hanging round our neck. We must not have it a millstone hanging round our neck. We must have it properly endowed, and I am confident it is seding to be a living thing and not just a cold, chilly museum full of relies of times past. Part of our object is certainly to commemorate the past; but it is chiefly to get ourselves on a firm basis for the future; and it is above all for the future that we commend to you this venture."

April, 1962

Letter From Korea

Extracts from a letter written from Korea by Major (then Captain) E. W. Nicoll, when Adjutant of the 1st Battalion, after the Battle of The Hook.

Captain) E. W. Nicoll, when Adjutant of the 1st Battalion, after the Battle of The Hook.

As it so happened it was my night for all night duty on the 18th and I was just about to eat my dinner at 9 p.m. when the most God awful barrage came down on the Hook. It was later assessed at 4,000 rounds of HB on an area scarcely three hundred square yards. Miraculously through Colonel David's foresight we had made tunnels to which I think I referred in my last letter (a very hurried effort). The Jocks duly retired to tunnels and dugouts and got through the barrage with remarkably few casualties. They were somewhat disturbed to flud the Chinese attack coming in through their own fire. However, they kept under cover and we fired on to the surrounding approaches and on the Hook itself with—we think—devastating effect. At any rate the first wave ceased to exist as a menace soon after this and A Company (Angus Irwin's company) mopped up most of them.

By this time of course I was in the Battalion Command Post which it is my job to organise for such occasions in addition to being my home for some 12 to 20 hours a day. Without being too boring about it I can describe the scene at the start of battle. This C.P. is vast so we divided into two—one half for the Intelligence Section and one for Operations H.Q. with a tiny cubicle for the Support Weapons Company Commander. In one corner is Major Reg. Pont our Gunner Battery Commander with his telephone and wireless set up. Further along the wall of the C.P. is a long table at which sat David Arbuthnott (Signal Officer) with his operator, listening to and using a wireless on the A Company network. Next to him sat John Monerielf and his operator who manned between them the two battalion wireless networks. I sat at my usual table with three telephones and a wireless set to brigade. My job was to collate and record all information that came in, sift out what was relevant and information that came in, sift out what was relevant and information that came in, sift out what was relevant and

the Colonel who roved from one person to another giving orders etc., etc. I would then distribute those orders on the means at my disposal.

By the time the attack was coming in we had started what was to be a non-stop counter bombardment until dawn the next day. Everything and everybody was called upon to help. The Marines fired ripples and ripples of rockets (144 a ripple) and every gun within range opened up. Most of this fire was directed to form a box round three sides of the Hook to hamper any attempts to reinforce and of course to catch the Chinks when they withdrew. I'm sure that this extremely heavy, fire was a very strong factor in the outcome of the battle.

The next and of course greater factor was A Company. They

they withdrew. I'm sure that this extremely heavy fire was a very strong factor in the outcome of the battle.

The next and of course greater factor was A Company. They stood their ground for nine solid hours with scarcely a moment's rest. Donald Black kept under cover except during moppings up and kept Angus and us in touch by wireless with up-to-date reports of the state of affairs with his—the extreme forward platoon. Although overrun and completely surrounded he still held out and so gave the counter attacking force something concrete to aim at when the time came.

By midnight a Canadian Battalion had arrived here in strength as a stand-by force in case the Hook was lost. Their C.O. and his entire staff were in the C.P. Not only them but the Brigadier, his I.O. and Liaison Officer too. Plus a few of our own Bn. H.Q. chaps who came in now and again for orders. To cap it all, a tank officer came in with his wireless set; for the tanks with us were playing a part in the counter attacks against some enemy still on the Hook. Somehow the normal function of the C.P. went on in the crush. Seven wireless sets and—by this time-four telephones. Actually it was none too difficult for us—we were concentrating on our jobs but the Colonel who had to work out the next move—and the one after that—must have been almost off his head. However, he was perfectly calm and colected and his decisions have proved themselves correct. He did, however, take a big risk. Rather than lose the Hook and lose many lives taking it back (as I said last time) he reinforced the position with all three platoons of B Company. Although B Company were ultimately replaced by one of the Canadian companies and the two missing platoons of D Company by the Assault Pioneer and what there was of the M.M.G. Platoons—at one time the whole battalion front was wide open. This lasted for some hours.

However the gamble paid off—although Colonel David sweated blood for a bit.

However the gamble paid off—although Colonel David sweated blood for a bit.

At about 2 a.m. the counter attack platoons were in the Hook area just in time to meet what appears to have been the second wave. This too was repulsed as was the third until dawn came with the enemy completely clear—over a hundred enemy counted

dead—who knows how many carried away—and the Hook still

dead—who knows how many carried away—and the Hook still ours.

Shortly after first light, A and Il Companies were relieved by a Company of the Canadians and went to A Echelon to rest and be kitted up and relinforced. D Coy, went back to their original positions and relinforced by the Assault Ploneer Platoon carried on as usual. C Coy who had been on the left of the Hook throughout and gave great assistance with fire were scarcely touched and of course remained where they were. We had always had a company from another Canadian battalion under command on our right flank of what is a yery long line defended by a series of strong points of which the Hook is the vital one—being the highest. So after the end of the battle we had in the line three Canadian companies and two of our own.

When dawn broke and we say the battle was won a tremendous reaction set in. None of us had finished our dinner the night before—Forks stopped in mid-air and were dropped with the meat still impaled! Most of us had had a couple of whiskies during the night but felt rather weary nevertheless. Needless to say I chain smoked all night. I think I must have writtens something like twenty pieges of log containing literally hundreds of entries as each message came in or went out. This proved very popular as the analysts were able to plece together the succession of events throughout the battle when compiling the report that followed a day or two afterwards.

From then on the main task for me was assessing and notifying all the casualites. There were surprisingly few—only 16 killed—tragic but none the less remarkable after so much fighting amid such heavy bombardments. We had 76 wounded and what has eventually boiled down to 15 missing most of whom are P.O.W. Once that was completed and all evacuation to hospital (I handle helicopter evacuation) we had 12 cases—all survived as a result of speedy treatment at base hospitals—we set about getting reinforcements.

Within two days B Company was up to strength and back in the line. D Company—with Pet

getting reinforcements.

Within two days B Company was up to strength and back in the line. D Company—with Peter Lindsay now 2 i.e.—on the Hook and a composite Company formed of the Pipes and Drums who had been with A Company throughout the battle, M.M.G. and Def. Pls. under now Capt. Neil Lennox filling the gap left by D Company. The Canadians had gone and A Company were back in existence again—they never went out actually—and in a reserve position next to us.

position next to us.

Clearing up of details still continues and of course there was a big pile up of routine correspondence to eatch up with. However, all is more or less in hand and we will be in reserve by the time this letter(s) reach(es) you. It has put the morale of the battalion sky high. We have had congratulatory messages from all over the world. The credit goes to A Company and the Colonel but we all share in their triumph. The Americans now cheer our Jocks when they go past in trucks—the other units in the Division have been extremely appreciative. There is no doubt that these lads of 19 and 20 if properly led and disciplined are as good a bunch of fighters—or nearly anyway—as their fathers—and grandfathers.

TORONTO BRANCH Copielly Reditable

TORONTO BRANCH

The Toronto Branch held its thirty-fourth annual Red Hackle dinner in the King Edward Hotel on Saturday evening, January 13th, under the chairmanship of President Bill Herschell. Over 200 sat down to dinner. We were honoured by the presence of Hon. J. Keiller MacKay, Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, who is our Honorary President, General Sir Neil M. Ritchie, former Colonel of the Regiment, and Col. G. O. Kilpatrick, among other notable personages at the head table, Col. Kilpatrick was Chaplain of the Canadian 42nd in France in World War I. Telegrams of congratulation were read from our Colonel-in-Chief, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, and from the Colonel of the Regiment, Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott.

The main speaker of the evening was our Association Padre.

the Regiment, Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott.
The main speaker of the evening was our Association Padre,
Rev. Ross K. Cameron, C.D., M.A., D.D., who gave a very fine
talk on "Loyalty". There were addresses also by the Lieutenant
Governor and by Sir Neil Ritchie who gave a review of his recent
visit to the Old Country, and by others with remarks appropriate
to the occasion. A very pleasant evening was spent in song and
refreshment, continuing till near the midnight hour.
For the above account we have to thank Auditor Bill Partie

For the above account we have to thank Auditor Bill Bartie who came to the rescue when your (more or less) regular correspondent was malingering in Sunnybrook.

pondent was malingering in Sunnybrook.

It has been a very busy winter for the Toronto Branch, and the deepest snows and coldest weather in many years had no effect on attendances at the Wednesday and Saturday night dances which have been drawing capacity crowds. Other special functions, as the annual New Year's Day reception, a Rabbie Burns Night, and a St. Patrick's party, with special programs, proved equally popular.

popular.
Additional interest is evidenced as preparations for the Old Country flight in August are being stepped up. The 100 seats on the plane are fully booked up, and reservations are being made for a coach tour beginning at Glasgow August 6th, and ending at Perth, August 14th, There will be two bus loads, and the men in the party are hoping to renew acquaintances at various Branches and other rendezvous along the way. Contemplated also are a boat trip down the Clyde, and later in the month, a day in Edinburgh to take in the Military Tattoo at the Castle. The Flight party is due to arrive in Prestwick by BOAC the morning of August 4th, returning September 1st. (The day before the Royal parade in Perth.—Ed.)

Montreal Star

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1962



Brig. John H. Price, left, president, St. Lawrence-St. George PC Association, raises the hand of Egan Chambers, who was chosen to represent the riding again. Mr. Chambers, who has represented the riding since 1958, was not opposed.

Staff Photo by Mac Juster

REGIMENTAL NOTICE

Canada's Black Watch The First Hundred Years

Colonel P. P. Hutchison, E.D., Q.C., LL.D., D.C.L. Colonel-Commandant of the Regiment 1939-1945

A limited edition

To help celebrate this very important year for our Regiment, a special limited edition of "Canada's Black Watch-The First Hundred Years" is to be published in Canada at \$7.00 per copy.

This History is not only a factual account of the

Regiment's history, but also an exciting, colourful description of the years between 1862 and 1962.

The contents of this book (approximately 400 pages,

with many photographs) take you from the time the Regiment was founded, right up to the visit this summer of our Colonel-in-Chief, Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother.

It is a book that any man who has ever served with The Black Watch, in peace or war, should enjoy reading and keeping as a life-long mementó.

Because only a limited edition of the History will be published, it is of the utmost importance that orders be received as quickly as possible. The Depot, Black Watch of Canada want to have your name on their list within the next three weeks, in order that you may obtain your personal copy this Autumn.

ap. 0 1962

Enquiries should be addressed to:-

THE CENTENNIAL HISTORY The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada 2067 Bleury St., Montreal 18, Quebec.

St. Lawrence-St. George PCs Name Chambers

Egan Chambers will again cial relations, he said, a com-

the Young Progessive Conservatives.

Chairman of the convention meeting was Brig. John H. Price, OBE, MC.

Speaking in both languages, Mr. Chambers said the Diefenbaker government had been foremost in keeping its promises to the electorate — both spoken promises and "the promise that was evident to the Canadian people in 1958."

He spoke of the deterioration of parliamentary government under the former Liberal regime, the economic and employment crises, and the loss of markets abroad — all of which had been ameliorated by the Conservatives.

Additionally, he said the Government had bettered Dominion provincial relations and taken a major step in solving the country's wheat surplus. In the field of federal provin

Egan Chambers will again cial relations, he said, a combe the Progressive Conservative standard bearer in the Federal riding of St. Lawrence-St. George.

Mr. Chambers, who has represented the riding since 1958, was nominated last night at a convention in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel. He was not opposed. Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of National Defence since 1959, Mr. Chambers was nominated by R. B. Lamb, QC, and seconded by Piezre Durand, national president of the Young Progessive Conservatives.

Extract From the Diary of Lieutenant J. L. Rennie

1st Bn., The Black Watch - 1914

Ist Bn., The Black

... We arrived at Havre from Southampton, having crossed in a carge boat called the "Italian Prince" about 10 a.m. (14th August, 1914) and having taken about 14 hours over the crossing. We lay off the entrance to the Harbour until mid-day (14th) and then steamed slowly in through various dock gates and very nearly succeeded in destroying one altogether and cannoning off it into the "Norman", which was shead of us. However we fetched up eventually in great style with the pipers playing Hieland Laddie of the "Norman", which was shead of us. However we fetched up eventually in great style with the pipers playing Hieland Laddie off en route for the Rest Camp on the high ground with the end off en route for the Rest Camp on the high ground with Harfleur. The inhabitants of Havre seemed to have encewith mad, and it was quite impossible to hear the pipes for cheering, shouts of Vive l'Angleterre, Vive les Allies, etc.; and the crowds of people wanting to shake hands, and give you beer, copune, tobacco and flowers soon became a positive nuisance, and nade the long and rather hilly march very tiring, so that we were all jolly glad to get to our destination and find tents all rendy pitched. This was very lucky as a regular deluge of rain started as soon as we got settled down.

The next day was one continuous downpour, but as the four of us. Wilson, Comming, Blair' and myself, had our kits and plenty of straw, we did not do so badly.

We moved off while it was still dark the next morning (16th) and found that twenty-four hours' rain had turned what had been a stubble field into an absolute morass in which the transport was pretty firmly embedded.

Our train left Havre station at 8 a.m. and we found that we were going to have a very confortable journey as we and the Mess Sergt, had a coach to ourselves. The men, however, were very crowded in closed goods wageons and were, I think, rather fed up at the prospect of a long journey under none too comfortable end of the main road towards in the approach of

as it was pouring with rain.

My Company "B" was left flank guard to the Division the next day (27th) and we had quite an interesting day. Great excitement was caused by the Germans shelling one of our aeroplanes, which vol-planed down with a message for H.Q. quite close to us, the pilot turning out to be Borton. We joined up

This day was a red-letter day for the men as arrangements were made to have their packs carried in waggons for them. We bivouacked that night on the high ground south of La Ferté Milon, but were off again at 3 a.m. (3rd) and did a very long march until 10 a.m. before we had a chance to halt for food. Thanks to the Colonel's we had an opportunity of having a bathe in a burn called the Thérouanne and I think this saved most of our lives. We bivouacked that night on the high ground outside Varreddes and next morning (4th) we were off down the Marne crossing to the south side and marching quite quietly till midday. Dinners were following by a long halt during which Blair's, Cumming' and I took the opportunity to bathe.

We billeted very comfortably at La Ferté Jouarre and next

Cumming and I took the opportunity to bathe.

We billeted very comfortably at La Ferté Jouarre and next morning (5th) marched to Coulommiers, which we reached at 11 a.m. Here we lazed, bathed and slept till 5 p.m., when "A" and "B" Companies went on outpost. "A" Company were lucky in bagging half a dozen Uhlans; had it not been for the B.F. of a sentry we should have done the same. We did quite a small march next day and were joined by our first reinforcement under Macnaughten, and the next day (7th) we started to advance. The Coldstream and Scots Guards had a small show and a few casualties; but we, I think, had only one or two, including "D" Company's cooker, as we were in support. Here I am very uncertain of places as I had no map, and I am not sure of anything until we came to the Petit Morin.

My Company was advance guard to the Brigade and my Platoon

thing until we came to the Petit Morin.

My Company was advance guard to the Brigade and my Platoon was leading, and on passing through Bellot and crossing the Morin we heard a lot of firing in front of us in the village of Sablonnières. We deployed under cover of a little spur and attacked the orchards at the outskirts of the village, which was held by some Pomeranian Guard Jiger. My platoon was lucky and managed to charge in with only a few casualties, but the rest of the Company, on my right, had rather a hot time of it until Chalmer! brought up his machine guns. Dalglish! and Wilson! were both killed, and curiously enough, both their servants too, and Drummond!" was very badly wounded.

We accounted for a good many Germans killed and took about

We accounted for a good many Germans killed and took about sixty unwounded prisoners.

with the Battalion that evening, and spent a very good night in a big farm at Oisy, where the whole Battalion with the exception of half "C" Company were all fitted into the various barns and outbuildings.

We hung about a good deal the next morning (28th), and

or half "C" Company were all fitted into the various barns and outbuildings.

We hung about a good deal the next morning (28th), and succeeded in getting absolutely soaked to the skin by one of the heaviest thunder showers that it has ever been my misfortune to be out in. It was, I believe, under cover of the shower that the Germans managed to creep up to and surround the Munsters, only one Company of whom, under Woods, managed to get away through Boud guided by Nicholson of 15th Hussars. We moved out of our field and took up a rearguard position on the right of the Etreux-Guise road and dug in in a cornfield. We saw one or two Boche cavalry, and shells bursting over Oisy, about a mile or so away, and very curiously heard the "Officers' Call", "the Stand Fast" and "the Cease Fire" sounded. Presumably it was a Boche trick to try and get the Munsters, who were putting up a very good show, to surrender.

Our turn came quile soon, for no sooner had we crossed the railway at Etreux and had got going in fours along the road than we came under rifle and field gun fire from our felt flank. The road must have made an ideal artillery target as it was dead straight and had poplars and telegraph poles all along it. By a very lucky chance the Colonel' and one or two others noticed that the German shells were all bursting directly above the road over our heads and that naturally the forward shower of shrappel was spraying the far side of the road, where we should naturally have assumed artillery formation, and we were told to stay on the road, did the correct thing and got into artillery formation, with the result that they had about cleven casualties and we had none, though I think I remember seeing one of the machine gun horses hit.

road, did the correct thing and got into artillery formation, with the result that they had about eleven casualties and we had none, though I think I remember seeing one of the machine gun horses hit.

Our gunners were splendid, a section of Major Nicholson's battery under Hayes coming back down the road at full gallop swung round and opened gun fire in about half a minute. Some German cavalry tried to charge the guns but were driven off by rifle and machine gun fire from the Scots Guards. I have never been quite sure whether the "German Cavalry" who did the charge were not the North Irish Horse being driven in from the right flank by the Germans.

We had a very weary march to Guise where we, not without some mental relief, passed through the French outposts and marched on in the dark, half asleep most of the time, with guns and transport on one side of the road and infantry on the other.

We fetched up at a big farm called, so far as I can remember, La Jonqueuse, where we found Sgt. Wallace, the Mess Cart, a hot meal, and champagne. Where he had unearthed it from I never discovered, but I think if anyone deserved a mention for the day's performance, Wallace, MacDiarmid's and "Allez-vousem" certainly did.

The whole Brigade seemed to be bivouacked in the farm and I remember wading through nettles which I was far too tired to mind to collect straw for bedding.

29th—We had an early start next morning and were passed on the road by the Scots Greys and 9th Lancers. . . Again the weather was perfect but a great deal too hot for walking. We marched past Sir John French! during the morning and it was splendid to see the way the men pulled themselves together and marched at attention although they were all done to the world. We marched through the outskirts of La Fère in the afternoon and wandered on through the Foret de St. Gobain to a little village which we reached just before dark. I believe we had covered 51 miles during the previous 24 hours, and had marched a total of 140 miles in seven days. . . . 30th—Was a p

We went into action early next morning in thick mist and rain and I have only the very haziest recollection of the ground we went over. I found myself with Amery's' Company on a spur overlooking the Chemin des Dames and was with him until we both got hit about mid-day. I got back to the dressing station about 5. I found Holt's and Amery' and seven or eight other fellows in the Guards and Camerons, and a little later the Colonel' was brought in dead. . . .

- Killed in action 8th Sept., 1914.
 Uncle of Mrs. A. D. H. Irwin-Killed in action 28th Sept., 1914.
 Killed in action 29th Oct., 1914.
 Sergeant J. Wallace-killed in action as 2nd Lleut., 9th May, 1915.
 Killed in action 15th Sept., 1914.
 Lieut. "Biffy" Borton of The Black Watch, attached R.F.C. He became a Brigadier General during the war in the Royal Flying Corps, and retired from the R.A.F. as an Air Vice-Marshal in 1933 with four British and three foreign decorations.

 This strangem had been practised by the Boers in the South African War
- three forcing occorations.

 This stratagem had been practised by the Boers in the South African War and that is why Bugle Calls were abolished by the Regulations on active

- and that is why Bugle Calls were abolished by the Regulations on active service.

 **Li-Col. Adrian Grant-Duff, C.B., p.s.c., who had compiled "The War Book" on which the War Office preparations for the 1914-18 War were based. He also brought the ist Buttation to a very high state of efficiency before being killed in action whilst in command on 14th Sept., 1914.

 10 "Darky" MacDiarmid was the Officers' Mess silverman in peace who drove the Officers' Mess Cart in war. He was one of the 30 officers and other ranks who served with the 1st Buttalion throughout the war.

 11 "Allez-yous-en" was the Grey Horse purchased with the Mess Cart from a French farmer at Boue. He came home at the end of the war, having earned three wound stripes, was pensioned off first at Major the Hon. A. D. Murray's home at Piflour, and when that property was sold at Maj-Gen. A. H. Marindin's home at Fordel where he died 24th Dec., 1925.

 12 Commander-in-Chief, B.E.F., 1914-15.

 13 3rd Reserve Battalion Officer killed in action 29th Oct., 1914.

 14 Lieut, F. G. Chalmer commanding Machine Gun Section of two guns. These were the only weapons in a Bn. other than rifles, revolvers, bayonets and officers' swords in Sept., 1914. Lieut-Col. F. G. Chalmer, D.S.O., M.C., commanded the 2nd Battalion in 1933.

 14 Died of wounds 9th Sept., 1914.

 15 Later Colonel the Hon. Sir Maurice Drummond, K.B.E., C.M.G., D.S.O., Deputy Commissioner, Metropolitan Police.

 17 Died 24th Nov., 1915.

 18 Later Lt.-Col. A. V. Holt, D.S.O., O.B.E., who commanded 1st Bn., 1934.

OTTAWA, May 2—A general court martial today sentenced Cpl. Gerald Albert West, 33, to 30 days in detention and reduced him to the rank of private for his part in the smuggling of gold and opium in Indochina.

Detention in army terms means close custody in an army provost corps prison. Being cut to the rank of private will slice West's basic pay to \$134 a month from \$187, but he will keep whatever allowances and trades pay he has earned.

West was the first of five soldiers to be tried by court martial here.

Tomorrow the military court will begin the case of Cpl. Hector Joseph Noel, of the Saskatchewan Signals Troop, who is charged with "conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline."

of Fredericton, after he and the four other members of the court deliberated for two hours.

The sentence came after Cpl. West's defending officer, Major Albert J. Clark, asked the court martial not to be influenced by discussion of the smuggling in the Commons earlier this year, Major Clark said maintenance of discipline is the only question before the court and should not be "associated with public opinion or — I take the liberty of saying — with public policy."

He noted that a service tribunal in Indo-China has decided that "the appropriate punishment" for three other soldiers involved in the smuggling of gold and opium should be a severe reprimand and a \$100 fine.

Civilians Involved

"Also I would suggest that you should they are outside the law."

Major Clark was defivered to Cpl. West picked up a trunk from customs at Saigon for Cpl. Noel, although Cpl. West believed it to contain opium.

Major Fay said that when the trunk was delivered to CPL. Noel at a Saigon hotel, Cpl. West changed his pleat yesterday to guilty on two.



CPL. GERALD A. WEST

ago and since then there had been no entries on his "conduct

sheet."
Called by the defence, Major
L. A. Watling of the 2nd battalion Black Watch regiment said
he knew Cpl. West as a private
soldier at Camp Aldershot, N.S.,
where he was considered to be a
"loyal, dependable and trustworthy soldier."
Major Watling said the corporal was one of the outstanding signallers in the battalion.
In his first statement, taken
from him by provost personnel

from him by provost personnel in Fredericton on Feb. 9 after his return from Asia, Cpl. West said he was posted to Indo China with the International Truce Supervisory Commission in the province of the province of the commission in the service of the commission in the commission in

in the spring of 1961.

But he said he did not suspect that smuggling was going on until about a month after he was moved in July from Saigon to Vientiane as a security officer.

The verdict was read by the court president, Brig. N. H. Ross of Fredericton, after he and the four other members of the court deliberated for two hours.

The sentence cross of the Col. Major. Clark, said, the office as much money as L did in the control of the court deliberated for two hours.

they still drank a lot and spent as much money as I did in the mess," his statement said.

It added that he suspected smuggling but couldn't prove it "and it wasn't until Cpl. Noel approached me that I knew for sure." He said he refused a deal under which Cpl. Noel said some extra money could be made. made

Cpl. West said that on one of his trips from Vientiane to Saigon by plane he was asked by Maj. Platt to deliver a small parcel, wrapped in brown paper, to a sergeant in a Saigon hotel who would then give it to the major's girl friend.



Brig. James Aird Nesbitt, of Montreal, has been appointed equerry to the Queen Mother during her Canadian tour next month. The appoint-ment of Col. P. A. Costin, also of Montreal, as Her Majesty's medical officer, was also announced also announced

1862=1962

This is Black Watch Year . . . a catalogue of great events to mark our Centennial



THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA 1st Battalion, Active Force Lieut.-Col. W. A. Teed, C.D. 2nd Battalion, Active Force Lieut.-Col. W. C. Leonard, M.B.E., C.D. 3rd Battalion, Reserve Force Liout.-Col. D'Arcy J. McGovern, C.D. Regimental Depot, Active Force Major G. D. Cochrane, C.D.



18

History of Pipes the

(From "The Pipes of War" by Brevet-Colonel Sir Bruce Seton, Bart., C.B., and Pipe-Major John Grant, published by Maclehose, Jackson & Co. in 1920.)

At what stages of his development primitive man discovered he could obtain musical sounds by blowing on a hollow reed we cannot now ascertain; if we could do so we could at once determine when the pipe came into existence. It is unprofitable to speculate on this point.

What we do know, however, is that men playing the pipe are portrayed in sculptures the date of which is fixed by the best authorities as about 4000 B.c., and we conclude that in Chaldaea, Egypt, Assyria and Persia at least, the pipe—but not necessarily the bagpipe—had become a recognised musical instrument.

Actual specimens of the Egyptian pipe dating back to at least 1500 B.c. are in existence, and we know that they had a reed giving a scale almost identical with the chromatic scale; they also had a drone. Such a pipe had, clearly, advanced some way on the upward development to "piob mhor."

Every stage in its evolution still persists in some country in the world, and by comparing these it is possible to trace the actual process. Thus, besides the single pipe, which is world-wide in its distribution, we have the Egyptian "arghool," which consists of a pipe "chanter" and drone lying side by side; and the later development, the "zummarah," has a bag. In India the twentieth century snake charmer has an instrument in which chanter and single drone lie side by side fixed into a small gourd with a lump of wax. The chanter has a small reed very similar to our own chanter reeds, and although the scale differs, the sound produced is remarkably similar. This instrument is essentially a single drone bagpipe, and is to be found all over India, in Yunnan and other parts of China.

It would have been more than surprising if the pipe, in some form or other, had not been used in ancient Greece and Rome. There are, in fact, very many references to it in classical literature, and by 100 A.D. we know that the "askaulos" had evolved into the bagpipe proper, and Chrysostomos speaks of a man who could play "the pipe with his mouth on the bag placed under his armpit

the bappipe proper, and Chrysostomos speaks of a man who could play "the pipe with his mouth on the bap placed under his armpit."

Martial, Suetonius, Seneca, and other Latin writers refer to the "tibia utricularis," and there is practically no doubt that it was used as a marching instrument in the armies of Julius Caesar. A bronze showing a Roman soldier in marching order playing the utriculus has been discovered in England, and the writer Procopius refers to Roman pipe bands in this country.

But when we come to the question of the introduction of the bagpipe into the British Isles, and especially into Scotland, we are at once on highly controversial ground.

It is obvious enough that the instrument is not peculiar to the Celtic races; that it has maintained its hold on them long after its disappearance in other European nations is equally so. But who introduced it into these favoured isles, whether the Cruithne or Prydani or Picts or the later "C" Gaidheal branch of the Celtic stem—who shall say?

Some authorities—students of the subject would be a safer term—are prepared to assert that the bagpipe was introduced first into England, thence to Lowland Scotland, and only long afterwards into the Highlands; and one recent writer in the Celtic Magazine says the evidence of its association with the Scotlish Gaels does not go back beyond the middle of the sixteenth century! The matter is one of academic interest, no doubt, but there is no likelihood of its ever being settled.

Records did not exist in the ancient Highlands, and we have to turn to early Irish literature for reference to the bagpipe. In the Brehon Laws of the fifth century it is spoken of as the "cuisle"; and, although Tara's halls are usually associated with the harp, it is recorded that at the assemblies which took place there in banquets.

It is possible the bagpipe was brought over from the north of Ireland, "Scotla" as it the found the Highlands.

banquets. It is possible the bagpipe was brought over from the north of Ireland, "Scotia" as it then was, on the invasion of the Highlands by Cairbre Riada, who founded the kingdom of Dalriada in

Argyle in A.D. 120; or in the later great colonisation, about A.D. 506, under Lorne and Angus, the sons of Erc.

It certainly does not appear likely that the bagpipe came over from "Scotia" in the first place, unless we are to accept the view that the Scottish Celt came over by the same route; unfortunately we have very little accurate knowledge of the early history of the Highlands, and there are no local written records extant to prove—as they do in the case of Ireland—that the instrument existed in those early days. We do know that the harper and the bard were national institutions of immense antiquity in the Highlands, and that, as the bagpipe became an increasingly important feature of everyday life, they were bitterly opposed to it.

Even Latin authors, who were familiar with the bagpipe as a marching instrument in their own army, omit to refer to the existence of piob mhor in the Highlands. The Greek writer Procopius, in 530 A.D., dismisses the Highlands with the statement that "in the west the air is infectious and mortal, the ground covered with serpents, and this dreary solitude is the region of departed spirits." And so we are thrown back on tradition.

In the absence of records of the employment of the bagpipe in war in the Highlands it is to Ireland, the so-called Lowlands of Scotland and to England that we have to turn for information; at the same time we must bear in mind that evolution of the instrument itself had begun to operate, and the English and Lowland pipes were different from the variety now known as the "Highland," which has supplanted all others.

As regards Ireland it is known that the Irish troops who fought in Gascony in 1286 had pipers with them, and a drawing of their instrument appears in a manuscript of 1300 A.D. in the British Museum. There were also Irish pipers at the battle of Falkirk in 1298, and they are again referred to in contemporary accounts of the battle of Creçy.

The military piper therefore goes far back into history. But it was as a social instrument on other in

But, whereas the English pipes went the same way as the Continental varieties, it was otherwise in Scotland. Two institutions existed there which fostered the tradition and saved *piob* mhor from the fate of disappearance—the Burgh piper and the Clan piper; and by 1450 A.D. these had certainly become part of the national life.

the national lite.

In Edinburgh in 1487 A.D. there were three town pipers, who were paid three pence daily; one of their duties was "to accompany the toun's drummer throw toun morning and evening." In 1505 A.D. the town records of Dumbarton, Biggar, Wigton, Dumfries and Lighthous refer to burgh piners.

A.D the town records of Dumbarton, Biggar, Wigton, Dumfries and Linlithgow refer to burgh pipers.

In Aberdeen in 1630 A.D. exception appears to have been taken to the custom of playing through the streets as it is placed on record that this was to be stopped, "it being an uncivill forme to be usit uithin sic a famous burghe, and being oftene found fault uith als weill be sundrie niehbouris as by strangeris." that the criticisms of this "famous burghe" are peculiarly susceptible to the criticisms of "strangers" might never have been suspected by superficial observers, and it is well that there is official testimony to the fact.

The effect of their daily music on the inhabitants of Perth was different,—or perhaps Perth was less amenable to the criticisms of "strangeris." In any case it is recorded of a burgh piper, who used to rouse the citizens at 5 a.m., that his music was "inexpressibly soothing and delightful."

At Dundee the piper played through the town "every day in

ibly soothing and delightful."

At Dundee the piper played through the town "every day in the morning at four hours and every nicht at aucht hours," and was paid twelve pennies yearly by each householder.

The pipes, at least in the pre-Reformation days—were some-

times played in church; in course of time, however, piping on Sunday scandalised the authorities, religious and civil, and, in the burgh records, we find repeated instances of pipers being punished for this misdemeanour.

The burgh piper was a man of peace; the clan piper was a man of war. For many centuries he had to compete with the "clarsair," or harper, and the bard, and aroused feelings of acute hostility from the latter. In 1411 A.D. one bard, MacMhurich of Clan Ranald, wrote a poem of a most uncomplimentary nature about the hangings.

The recitation of the bard before battle was probably last heard at Harlaw in 1411, and the clan bards disappeared finally in 1726; the last clan harper died in 1739, and the "croistara"—the fiery cross—was sent round the clans for the last time in the '45. The last Scottish piper will pass when the Scottish race itself passes—which will certainly be the last of all.

The clan pipers were highly esteemed as musicians—from the musical point of view they, no doubt, left us far behind. The courses of training, lasting over years, at the old piping schools such as existed at Boreraig, turned a man into a piper. As Neil Munro has it: "To the make of a piper go seven years of his own learning and seven generations before; at the end of his seven years one born to it will stand at the start of knowledge, and, leaning a fond ear to the drone, he may have parley with old folks of old affairs."

One of the results of the Heritable Jurisdiction Act of 1747, which so completely altered the conditions of life in the Highlands, was the disappearance of the office of hereditary clan piper.

The tunes these men played were the old tunes we know so well: and so it has happened that in this war we find companies marching into and through machine-gun and artillery barrage and into broken French villages and through German trenches while the company piper plays the same melodies that inspired their forebears to fight their neighbours lang syne—melodies which have been heard, too. in the same part of the world in the days when Scottish troops fought for the Lilies of France against all comers.

The association of the bagpipe with military operations is probably very ancient in Scotland, Perhaps the tradition that the Menzies pipers played at Bannockburn rests on an insecure foundation, but if the Bruce had no pipers, his son David most certainly had, as witness the Exchequer Rolls. In 1549 a French writer states that "the wild Scots encouraged themselves to arms by the sound of their bagpipes"; and in 1598 Alexander Hume of Logie wrote:

"Caus michtilie the warlic nottes brake On Heiland pipes, Scottes and Hyberniche." Incidentally, this reference to three different kinds of pipes is interesting.

The first authentic reference to pipers in the Forces of the Crown appears to have been in 1627, when Alex. Macnaughton of Loch Fyne-side was commissioned by King Charles I, to "levie and transport twa hundredthe bowmen" for service in the French war. Writing in January 1628 to the Earl of Morton, Macnaughton 2021. war. Wr ton says:

"As for newis from our selfis, our baggpyperis and marlit plaidis serwitt us in guid wise in the pursuit of ane man of war that hetlie followed us."

The records show that this company had a harper, "'Harrie McGra frae Larg,' and a piper, "Allester Caddell," who, in accordance with the custom of the time, had his gillie to carry his pipes for him.

Regimental pipers undoubtedly existed in the numerous bodies of Scottish troops which served at various times on the Continent. Thus, in 1586, in the "State of War" of Captain Balfour's company in the Scots Brigade in Holland, there were two drummers and a piper; and in "the worthy Scots regiment called Mackeye's" raised by Sir Donald Mackay in 1626 there was an establishment of thirty-six pipers.

Pipers are also found on the rolls of the "regiment d'Hebron"— now the Royal Scots—and to that very distinguished regiment we may safely a ccord the further distinction of being the first "Regular" regiment of the British Army to have pipes. The "North British Fusiliers," now one of the battalions of the Royal Scots Fusiliers, also had pipes as far back as 1678, and probably as early as 1642

Writing in 1641, Lord Lothian said:

Writing in 1641, Lora Lotinan said:

"I cannot out of our armie furnish you with a sober fiddler...
We are sadder and graver than ordinarie soldiers, only we are well provided with pypers. I have one for every company in my regiment, and I think they are as good as drummers."

The great Montrose had pipers in his armies, and tradition has it that, in the action of Philiphaugh in 1645, a piper stood on a small eminence and played the old Cavalier tune, "Whurry,

Whigs, awa' man," until he was shot by one of Leslie's men, and fell into the "Piper's Pule" in the Ettrick river.

fell into the "Piper's Pule" in the Ettrick river.

An exactly similar incident occurred in the case of one of the pipers of Bonnie Dundee at Bothwell Brig in 1679.

At the Haughs o' Cromdale in 1690 a wounded piper climbed on to a blg rock and went on playing till he died, thus setting an example which has been followed by his successors in many actions in this war. The stone on which this unknown hero stood is known to this day locally as "Clach a philobalr."

There are many such in France and elsewhere today.

There are many such in France and elsewhere today, In Wodrow's letters in 1716 there is a reference to the company pipers of the "Argyle's Highlanders": "They entered in three companies, and every company had their distinct pipers, playing three distinct springs. The first played "The Campbells are coming"... and when they entered Dundee the people thought they had been some of Mar's men, till some of the prisoners in the Tolbooth, understanding the first spring, swung the words of it out of the windows, which mortified the Jacobites."

Again, in 1715, when Argyle's troops marched to Leith, It was stated by Cockburn (Historical MSS, Commission): "While our generals were asleep the rebels marched to Seton House, leaving the piper in the citadel to amuse."

The piper, by this time, had clearly become a recognised military institution.

In the '45 the unfortunate Sir John Cope was undoubtedly aroused by the music of *piob mhor* at Prestonpans, though it is doubtful whether "Hey Johnnie Cope" was composed for the

Prince Charlie had thirty-two pipers of his own, besides those belonging to the clans with him. One of these men, James Reid, was taken prisoner in the operations of 1746. He pleaded that he had not carried arms, but the Court decided that "no Highland regiment ever marched without a piper: therefore his bag pipe, in the eye of the law, was an instrument of war"—and they dealt with him accordingly.

This view was confirmed by the Disarming Act of 1747, which nearly succeeded in attaining its object of abolishing the bagpipe, the kilt, the tartan and national sentiment generally—only Regular

the kilt, the tartan and national sentiment generally—only Regular regiments being exempted from its operation.

Penal legislation against the bagpipe was no new thing. Cromwell had tried it in Ireland, and, under William II., 600 Irish pipers and harpers were persecuted with relentless rigour. And in Ireland it succeeded.

Saxon governments have always done the piper the honour of regarding him as an exponent and supporter of national sentiment.

regarding him as an exponent and supporter of national sentiment. Even in Scotland the years between 1747 and 1782, when the iniquitous Disarming Act was repealed, were very nearly fatal to the continued existence of the bagpipe as a national institution; and it was the Regular Army which saved it—though no one could ever accuse the military authorities of unduly favouring the instrument. Even General Officers have publicly sneered at them—as when Wolfe at Quebec contemptuously refused to allow the pipes of the Fraser Highlanders to play, or when Sir Eyre Coote in 1778 described them as a "useless relic of the barbarous ages." Both generals had to withdraw what they had said.

The opinion of the Court Martial which tried poor James Reid, that his bagpipe "was, in the eye of the law, an instrument of war," was after all as shrewd an expression of the truth as their sentence was harsh.

In later times the pipes in the army have received little official recognition. In 1858, when the King's Own Scottish Borderers applied for their pipes to be placed on the establishment, the Commander in Chief grudgingly consented "as the permission for these men is lost in time," but on condition that they were not to cost the public anything as regards their clothing.

cost the public anything as regards their clothing.

Nor has the modern War Office shown more sympathy to an institution whose value, even on theoretical grounds, should have been recognised. The ancient and honourable title of Pipe Major has been abolished and that of "sergeant piper" has been substituted. Pipers themselves, on mobilisation, are returned to the ranks with the exception of six men. In Lowland regiments, indeed, the piper, though tolerated, is not officially recognised at all

A bandsman may in due course become a first-class warrant officer—in one or two units, indeed, he has attained commissioned rank; but the "sergeant piper" remains a sergeant, and can hope for nothing more. This, surely, is an injustice which is remediable at small cost to the nation.

INOTE—The Pipe Major, who always ranked as a sergeant and had no prospects of further promotion while holding that appointment, can, under existing regulations, be promoted by stages to the rank of warrant officer class II (Pipe Major). This note has been added because the book referred to conditions existing at the time it was published in 1920.—A.V.M.C.]



HERE'S TAE US - WHA'S LIKE US

WHAT HAPPENS IN THE SERGEANT'S MESS

Edition Mo.21.

May 1962

The Associate Members and The Ladies Club both held their Annual Meetings on Wednesday the 16th of May;-

The Associate Members saw little change in their slate of Officers elected; Roppie Oxlev still carrying on in the Chair with Larry Kavanagh as 1st Vice and Parcy Wilde as 2nd Vice; Joe Clarke still Secretary and Eddie Eaves as Treasurer; Joe Smart on Social and Associate Representative on the Mess House Committee; John Roscoe looking after Membership; and of course Bill Sargent on Sick and Visiting. The Committee was a little disappointed at the turn-out of the Members and I understand that the Picture, which was to have been taken on this night, was postponed til a later date.

The Ladies held their election of Officers also, the results of those busy few minutes were as follows; Mrs Donna Nelson elected to the chair with Mrs Maughton as Vice; Mrs Kay Eaves rode the Choo-Choo trein in for another term of Treasurer with Mrs Hayden as Assistant; Mrs Joyce Monk as Secretary with Mrs Holdam as Assistant (the last time I saw the expressions on the faces of those two good-looking girls, they appeared slightly dazed, just like when the Judge dishes out the sentence); representative for the Life was Mrs Alice Fulton, for the Associate Mrs Irene Smart. The Ladies Group are carrying on as strongly as ever, it is hoped that they consider taking a Picture.

Another card from Al Pilon, this one from Kashmir, India, very picturesque, he wishes to let you all know that he is well and enjoying life in far places; we sure do get around.

Lt/Colonel Traversey has asked me to remind you about the very fine book that will be available very soon; Colonel P.P.Hutchison has been bhard at work compiling the story of the Black Watch in Canada for 100 years, and we understand that it is very well illustrated and should prove to be of wonderful interest to all of you Black Watch Lads and Lassies everywhere; I would strongly suggest that you do not delay too long getting vour request in for this book for it may be hard to get later on. (I did not intend to imply that Uncle Paul has been working on this book for one hundred years, though I am sure that it would take most of us that long to match his very fine effort).

The Boxing Show which was held on the 21st was enjoyed by all who attended, Jerry Shears certainly did a fine job and brought us a very good card, all of the bouts were good. An interesting sidelight was the fact that the show was televised and shown on the air that same night. Unfortunately the Tartan Times, which was put out to reach you during the week previous to the show, must have run into mailing difficulties, for I know that most mf didnt get it.

There is an interesting Regimental Liaison Letter from the Depot sent out by WOl (RSM) Wootton, look for it on the Mess Potice Board.

The Celebrations and Parades are very close now, the next stop will be Camp for us, to smooth out the rough edges, be seeing you all Bob Miles.





The Black Tatch (弘明.弘) of Canada Centennial Committee 2067 Bleury Street Montreal 2

1862-1962

May 3, 1962

To All Members of The Regiment

Presentation of New Colours
Percival Molson Memorial Stadium
McGill University, Montreal
Saturday, June 9th, 1962

On the afternoon of Saturday, June 9th, 1962, at 2:00 p.m. Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment, will present New Colours to our three Battalions.

It is anticipated that the ticket demand will be extremely heavy and this notice is to ask you to send in your ticket requests not later than May 15th, 1962 by filling out the attached form.

Seats for members of the Regiment and their immediate families will be those on the North side of the Stadium. Seats for friends and the General Public will, in all probability, be those on the South side. Please indicate in the attached form your requirements for each side as admission will be by ticket only for which no charge will be made.

However, the expenses to be borne by the Regiment will be heavy if this ceremony is to be done properly, and every ticket holder is strongly urged to purchase the programme, which is being prepared for the occasion.

This attractive programme will not only allow spectators to follow the ceremony, but will also be a souvenir that everyone will treasure whether or not they have served in The Black Watch.

Please encourage your friends and guests to purchase programmes.

K. G. Blackader, Brig. Colonel of the Regiment.

The Montreal Star

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1962



The British High Commissioner to Canada, Viscount Amory and two winners in the Royal Commonwealth Society's nation-wide essay competition, Gail Dalgliesh, left, and Marylee Boyce, listen to the pipes played by

Cpl. G. Greig of the 3rd Battalion, Black Watch. The High Commissioner spoke at the annual Commonwealth Day dinner held by Royal Commonwealth Society and the English-Speaking Union of Montreal.



THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

Centennial History
1862-1962



May 2nd, 1962.

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO:

Officers' Mess Members; 1RHC, 2RHC, 3RHC, - and to Former Regimental Officers.

Regimental Garden Party - June 10th, 1962.

During the visit of our Colonel-in-Chief, Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother, there will be a Regimental Garden Party at Headquarters Quebec Command, 3530 Atwater Avenue, by kind permission of the General Officer Commanding. This will take place at 4:00 p.m. on Sunday, June 10th, 1962.

The large number of Mess Members makes it necessary to limit admission to the Garden Party to ticket holders and you are requested to apply for the two tickets being held for you. On account of the expected large turn-out for this event, we are not able to include children in this invitation.

Dress: Active Officers - Summer Drill - Lounge Suits or Blazer and Flannels

Due to the shortage of parking space in Headquarters Quebec Command, it is suggested that those attending either arrive by taxi or park their cars in the immediate vicinity.

As no alternative arrangements can be made in the event of rain, it is regretted that, due to the size of the Mess, accommodation must of necessity be limited.

You are especially requested not to bring a camera.

Regimental Centennial Committee.

Please complete and return the attached form by May 14th, 1962.



The Black Watch Association

MONTREAL BRANCH

P.O. BOX 92 (PLACE D'ARMES)

MONTREAL 1

Vice-Presidents
RSM. R. ABLETT

Secretarys
MR. J. P. TURCOT

Treasurer: MR. R. HARRIS

May, 1962

CENTENNIAL NEWSLETTER

Presentation of Colours Molson Stadium

You have all received a letter from the Colonel of the Regiment asking that you send in your request for tickets for your family and friends. The Association will NOT be taking part in this presentation of colours, therefore all members are asked to turn out with their families to view this colourful ceremony. Send in your reply at once in order to be sure of seats.

Boxing Show

LT. COL. F. M. MITCHELL, E.D.

CAPT. J. A. B. NIXON. C.D.

On presentation at the door, the enclosed ticket will permit you to purchase a \$2.00 RESERVED SEAT for the price of \$1.50. Chairman Jerry Shears has put together one of the finest matches of boxing, which will include the following:

1 RHC Camp Gagetown All No. 4 Brigade, Germany Champions

Daniel MacDonald McLean Reti and Stein

From the Golden Gloves, Province of Quebec, the following. All Champions.

Pion Jones Boulay and Leduc

Make this a reunion night at the Armoury to meet old friends and attend Monday night (Victoria Day) May 21, 1962 at 8.30~p.m.

There will be at least 12 bouts on the programme and a number of Royal 22nd boxers from Quebec City will also be featured.



BLACK WATCH PARADE — Brigadier Cameron B. Ware, accompanied by Lieutenant Colonel William C. Leonard, Commanding Officer of 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, and brigade headquarters staff officers, inspects a company of the highlanders at a battalion parade held recently at Fort St. Louis.

2nd Battalion The Black Watch Parade Held At Fort St. Louis

SOEST (PR) — Over 700 strong, the 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, paraded for it's first inspection in Germany by Brigadier Cameron B. Ware, at Fort St. Louis on May 2nd.
On arrival at the parade square Brigadier Ware was accorded a General Salute and the Commanding Officer, It-Col. C. Leonard, invited Brigadier Ware

to inspect the battalion. As the brigade commander walked up and down the ranks he paused frequently to speak to men of the battalion. The Pipes and Drums of the battalion played company slow marches as each company was

After his inspection the brigade commander returned to the dais to take the salute as the unit marched past in column of platoons to the stirring strains of all the 'Blue Bonnets are over the Border', then in column of roule to the regimental marchpast 'Highland Laddie'. Following the Advance in Review Order, Brigadier Ware addressed the officers and men.

"I am delighted to see the 2nd Battalion again. I know you were disappointed last Fall when the international situation made it necessary for you to remain in Canada but now that you are here I would like to welcome you on behalf of the brigade, My inspection this morning convinces me that you have a lot of spirit and pride. I know your C. O, must be very proud of you too".

Brigadier Ware briefed the officers and men of the battalion on their role as a major unit of the brigade group.

"The 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group is Canada's contribution to NATO Ground Forces," he said, "We are part of an international group of armies working together to preserve freedom through NATO, In order to carry out our responsibilities we must be training constantly "I am delighted to see the 2nd Batta-

to be ready for war. We must train hard. You can expect to see three years of hard

You can expect to see three years of hard intensive training.

"We are all ambassadors of Canada and I want you to remember this in your deportment and in your dealings with the German people."

"I hope by now you have settled down comfortably and I would like to wish you and your families the best of luck and an enjoyable stay in Germany. You will have many opportunities for travel and I hope you will make use of these opportunities. My very sincere congratulations on your parade this morning. You are very worthy representatives of your regiment."

After the parade square inspection,

regiment."

After the parade square inspection, Brigadier Ware attended a luncheon at the officer's mess then visited the unit transport section, men's quarters, quartermaster stores and other installations at the care. at the camp.

RCD-RHC Bands Rotation Soon

OITAWA, (PR). — The military band of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, Camp Cagetown, N. B., will replace the band of the Royal Canadian Drayoons now with the brigeds in Germany, it was announced by Army Headquarters recently.

The rotation, which involves two officers and 100 men, will take place during late July and early August.

The RCD band, commanded by Captain E. G. Spooner, will go to Camp-Gagetown. During the past three years, while stationed at Soest, the RCD band has travelled widely throughout Europe. Prior to returning to Canada it will four the Middle East and entertain Canadian troops serving with the United Nations Emergency Force in Egypt.

The Black Watch band was formed in 1954 at Halifax, N. S., and was moved to Camp Gagetown in 1958. Commanded by Lieutenant H. C. Eagles, the band has become well known throughout the Atlantic Provinces and in the eastern United States.

CLASSIFIED ADS.



ACROSS THE PROVINCES

OTTAWA (Special) - Brig James A Nesbitt has been appointed by Her I jesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mot as Canadian equerry during her visit

as Canadia in June.

Also appointed to the Household ring the visit is Col. P. A. Costin, will be Her Majesty's medical offic Col. Costin is command medical offic at HQ Quebec Command, Montreal.

Royal Visit Plan Given For Ottawa

OTTAWA - (7) - Details of the Ottawa-portion of the Queen Mother's visit to Canada were released on the weekend by the Government Hospitality Commit-

tee,
She arrives at nearby Uplands
Airport at 11:50 a.m. EDT, June
11, four days after flying to Montreal from London on a regular
flight of Trans-Canada Air Lines.
She will be met at Uplands by
Governor-General Vanier and a
100-man RCAF guard of honor.
From the airport she will go to
downtown Lansdown e Park
where the city's school children
will be waiting. She will be met
by Mayor Charlotte Whitton and
chairmen of the school boards.
She will attend a state dinner

chairmen of the school boards.
She will attend a state dinner
and reception at Government
House that evening.
On June 12 the Queen Mother
will place a wreath at the National War Memorial, meet senior
officers of the armed forces,
and in the evening will dine with
Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker. baker.
The following day will include

The following day will include a visit to Upper Canada Village and a 3½-hour cruise along the and a 3½-hour cruise along the and a Navy frigate. No Seaway on a Navy frigate. No official engagements are listed for that evening.

She will attend a civic luncheon

She will attend a civic luncheon at city hall on June 14 and unveil two portraits—one of the Queen and one of Queen Victoria—along with the coat of arms of the City in the council chamber. In the afternoon she will attend a garden party given by Commonwealth High Commissioners. She leaves Ottawa by air at 10:30 a.m. June 15, flying to Trenton, Ont., and driving to Port Hope to visit former Governor General Vincent Massey. The following day she goes to Toronto to watch the Queen's Plate being run and she leaves by air for London later in the day.



THE OFFICERS! MESS

MESS NOTICE

May 10th, 1962.

<u>CENTENNIAL MESS DINNER</u>
...with Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth,
The Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief

It is understood from the Centennial Mess Dinner Committee that cards of admission are

being mailed NEXT WEEK to persons having responded to the April llth notice. The Committee stresses that Members intending to take dinner with the Colonel-in-Chief on Friday, June 8th should return their application forms IMMEDIATELY, with cheques attached thereto. The Committee further advises that individual application forms are required of ALL participants - Regular Force Officers, Militia Officers, Reserve, Associate and Honorary Members.

BLACK WATCH BOXING SHOW ... cn Victoria Day, May 21st

The Black Watch Association is sponsoring an amateur boxing show at the

Armoury on Monday evening, May 21st (Victoria Day). The show will bring together (glove to glove) some of the finest pugilists in the area, and will be covered "live" by CBC Television.

Members, ladies and guests may view the show from the Gallery while enjoying regular Mess service; however, it should be noted that a ticket of admission will be required at the Armoury entrance.

Tickets, at \$2.00, may now be obtained through your Mess Stewards. Proceeds are being turned over to the Regimental Centennial Fund as a contribution from The Black Watch Association. First bout, $\epsilon:30$ p.m.

BLACK WATCH CADET CORPS
-Annual Inspection, Fri 25 May

Last year at this time, a Mess Notice drew

Inspection and Demonstration of The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada Cadet Corps and encouraged Members, ladies and guests to witness

....2



THE OFFICERS! MESS

May 15th, 1962.

MESS NOTICE

MESS CALENDAR

June 1st to June 12th, 1962

Note:

- Gentlemen GUESTS are welcome AT ANY TIME, unless otherwise noted.
- 2) Attendance of ladies WHERE NOTED only.

FRI 1 JUN Open from noon to midnight.

Normal luncheon service.

SAT 2 JUN Open from noon to midnight.

SUN 3 JUN Open from noon to midnight.

 \underline{MON} 4 \underline{JUN} Open from noon to midnight.

Normal luncheon service.

Buffet supper service from 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

TUE 5 JUN Open from noon to midnight.

Normal luncheon service.

Buffet supper service from 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

WED 6 JUN Open from noon to midnight.

Normal luncheon service.

Buffet supper service from 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

All Members - Advisory Board

Royal Visit

General

1. The Advisory Board will be expected to participate in certain specific functions on the occasion of the visit of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother.

Aim

2. The aim of this memorandum is to acquaint all members of the Advisory Board with their duties and responsibilities during the Royal Visit.

Functions

- 3. Specific functions that the Advisory Board are expected to attend are as follows:
 - (a) Her Majesty's Visit to the Armoury 8 JUN
 - (1) Advisory Board and their ladies foregather in the Officers' Mess NOT later than 1115 hours 8 JUN.
 - (2) Colonel MacTier will present the members of the Advisory Board and their ladies at this time.
 - (3) Dress for gentlemen will be dark lounge suits.
 - (4) Ladies are expected to wear hats and gloves.
 - (5) Her Majesty has graciously consented to sit for a group photograph with members of the Advisory Board and serving COs. This will take place immediately on arrival. Colonel Traversy will be responsible for staging.
 - (6) The Queen Mother will take a glass of champagne with the officers and their ladies after the presentations have been completed.
 - (7) A buffet lunch will be served, after Her Majesty has departed, for those who wish to remain.
 - (b) Presentation of Colours Ceremony 9 JUN
 - (1) Members of the Advisory Board and their ladies will sit in the VIF section. The remainder of their party will sit in the section immediately behind them.

18.

CONFIDENTIAL

HER MAJESTY, THE QUEEN MOTHER'S VISIT

- 1. The attached memoranda have been prepared as a guide to the various Centennial Committees, so that they may proceed with their plans and responsibilities. It is also being forwarded to the members of the Advisory Board for their information.
- 2. It must be emphasized that this information is of a strictly confidential nature, and that it must not be discussed nor publicized in any way until official notice to do so is given.
- 3. Ammendments, as they may occur, will be distributed to Committees.

Regimental Centennial Committee.

Distribution:-

All Centennial Committees
Regtl Advisory Board
C.Os 1-2-3-Depot RHC
O.C. BWA

Black Watch History Recalled at Dinner

The fear that the United Righlanders was raised in Mont. service in defence of Britain and telling out of the service was States might ettack Canada for real 100 years ago, he said it the Continent in World War II cancelled.

"Today it is not easy to obtain

States might ettack Canada for real 100 years ago, he said it the Continent in World War II cancelled was feared that the Americans might serve the opportunity to local communding general was might serve the opportunity to local communding general was might serve the opportunity to local communding general was might serve the opportunity to local communding general was might serve the opportunity to local communding general was not invited to attend a general was most invited to attend a general was mader with the Civil War was in progress and the government in Washing does not invited to attend a general was mader with the Civil War was in progress and the government in Washing does not invited to attend a general was a seculed that the Americans might serve the opportunity to local communding general was not invited to attend a general was and the without a serve in the civil was in progress and the government in Washing does not invited to attend a general was and the state of this apparent sub. Ottawa issued an order disorganized with the Continent in World War II the was feared that the Americans might serve the opportunity to local communding general was not invited to attend a general was and it was feared that the Americans might serve the opportunity to local communding general was not invited to attend a general was and it was a result of this apparent sub. Ottawa issued an order disorganized with general and a propertion of the general and general was a propertion of

Ouen Elizabeth Hotel

The regiment's 100th birth day celebrations will be climated June 9 when the Queen Mother, Queen Elizabeth, presents new colors to all three battalions at the Molson Statium. The Queen Mother, whose family have served to the Rock Watch for generations, has been colonel-in-chief for the last 25 years.

Explaining why a regiment of directed at them; distinguished son added, the regiment's gardened was attack in history had been Eventually, Colonel Hutchis
Today the Black Watch family in Canada is larger than jts parent body in Scotland.

Colonel Hutchison recounted the regiment's triumphs—servent the new on ten occasions when the civil authorities of turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the last of the colonel's place at the Bock Watch family in Canada is larger than jts parent body in Scotland.

Colonel Hutchison recounted the regiment entities of turn out for parades.

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Colonel Hutchison recounted the regiment entitle of turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the Black Watch family in Canada is larger than jts lieved the order deprived them of the authority to turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the North and turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the civil authorities of turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the civil authorities of turn out for parades.

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"They marched off to the field of the civil authority to carry on, the men of the regiment of turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the field of the colon, and turn out for parades.

"They marched off to the field of the colon,

THE WATCH WORD:

PREPARATIONS CONTINUE FOR ROYAL VISIT

Visitors to St. Andrews Barracks recently have a good idea, no doubt, of the activities during the last few weeks. The big day for the presentation of colors draws ever closer and rehearsals have priority on time and effort each working day.

All ranks have now been of Company Sergeant Major for fitted (?) out in No. 1 A Coy.

All ranks have now been fitted (?) out in No. 1 dress and present a striking picture during the dress rehearsals. The advance party leaves for Montreal by road on 30 May and the rest of us by RCAF aircraft on the 4th June.

Promotions continue in the officer ranks with Lts Mills and Gibson now sporting three 'pips' on each shoulder. We would like to welcome Major Bill McLead who comes to D Coy from HQ New Brunswick Area. Capt. Bill Stewart was the recipient of traditional honors when he left us to take up new duties in Fredericton. The annual influx of COTC Officers is on again and we are glad to have them with us. (Flve more people to do Orderly Officer!)

While speaking of arrivals we note that WO II Smith has joined us and taken over the duties and taken over the duties are first Battalion were Ptes Jef-

adian team for the British Em-pire Games. Winning for the First Battalion were Ptes Jef-fries, MacDonald and Graham. When you read this rugby fans will have already enjoyed last Sundays 'seven-aside' tour-nament held here in Camp

may 31, 1962

Camp Gagetown Gazette 11

Gagetown. The Black Watch is ward to the resumption of play

Supplying three of the ten teams playing and we hope to have more news on this for you next week. Meanwhile, the camp team (made up mainly of our jocks) is battling along and recently beat Fredericton 6-3. All team members are looking for-

JI

Maritimes 'Adopt' Black Watch As Own

continue to come from Montreal descent are naturally preferred but the greater part are now raised in the Maritimes.

"The Maritime provinces have now adopted these Black Watch units as their own and there is no difficulty in keeping them up to strength", he told a meeting of the Montreal Rotary Club.

Club.

Club.

In a re open to all, regardless of race, creed or color.

All that the regiment insists upon is the will and qualifications to become a good soldier, he maintained.

Reporting on the visit of the Oueen Mother next month to

meeting of the Montreal Rotary Club.

Col. Hutchison pointed out that here, the 3rd Black Watch continues to carry on as a militia unit. But it is not as easy to obtain recruits for parttime soldiering as it used to be when the city was smaller, times less prosperous and counter-attractions fewer, he claimed.

"In my view it is regrettable that more young men do not now come forward for militiat training," he declared.

"In my view it is regrettable that more young men do not now come forward for militiat training," he declared.

The Queen Mother next month to Queen Mother next month to present that Molson Stadium is not evice as large as it is.

"We already have received requests for many more seats than are available", he declared.

The Queen Mother next month to Queen Mother next month to present new colors to all three battalions of the regiment, col.

"Un my view it is regrettable that more young men do not now come forward for militiat training," he declared.

A former commanding officer / Those who have joined the of The Black Watch (Royal militia in the past know there Highland Regiment) said yesteria the famed regiment, no longer being part of a tradition of serprovides the unit with the bulk of its recruits.

Col. Paul P. Hutchison, QC., said that some of its recruits continue to come from Montreal but the greater part are now but the ranks of the Highlanders.



RHC CENTENNIAL COMMITTEE

May 29th, 1962.

MOST CONFIDENTIAL

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, will arrive at Dorval Airport at 1700 hrs, June 7th.

It is impossible to arrange for special accommodation on the public gallery of the Airport.

However, a private arrangement has been made which will allow a very few members of the Regiment to view the reception proceedings from a narrow gallery above the general public area.

You are invited to join this group with one other member of your family only, since the accommodation is extremely limited.

You are requested to rendezvous with Colonel Traversy at The Royal Bank Branch on the upper level, above Entrance No.4, of the Airport between 1600 and 1615 hrs. The party will be conducted to the gallery, and thereafter late comers or stragglers will not be admitted to this private area. Please do not be late.

You will realize that this is one of those situations when certain members of the Regiment are given preferential consideration, and it is not possible to give equal privileges to others. You are, therefore, especially requested to treat this memorandum as private and confidential.

Centennial Committee.



RHC CENTENNIAL COMMITTEE

May 30th, 1962.

In the early planning stages, commitments of blocks of tickets were made against estimates of requirements anticipated for various groups. We are now in possession of actual needs and in a few cases, the demand was below the original estimate.

As a result, we do have good tickets still available in the North Stands.

If you are not entirely satisfied with your allotment, we would be prepared to offer you four additional tickets.

As time is short, we must ask you to call in to the Ticket Office at the Armoury between the hours of 10 - 4 p.m., and we will do our best to help you as long as the tickets last.

Seating and Ticket Committee.



Camp Gagetown Gazette



VOL. 2 NO. 23

OROMOCTO, N.B., THUR SDAY, JUNE 7, 1963

FIVE CENTS PER COPY

All RHC Battalions Adopt One Standard For First Time

One of the proudest moments in the history of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada occurs this Saturday when they receive their new colors from their Colonel-In-Chief, Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, at Montreal.

This will be the first occasion that all the battalions of the regiment

come under one color. Previously the 3rd Battalion (Militia in Montreal) were the only ones to have any.

In the ceremonies which will occur at Molsons Stadium Saturday these old colors will be marched off and the new ones presented.

A contingent of 15 officers and 332 men of the 1st Battal-ion left Camp Gagetown for

Montreal Monday.

The key men will be the Color Party of two subalterns, two senior NCOs and a war-rant officer who will receive the new colors from Her Majesty the Queen Mother.

CULMINATION

The ceremony will see the culmination of six weeks of intensive rehearsals. After the formal inspection by their Colonel-in-Chief the old colors will be marched off to the accom-paniment of the Black Watch Pipes and Drums Band, then the parade will form a hol-low square when the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Battalions will receive their new colors.

The parade will end with a

drill demonstration by the 1st Battalion who will march past the saluting base in quick and

slow time.

The parade will be televised by CBC on Saturday from 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.

The Gaz

Decorate For Visit -Drapeau

Mayor Jean Drapeau yesterday in a statement urged all Mont realers to decorate their premises for the visit by Queen Mother Elizabeth here June 7-11 at the invitation of the Black Watch Regiment (The Royal Highland Regiment of Canada).

The Royal visitor will participate in the various celebrations

marking the centenary of this local regiment, and details of the regimental program will be re-leased next week.

Mayor Drapeau urged decora-tion of premises especially in the streets where Her Majesty will pass, as well as places where parades of the Black Watch Re-giment will be held.

"I also invite commercial and industrial establishments to decorate in honor of this memorable event," he said.

THE MONTREAL STAR, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1962

Mother to Visit Noted Black Watch Muse Queen Elizabeth the Queen chief of the regiment, is sched room in the museum is devoted largest in Canada. Col. Hutchison Battalion, based at the time at

Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, due here next week to present new colors to the three battalions of the Black Watch (Royal Montreal Regiment), will visit the Black Watch museum at the regiment's armory, 2067 Bleury street, it was announced last night.

Chief of the regiment, is scheduled to arrive at the museum at the museum at did to a display of the weapons used by an infantry soldier down through the years. One of the myriad collections dating back, in one case, to the 14th century.

The museum tour will be controlled by an infantry soldier down through the years. One of the myriad collections dating back, in one case, to the 14th century.

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The museum tour will be controlled by an infantry soldier down through the years. One of the myriad collections dating back, in one case, to the 14th century.

The museum tour will be controlled by an infantry soldier down through the years. One of the myriad collection as a lobby and it now numbers 54 medals.

The Queen Mother will also see the hand-written letters she had forwarded during World will use during world will be controlled to a display of the weapons used to a display of the weapons as a hobby and it now numbers 54 hobby and it now numbers 54 hobby and it now numbers 54 hobby and it now numbers

st night.

The royal visitor, colonel in World Wars I and II. A small

STAR WEEKLY JUNE 2, 1962 15 CENTS

A ROYAL DIPLOMAT VISITS CANADA:

The Queen Mother with Princess Anne





ess, she flashes her famous smile.

ficially, she will be in Canada for about 10 days in June, to hot the centenary celebrations of the Black Watch of Canada, on. Highland Regiment), of which she has been the Colonelsince 1947. Unofficially, the report is that it is hoped her will likely patch up relations between Britain and Canada e fiasco of the consultations between the two countries on puriect of the Common Market.

in 1954, she gathered more goodwill for Britain than anyone on record before or since (she did stop in Canada, once, overnight, in 1958, to have a night's rest in Vancouver before flying on to Australia). Her voyages to Rhodesia and Nyasaland in 1957, to New Zealand and Australia in 1958, to Kenya and Uganda in 1959, to Rhodesia and Nyasaland in 1960, and to Tunisia in 1961, have left a wake of

CONTINUED

During her last official trip to Canada and the United States

UED

Royal Visitor Due Tonight

Montreal Prepares For Queen Mother's Four-day Visit

The Queen Mother is high out over the Atlantic Ocean

The Queen Mother is high out over the Atlantic Ocean today aboard a Trans-Canada Airlines DC-8 jet flying her and about 100 other passengers to a scheduled 5 p.m. landing at Montreal International Airport.

When she strapped herself into her seat in the first class compartment on Flight 857 shortly before take-off time at 9.45 a.m., EDT, the Queen Mother was preparing to make her first trip on a regular commercial airliner with other passengers.

THIS EVENING 5,00 p.m.: The Queen Mother

The section was reserved for her and 10 of the 16 members of her official party.

of her official party.

Here in the city, civic and military authorities were also making preparations today. Mayor Jean Drapeau urged Montrealers to decorate homes and streets in honor of the Queen Mother's third trip to Canada. And the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment of Canada) was ending its efforts to take some of the grimness from its old Bleury street armory. armory

Special Ceremony

The Queen Mother is Colonelin-Chief of the regiment and the highlight of her four-day visit to the city will be a special ceremony Saturday when she presents new colors to the regiment, which this year is marking its 100th anniversary. Although the ceremony is taking place at Molson Stadium, the Queen Mother will call at the armory tomorrow to tour its war museum.

The regimental color will in clude battle honors won by the Black Watch while serving with the 2nd Canadian Division in northwest Europe during World

The regiment has planned several other programs for its colonel-in-chief, including a mess dinner, a regimental march past and a reception for

past and a reception for past and present officers. The Queen Mother will also attend a provincial luncheon, a civic dinner, divine church serv-ice, and a concert of the Quebec Music Festivals.

THIS EVENING
5.00 p.m.: The Queen Mother
arrives by air from London at
Dorval.

5.20 p.m.: Departs from airport for Queen Elizabeth Hotel, where she will stay during four-day visit.

Route: East on Metropolitan boulevard and Upper Lachine road; north on Cavendish; east on Sherbrooke; south on McGill College to hotel.

6.00 p.m.: Arrives at hotel

6.00 p.m.: Arrives at hotel.

TOMORROW

10.50 a.m.: The Queen Mother departs from hotel for City Hall.

Route: North on McGill College; east on Sherbrooke; south on St. Denis; west on Craig; south on Gosford; west on Notre Dame to City Hall.

11.00 a.m.: Arrives at City

11,20 a.m.: Departs from ity Hall for Black Watch Armory.

Route: West on Notre Dame and St. James; north on St. Peter and Bleury to armory.

11.30 a.m.: Arrives at

armory.

100 p.m.: Departs from the armory for Windsor Hotel.
Route: North on Bleury; west on Sherbrooke; south on

p.m.: Arrives at

Windsor. 2.45 p.m.: Departs from Windsor for the Queen Eliza-

Route: South on Windsor; east on Lagauchetiere; north on Mansfield; east on Cath-

cart. 2.51 p.m.; Arrives at Queen Elizabeth.



Before Visit to Canada

The Queen Mother is entertained by Hon. George A. Drew, Canada's High Consioner in London, and Mrs. Drew, before leaving for Canada on a 10-day

Traced To

Injured Boy
One Juvenile is in custody and others are being sought by Westmount Police today, after vandals pulled down about two dozen flags from the City Hall and the adjoining bowling club early today.

The decorations set out for the visit of the Queen Mother were torn from their standards some time after midnight.

A 16-year-old Rouen street boy was taken into custody at St. Luke Hospital in Montreal shortly after he had gone there

Flag Damage

shortly after he had gone there for treatment of cuts and bruises, which police believe he received in a fall from the City received in Hall ledge.

Hall ledge.

First questioned at 2 a.m. at Argyle avenue and Cote St. Antoine road, the boy said he had had a fight with his girl friend and that he was walking home. Police suggested a taxi, and he apparently took it to St. Luke Hospital.

Authorities there notified Montreal police after his treatment. The boy claimed he had been held up and robbed in Westmount.

The Westmount police, who,

The Westmount police, who meanwhile, had been notified of the damage, investigated and took the boy into custody. They say he admitted the vandalism, but refused to name his companions. He appears in Juvenile

Court today. Montreal's police said a number of other decorations had been torn down along Sherbrooke street during the night. The same group is believed responsible.

10.1

Personals

Her Majesty Queen Efizabeth, the Queen Mother, who is here to present the colors to The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada Regiment which is celebrating its centenary, will be at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel during her stay. Lady Jean Rankin, C.V.O.; the Hon. Mrs. John Mulholland, C.V.O., Sir Martin Gilliat, K.C.V.O., M.B. E., Brig. J. Aird Nesbitt, A. D.C., and Captain Alastair Aird, Rep. of Queen's Flight, will be in attendance.

THE GAZETTE, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1 ON AND OFF

THE RECO

e OSBORNE EXTENSION IN DOUBT? Sale in the last few days of the site of the former Coliseum, on Guy street between Dorchester and the C.P.R. tracks has cast doubt on plans for the extension of Osborne street to Guy from Mountain. The site, bought by a contractor for better than \$500,000, was to be bisected by the planned extension. It would hardly be purchased if the extension were going to materialize in the forseeable future. The feeling in real estate circles is that the city may have decided on abandonment of plans to cut the street through three blocks of buildings and dead-end it at Guy street instead of the present Mountain street dead-end. Two other parcels of land separate this one from Dorchester street. OSBORNE EXTENSION IN DOUBT? Sale in the last Dorchester street.

• MOLSON STADIUM WILL BULGE: Officers of the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada have been embarassed by the unpre cedented demand for tickets for the Molson Stadium ceremony on Saturday afternoon at which Her Majesty Queen Mothel Elizabeth will present new colors to the unit. Given fine weather nw indicated, every seat will be filled. Even at this late how requests for tickets are still being received, long after all have been distributed. This circumstance points up, if such wern needed, Montreal's crying need for a stadium of larger propor tions than McGill's Molson structure which was, after all, de signed for McGill's needs and not for those of professional spor or events such as tomorrow's ceremony.

ROUTINE FOR LIEUTENAMP THOMAS DIMESEN, V.C.

Thursday, June 7th

- 8:00 p.m. Arrival at Dorval Airport from Denmark.
 - Net by Captain J.A.B. Nixon, President Black Watch Association, Montreal Branch.

-I. U U

- 8:30 p.m. Conducted with luggage to Black Watch Armoury.
- 9:00 p.m. Greeted at Officers' Mess by Lieut. Colonel V.E. Traversy (Deputy Chairman,
 Centennial Committee); Colonel P.P.
 Hutchison; Lieut. Colonel D.J. McGovern,
 O.C. J.R.H.C.; Lieut. Colonel Nigel Noble,
 O.C. Black Watch (Imperials); and other
 officers.
- 10:00 p.m. Conducted with luggage by Colonel Hutchison to his home, 34 Arlington Avenue, Westmount, (Telephone: WE 2-1585).

Friday, June Sth

- a.m. Breakfast at Colonel Hutchison's home.
- 10:45 a.m. Conducted from 34 Arlington Avenue by Colonel and Mrs. Hutchison to Black Watch Armoury.

 N.B. Dress: Dark lounge suit, without medals.
- 11.45 a.m. Her Majesty arrives at Armoury.

 N.B. Lieutenant Dinesen will be presented to Her Majesty.
- 1:00 p.m. Lunch at Black Watch Officers' Mess.
- 2:00 p.m. Conducted by Colonel Hutchison to Molson Stadium to witness dress rehearsal of Presentation of Colours.
- 4:00 p.m. Conducted by Colonel Hutchison to his home to dress for Wess Dinner.

 N.B. Dress: Evening dress with miniatures or Dinner Jacket with miniatures.
- 7:15 p.m. Conducted by Colonel Hutchison and Major M.H. Hutchison to Queen Elizabeth Hotel for Officers' Mess Dinner. N.B. - (a) Colonel Hutchison will have his ticket.

City Prepares Welcome For Queen Mother

th arrives here today r her third visit to Can-la and Montreal is ready

to give her a warm wel-come. The Queen Mother is visiting Montreal as honorary · c o l o n e l · in

chief of the Black Vatch (RHR) of Canada, She is to arrive at lp.m. on a Trans-Canadi Air

Lines flight and will be greeted at International Airport by Governor-Gen-eral and Mme, Vanier;

Prime Minister and Mrs.
Diefenbaker; Quebec
Lieutenant-Governor and
Mme. Comtois; Premier
and Mrs. Lesage; Mayor
and Mrs. Drapeau; and
guard of honor from the
Black Watch.

Black Watch.

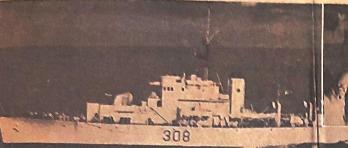
Mayor Drapeau, who has urged Monirealers to decorate the city for the visit, announced the Queen Mother's route for her drive to the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, where she will stay.

The motorcade will travel east on Metropolitan Blvd. and Upper Lachine Rd.; north on Sherbrooke St. and south off McGolli College Ave. to the hotel, where she is due to arrive at 6 p.m.

Highlight of the 62-year-

By BILL BANTEY
old Queen Mother's four
day visit will be a cere
mony Saturday when the
presents new colors to
the Black Watch, which
marks its look anniversary his year.
Although that ceremony
will take place in Moleon
Stadium, the regiment has
been busy trying to remove some of the green
ness from the face of teold armory in preparation
for the visit.
The Queen Mother is
visit the downlown armory
of dark grey stone Friday
to tour the regiment's war
museum.

museum.
A mess dinner, a gardenarty, regimental manapast and a reception to past and present officers have also been arranged by the Black Watch.



HMS Inch Arran, Royal Navy frigate, will carry Queen Mother St. Lawrence Seaway cruise



flixabeth on five-hour



Bon Voyage: Queen Mother Elizabeth is wished well on her visit to Great Britain, and Mrs. Drew. The Queen Mother will arrive in Montreel Communications of the communication of t

Crowd At Airport Welcomes Arrival Queen Mother

By BOB HAYES June 8/67

The aircraft carrying Queen Mother Elizabeth touched down at Montreal International Airport yesterday minutes before the scheduled 5 p.m. arrival, while a bright blue sky and more than 2,000 persons gave her a warm welcome.

Crowds jammed the railing of the public gallery overlooking the tarmac as the DC-8 jet from London taxied up to the red carpet. Scores of airport employees were perched on the roof of the terminal building to

watch the colorful scene below.

First to greet the Queen Mother as she stepped nilingly from the plane were Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier.

The Royal visitor, wearing a pale blue dress and hat, walked quickly down the ramp for the welcome. She was greeted by, and chatted with, Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker.

Also on hand were Lieutenant-

Governor and Mrs. Comtois of Quebec, Provincial Secretary and Mrs. Lionel Bertrand, and Mayor and Mrs. Jean Drapeau of Mont-

real.

Drawn up on the tarmac was the Guard of Honor from the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada—the regiment to which she is to present new colors Saturday.

Following the welcoming cermony, the Queen Mother walked to the white dais as the regimental band played "God Save The Queen."

Marching smartly to the front

Marching smartly to the front of the dais, Capt. T. E. Price, guard commander, saluted and

See also Pages 3 and 13

declared the Guard of Honor "ready for inspection." A 21-gun salute, fired by the 34th Field Regiment RCA(M), under the command of Capt. J. W. Allin, echoed a welcome across the vast

During her inspection of the guard, Her Majesty stopped several times to chat with the

on her inspection, she was accompanied by the guard commander, Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, and Brig. J. Aird Nesbitt, Canadian equerry to Her Majesty.

equerry to Her Majesty.

Before driving off the tarmac, the Queen Mother chatted and laughed with the Governor-General and his wife.

The guard of honor presented arms as the Royal visitor drove off in a spanking new limousine, with the Royal Standard snapping at the front fender in the warm breeze. In the car with warm breeze. In the car with her were Brig. Blackader and Det.-Supt. R. D. Wells of Her Majesty's household staff.

The Royal motorcade moved off for the drive to the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, where she ar-

rived at 6 p.m.

Large groups of residents gathered at intersections along the Metropolitan Blvd. to view and wave to the Queen Mother as the Royal party drove quickly by



Inspects Guard: Queen Mother Elizabeth inspects the Guard of Honor from the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada following her arrival yesterday aboard a TCA DC-8 jet from London. She is accompanied by Capt. T. E. Price, guard commander. Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, and Brig. J. Aird Nesbitt, Canadian equerry to Her Majesty, follow behind. The Queen Mother was welcomed under blue skies by more than 2,000 persons at Montreal International Airport: (Gazette Photo Sérvice)

Near the underpass at the Dorval traffic circle, a small group of students waved the fleur-delys flag and displayed "independence for Quebec" placards as the motorcade moved by.

Outside the airport terminal, another young group marched up and down with their red-green version of a Canadian flag. The royal party, however, did not pass this point on its way out.

Following the welcoming, Mr. Diefenbaker and his wife did not leave with the official group, but walked into the main airport building.

building.

"Goodbye, Mr. Prime Minister," said the Governor-General as he drove off with his wife.
"All the best, Sir," replied the

"All the best, Sir," replied the Prime Minister.
Mr. Diefenbaker then turned to his wife and said: "Well, that was nicely done."
During her four-day stay in Montreal, the Queen Mother will visit City Hall, attend a luncheon tendered by the Provincial Government, present colors to the Black Watch Regiment, attend Sunday service at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul, and a music festival.

The Gazette

'It Was A F

As far as transportation went it was a big day for the Queen Mother yesterday.

And she came right out and said so.

said so.

"It was a fine trip, Thank you so much," she told Capt. It. M. Smith, the TCA pilot from Ste. Adele who flew Her Majesty into Dorval.

Explained Capt. Smith, who got a chance, along with the

queen Mother on the tarmac.

"As far as I'm concerned the trip couldn't have gone better There was no turbulence. The Queen Mother was wonderful. She thanked us for the flight."

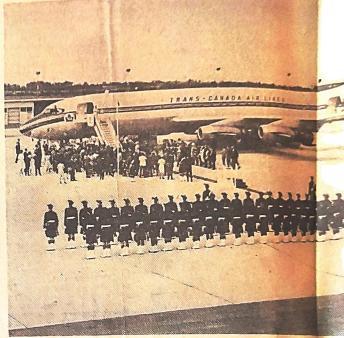
As she moved from the airport to waiting autos, she told her aides: "It looks a little like rain."

rain."
But she couldn't have been more worried about it than the

BY HEDLEY BU

company officials which worth biles for the visit of Mother and the Prince

The ears—all 1 await the Queen da U.S. manufact will go back across after they have seed as royal gues's



Black Watch guard of honor awaits inspection as the Q

The Queen Mother waves a friendly greeting as she steps from the plane

Familiar Scene Marks Arrival

For Queen Mother Elizabeth and for the milling press crew, yesterday's arrival at Mont-real International Airport might have been a re-run of an old movie.

The press — its cameramen weighed down with equipment saw a gracious, smiling wo-man dressed in pale blue silk, step from a gleaming aircraft. The Queen Mother saw the familiar sea of lenses aimed

at her

This was the familiar scene for the Queen, but no doubt she took in the panorama be-yond it and saw somehting

For one thing there was the new airport building, its viewing platforms lined with people.

mg piatforms lined with people. There seemed to be thousands of them up there but they were quiet—solemnly so.

After the official greetings, the Queen took her place on the reviewing stand. She was the most charming colonel-in-chief any regret could have and any regment could have, and her femininity was a startling contrast to the strong-looking men in Black Watch colors who stood ramrod straight before her.

The 21-gun salute to Her Ma-jesty snapped the air like claps of thunder, enough to startle a reporter or two, but not suffi-cient noise to ruffle a Queen. Any Royal arrival makes the

By SHIRLEY McNEILL women in the crowd, as well as many of the men, stop and take note of what all the leading women are wearing. The Queen was in blue — a blue that might be termed hyacinth, pale and with a tinge of lilac as one fe-male reporter described it. Her

outfit was a coat and dress in silk shantung, the coat cut mandarin style, with slits at the sides, and what appeared to be white stitching was a finishing touch. Her hat was high and

off the face, and like her shoes, matched her costume.

Mrs. George Vanier was in a silk suit of dark grey. Her hat was a high cloche of grey net, fitted onto a black straw crown.

The Queen talked cheerfully to everyone she greeted, a word only to some, but a smile for

each Her dat with nier, just before en himousne for the Montreal, was perh warmer that most, the medicy of friends.

This rigidiness of Mother was felt by travelled tith he Trans-Casala Air liner from London.

Queen Mother's Schedule Here

The Queen Mother has four official functions for today in Montreal.

11 a.m. - The Queen Mother will be given a reception at City Hall where she will meet the Mayor and other officials

the Mayor and other officials and sign the Golden Book.

11.30 a.m. — Her Majesty will visit the Black Watch Armoury, 2067 Bleury St.

1,15 p.m. — A luncheon at the Windsor Hotel tendered by Premier and Mrs. Legacks.

Premier and Mrs. Lesage.
In the evening at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, Her Majesty will attend a mess dinner of the Black Watch Regiment of Canada.

D. Thank You'

HEDLEY BURRELL

pany officials who are profor the visit of the Queen her and the Princess Royal. the Princess Royal.

e Cars—all 11 of them—
the Queen Mother at
the Queen Mother at
U.S. - manufactured, they
Bo back across the border
they have served Canaroyal guests.

Complete with the Royal Stan-Complete with the Royal Standard and bright red Ontario licence plates with the Royal Crown, they have everything from pushbutton air-conditioning to wall-to-wall broadloom. As they swished downtown from the airport, the Queen Mother looked out to see separatist demonstrates, elegated the second of the conditional control of the conditional control of the conditional conditions of the conditional conditions are considered to the conditional conditions of the conditional conditions are considered to the conditional conditions of the conditions of the conditional conditions of the co

tist demonstrators alongside the

A handful of placard - waving Montrealers, calling for "Inde-

pendence for Quebec" and wav-ing the Quebec flag, awaited officail cars and buses.

official cars and buses.

As the Queen Mother moved closer downtown, amateur photographers were on hand to shoot her and her household.

Conscious of her heavy schedule, the much-travelled Queen Mother didn't have to ask the time of her aides.

Her clocks! limousine has backseat



ion as the Queen Mother's plane comes to a stop at airport

I. Her chat with Mrs. Va-just before entering the usine for the drive into treal, was perhaps a little mer than most. It was like meeting of two good meeting

is friendliness of the Queen her was felt by all who elled with her on the is-Canada Air Lines jetfrom London.

Montreal Welcomes The Queen Mother

Montrealers yesterday, in a lovely June day, welcomed Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother. For many, it was a day of memories - memories of the spring of 1939 when she first came to Canada. The Prime Minister, in welcoming her husband and herself, spoke of them as two young people who had been unexpectedly called to the highest duty, and were setting out to fulfill it. They would never fail others, because they would never fail them-

Much of trial and testing has hap-pened since then. But all that has happened has been to her honor. In good times and in bad she has never failed to show sympathy and courage. She has walked the streets of Lon-don when the mortar still lay like powder over the pavement. She has

seen the coming of peace, only to have it clouded by the King's failing health. She has seen her daughter come to the Throne, and she has seen her show, in her turn, the dignity and courage that one would expect.

This is an age when values have This is an age when values have gone astray, and when there is great confusion in the minds of many about what makes the good life. But such an example of duty plainly seen and truly carried out, with a firmness made all the more dependable by kindness of the heart, such an example brings on the heart-such an example brings an in-

heart—such an example brings an instinctive recognition.

The welcome the Queen Mother has already received, and that awaits her throughout her visit to Canada, has the depth that only years of respect and gratitude can give. It is a welcome that comes freely, out of hearts that remember and will never forget.

FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1962

A City's Welcome

THE Queen Mother is a visitor in our midst again. While it is true that the specific reason for her trip is to do honor to The Royal Highland Regiment, of which she is colonel-inchief, her too-short stay happily is not entirely confined. Thousands were able to cheer her arrival last evening. Thousands more are seeing her today, some at a provincial government luncheon, and before she leaves for Ottawa on Monday tribute will be offered by tens of thousands more.

There is a special place in the hearts of most Canadians for the Queen Mother, who quite won their affection during the gruelling coastto-coast tour she made of the country with His Majesty during the summer of 1939. They have seen less of her in Canada than they would have enjoyed, but hope continues that as travel facilities continue to improve her visits may become much more frequent.

The occasion for the visit now is the centenary of the Black Watch. And the program, while not as heavy as some have been, calls for a busy weekend. Tonight it is dinner with the officers of the regiment. Tomorrow brings the highlight of the trip, the presentation of new colors in a solemn ceremony at Molson Stadium. In the evening there is a civic diner. On Sunday there will be divine worship at the regimental church, St. Andrew and St. Paul, where the old colors will be deposited. A regimental garden party follows later in the day.

It is a great event for the Black Watch. During tomorrow's ceremonies the full 1st and 3rd battalions will be in attendance, and there will be a detachment from the 2nd, which is now on duty with NATO in Germany. In addition the proud young cadets of several corps affiliated with the regiment will be there. Each battalion will receive its new colors, emblazoned with the 21 battle honors won at cost since the regiment was first blooded during the Boer War.

The regiment's record is a noble one. Like the original and affiliated Freicudan Du it was formed to maintain the peace. In Scotland the birth came during the troublesome pacification period in the 18th century. Here the regiment was formed out of fear of the United States at a time when British regulars had been hustled off to help quell the Indian mutiny and to the Crimea. It has backed up the civil authority in time of need and has been in the forefront of army activity in overseas battle. Its reputation is enviable, and is guarded jealously by all ranks. A proud boast is, "I served with the Black Watch."

History has given the Royal Highland Regiment many proud moments. But tonight will come the proudest when, in the mess of the Bleury Street armory the toast is raised, "Gentlemen, the Queen."

A Royal Welcome For City's Royal Visitor



Queen Mother, Diefenbakers behind, as national anthem played

Hundreds

Disappointed

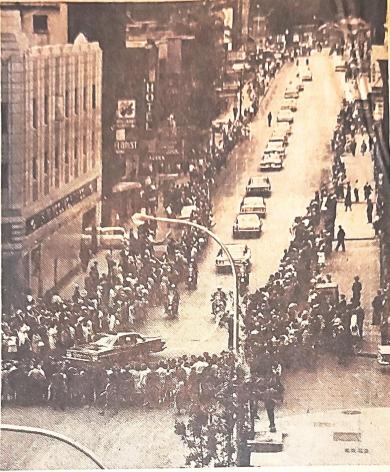
The Queen Mother's arrival at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel yesterday was a disappointment to many hundreds of Montreal-

ers.
They had gathered along
Dorchester Blvd., where the
hotel is situated, and inside the
main lobby to await her motorcade but most of them never saw her.

The Queen Mother's procession ducked into a tunnel leading underneath the boulevard, to the hotel's downstairs parking entrance where a 75-foot red carpet was unrolled.

She proceeded directly to the royal suite on the 20th floor. The suite of six rooms was decorated with long-stemmed red roses and pink-and-yellow rosebuds.

Ten other rooms adjoin it. The royal entourage occupies about 20 rooms.



Crowds watch as motorcade move down McGill College Ave.



(Gazette Photo Service)

Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier extend welcome to Canada

High Honor For City Pianist

20-year-old Claude Savard, the winning of the \$1,000 grand prize at the 1962 Quebec Music Festival was the climax of 12 years of study and gruel-

ling practice.

To be invited, besides, to perform before Queen Mother

Elizabeth during her visit to

Elizabeth during her visit to Montreal was an achievement to cap the climax.

The Montreal-born pianist, who has set his sights on a concert career, won the top festival prize May 19 over 18,000 young Quebec musicians.

The finals, involving 120 artists, lasted only two days and stretched far into the night. It was nearly 2 a.m. when Claude's turn come to play Schumann's Concerto in A Minor and the D Minor Sonata of Beethavan Beethoven.

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THE GAZETTE, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1962

Number Of Precedent 1959 when she came to the hotel named in her honor during the

of precedents ty, according Groome, resi-of the Queen whose 20th will be the until Monday. hat this is the ler Majesty has tys in a hotel," by visits to Canalways stayed Royal train. mand that it is mbers of the lo stay on the buildings and by is quite his break with

were long busy to take the Queen

nes are well ex-etertaining dis-

Waleau, the hotel's ind and beverage
ed Queen Elize visited Cans, as well as in STAR, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1962

rence seaway.



Court Circular

June 7. BUCKINGHAM PALACE command of the Queen, the Earl of Scarbrough (Lord Chamberlain) was present at London Airport this afternoon upon the departure of Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother for Canada and bade farewell to Her Majesty on behalf of the Queen.

CLARENCE HOUSE-Prior to her departure for Canada, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, this morning received the Right Hon. Duncan Sandys, MP (Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations), Her Majesty, attended by the Lady Jean Rankin, the Hon. Mrs. John Mulholland, Sir Martin Gilliat, left London this afternoon in a Trans-Canada Air Lines DC-8 aircraft (Captain R. M. Smith) to visit Canada.

Her Majesty was received at the airport by Sir Harold Bellman (Her Majesty's Vice-Lieutenant for the County of Middlesex).

The following were also present and took leave of Her Majesty: The Hon. Christopher Woodhouse, MP (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Aviation); His Excellency the Hon, George Drew (High Commissioner for Canada); Mr. R. S. F. Edwards (General Manager, London Airport), and Mr. J. G. Maxwell (European Sales Manager, Trans-Canada Air Lines).

KENSINGTON PALACE_ Princess Alexandra of Kent this morning visited the World Children's Day exhibition at Qantas Airways Exhibition Hall, Piccadilly. The Lady Moyra Hamilton was in attendance.

ST. JAMES PALACE The Princess Royal was this evening entertained at dinner by the High Commissioner for Canada and Mrs, Drew. Dame Mary Colvin and Major Geoffrey Eastwood were in attendance.

ST. JAMES PALACE— the Duchess of Gloucester laid the foundation stone of the new church of St. Barnabas, St. Paul's Cray, Kent, this evening, Mrs. Cedric Holland was in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE-The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon today visited Worcester College for the Blind. Her Royal Highness travelled in an aircraft of the Queen's Flight.

Miss Fiona Myddleton was in attendance

Warm Smiles From Royal Visitor

Queen Mother Greets Each Of Passengers On Plane

Seven - month - old Dayid Fisher, travelling with his nother and sister Martha, on TCA Flight 857 from London, was greeted in mid-air by a warm smile, a friendly voice and the firm handshake of a woman dressed in mauve.

And although he accepted the admiration calmly, his mother was overcome with surprise. Standing in the aisle in front of her was Queen in front of her was Queen Mother Elizabeth. "She shook the baby's hand

and said that he was very nice," said Mrs. M. M. Fisher, who told delightedly of her subsequent conversation with a gracious and smiling Queen

Mother.
"She talked about how dif-Mother.

"She talked about how difficult it was travelling with children," said the still-excited young mother, interviewed just before a six o'clock flight to Toronto. Having lived in England Mrs. Fisher and her family were returning home after a three and a half year absence.

After her conversation with Mrs. Fisher, the Queen Mother continued down the aisle, saying a few words of greeting to each of the passengers on the flight.

Members of the crew who served the Queen Mother during the time she was on

GOVERNMENT HOUSE-Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Vanier, attended by Mr.

Esmond Butler, Secretary to the Governor-General, and

Flight-Lieutenant Paul Hinch,

aide-de-camp in-waiting, met Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth

the Queen Mother on Her

Majesty's arrival at Montreal

International Airport Thurs-

day afternoon

By NORMA LEWIS

By NORMA LEWIS

the plane, included Purser Francois St. Hilaire, of Montreal, and Stewardesses Barbara Jean Forbes, of Prince Edward Island, and Olga Bowley of London, England.

St. Hilaire served Her Majesty both tea and high tea, which he said, "is really a substantial meal," backing up his statement with a menu, which included caviar, lobster, crab, trout, fruit salad, sandwiches, and, of course, tea.

Agreeing with his statement that "it was a great pleasure and an honor to serve Her Majesty," were the stewardesses. Miss Forbes admitting that it was her first flight with royalty, said, "all went as usual, except for the fact that I was very excited." Olga Bowley revealed that during a short talk with the Queen Mother, "Her Majesty asked how long I had been a stewardess and whether I was Canadian."

Prior to leaving the plane, Queen Mother Elizabeth com-

Prior to leaving the plane. Prior to leaving the plane, Queen Mother Elizabeth com-mented that "it had been a delightful flight and thanked all of us for the service," said the stewardesses.

For her arrival at the air-port, the Queen Mother chose a hyacinth mauve tussore en-

semble, and a veiled toque of draped mauve resille. Her sheath dress, worn under a tailored coat, was trimmed with a small row of dols embroidered in toning silk on the square neckline, which matched the trim on the three-quarter length sleeves and opening of the coat. Her accessories consisted of a three strand pearl necklace, and diamond and pearl earrings and pin. rings and pin.

Madame Vanier, the wife of

the Governor-General, wore a grey printed silk sheath, and

grey printed silk sheath, and a toque of pale grey tulle trimmed with a band of the same material as the dress. The dress, having a cape effect at the back, was worn with grey accessories.

Mrs. Diefenbaker, the wife of the Prime Minister, wore a blue and white printed silk dress, having a short jacket, and hat made of the same fabric. Her accessories were beige, and she carried a brown mink stole.

Madame Comtois wife of the Lieutenant-Governor, wore

Madame Comtors wite of the Lieutenant-Governor, wore a pale mauve and white checked dress with matching jacket, a yellow and white flowered hat, and beige acces-

Mrs. Drapeau, wife of the mayor of Montreal, wore a knit ensemble in an off-white shade, with a draped pink satin hat, and shoes dyed to mafeh match.
The Queen Mother left the

The Queen Mother left the airport for the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, where she will reside in the Royal Suite during her stay in Montreal.

The 20th floor suite, which consists of 14 rooms, is decorated in furniture of the Contemporary and Louis XV period, combined throughout the rooms. Repainted in shades of pastel beige, lilar and deep blue, especially for the royal visit, the suite about the rough of the royal visit, the suite about the rowal visit, the suite about the rowal visit the suite about the royal visit the royal

the Queen Mother's favories.

Canadian craftsmanshy is evident in the floors of anadian stained pine, the being drapes of material ween in Canada, and the painings by Quebec artists which he the

Schumann Concerts

certo, accompanied by the Montreal Symphony Orchestra, in his performance for the Queen Mother Sunday night,

Louise Boisvert.

At 16, he entered the Quebec Conservatory of Music and

four or five years' study in Europe, if he is successful in winning the conservatory's first prize on his graduation next

year.

He hopes to be able to study under Vlado Perlemuter, a professor at Paris' National Conservatory of Music who gave the young Canadian several lessons at one of the Jeunesses Musicales summer

On Sunday

He is to play the first move-ment of the Schumann Con-

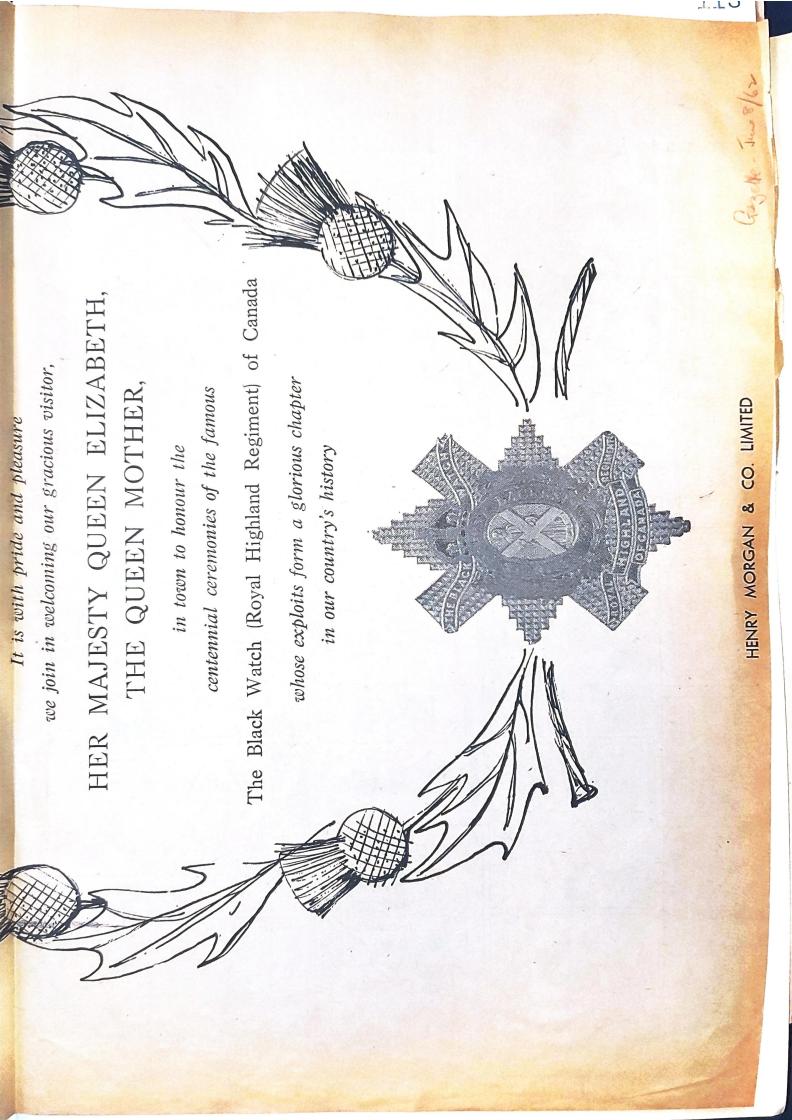
The son of Capt, and Mrs. Francois Savard, of Montreal, Claude began studying the piano at the age of 8 under

Conservatory of Music and served his apprenticeship under six piano teachers.

He attended two summer study camps sponsored by Les Jeunesses Musicales at Mount Orford, in Quebec's Eastern Townships, and appeared frequently in recitals or as a piano solist with orchestras.

Claude's future plans call for four or five years' study in





The Montreal"

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1962

Queen Mother Cap



This close-up of the Queen Mother was taken by Montreal Star photographer Mac Juster after her

arrival at N

tivates City

Warm Smile Vins Acclaim Of Thousands

St. James Street Extends Ticker-tape Tribute

the smiling Queen Mother won warm acclaim everywhe she went in Montreal today.

The tight schedule set for the Royal visitor during her

citytay was thrown off by several minutes as thousands surs around her car in the downtown district at noon.
iding in an open convertible, the Queen Mother
smil and waved at the crowd.

Thenthusiasm of the greet-ings nged from a shower of tickcape from big buildings on 3 James street, to inter-rupti of the motorcade's progressarlier along Sherbrooke stree

Stree
A oup of Greek-Canadian child prevailed on the Royal guest have her car stopped a mom so a little girl could handr some flowers.

Fr City Hall, hundreds of peoplfrom all walks of life greed her enthusiastically both the Hall of Honor and outsion Notre Dame street, where Queen Mother was drivelong St. James street and Bleury to the Black Watchmory. and Bleury.

Crowds Grow

At armory, the grim, stone-ck fort of a building, anoth 3,000 were waiting for the ro visitor. The also broke into loud

Thealso broke into loud applay and cheering as the Queenother drew up.

An man guard of honor. wearithe kilted Black Watch unifor and standing with brilliar - polished bayonets fixed their rifles, snapped into a al salute as the Queen Motherft the car.

Whilhe Queen Mother inspected guard of honor and c'atted riefly with some of is merers, the crowd on the dewalheross the street broke hrough the police barricade and mod forward 25 feet before beg brought under control agai.

ore beg brought under control agai.

The usen Mother then turned t enter the armory—freshly iolished and painted for the pyal visit—but paused in the bg, arched doorway to wave to he crowd.

She looked up at an eight-storey office building across the street where secretaries and office workers were watching from almost every window.

Additional pictures and stories on the visit of the Queen Mother will be found on Page 25.

Met By Colonel

Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, met the 10-car motorcade and its escort of Montreal Police Department

M on the all Police Department motorcycle constables and scar-let-coated RCMP officers.

As the Queen Mother stepped from her car,: Brig.: Blackader presented Lt. Col.: D. J.: Mc-Govern, commanding officer of the 3rd Battalion.

The growd cheered and clap.

The crowd cheered and clapped as the Queen Mother inspected the guard. Strips of paper fluttered to the sundrenched pavement from adjoining buildings.

It was shortly before noon when the Queen Mother entered the armory for a 90-minute visit.

Thousands of Montrealers got the first sight of the Royal visitor late yesterday, when her four-jet DC-8 touched down at Montreal International Airport. Thousands more saw her when her motorcade rolled through rush-hour traffic to her down-town hotel suite.

Despite the 23-year absence, the Queen Mother was immediately at home when she stepped out of the Trans-Canada Air Lines aircraft two minutes after. Thousands of Montrealers got

Lines aircraft two minutes after

See ROYAL-Page 4, Col. 1

City Hall Visit Stirs Memories

By WILLIAM WARDWELL

The memory of a king and a mayor who loved to sing Alou-ette together was recalled by the Queen Mother today.

The warmth of the mayor of yesteryear — King George VI's friend Camillien Houde — glowed again in Mayor Jean Drapeau.

He had helped the Royal visitor combat a tight schedule of engagements by seeing her "grandmotherly shopping" was

"grandmotherly shopping" was done for her.

The Queen Mother smiled and raised her hands in delight as the gifts were presented: a pair of ice-hockey skates for Prince Charles, a pair of white-booted figure skates for Princess Anne, six books and six records of fairy tales—half in French, half in English—for little Prince Andrew, and a ceramic, foothigh RCMP officer for sixmonth-old David, the Viscount Linley, son of Princess Margaret and the Earl of Snowdon.

For the Queen Mother herself: an enamelled copper wall platter, which was made by Quebec craftsmen.

225 Special Guests

225 Special Guests

225 Special Guests

"I assure you I shall not forget my visit to Montreal in 1962," Her Majesty told the mayor, Mrs. Drapeau and 225 special guests in City Hall's banner'-draped, flower-decked Hall of Honor.

Several hundred people crowded in front of the City Hall's main entrance to cheer the Queen Mother as she entered and left.

She spoke to her City Hall hosts in both English and fluent French as she expressed her formal thanks. Afterwards, she and the mayor and Mrs. Drapeau chatted gaily in both languages.

The Queen Mother wore a light yellow dress with long drapes front and back, a large toque with organza flowers of the same tone, and white accessories.

Mrs. Drapeau wore a light

Mrs. Drapeau wore a light blue crepe dress with a blue coat, a large white hat and white accessories.





It was a ticker tape reception for the Queen Mother as the motorcade made its way along St. James street fol-

lowing the City Hall reception. Mrs. Chantal Gravel sizes up pile tossed from one office window.

Visit Royal

(Concluded from Page One)

9

it eased to a stop-precisely on time at 5 p.m. after a flight of

time at 5 p.m. after a flight of seven and a quarter hours.

Pausing only to raise her white-gloved right hand in greeting to the dignitaries edging the red carpet and the hundreds of people packing the terminal building's terraces, the Queen Mother moved down the stairway, onto Canadian soil.

So, under bright sun and cloud-dappled sky, began Her Majesty's nine-day visit to Canada.

Majesty's nine-day visit to Canada.

As Colonel-in-Chief of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, the Queen Mother is here to take part in celebrations of the regiment's 100th birthday.

And among the first Canadians to see her were 100 men of the regiment's 3rd Battalion who formed the Royal Honor Guard.

who formed the Royal Honor Guard.

At the foot of the aircraft ramp, the Queen Mother was received by Governor-General Georges Vanier and Mrs. Vanier, and Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker. Then she was escorted by the Governor-General 40 feet down a strip of red Carpet, onto a dais, and presculed to Brig. K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, Colonel of the Black Watch, and Brig. J. Aird Nesbitt, her Canadian equerry.

equerry.
Then, in their dark green dress uniforms, the honor guard slapped into Present Arms, and the regiment's brass band struck up God Save the Queen.
From behind an airport building to the left of the honor quard, a four-gun troop of 34th Field Regiment, Royal Canadian Artillery, began pounding a 21-gun Royal Salute.

Then Capt. T. E. Price, the honor guard commander presented himself to Her Majesty, and, with Brig. Blackader and Brig. Nesbitt, they began an inspection of the 100 men, drawn up in two ranks with the afternoon sun rippling along their lines of fixed bayonets.

As the inspection party passed

atternoon sun rippling along their lines of fixed bayonets.

As the inspection party passed through the ranks, Her Majesty stopped frequently to talk to bemedalled men. The regiment's pipe band and brass band, drawn up on the right of the line, played slow marches: The Skye Boat Song and The Red Hackle.

As the bands played and the guns boomed, the watching crowds on the roof of the terminal building watched the pageantry in silence.

But a crowd of about 70 reporters, and photographers with still and movie cameras, bustled around the edges of the rigid lines of killed men.

The inspection over, Majesty and her escort walked back to the dais, where she was presented to a line of dignitaries that included Quebec Lieutenant-Governor Paul Comtois and Mrs. Comtois; Montreal Mayor Jean Drapeau and Mrs. Drapeau; Dorval Mayor John Pratt and Mrs. Pratt; Maj-Gen. F. J. Fleury, commanding Quebec Army Command, and Mrs. Fleury; Air Commodore H. B. Harvey, commanding St. Hubert RCAF Station, and Mrs. Harvey; Commodore C. J. Dillon, senior naval officer for the Montreal area, and Mrs. Dillon; Mrs. K. G. Blackader; senior officers of the Black Watch; and the crew of the aircraft which the Royal party had left less than 20 minutes earlier.

party had left less than 20 minutes earlier.

After the last VIP had been presented and had moved on, the Queen Mother and Brig. Blackader stepped into a closed limousine, and, with five other cars, moved out in line for the 40-minute drive to the Queen Elizabeth Hotel.

On the wide highways from Dorval to downtown Montreal, already becoming traffic-cloged with homebound traffic, the Royal party was cheered by Royal party

her off the aircraft: Lady Jean Rankin and the Hon. Mrs. John Mulholland, ladies-in-waiting; Sir Martin Gilliat, private secre-tary; Capt. Alastair Aird, equerry; and Brig. Nesbitt, who joined the staff for the Cana-dian visit.

joined the staff for the Canadian visit.

As the Royal motorcade moved closer to the heart of Montreal the crowds lining the streets grew thicker.

From Metropolitan boulevard, the cars moved on to Upper Lachine road, Cavendish street, then to Sherbrooke street and, finally, MeGill College avenue and the side entrance to the Queen Elizabeth Hotel.

Around the hotel's main

Around the hotel's main entrance on Dorchester bou-levard, a packed crowd of be-tween two and three hundred people waited for the Royal visitor they did not see, because Her Majesty's party went in to the hotel through the under-ground entrance off McGill

ground entrance off McGill. College.

At the hotel's lower-level en trance, Brig. Blackader presented Hotel General Manager Donald Mumford and resident manager R. K. Groome to the Queen Mother.

Then Her Majesty stepped into an elevator and was carried to the 20th floor and the Royal Suite — in the process, breaking a habit she had formed on other Canadian visits, when she had stayed aboard a Royal train.

There were no official functions for the Royal visitor last night. After the tiring trans-Atlantic flight and the fast-paced arrival, she spent the night in her suite.

night in her suite.

HALL

(Concluded from Page One)

iberty of once again expressing

therty of once again expressing hese same sentiments today, when you have returned to our tity to enhance the celebration of the centenary of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada.

"We are all rejoicing in this example of faithfulness and we wish to thank you with all our hearts because this emphasizes the eminent virtues which have marked your illustrious family and which will continue to assure the prestige of the British Crown throughout the world "The people among whom you are now present share with Your Majesty the most binding ites of moral and human virtues and this explains the pride and joy which we now feel in welcoming you."

Lasting Memories

Lasting Memories

Lasting Memories

The mayor said the city retained lasting memories of other Royal visitors, including Queen Elizabeth, and wished the Queen Mother to express Montreal's message of affection to the Queen and her children. The memory of the late King George and the late Mayor Houde singing together was invoked as the Queen Mother walked along the marbled corridor from the Hall of Honor to the mayor's office.

She noticed a picture of Mayor Houde on the wall and immediately identified it.

"That is Mayor Houde," she told Mrs. Drapeau. "I remember how the King and he sang Alouette together after a dinner when we visited Montreal in 1939."

The Queen Mother said Princess Anne loved to skate and

The Queen Mother said Prin-cess Anne loved to skate and vould be "delighted" by the ity's gift.

Royal Visitor Back After 23 Years

visited the U.S. Ottawa and Hull. The years have been kind, too, since the Royal Tour of 1939.

Other things were different. Like the size of the glittering DC-8 from which she emerged. And, as in 1954, she was in a sense alone despite her house-hold retinue.

Her husband, the Duke of York who became George VI in 1937, died in February 1952. They visited Canada together two years after his coronation. The 100-man guard of honor was at its precise best as the Royal visitor faced it from a grey dais behind which government and military dignitaries stood. As the echoes of the Royal Salute by band and guns died away, the guard commander reported crisply to the woman who is the famous regiment's Colonel-in-Chief; "Captain Price, Your Majesty, of the Royal Guard, 3rd Battalion Royal Highland Regiment; ready for Your Majesty's inspection."

The Queen Mother, in her tailored dress and coat of hyacinth mauve tussore and toque of draped mauve risille, and the captain led the inspecting party up and down the ranks. The Royal Salute — God Save the Queen — was followed by passages from "Highland Laddie."

Two Selections

Two Selections

Two Selections

The military band played the waltz-like "Skye Boat Song," then came the skirl of the pipes in "The Red Hackle."

Her Majesty smiled throughout, She chatted with her escort and stopped to speak with the kilted soldiers standing rigidly at altention.

The Royal smile was infectious as the "Mum" of British children (they call her as they do their mothers) met and shook hands with the assembled dignitaries.

She spoke French in reply to Major Jean Drapeau's words welcoming her to Montreal.

"C'est une journee magnifique," the Queen Mother said.

"Elle est tout a fait charmante," Mme. Drapeau remarked afterwards. ("She is completely charming.")

Not even the Rt. Hon. John Diefenbaker, obviously under the strain of a hectic election campaign, was immune from the charm the Queen Mother exuded. As she chatted with him his previously-solemn features broke into a smile that was almost a chuckle.

The Queen Mother was obviously not merely going through the motions. She noticed immediately that two mayors and their wives had been presented. The other couple was Dorval Mayor John Pratt and Mrs. Pratt.

It had been 23 years since the Queen Mother visited Montreal but it took mere minutes yesterday for her to gently captivate it anew.

The serene Royal widow, mather, and grandmother, smiled her almost-shy, world famous smile and raised her right hand in her world-famous hittle wave of 'hello' as able stepped onto the aircraft ramp in Dorval.

The cheering was on, The Queen Mother, who will be 62 in August, was a picture of health and buoyant spirits. Hundreds of people lining the long galleries of the international terminal building sent waves of appliause to her across 100 yards of wind-swept farmac and over the heads of green-jacketed guard-of-honor men from the Black Watch Regiment of Canada.

A battery of press and Ty cameras recorded the historic excasion. Many thought that the "Mother with the smile that never sets" looked much the same as in 1954, when she visited the U.S., Ottawa and Hull. The years have been kind, too, since the Royal Tour of 1939.

Other things were different, Like the size of the glittering

Queen Mother Changes Plans

At Her Majesty's own request, arrangements for the Queen Mother's departure this morning from the Queen Elizabeth Hotel at the end of her visit to Montreal have been altered altered.

altered.

Instead of leaving via the lower lobby (the private entrance to the hotel she has used while here) she will leave from the main lobby onto Dorchester Blvd., at 10 a.m. today. Then she stops briefly at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital on her way to Montreal International Airport, Dorval, where she will emplane for Ottawa.

Royal Sale

SANDRINGHAM Eng-land (AP) Queen Eliza-beth began selling vege-tables to her subjects yesterday for charity.

Atthough she probably could have got truple the prices charged, the Queen gave orders to keep the prices modest.

So, reval cucumbers went for one shilling six-pence such, and mush-looms for rour shillings a pound. pound.

The vegetable stand did a rearing trade.
Two days a week from June until September, Sandringham is opened to the public. Admission charges also go to char-

Sandringham is the royal family's 15,579-acre estate near this town in county Norfolk.

The Graciousness Of The Queen Mother

The visit to Montreal of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother has been marked by the graciousness and the human understanding that were to be expected. There has been a warmth and happy ease to all her public ap-pearances. The Queen Mother has a quick ability to see the need of the moment and always to do the right

moment and always to do the right thing.

This was seen at the luncheon on Friday given in her honor by the Province of Quebec, The Queen Mother was presented with a brooch of special design to represent the spirit of the province. At once, before all present, she removed the brooch she had been wearing and replaced it with her new sift.

gift.

This instinct for doing the right and gracious thing was seen just after the ceremony of presenting the colors to the Black Watch at the Percival Molson Memorial Stadium on Saturday afternoon. The Queen Mother was being

driven around the stadium in an open car. As she passed along the south side, the high concrete wall that rises before the seats begin hid her from the view of many of the spectators. At once she stood up in the car that as many as possible inight see her as she

It is such quick decisions as these, in which no dignity is lost, but a spon-taneous considerateness is shown, that have won for the Queen Mother such

have won for the Queen Mother such true affection.

This visit has been a memorable one also because of the thoughtfulness and theroughness with which each of the many events has been planned and carried out. The reception at City Hall, the luncheon given by the Province, the dinner given by the City, and the stirring spirit and precision of the Black Watch at the presentation of their new colors—all these, and the other events, have mingled with the Queen Mother's own kindliness and alert interest to make this a visit to remember.



QUEEN MOTHER INSPECTS THE BLACK WATCH

Queen Mother Elizabeth, who arrived in Montreal yesterday to begin a Canadian visit, inspects the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of which she is Colonel-in-chief. She will present the Also Fage (I).

Canadian regiment with its colors in a ceremony Saturday. Her visit will archive four days in Ottawa beginning Monday. (See Also Fage (I).

Welcome By Ottawa Monday

The Queen Mother will be given a roaring welcome by 11,000 public and separate school children at Lansdowne Park Monday noon.

The Queen Mother, accompanied by Governor General George Vanier, will arrive at the northeast gate at Lansdowne at 12.30 p.m. and drive around the track clockwise so the children in both the south and north stands can get a good look.

While the children wait for her arrival they will be enter-tained by the RCMP Band.

Mayor Whitton will leave Uplands with a special escort ahead of the royal party to greet Her Majesty in front of the dais at Lansdowne.

Mayor Whitton will present the chairmen of the public and separate school boards. She will deliver a civic welcome to the Queen Mother and the Queen Mother will speak to the Ceremony Highlights

Other highlights of the brief ceremony will include the singing of God Save the Queen in English and O Canada in French. the presentation of serolls of welcome in English and French by Brian Lackey of Broadview School and Louise Boisvert of Barrette School. The children in the north stand will also flash a huge WELCOME sign in colored cardboard.

Most of the children will be from Grades 5 and 6 with some Grade 7 and 8 pupils from the schools within walking distance of the park. Children from special classes will also attend.

The Queen Mother will drive around the track as she leaves so that the children in the south side stand can have a second look and will then leave via the northeast gate on her way to Government House.

The general public will have good chance to see the Queen Mother on her drive from Uplands to Rideau Hall Monday, when she places a wreath at the National War Memorial Tuesday noon, when she goes to City Hall-for luncheon Thursday and when she leaves from Uplands Friday morning.

Few Get Any Chance To See Queen Mother

MONTREAL (CP) — Queen Mother Elizabeth had only a brief look at Canadians Thursday and a number of them had less than a brief look at her. The Queen Mother was whipped through a precision-timed series of events after she flew into Montreal to begin a pine-day visit.

nine-day visit.

She arrived on a regularly-scheduled DC-8 jet flight of Trans-Canada Air Lines, having a smooth trip under bright

clouds at Montreal and she noted: "It looks a little like rain," as she stepped off the plane, adjusted her lavender-colored hat, flashed her world-famous smile and walked down the ramp to be greeted by the official welcoming party.

official welcoming party.

First to greet her were Governor-General and Mine. Vanier, then Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker. Quebe clieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Comtois, Premier and Mrs. Jean Lesage of Quebec, and Mayor Jean Drapeau of Montagel and Mrs. Drapeau. real and Mrs. Drapeau.

Fire A Salute

A 21-gun salute was fired during the welcoming cere-mony and the spick, ramrodbacked band of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada bag-piped the opening bars of God Save the Queen.

The royal standard was snapped open on its temporary flagstaff.

The Queen Mother quickly inspected the 100-man guard of honor of kilted Black Watch soldiers, her regiment. She is colonel-in-chief of the regiment and is to present it with new colors Saturday.

About 2,000 people lined the balcony of Montreal's airport terminal building for the cere-mony, which lasted only about

20 minutes. Several flags—Union Red Ensigns, and the Quebec provincial fleur-de-lis — hung along the Queen Mother's route

to the city.
At the Queen Elizabeth Hotel the Queen Mother's procession ducked into an underground passageway leading to the parking entrance, downstairs



La reine-mère remet de nouvelles enseignes aux "Black Watch"

Le régiment des "Black Watch" du Canada a reçu di-manche de nouvelles enseignes des mains de son colonel en chef, la reine-mère Elisabeth.

La reine-mère a demandé aux représentants des trois régiments de chérir les couleurs qu'elle leur remettait. Elle a déclaré qu'elle avait confiance qu'ils les "garderont loyalement et les défendront bien".

Peu après, le colonel du ré-giment, K. G. Blackader, a re-nouvelé son serment d'allé-geance à la couronne et à la reine-mère.

Plus de 22,000 personnes s'é-taient rassemblées au Stade

McGill pour assister à ce spec-tacle.

McGill pour assister à ce spectacle.

La présentation de nouvelles couleurs au régiment des Black Watch, qui célèbre cette année son centenaire, est une des principales fonctions de la reine-mère au cours de son voyage de neuf jours.

La cérémonie fut haute en couleurs. Les soldats en kilts éclatants défilèrent dans le stade aux applaudissements de la foule. Le régiment est entré au stade au son des cornemuses et des tambours.

Ensuite, la reine-mère a passé la troupe en revue à bord d'une jeep spécialement équipée pour l'occasion.



A L'ILE STE-HELENE — Dans une toilette étincelante, la reine-mère Elisabeth est arrivée au restaurant Hélène-de-Champlain, sur l'île Ste-Hélène, où elle est l'invité d'honneur à un banquet offert par la ville de Montréal. Le maire et Mme Jean Drapeau reçoivent la souveraine à son arrivée. (Voir nouvelle, page 9.)

First Hundred Vears Of The Black Watch

The Ottawa Citizen

Gained At Ypres Battle Baptism

In the First World War, per-haps the action most vivid in the memory of Black Watch veterans is the Second Battle Ypres, Here the regiment fire and the world's first taste got its first real baptism of

On April 21, 1915, three companies of the 13th Royal High-

Mortar Men

Heaviest Hit

In the Dieppe Raid of July, 342, Canada's Black Watch suffered terrible casualties.

At Dieppe

A mortar party - one of the to make it to the beach

were detected and thrown through Canadian lines bu

St. Julien, L/Cpl. Frederick Fisher of the 13th Machine Here on April 23, 1915, near Gunners became the first Canashore and was in action for several hours until ordered to under Sgl. A. J. Oxley, got Lacking boats, the men tried

adian to win the Victoria Cross

More shelling, more gas, more enemy attacks, serious casualties-12 officers and 444 ans held firm and saved the other ranks-but the Canadi-- posthumously. to swim out to the destroyers but were washed back to shore After eight hours severe fighting, the Canadian invad-ers were driven back and had taken prisoner.

Three of the Black Watch were killed, eight missing, 17 per cent casualties.



RESPLENDENT IN REGIMENTAL REGALIA

of Canada are captured in this picture of a regimental trio. Black Watch bandsman and Capt. G. S. Morrison of Ottawa Left to right are Pipe Major Bill Magennis of Guelph, 1st and Hallfax, adjutant of the 1st Black Watch. The rich colors of the traditional uniforms of the Black Watch Battalion, Pipes and Drums; Lt. H. C. Eagles of Woodstock

Ceremonial Weekend For Centennial

The stirring story of the Montreal regiment which this of Canada-is unequalled in year celebrates its 100th anniversary-the Black Watch

> This was only one of many battles in the First World War in which the Black Watch added lustre to its glorious history.

situation from disaster.

the year,

welcomes Her Majesty Queen Ellea-Montreal, at Camp Gagetown and in Germany, there will will be in Montreal on thus be very special occasions to The apex of the celebration She this year is celebrating weekend when the city mark this anniversary. beth, the Queen Mother

units have received new colher 25th anniversary as Cal-onel-in-Chief of the Royal

and district from June 11 to 15 for a series of functions,

Montreal, Her Majesty' will pre-On Saturday afternoon June 9th, at the Molson Stadium in sent new colors to all three battalions of the Black Watch in Canada. This will be the first time that all three of its

As the Black Watch march-

es by with its new colors, emblazoned thereon will be the names of the regiment's and Amiens, Arras, Passeben-dacto and the Pursuit of Mens; Bourgebus Ridge and the Scheddt, The Rhinoland, Walgreatest battles, now part of Canada's brief but spectacu-Julien and the Somme. Viny lar history-South Africa, S.

parent regiment, The Black Watch of Scotland, formed in 1739 as The Highland Regi-Montreal's illustrious kilted egiment, The Black Watch ed on Jan Jl. 1862 With a regiment, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, was foundlong and colorful record of its proud of its affiliation with the own, the regiment is justly

that its members would wear kilts. To avoid clan jealousies among chieftains of different chosen, now the Black Watch lands and it was specified The Scottish regiment was organized to police the High

or Royal Highlanders The Royal Highland Regn

ter will not be written To mark the centennial Canada a special history has been written by Col. Paul Hutchison, prominent Montreal lawyer who is a veteran of the regiment. As the final chapuntil after the visit of the Queen Mother this weekend, publication



Col. Paul Hutchison

As A Defence First Formed Against U.S.

Interview Of Col. Paul Hutchison And Preparation Of Material By Citizen Staff Writer Fred Inglis

tartan and its duty to watch or guard the Highlands. ent tartan, that of the Royal that its pipers wear a differ-It was only in modern time Black Watch (RHR). It is be cause it is a Royal Regime title was changed to

of the Commonwealth, outside Family, Royal Stewart." The Canadian branch of the Black Watch family is one of the oldest of our country and

arrive there had raised large most British regulars on duty in Canada had been withdrawn Inted States Civil War was When it was formed in 1962



BEARD AND BIRTHDAY CAKE

Pioneer Sergeant Samples Slice Of Regimental Cake

At Close

Among the 50 savage engage-ments in which the B1 a ck Watch of Canada Gught in the Second World War, the Battle of St. Andre on July 25, 1944

The work's fighting had cost The Royal Haghanders 25 of-free casualtus, 23 battle casualtus, 23 battle casualtus of whom 120 were hillbed, oddy sta officers and 236 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus casualtus were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were jeft of the casualtus and 250 other ranks were per of the casualtus and

ed to press forward against an enemy armed with dug-in lanks, heavy guns, morfars, machine guss and suipers in the wheat fields. They met a withering fire at point blank range and few escaped Only a few were reserved and others were found alain in grouns — an officer surrounded by his g at II a n! was one of the bloodiest The Black Watch were order-Range Death

BAGPIPERS AND DRUMMERS FORM CEREMONIAL '100'

CEREMONIAL PARADE

Guard Of Honor Leaves N.B. Legislature

ions were raised as well as the overstrength 2nd Veter-A 3rd and 4th milita battally was also mobilized for the active force.

After the war, the regiment

took part in the Dieppe Raid.
When the invasion of the
Continent came, the 1st Bart
talion was soon in the thick
of the fighting.
M. St. Andre during the
Caen-Falsie offensive, It st-

tacked up a slope against was soon built up again with the reinforcements the regi-ment had raised back in Monannihilated. But was sent out to Soulanges to defend the vital St. Lawrence was declared.

With the declaration of war, the 1st Battalion was mobilized for active service over-

regiments including the Black Watch, each supplying a com-pany, but continuing to wear to raise a new Canadian bri-gade group for the former, and in 1952 another for the UN in both Germany and latter. For each, a new high with five Canadian Highland land battalion was In 1951 it was Again hundreds of honors came to its members and 20 more battle honors were add-During those years of 1939-

than 5,000 men and over 500 officers to the active army, 68 of the latter reaching the rank of lieutenant-colonel on It had trained 200 wartime

ed to the regimental list.

tion problems and as a result, it was decided at Ottawa to redesignate the 1st and 2nd Canadian Highland battations ings involved real administra This and inter-company pos its own individual uniform.

school in Montreal, most of whom returned from the wars

second-lieutenants in its own

active service.

Montreal is proud of its two regular army battalions and their regimental depot. heir regimental depot. In Montreal, the 1rd Black as Black Watch units.

the regiment was reduced to one battallon but continued to build up its strength with

young recruits to be trained

After the Second World War,

in the rank of major.

Watch continues to carry on as a militia unit. Today it is not easy to obtain recruits for part-time soldiering, due to more prosperous times and

Again the chance for fullwhen the international situ-ation became critical and Can-ada undertook military com-mitments for NATO and the time service overseas came by its veteran officers NCO's of the war period.

talions at the front and its own reserve battalion (20th Re-serve Bn. RHC) in England, 13, 42nd and 73rd Canadian, all of which served with dis-tinction in France and Fland It was the only Canadia As a result, a number of new Canadian units were form-ed to defend Canadia. One of these was the Canadian regi-ment now celebrating its cen-

Advertise Royal Light mindle

take part in these and other in the wark

fought at different times in the battles of the Somme and in 1917, all three attacked simultaneously up the slopes The new unit was first call-ed the Royal Light Infantry. To the six original companies was added the following year, Black Watch tartan and red hackle. Gradually all compana Highland Company wearing

for reinforcements and casual-In 1916 all three battalions

> ies were clad in Highland uni-form and by 1883 all were earing the kilt. In 1905 the regiment was officially affiliated with the Black Watch of Scotland and

During the First World War

of Vimy Ridge.

remained a part of the Canadan Mittal for 45 years. It
has always had close ties with
the parent regiment.
The regiment's great opportunity bovever came during
the First World War. For that
campaign it raised and sent

about 12,000 Canadians served with these three Black Watch battalions. More than 2,600 were killed, over 6,000 were wounded and 821 were decoroverseas three battalions,

honors were granted to the Royal Highlanders of Canada.

members were awarded the Victoria Cross and 26 battle

ated for gallantry. Six of their

Ranks After War Young Men Join

ans Reserve Company.

One company of the 1st Battalion and its mortar platoon veteran became its senior of-ficers and NCO's, and many carried on its part time sold-iering in Montreal. Its war younger men jomed its ranks.

waterway, even before war

When war came again is 1939, it was ready to mee every call. Its 2nd battalio

During the Northwest Eur-

ope Campaign, the bariation fought some 30 ergenments across France, Beigman, Hol-land, and and thio Germany. It suffers what are stad to be the beaviest examines of any must in Field Marchail Monte, genery's 12st Army Grouper, III officers and 1,735 other. ranks ed overseas, in Newfoundland, in the defence of Britain and on the continent.

The 2nd Battalion eventual. Throughout the Second World War, the 1st RHR serv-

Battle Honors For Regimental List



Lt. Thomas Dinesen, left, one of two living members of the 42nd Black Watch Battalion who hold the VC, arrived in Montreal yesterday from Denmark and met the Queen Mother today. RSM P. Page, under whom Dinesen served in World War I.

To Meet Queen Mother Sax- June 8/62

VC Here On Mission

By TONY RASPA

By TONY RASPA

A big man from what he calls a small country. Lt. Thomas Dinesen, VC, writer, civil engineer and soldier, arrived here yesterday from Denmark and today was present when the Queen Mother visited the Black Watch armories on Bleury street.

Lt. Dinesen flew into Montreal via New York—"it's so easy to travel these days"—settled his six-foot-two frame in a small, thin chair at the airport and expounded on the merits of his regiment, the Black Watch.

The 42nd Battalion, he said, "gave me the happiest days of my life."

And they continue to do so.

of my life."

And they continue to do so.

Lt. Dinesen, Danish by
birth of an almost legendary
family in his country, is here
as a special guest of the
Black Watch Association, the
veterans' group, and the veterans' group, and the Queen Mother Sunday morn-ing after church service. Their meeting will be the

Many Memories

He said he is "anxious, pleased and happy. This trip is bringing back many memories of my days with the Black Watch. I am meeting many old friends and I will again have the honor of speaking with the Queen Mother."

He first met her in Eng-

Mother."

He first met her in England at the coronation of the Queen and later at the centenary celebrations of the Victoria Cross award.

Lt. Dinesen is one of two living members of the 42nd Black Watch Battalion to hold the VC, despite his foreign birth and citizenship. He earned the decoration for outstanding valor in World War 1, fighting with the Canadian forces. forces. His history is sprinkled

with enough adventure to fill three lives, beginning in 1917 when he decided to fight for the allied forces and con-tinue a long tradition of dis-tinguished military service in his family.

Legal Snag

He wanted to go to England to enlist in the British forces but couldn't, since the law prevented Danish civilians from doing so. Undaunted, with no reluctance to undertake the sea voyage, he went to New York, enlisted through the Canadian Recruiting Mission, and was attached to a Royal Highland group.

He trained in Montreal and in October, 1917, left for England — as a soldier. Eleven years later, Lt. Dine

sen sat down to write his first book, a collection of short stories based on his observations in the war, thus follow-ing in the footsteps of his sister, the Danish novelist Izae Dinesen, and of his father, who was also a soldier-writer.

His latest book came out two years ago, "The Life View of an Ordinary Man," and he has another one up his sleeve which he may get down on paper after "the next trip home."

Church News Stay June 9/15 **Queen Mother Will** Unveil Window

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, will unveil and dedicate a stained glass window in the church of St. Andrew and St. Paul at the 10.30 a.m. service tomorrow. The window is the first in a series of 10 memorial windows, all designed by Lawrence Lee, ARCA, director of the department of Stained Glass, the Royal College of Art, London, Eng. This one, "The Calling of St. Andrew" has been subscribed by members of the congregation in honor of their familes tion in honor of their familes and others.

Representatives of the Black Watch will attend the service, and Brig. Kenneth G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, Colonel of the Regiment, will Colonel of the Regiment, will read the lesson. The minister Rev. Dr. R. J. Berlis and chaplain to the Third Battalion of the Black Watch, will greet Her Majesty. His sermon will be "For God and St. Andrew." Mr. Justice G. Miller Hyde of the Quebec Court of Appeal is convener of the church's committee on clerestory windows.

Inside Your Gazette Jung/12



The Queen Mother inspects the Black Watch

A busy day in Montreal for a Royal visitor .	page	3
Quebec City TV: two quit BBG	page	10
A new stained glass window in full color	page	17
The Black Watch receives its new colors	page	25

The Queen Mother And The Black Watch

This afternoon Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother presents new colors to the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada. All the majesty of military ritual, all the color of military pageantry

will be seen.

But it will be something far more than a stately ceremony, performed on the smooth green grass, under the fullness of a Canadian June day. The presentation of the new colors will be something that symbolizes, with venerated military tradition, the life and story of a regiment. One hundred years of service to the Crown are being honored service to the Crown are being honored today. And the colors, though new, are wonderfully old: for they will bear the battle honors of the years.

The very fact that these colors are

The very fact that these colors are to be received from the hands of the Queen Mother adds still further to the regiment's history. For they will come from the hands of a Scotswoman, born in one of the most historic of Scotland's castles, whose family through generations have had their part in the battles and glories of the parent Black Watch. They are colors that will come from the hands of the Colonel-in-Chief of the Black Watch of Canada, long honored by the toasts of her regiment, and whose by the toasts of her regiment, and whose own faith and courage, in the best tradi-tion of the regiment, have never been so deeply admired as in time of test and trouble.

The Black Watch of Canada was formed in the year 1862, with the prompt response of true loyalty. Those were anxious days, when the Civil War was being waged to the south, and no one knew what might happen to Canada before that war was over, or in its aftermath. As has been said, the raising of the regiment in Montreal 100 years ago was not unlike the raising of the parent regiment in the Highland glens of the 17th Century. In Scotland the Black Watch was raised by the chieftains who called to their men, and in Montreal the Black Watch was raised by Scotland the Scotland the Scotland the Black Watch was raised by Sc by Scots in positions of leadership in the community who called, also, to their countrymen to join them.

It is this spirit of spontaneous loyalty, the unhesitating rally, the giving

in sacrifice in the fullest measure, pressed down and running over—it is this that has marked the Black Watch of Canada through its hundred years, as it has marked the still longer story of the Black Watch of Scotland.

of the Black Watch of Scotland.

The men at today's ceremonies will carry the Red Hackle, or plume, in their Highland bonnets. This distinction was granted to the Black Watch in 1795, for the gallant counter-attack it made to recover the British guns during the fighting in Holland.

When the Black Watch of Canada became officially affiliated with the Black Watch regiment overseas it was granted the right to wear the Red

granted the right to wear the Red Hackle in its bonnets, and thus to carry the distinctive mark of a Royal High-

lander.

The record of the Black Watch through the First World War was outstanding. The regiment added 26 battle honors to its colors. Twelve thousand men passed through its ranks. Nearly three thousand were killed and more there is the way there wounded. Six than six thousand were wounded. Six of its members were awarded the Victoria Cross and more than eight hundred

were decorated. In the Second World War men of the Black Watch of Canada took part in the initial probing of the enemy's position at Dieppe, and were in the subsequent at Dieppe, and were in the subsequent landings on the Normandy coast. And men of the regiment played their part through the long series of engagements that led to the war's end. Nineteen battle honors were added to the colors by the 1st Battalion. And its casualties were the heaviest of any unit in the whole Commonwealth.

So it is that today's ceremony is greater than the routine of ritual, more than the presentation of flags, with their rich embroidered folds. What is symbolized in these colors is the imperishable part of good men's lives. It is they who have endowed the regiment. And from the Queen Mother's hands, it is their heritage that is handed on, in a spirit of consecration, as the regiment's treasure and challenge out of the past for the anxious years that are to come.

Colors' Presentation Ceremony By Queen Mother On TV, Radio

Black Watch.

Commentators for the ceremony will be Byng Whitteker of Toronto on English television, and Sheridan Nelson and Keith Barry on English radio. The French TV will be handled by Jacques Fauteux and Geralde Lachance and the French radio by Rene Feron and Gilles Moreau.

During the ceremony six sets of colours will be presented — a royal color and a regimental color each of three battalions of the regiment. The First Battalion will

CBC English and French television and radio networks will cover the presentation of new colors by Her Majesty the Queen Mother to three battalions of the Black Watch, Royal Highland Regiment of Canada, here today.

The ceremony, to take place in Molson Stadium will be carried on the CBC English and French and French TV networks, at 2.30 p.m. EDT.

The Queen Mother, honorary colonel-in-chief, will present the new colors in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the regiment founded in Montreal on Jan. 31, 1862, and known then as the Fifth Battalion, Volunteer Militua Rifles of Canada. During the intervening years, the name of the regiment changed eight times until 1930 when it became the Black Watch.

Commentators for the ceremony will be Byng Whitteker of Toronto on English radio. The French TV will be handled by Jacques Fauteux and Geralde Lachance and the French radio by Rene Feron and Gilles Moreau.

During the ceremony six set of colours will be presented—and the French radio by Rene Feron and Gilles Moreau.

During the ceremony six set of colours will be presented—a of the events of the Queen Mother on St. Pale will be produced in Montreal on Jan.

The programs start with the march past the dais where Her Majesty will take the royal asilute.

The programs start with the inspection, the due markets and solve time, and the regiment of the Queen Mother at will march past the dais where Her Majesty will take the royal asilute.

The programs start with the inspection, the due of Auld Lang Syne and regiment for the regiment founded in Montreal on Jan.

After consecration, the Queen Mother on Sunday morning, the service from the drums for consecration by the Queen Mother on Sunday morning, the service from the Church of St. Andrew and St. Pale will be presented—a of the Queen Mother on Sunday morning, the service from the Churc

On the occasion of the unveiling of a memorial window by the Queen Mother on Sunday morning, the service from the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul will be broadcast on Radio Station CJAD at 10.30 a.m. The exclusive broadcast will start at 10 a.m. with Ralph Kirchen describing the orrival of the Queen Mother. At the close of the service of 11.30 a.m., CJAD's announcers will report the departure of the Rayal party.

On the English radio network at 2 p.m., a documentary pro-gram, Salute to the Black Watch, will be heard.



At City Hall, Mayor Jean Drapeau and the Queen Mother examine skates for Prince Charles and Princess Anne.

As these and other gifts were presented, the Royal visitor raised her hands in delight.



The Cueen Mother is greeted at entrain 2 .0 Watch armory on Bleury street by the colone



The Queen Mother shakes hands with Prime Minister Diefenbaker at airport ceremony. Standing next to Mr.

Diefenbaker is Madame Vanier. The Queen Mother stepped out of the aircraft two minutes after landing.



eeted at entrance to the Black v street by the colonel of the

regiment, Brig. K. G. Blackader, and Lt.-Col. D. J. Mc-

Presents For Royal Children

Children of the Royal Family will each have a practical souvenir of their grandmother's visit to Montreal.

The list includes skates, a miniature replica of an RCMP and sets of records and books containing original French.

Canadian fairy tales.

Their mother, Queen Elizabeth, is to receive a huge ceramic platter created by Pierre Leclaire of St. Brune.

A preview of the gifts was given by Mayor Jean Drapeau yesterday.

Today's presentation at City Hall during the reception for

the Queen Mother, included the following articles:
Skates for Prince Charles and Princess Ann manufactured by Daoust et Lalonde.

A ceramic doll of a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, a creation of Mrs. Blanche Dorion-Hutchison for

Blanche Dorion-Hutchison for David, son of Princess Margaret and Viscount Snowdon.

A collection of tales written by Mrs. Lucille Desparois-Danis — known as Tante Lucille — in record and bookform is for Prince Andrew.

One of the records, in French and in English, is a special one introducing the series of tales, see in French and four in English, in spired from French-land and and stories, such as The fittle Boat — Il etait un petit aavire, and The Three Little Ducks. En roulant ma boule, revolunt.

Hotel Has First Royalty By WALTER TURNER
The Queen Elizabeth Hotel, named for the reigning monarch, last night entertained its first overnight Royal guest when the Queen Mother, whose daughter's name the hotel bears, spent the first of several nights there.

In the strict, tradition of regal nunctuality the dark bluesedan bearing the Queen Mother and escort arrived within minutes of six o'clock. Wearing a coat of light purple the Queen Mother alighted, to the salutes of red-coated Mounties, and within minutes was ensconced in the Royal Suite.

Today the hotel files only live forms.

Suite.

Today the hotel flles only two flags — the Canadian ensign from the roof and the Royal standard from the third floor. Following protocol, the standard is raised and lowered as she comes and goes.

A crowd of camera enthusiasts at the hotel's main entrance was disappointed when the Royal cavalcade entered through the sub-level parking area, And an even larger crowd in the main lobby pressing around the escalators was disappointed minutes later when appointed minutes later when Her Majesty, traversing a hun-dred feet of red carpet, mounted the stairs at the west

Queen Mother's Itinerary

The Queen Mother's program today includes a visit to City Hall and a welcome by Mayor Jean Drapeau, members of the Executive Committee and City Council; a tour of the war museum at the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment of Canada) armory on Bleury street; a provincial government luncheon at the Windsor Hotel, and a Black Watch mess diner this evening at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, where she is staying during her visit to Montreal.

TOMORROW

Route:

2.15 p.m.: Her Majesty departs from the Queen Elizabeth
Hotel for the Percival Molson Memorial Stadium.
North on McGill College avenue; east on Sherbrooke street; north on St. Urbain street; west on
Pine avenue; north on des Alarmes road, turning
left to enter the stadium through McGill University property.

2.28 p.m.: Arrives at the stadium.

4.30 p.m.: Departs from the stadium for the Queen Elizabeth

Route: South on des Alarmes road; west on Pine avenue; south on University street; west on Sherbrooke street; south on McGill College avenue to the

4.35 p.m.: Arrives at the hotel

7.35 p.m.: Departs from the hotel for St. Helen's Island.

North on McGill College avenue; east on Sher-Route: brooke street; south on Papineau avenue; east on Lafontaine street; south on Jacques Cartier Bridge and circling St. Helen's Island road.

8.00 p.m.: Arrives at the Helene de Champlain Restaurant

10.45 p.m.: Departs from the restaurant for the Queen Eliz abeth Hotel

East on St. Helen's Island road; north on Jacques Route: Cartier Bridge; east on Lafontaine street; south on Delorimier avenue; west on Dorchester boulevard; north on University street; west on St. Catherine street; south on McGill College avenue to the botel.

11.10 p.m.: Arrives at the hotel



Danish VC Pr ory and ruseum of the EinWatch (Royal Highland Res) ment) of Canada, she chast with the killed and bornedinembers of the honor guard. They smild their replies the Queen Mother entered the grim, stone-block building. Inside, she met Thomas Dissen, of Hilleroed, Desparawho had flown from Cophagen for the occasion. The 69-year-old veteral with Black Watch during the Frim World War. This, he told The Gazets is how he came to join to famous regiment: "I tried to enlist in the Bri ish and American forces but they would'nt take me. "In 1917, I went to the cd States, and, through the Canadian Army recruiting to flee in New York, joined up. "On the way up here from New York, is asked someon what regiment I should join He said, Oh, you must joi the Black Watch." Display Of Gallantry By Lt. Dinesen BY HEDLEY BURRELL Waving to the 1,000-strong crowd, and leaning backwards to flash a smile for office workers in an eight-storey building ncross the street, the Queen

ncross the street, the queen Mother arrived at the Black Watch Armory yesterday. It was 11:54 a.m. She was a few minutes be-hind schedule — but she show-ed no sign of fatigue. Before she entered the arm-



LT. THOMAS DINESEN

Black Watch Mess Dinner

The Black Watch Regime kept the Queen Mother to itself last night. Along with her ladies-in-waiting, the Royal guest of honor attended the colorful mess dinner for officers of the regi-

dinner for officers of the regi-ment.

The Queen Mother and her al-tendants were the only women there among the pipers and hag-gls of the traditionally male ban-quet, attended by 300 officers.

Her Majesty, colonel-in-chief of the Royal Highland Regiment, was piped into the banquet by four pipers.

(Gazette Photo Service)

four pipers.

Brig. K. G. Blackader performed the age-old ceremony of "stomping the haggis" with a highland dirk.

Display Of Gallantry
By Lt. Dinesen
And with them, LL Dinese
withstood ten bours of hand
to-hand fighting, five times it
succession rushed enemy line
alone and, single-handed, pu
enemy machine guns out o action.

action.
With a bomb and a bayone he killed 12 enemy soldiers.
The Queen Mother was show around the Black Watch museum by Col. Paul P. Hutchisor She studied an Italian crossbow dating back to the 14t Century, a display of Britis campaign medals and the fir Victoria Cross awarded to Conadian serviceman in the First World War.
A letter she wrote to Bri

A letter she wrote to Bri Blackader when he comman ed the 1st Battalion during t last war brought back men ries of Canadian-British al ance during the war years.



With Mayor Drapeau at City Hall

Mme Drapeau watches, Golden Book signed



(Gazette

Greeted by Brig. K. G. Blackader, Lt.-Col. D. McGovern at Black Watch Armory



UN. 6-3561 PHOTO SERVICE TO SERVICE

resented To Queen Mother



Large crowd gathers in Dominion Square as Queen Mother arrives at Windsor Hotel



(Gazette Photo Service)

Queen Mother enters for luncheon



(Gazette Photo Service)

With Premier and Mme Lesage

---- BLACK WATCH

Proudest Moment

By Hans Grottke

The Black Watch (Royal Flighland Regiment) of Canada

QUEEN'S COLOUR.



The event will be doubly meaningful for the present-day officers and men of The Black Watch as the new colors are to be presented by the regiment's Colonelin-Chief to highlight the unit's 100th anni-HIS afternoon will mark the proudest moment in the history of one of Canada's most illustrious military units — The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada. At 2:30 p.m. Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, will present new colors to all three battalions of the famed regiment at Molson Stadium in a ceremony as old as recorded history. Two colors will be carried on parade for Her Majesty today. They are the "Queen's Color" and the "Regimental", upon which are emblaconed the battle honors won by the regiment in its glorious

versary.

The Queen Mother

past.

After inspecting the troops on parade, Her Majesty will see the old colors paraded before her in slow time to the tune of "Auld

Lang Sync".
As the colors pass the saluting base, they will be lowered and allowed to fly free so that all may see the glory that has been won in action.

They will be formally laid up in the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul at a later date.
After the Old Colors have left the parade, the drummers of The Black Watch will march forward and pile their drums to form three

altars upon which the new colores to be consecrated and presented will be laid.

Pollowing the consecration. The Queen Mother will present the new

colors to kneeling Subalterns of the regiment. The "Queen's Calors" will be presented first followed by the "Regimental".
When the presentation has been completed, the color parties will return to their places between the

guards, marching in slow time to the National Authern.

The troops will them march past Her Majesty in slow and quick time with the colors flying, referm, and give the ir Colomel-in-Chief three cheers after which the Queen Mother will depart.

A Rallying Symbol

Armitany philosopher once remarked "as go the Colors, so goes the regiment." And down through history.

South African war just before the turn of the century when it supplied the largest individual contingent

The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

REGIMENTAL COLOUR.



A remarked "as go the Colors, down three properties and have rallied to their colors and saved them or died in the attempt for with the colors go the honor of the regiment.

Cross and another 800 were dec-Six won the Victoria wounded.

armory in 1949 destroyed the unit's colors and the 2nd Battallon colors once more became the official

standards

ors were laid away in church. However, a fire in the regimental

Another 10 battle honors will re-

The 21st battle honor will be for the regiment's participation in the and Germany.

of the regiment) of Canada can be fand Regiment) of Canada can be justifiably proud of the new colors it is receiving today for they will be emblazoned with 21 battle homors awarded the unit during 100 years of service to the nation and contain names that will always be part of Canada's history. Trun of the battle homors will recall the First World War when a total of 12,000 men served under the regiment was the only Canadath in the regiment was the only Canadatalions

regiment was composed of two battalions, the 1912 set became the colors of the 1st Battalion while

Nineteen years later, when the

Connaught on Fletcher's Field.

Lord Bestborough presented a new set to the 2nd Battalion. When the regiment was reduced to one atter the Second World War, the 2nd Battalion col-

in action.
Some 3,000 of its members were killed during that bitter four-year struggle, and another, 6,000 were

present the Second World War when the Black Watch fought its way in more than 30 engagements across France, Belgium, Holland orated,

jesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, in her capacity as Colonel. in-Chief of the regiment, presents new ones to all three present bat-talions of the century-old unit. It is this set of colors which will be replaced today when Her Ma-jesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen

Historic Regiment

HE Black Watch (Royal High-land Regiment) of Canada is one of the country's oldest infantry units, having been organ-ized in Montreal five years before Canada ever became a nation.

It is the senior Highland regiment in the Commonwealth outside Great Britain. Through its official and close affiliation with the ancient Black Warteh of Scotland, the Canadian branch of the Royal Highland Regiment has succeeded nobly to uphold the customs, tradition and proud record in both war and peace of the parent regiment.

Today, strangely enough, it is larger in size than the parent unit in Scotland.

much as the parent regiment was in the Highlands of Scotland, by local chieftains of Scottish birth or descent. The Canadian regiment was originally raised in Montreal in 1862,

At that time, there were fears here that the United States might invade Canada upon the conclusion of the Civil War.

From the start, the new Canadan mit was intended to be a Highbard regiment, wearing the tartan and other distinctions of The Black Watch.

In this, it became officially affiliated with the older regiment overseas and was granted the right to wear the Red Hacklet in its bunches, the distinction mark of a Royal Highlander.

In its earlier days, The Black Watch was called on in aid of the Civil Power five times. From 1917-46, it was one of the few Canadian military units to have two battalions and a regimental headquar-

Throughout its long history, it has always been a family unit, as has been the Imperial regiment, with sons and grandsons following in the footsteps of their ancestors within its ranks.

Some old Montreal families of Scottish descent have had as many as 1s to 30 individual members serve with the regiment. Many distinguished Montrealers served for years on its active strength.

turn of the century when it supplied the largest individual contingent

Battallon also served with United Nations forces in the Korean cam-

The regiment received its original set of colors in 1862 from the wife of the then Governor-General,

Lady Monck, in a ceremony in what is now Lafontaine Park. In 1912, these were replaced by a new set presented by the Duke of



Centennial Dinner 1862=1962



FRIDAY the $8 \ensuremath{\text{TH}}$ of JUNE NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-TWO



Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, accom-

of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Can-Hotel last night. ada, held at the Queen El

Queen Mother Will Present Colors in Blaze of Pageantry

By DON NEWHAM Star Stalf Reporter

The Black Watch has been waiting 100 years for this day. And for thousands of civilian Montrealers it will have mem-ries that will probably last as

Under bright sunlight, 700
officers and men of The Black
Watch (Royal Highland Reginent) of Canada will line the
treen of Molson Stadium with
he darker green and scarlet of
heir kilted uniforms to receive
tew regimental colors from
Queen Elizabeth the Queen
Mother, their Colonel-in-Chief.

The two-hour ceremony mark ing the famous regiment's 100th birhtday is the main reason for the nine-day trip to Canada which the Queen Mother began in a blaze of sunlight and color Thursday afternoon.

Since then, Her Majesty, as guest of the regiment has spent most of her time with officers and men of her regiment: visiting their Bleury street armory; dining with the officers at a mess dinner in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel last night—the first time she has dined with her Canadian officers.

But today is the day for the regiment and for the city.
For today's impressive ceremony, at which new colors will be presented to the regiment's three battalions, the 3rd Battalion (Millitia), based in Montreal, will be on parade in full strength, as will the 2nd Battalion, from Camp Gagetown, N.B. But the 1st Battalion, on duty in Germany, will be represented only by a 12-man color party.

Admission to the stadium is

Admission to the stadium is confined to friends and families of the members of the regiment, and dependents of deceased members. All have been issued with tickets.

As the green - uniformed troops go through their ceremonies before the masses of people packing the stadium's seats, their scarlet-clad pipe and drum bands will fill the air with the kind of Scottish music they played to greet their Colonel-in-Chief at Montreal International Airport Thursday.

From the moment when the Queen Mother stepped on to the tarmac to be greeted by

Governor-General Vanier, Prime Minister Diefenbaker, Brigs. K. G. Blackader, colonel of The Black Watch, and others, she has moved through a public schedule studded with the cheers of Montrealers.

Riding in an open convertible yesterday, the royal visitor literally stopped traffic at some points — and was herself stopped once, when a group of Greek-Canadian children asked her to have her car halted on the way to an official meeting with Mayor Drapeau at City Hall. The children wanted Her Majesty to pause so one little girl could hand her a bunch of flowers. She did so — and took the, flowers with a grateful smile.

After the forenoon City Hall visit, Her Majesty went to the fortress-like Black Watch armory on Bleury street — specially sand-blasted and freshpainted for the inspection.

As the 10-car royal motorcade swung to a halt in front of the irmory, crowds packing the side walk on both sides of Bleury street broke into cheers and clapping. Office-workers clustered in the windows of a 10-storey office building opposite

ROYAL

(Concluded from Page One)

(Concluded from Page One)

Queen Mother was driven to the colorful Versailles Ballroom of the Windsor Hotel for a luncheon given in her honor by the province and attended by 400 Quebec dignitaries.

There Her Majesty was presented with a brooch of agate and diamonds in a gold setting.

The royal visitor thanked the premier and told him: "The qualities which give your province special character have made my visit especially enjoyable."

For the lunch, Paul Emile

able."
For the lunch, Paul Emile
Cardinal Leger gave special dispensation for the main course
of roast beef to be eaten on Friday.

Friday.

After 90 minutes, the Queen Mother and her party filed out of the ballroom through the standing crowd of guests, and a string quintet played "Will Ye No Come Back Again?"

It was a sentiment which was reflected by the assembled guests and by the crowds of people who packed the sidewalks outside the Windsor Hotel.

Biggest, Warmest Reception At Black Watch's Ceremony

By HEDLEY BURRELL

The Queen Mother got her biggest - and warmest reception in Canada as she presented new colors to the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada on Saturday.

After a ten-minute visit to Queen Elizabeth Hospital this morning, the Queen Mother leaves for Dorval and Ottawa. She is due to arrive at RCAF Station, Uplands, Ottawa, at 11:50 a.m., when she will be greeted by Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier.

The colorful pageantry of a bygone era came alive in a panorama of military pomp for more than 22,000 Montrealers as Her Majesty inspected the ranks and praised ceremonial marches.

After a ceremony straight out of the history books, the Queen Mother told some 1,000 army personnel from Montreal, Germany and Camp Gagetown, N.B.: "It has given me great

More Stories, Photos On Pages 3 and 8

pleasure to present the colors on behalf of the Queen. "I would like to congratulate

ou for your bearing and smart-ness and for your standards of drill and marching.

ness and for your standards of drill and marching.

"Most of those here are old comrades who have seen service in past wars. To them, I extend a special word of greeting."

She went on: "Since the last war, our regiment has seen many changes; new techniques and new developments have been cheerfully accepted. As always, the Black Watch looked to the future while cherishing the best traditions of the past."

Under sunny skies at Molson Stadium, the ceremony started with the regiment, led by its massed pipes and drums, marching onto the field to be inspected by its colonel, Brig. K. G. Black-uder, and the Queen Mother.

Color parties for the 1st Baltalion came from Camp Gagctown and for the 2nd Baltalion from West Germany, where it is serving with NATO. The 37d Baltalion — a militia outfit — headquarters in Montreal.

After the presentation of the colors, the Queen Mother re-



The Queen Mother is welcomed to the Comedie Canadienne by Pierre Emond, president of the Quebec Music Festivals, and Gratien Gelinos, director of the Comedie Canadienne. Her Majesty attended, last evening, the gala concert of the Quebec Festivals, and later presented awards to winners. (Story on page 10). (Gazette Photo Service)

turned to her hotel and then spent the evening at St. Helen's Island at a dinner given by the

city.
She told Mayor Jean Drapeau
the last time she was in Montreal
she sang Alouette with Mayor
Houde, Mayor Drapeau and the

Queen Mother promptly broke into a duet and other guests joined in.

Joined in.
After dinner at the colonialstyle, city-run restaurant, Her
Majesty left the island for her
hotel, finishing her day-beforethe-public at 11:10 p.m.

At home with the 300 officers and ex-officers of the "Ladies from Hell" was their Colonel-in-Chief. If, as well they might, they told her stories of both world wars, the Korean War — and even the Boer War, for these veterans were present too.

Occasion of course was the centenary of the Black Watch and when the haggis was borne aloft on a cross beam, and the snuff was passed with many "Slainte's," even the most traditional of Scottish noblemen must have felt the Highlands were not in fact

the most traininal of sect tish noblemen must have felt the Highlands were not in fact leagues across the sea.

Her Majesty was piped into the hotel's Grand Salon by four pipers and two drummers. Scheduled to play "Highland Laddie" — transted for the occasion to Highland Lassie" — the pipers came up with "Farell to the Greeks," which the said farewell to nic isles.

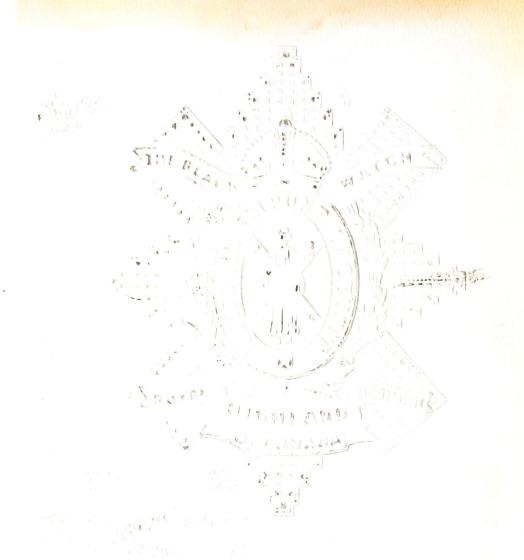
nic isles.

Koyai visitor Enjoys Long Chat With Press

By WILLIAM WARDWELL
The Queen Mother looked a little embarrassed last night.
"I must leave." she said, "I can't keep the Black Watch waiting, can 1?"
It was a remark that apparently endeared her to 200 people she herself asked to meet: the people who help to turn the wheels of day-by-day matter for the newspapers, the radio, the movies and television.

The Royal visitor met them at a reception in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel — and took such a lively interest in their work that a half-hour session of chatting ran into 40 minutes, 45 minutes... and "I must leave."
The Queen Mother spoke French and English during the reception. She had been expected to speak to 10 or 15 people.

She spoke to nearly 100. She wanted to know what they did, for whom, and what difficulties



Presentation of Colours

to

The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

бу

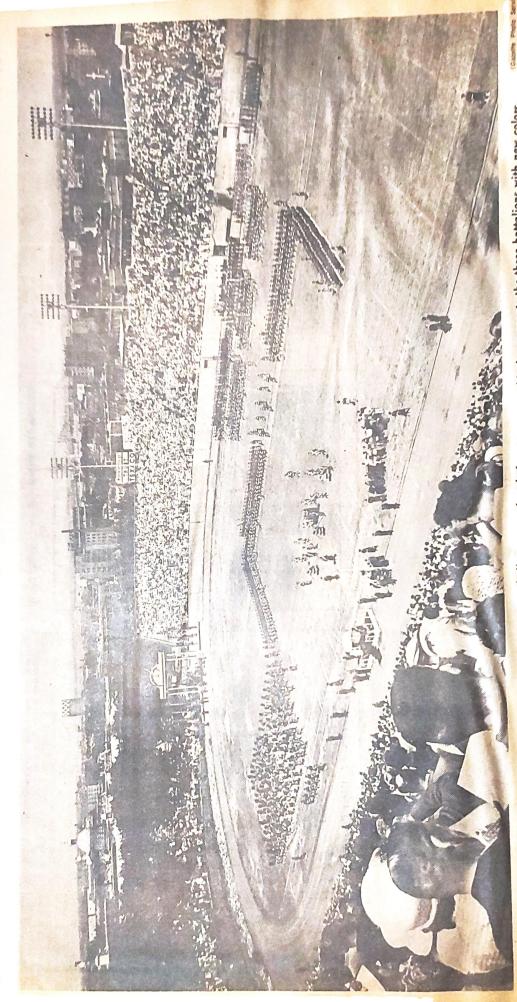
Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother

Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment

Percival Molson Memorial Stadium Mc Bill University, June the ninth nineteen hundred and sixty two

22,000 Watch As Queen Mother Presents Colors To Black Watch Here

THE GAZETTE, MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1962



With a symbolic splash of color, The Black Watch forms a hollow square just before the vineen Mother presents the three battalions with new colors.

Queen Mother Enjoys Colorful Ceremony

While 22,000 shirt-sleeved After a morning's restriction of poperators valided in Saintelay her afteright suppling schedule.

Ever mark, the Queen Mather moon's highing sundaine to prelooking coolly radiant—c. n. sort now colors to the Illack

Montreal Visit.

"What a heautiful day for the

What a beautiful day for the

BY BRUCE GARVEY

ceremony," she smited as she latepard out of her Cadillac at Mosan Stadium as all around, speciators mapped their traws, and it nearly 1,000 soldiers, and 1

cade's, assembled on parade, a survived the disconding of their by beavy everymontal inflorms. It has coeleading blue dress as with wither pure and places, is she smilled through the hour bong everymony without a traver

ege School, Ormocto High

Their slick drill and tlp-top

The Queen Mother presents the now colors, which she urged the regiment to guard and cherish

New colors borne proudly

of balline or remern for the best wave verifier. Balleny but out the need a pure of the second of the returned of but but of the second of the returned of but but of the second of the returned of but but of the second of the s

The chip of 14900 hands ship plug down in right bards crash-ed out across the hashes field, followed by the that of boots hitting the turt as the parade spring to attention:

To a man, the spectators rose to their feet cheering and applanding as the Queen Mother was driven around the ranks in an Arny Jeep.

"Auld Lang Syne" By Band

In slow step, the Black Watch band purated pand the Buyal data phylag, "And Lang Syne" as the Terplanett's old colors were marched off file field. Wills the drams piled before the dats, the Queen Mother—

the dris, the Queen Mother — her parasol open — stepped forward for the highlight of the ceremony.

'Alouette' Sing-Song Marks

Civic Banquet On Saturday

With Tirli, K. G. Blackader, at the heard of the coginent, at the bard of the order of the six trial flugs and present them to the standard bearers. The Stadhard's fallering load-speaker system taded into completely during the service over the now colons. Fortunately the miterophones on the data were in perfect working order and the Queen Andrew was heard load and clear all over the Stadham when she addressed the precked-ordnowly.

In a short speech she recal-led that if was two centuries ago that the Black Walch Iris came to Montroil — as part of an invading army, on this frast visit — in 1700 — the regiment compact in a field that is may in the Cote des Neiges district,

Applause Is Given

Royal Victoria Hospital and Montreal Neurological Institute -- burst into applause at the doctors and patients crowding the windows of the neighboring The crowd-including nurses,

oyal family connections — her Queen Elizabeth smiled as the regimental band struck up "Bonnie Prince Charlie", self and the tune has almost She is of Scottish descent her

CIVIC BANDUET: In regal splender, the Queen Mother pause for a photograph with Mayor and Mrs. Jean Drapeau. She attended a civic banquel at St. Helen's Island on Safurday night.

The men of the Black Watch and cadets from the Black Watch Cadet Corps, King's Col-

School and Bishop's College School came through the cere-mony with flying colors.

appearance were not missed by the royal Colonel-in-Chief — she complimented them on it

during her address.

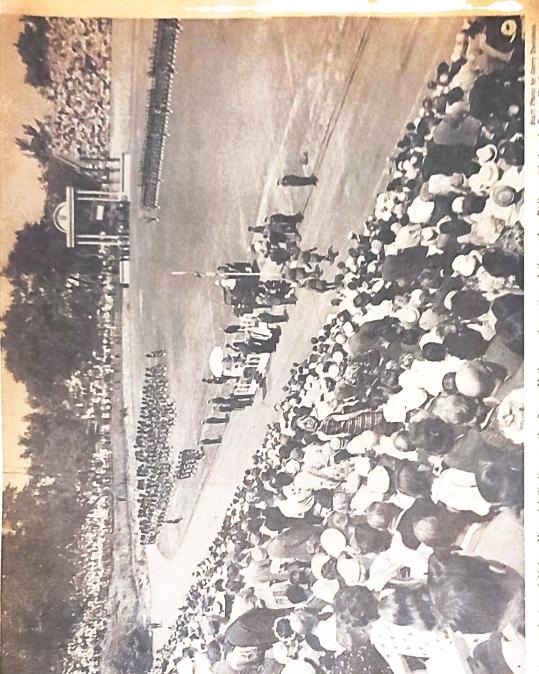
close of her address. (Garette Photo Service) Black Wotch men's "bearing and smartness" won a special compliment from the Queen Mother

Watching her regiment parade

eldest grandchild is Prince (Gazette Photo Service)

The Queen Mother was Music was provided by a freated to a post dancer by misciplere string quarter from the City's accial, financial and the fleath and and a white for stell and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and fleath and a white for stell and fleath and fleath

More than 20,000 watch as the Queen Mother arrives.



38

A general view of Molson Memorial Stadium as the Queen Mother, colone-lin-chief of the Black Watch, moves off in an army jeep for an

inspection of the ranks. Riding with her is Brig. K. G. Bindadde colonel of the regiment. It was a ceremony of color and tradition

Formalitie



A sighlight of the Queen Mother's visit to Montreal was the presentation of new colors to the three battalions of the Black Watch at Saturday's ceremony.



A smile and a wave as the Queen Mother pauses at entrance to the Helene de Champlain restaurant, with Mayor and Mrs. Jean Drapeau, on Saturday night.

Mail Almost Disrupts Arrival at Hospita loval

The Royal Mail almost held p a Royal arrival outside ueen Elizabeth Hospital to-- and left Postmaster eneral William Hamilton With three minutes left efore the Queen Mother's ith a face as red as a letter

front of Mounties.

Nurses and crowds packing the sidewalks gasped.

And the Postmaster And the Postmaster General, turning to look apthe box beside the front door.

The red of the Mounties' jackets spread up from their collars—to the brims of their and Mr. Hamilton standing near the sidewalk with Hos-pital president L. B. Unwin, a red mail truck pulled up in front of two red-coated It was 10:05 a.m.
The mailman burst out of his truck and made a dash for arrival for a 10-minute visit,

But the mailman rushed back again a minute later—with two minutes still to go before the Royal visitor's arprehensively for the Queen Mother's party, turned crim-Hamilton walked over

to cheek the mailbox, mutter ing: "twonder what time that pickup should've been made?" He walked back to Mr. Unwin and said: "The pickup times 9:55."

win. "No, no," objected the PMG. "He's late," said Mr. Un-

-

Smiles are in order as the Queen Mother chats with field officers of the Black Watch at reviewing stand

ceremonies following church service. She later visited the officers' and sergeants' messes.

formalities as soon as the step-ped from her car. A small crowd of people had gathered along the route leading to the island restaurant long before the en-tourage arrived at 8.30 p.m.

Famous Gesture

"We shall never forget this wonderful evening," Mrs. Dra-peau murmured to the Royal visitor when it was over.

in the singing and clapping of three stanzas of French-Canada's

most popular song.

when she followed the lead of Mayor Jean Drapeau and joined mentous evenings in decades of Montreal one of its most Away from the strict regimen the Queen Mother gave the City of parades and formal functions guests to sing "Alouette" with

Saturday night when Her Royal Majesty, the Queen Mother, Joined 300 distinguished "It has been really wonderful for me too," replied the Queen Mother in faultless French." She made it clear that this would be no evening of rtiff

Fun With Figures

By J. A. H. Hunter

Jill's father looked at the money on the table. "You've got quite a lot there," he com-

The now famous light wave of a gived hand, and a warm smile brought a wave of applians from the ollowers, as the Queen Mother walked up the steps. Overhead lights dance of if the damond tiara and eartnigs she wore. A white fur estole dropped casually over here is stole dropped casually over here is boulders and along the sides. "I found two dollars on the sidewalk," the child explained. "I wish it had been

Montreal tion as

played God Save The Queen. The group of nine musicians moved among the diners, the strings of the strolling violinists soaring above the bustle of white-gloved waiters and the

Everyone remained at atten-

got just five times as much as you'd have had if you'd lost two bucks." "You were lucky." Her ther laughed. "Now you've father laughed.

buzz of excited conversation. The Queen Mother immediately began conversing with everyone within earshot, setting the mood for informality, which lasted

Friday's Answer: The diameter of the table How much did she have before her find? (Answer tomorrow)

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, June hearts of the distinguished vis-II — (Reuters) — A 22-mile itors. She had apparently not march in protest against unclear forgatem the lines taught to her weapons ended with a rally at 10 yr the late Camillien Houde, tended by 1,000 people in a Monreal's mayor when she weapons ended with a rally at by the latt tended by 1,000 people in a Munical's public park yesterday. was 50 inches.

But it was her enthusiasm for until the end of the banque which "Alouette"

St. John Ambulance Busy

As 25 Need Treatment

Spirits were willing, but the of the service in the crowded excitement and humid heat took Church of Saint Andrew and their physical toll during week-

LJY

and Ottawa.

Were warners, "Safe Officer Fitzpatrick said the blushed."

And two minutes later the Watch in hamid. Sub-garce heart 120 men were on duty Satur.

Oneon Mother's party pulled at Molson Stadium A sight was 120 men were on duty Satur.

Start Photo by Gerry Davidson Following a brief visit at the Queen Elizab eth Hospital, the Queen Mother walks by a line of nurses to her car for trip to airport - and Ottawa.

ly pointing the way with their blushed."

utes late."

The mail truck moved out swagger sticks.

The mail truck moved out swagger sticks.

Corps Officer J M. Fitz-church steps yesterday but was patrick said nine of the victims unburt. end ceremonies marking the treated after civilians were queen Mothers visit to Mont, by the heat or suffering mild real.

The St. John Ambulance Bri sunstrops at the stadium erregate has night reported a total money. One woman was driven C3 persons treated or taken ently the victim of a phanhome due to fattgue, collapse tack.

A dozen civilians were



The Queen Mother, escorted by Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the Black Watch, strolls around grounds at Quebec Command headquarters, during garden party.

Queen Mother at Garden Party

White Gloves Packed Away, To Show Future Generations

There will be a number of right hand white gloves preserved for posterity, if all the women who shook hands with the Queen Mother, at the Garden Party of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada at Quebec Command Headquarters yesterday, keep their promise to show to their children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren of the

The Queen Mother, wearing an orchid-colored ensemble with matching veiled toque of flower petals, a threestrand necklace of pearls with a ruby clasp, a sapphire and diamond brooch and the Black Watch pin, open toed, open heeled white pumps and elbow length white gloves, was greeted on her arrival by Brig. Kenneth G. Blackader, colonel of the Black Watch, and Mrs. Blackader and Maj.-Gen. Frank J. Fleury, GOC, Quebec Command, and Mrs. Fleury.

Brig. and Mrs. Blackader's daughter, Bridget, 14, pre-sented the royal guest of honor with a bouquet of pink By ETHEL TIFFIN

Mrs. Blackader wore shadow print ensemble in brown and green tones with a velvet hat of leaves in matching shades. Mrs. Fleury was in a black sleeveless dress with a white hat fashioned of roses.

Weather Improved

The weather up to the |. time the garden party was held was extremely doubtful, shower after shower threatening to move it indoors, but from the moment the Queen Mother arrived until she left more than an hour later, only a few drops of rain fell. Just before she left, as she strolled around the garden, remarking on its beauty and admiring the flowers, the sun struggled through the clouds.

From the royal visitor's arrival and long after she had gone, the garden buzzed with comments as to her loveliness and charm.

There were no formal presentations. Instead the Queen Mother on her arrival walked slowly among the guests, offi-cers of the Black Watch,

their lamilies, irrenus and next-of-kin, as well as senior officers of the Medical and Dental Corps and their wives.

The Queen Mother, colonel-in-chief of the Black Watch and of the Medical and Dental Corps, is untiring, relaxed and gracious. All this has been said before during her visit but it was never more apparent than at yesterday's party. She stopped time and time again, not just to say a few words to people present but really to have a chat and she gladdened countless hearts. less hearts.

Numerous guests at the garden party who had seen Her Majesty when she was in Montreal 23 years ago remarked on her unchanged good looks. Her skin still has the same delicate fine porcelain-like texture, her expressive blue eyes are just as remains undimmed.

Proof of the Queen Mother's amazing memory was the fact that she greeted people she had met when she was here in 1939 by name.

An elegant simplicity was the keynote of the dresses and ensembles worn by women guests.

women guests.

There was more than a generous sprinkling of prints, but white and pastels, frequently with matching hats, were predominant. White, quently with matching hats, we're predominant. White, bone colored or light beige shoes were favored and few picture hats were seen. Rather the small or medium size hat was the general

choice although a few chose velvet and ribbon trimmed veil types. Whole flowers and petals were used for some of the prettiest millinery complementing summery dresses. Capt. Grace Ford, attached to Gen. Fleury's staff, wearing the summer uniform of an officer in the Canadian Women's Army Corps, was one of the last people to whom the Queen Mother said goodbye.

"She thanked me," Capt. Ford said, "and said the garden party had been delightful."

The party was given by kind permission of the General Officer Commanding Quebec Command.



The Royal visitor arrived at the garden party at 4.30 p.m. yester among the guests freely, pausing for chats with many



For The Princess: The Queen Mother Elizabeth admires a pair of figure skates presented to her yesterday by the City of Montreal for Princess Anne. During an official welcome at City Hall, Mayor Drapeau said Her Majesty wouldn't have time for any "grandmother shopping" and therefore the city had made the purchases for her. (Gazette Photo Service)

Thousands On Hand For Queen Mother's City Appearance

By BOB HAYES June 9/6/

Queen Mother Elizabeth won the hearts of Montrealers yesterday and it was more than the city's 'finest' could do to hold back the enthusiasm of a noonhour crowd outside the Windsor Hotel.

A dozen Montreal Police officers were hardpressed to keep back a surging throng that surrounded Her Majesty's open limousine as it drew up to the hotel before a luncheon given in her honor by the Province.

Province.

As the car carrying the Queen Mother came down Peel St., a six-deep crowd across from the hotel, broke ranks and blocked the auto — eight feet before it reached the ceremonial red carpet.

Under bright, sunny skies, the pressing crowd sent up a round of cheers and applause. Her Majesty returned a warm smile and a wave of her hand. On the stairs of the hotel, she turned once again to acknowledge the cheers.

cheers.

Earlier she had attended an official welcome at Montreal City Hall and during her drive to the Black Watch Armory she was greeted with a ticker-tape

ON AND OFF

THE RECORD

e DOGS AND DEMOCRACY: Residents of Bale d'Urfe (pop. 4,000) are currently embroiled in a local controversy over whether or not the town council shall impose new restrictions on the town's dogs. A by-law has been given two readings with that in mind, but a third reading and enactment are being opposed. A petition is being circulated asking the town fathers to call for a referendum on the subject, and the petition itself has added fuel to the controversy. Dog-owners charge the council is autocratic in its behavior; dogless residents take a different view. Even the federal campaign is taking a back seat to this tempest in a kennel.

THIS BOOMERANG DID COME BACK: The sometimes frigid air at Fort Chimo, Que., buzzed not long ago to a boomerang which, unlike the one in the recently popular song which wouldn't, did come back. It seems Miss Helen Wiltshire, teacher, appealed to the office of the Australian High Commissioner in Ottawa for visual aids to help teach her Eskimo charges about the land Down Under. Back came a boomerang, along with other aids. To satisfy the youngsters, according to the Northern Star published in that community, Miss Wiltshire had to learn to throw it so it would come back. Enlisting the aid of George Koneak, hunter and guide, Miss Wiltshire practiced at night (so her pupils wouldn't see her) and after arduous sessions of recovering the weapon from snow banks, roof tops, etc., did master the art. As soon at this was demonstrated the natives set to carving boomerangs and, at last report, the air up there was filled with them. Perhaps not as many as mosquitos and black flies, but a lot of them.

e QUOTABLE QUOTES: Don't look for the St. Lawrence Seaway on the 1962 edition of the official Quebec road map published by the Provincial Tourist Bureau. You won't find it... Relatives in Ireland of a man who lived at a Greene avenue address for 30 years were astounded when one of their letters was returned by the post office. It took days for them to learn that it was only another postal error, and in the meantime they feared the worst... Extra souvenir copies of the program for Saturday's color ceremony may be procured from the program committee at the Black Watch Armory for a nominal sum.... It Depends on Where You Sit Dept: Headlines over the same story in the editions of competing suburban weekly journals read "Boy Struck By Bus" and "Boy Hits Bus"... The Montreal Men's Press Club will go to Murray Bay and the Manoir Richelieu Aug. 24-26 for its annual golf tournament.

• PERSON TO PERSON: Thomas Dinesen, V.C., who came from Denmark to attend the Black Watch ceremonies on the weekend, to be honored by fellow-Danes at a luncheon in the regiment's mess today. . . A. M. Vassiliadis, g.m. of the Greek Line, at embarkation of the Arkadia the other day, welcomed aboard a Mr. and Mrs. M. Vassiliadis, namesakes but otherwise strangers . . Miss Alice Harvey of Corby's recovering from surgery in Queen Elizabeth Hospital. . . Fred Belanger, a familiar figure at the Post and Paddock in Miami Beach, has taken over supervision of the dining room facilities at Blue Bonnets for Dominion Sports Service. . . The Ed Berminghams have a new junior photographer, born in St. Mary's Hospital. . . This is the night Solly Mastro receives the N.D.G. Citizen of the Year Award at a Kinsmen's Club gathering at Ruby Foo's.

Humility, Spectacle Mark Day

By WILLIAM WARDWELL

The Queen Mother worshipped at two churches yesterday—a Sunday of both humility and spectacle.

The Royal visitor began it quietly by taking communion in the Chapel of Saint John of Jerusalem at Christ Church Cathedral.

Cathedral.

It was an unscheduled event, arranged by the Queen Mother herself. There were other impromptu incidents, such as the Queen Mother walking into the main lobby of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel Saturday night and having a long chat with some of 800 visiting Shriners from Ontario. She learned about their work, examined and handled a fez and gave the Shriners her warm good wishes. There were ceremonies yesterday that thrilled thousands although it was a day of rain

terday that thrilled thousands although it was a day of rain and wind and little sunshine. The Queen Mother reverently unveiled a Clerestory Memorial Window to Saint Andrew and paid tribute to her own Black Watch of Canada at the Church of Saint Andrew and Saint Paul. There was the March Past at the Roddick Gates, the Queen Mother's visit to the Black Watch armory, the garden party at the Quebec Command headquarters, the Royal visitor's at-

Watch armory, the garden party at the Quebec Command head-quarters, the Royal visitor's attendance at the Comedie Canadienne last night for Les Festivals de Musique du Quebec.

The communion at the Cathedral was private, attended by the Queen Mother and only two others of the Royal party. The Celebrant was Very Rev. R. K. Maguire, Dean of Montreal. He and his warden, Robert J. Eastman, met the Royal visitor at the door at 8.45 a.m. for the service that lasted 20 minutes. "The Queen Mother expressed her appreciation and signed the distinguished visitors' book before leaving," Warden Eastman said.

The Queen Mother later left her smile at Saint Andrew and Saint Paul's. She entered it from a closed car as hundreds braved rain, waved banners and cheered on flag-decked Sherbrooke street.

She emerged 90 minutes later be greeted by 5,000, an ova-

She emerged 90 minutes later to be greeted by 5,000, an ova-tion and bright sunshine. Umbrellas were closed, raincoats peeled off. The Queen Motherode, wearing turquoise coat and hat, in an open by cherry convertible and the .

stayed with her until the Saluting Base and armory cere-

Saluting Base and armory ceremonials were over.

The Royal visitor's own assessment of the service at Saint Andrew and Saint Paul was expressed to many people. "It was lovely; thank you very much," she told the minister, Rev. Dr. R. J. Berlis, And she paused on the sun-drenched lawn to compliment the 50-member chancel choir. "The music and the singing were beautiful," the Queen Mother told soprano Mrs. John Bowie, whom she learned to her delight was a newcomer to Canada from Ayrshire. Ayrshire.

Church Thronged

ship within this, the Regimental Church.

"We have always honored Your Majesty as one of the gracious personalities of our time. Your sense of duty has inspired us in war and peace. Your gift of happiness has brought happiness to the Commonwealth. Your grace of kindness speaks to all our hearts."

The Queen Mother inclined her head and smiled as Dr. Berlis invoked an old Scottish blessing: "May the roads rise with you; and the wind be always at your back; and may the Lord hold you in the hollow of his hand."

Unveiling Ceremony

The request for the Queen Mother to unveil the first of the clerestory windows—'The Calling of Saint Andrew'' — was made by Mr. Justice G. Miller Hyde, convener of the church's committee on clerestory windows.

dows.
"I unveil this window to the glory of God, to the honor Christ's Church and in live memory of the great comp of those who have served, the Queen Mother said.
She pressed a button a stood on a special dais.

She pressed a special data stood on a special data the congregation. Deep blue curtains with the white cross of St. Andrew on them were swept aside midway along the elerestory on her right and 20 feet above the heads of the worshippers on the north side. Bylight burst through the multi-olored window, showing the siling ship, the sea, and in the oreground Saint Andrew with ishing net in hand, and beside im the Christ.

There were moments of idness for the Queen Mother fore she left the church. Sinquired about the stained gls window high in the centre cast chancel wall. Dr. Berligave its history and noted that it contained a Star of David. "This, Your Majesty, is to honor the life and death of Meyer Cohen." Lt. Meyer Cohen was the lone Jewish officer who went overseas with the Black Watch of Canada in World War I. He never came back.

The Queen Mother wept for a moment.

On the church's communion on the church's communion Ayrshire.

Church Thronged

The splendid, Gothic-style church was thronged to beyond its 1,200-seat capacity, Moments after the Queen Mother and her party had been escorted to their places within the nave of the church by Clerk of Kirk Sessions John R. McCallum, the organ prelude Passacaglia by Alfred Whitehead died away.

The purple-and-white robed choir led the singing of the processional psalim, with a fifth verse descant that rose high above the soprano tune: "Praise lilm, Praise lilm, Praise Him, Pra

moment.
On the church's communion table were bright red roses, in memory of Lt. Col. Stuart S. T. Cantlie, Croix de Guerre, the officer commanding the First Battalion, the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, who died while leading his men at St. Andre France in the Market Canada.

Guestion Sparks Hunt For Gardener By BEVERLY MITCHELL June 11/6

Gardening authorities were in great demand at the garden party held yesterday in Queen Mother Elizabeth's honor by the Black Watch Regiment at Quebec Command headquar-ters.

ters.

Her Majesty, sipping a cup of tea but ignoring sandwiches and fancy cakes, noticed a white-flower hedge, put down her tea and walked over to examine the bush. No one was able to identify it for her so she took one blossom and walked about with it, asking everyone she paused to speak with: "Are you a good gardener? Do you know what this is?"

Eventually, it was identified

Eventually, it was identified syringa.

The Queen Mother wore a lilac dress-and-coat outfit to the party. The coat was in or-

Gazette By BEVERI ganza, the dress in a heavier,

ganza, the dress in a heavier, appliqued malerial. A flower hat in a matching shade topped the outfit, which effectively accentuated her vivid blue eyes. Jewelry consisted of a three-strand pear1 necklace, pearl and diamond earrings and an amethyst pin surrounded by diamonds and pearls.

A black, rolled umbrella was carried for the Queen Mother, who was escorted by Maj.-Gen. and Mrs Frank Fleury and Brig. and Mrs. K. G. Blacka-der. Bridget Blackader, the 14-year-old daughter of the brigadier, presented a bouquet of pink sweet roses to the Queen Mother who, when a few rain drops fell, turned to look for her umbrella, saying, "It's the only one I have."

She arrived at the garden party shortly after 4.30 p.m. and stayed until 5.45. The customary hush fell over the crowd when the roar of the motorcycle escort was heard. When she entered the spacious gar-den under a faded pink and blue canopy, the silence dissolv-ed into loud clapping of hands. Displaying great fortitude, for her shoes sank into the damp grass with every step she took, the Queen Mother circulated among the crowd, discussing Saturday's trooping of the colors, and the downpour she was caught in yesterday upon her arrival at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul. Hesitant curtsies, more courtly bows and a few nervous giggles welcomed her.

Weather Ideal for Exciting **Colors Presentation Ritual**

By WALTER PORONOVICH
In a stirring ceremony almost bordering a medieval spectacle, the Colonel-in-Chief presented the new colors to the three battalions of the distinguished Black Watch of Canada here Saturday.

It was a ceremony of sheer pageantry, of color, of tradition. Por the 700 officers and men of The Black Watch, it was a ceremony of sheer of the Black Watch, it was a ceremony of sheer battalions of the distinguished it.

The cadets were from the Canada Corps, the Bishop's College School Cadet Corps detachment, the Cadets were from the Cadet Corps detachment and the Oromoto High School Cadet Corps detachment and the Oromoto High School Cadet Corps detachment.

The Black Watch, it was a ceremony of sheer battalions of the Canada Corps, the Bishop's College School Cadet Corps detachment and the Oromoto High School Cadet Corps detachment.

The Cadets were from the Cadet Corps detachment, the Cadet Corps detachment and the Oromoto High School Cadet Corps detachment.

Twas a ceremony of Sheet
Pageantry, of color, of tradition
For the 700 officers and men
of The Black Watch, it was a
reality that capped 100 years of
an almost-legendary history.
For the 22,000 spectators who

For the 22,000 spectators who jammed Molson Stadium, it was a dividend which did not go by unnoticed as wave after wave of applause saluted the Colonelin-Chief — Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother — and the men of the regiment.

It was excellent wave the Military bands of the Black Watch and the pipes and drums of the 1st and 3rd Battalions and the Black Watch cadet corps.

The presentation ceremonies, of course, were the highlight of the afternoon.

Again displaying her taste for the blue or its shades, she wore a turquoise organza over a

in Montreal.

with a slight wave of the arm.

Throughout the inspection, the battalions stood rigid, almost motionless — as they did from the moment Brig. K. G. Blackader, parade commander, informed the Queen Mouer:

"The Black Watch is ready for inspection, ma'am!"

The long line of kilted sol-

It was excellent weather. The temperature was in the low 80's and the sun was brilliant, though its rays were thwarted somewhat by a thin here. though its rays were thwarted somewhat by a thin hare.

The Queen Mother, in Canada especially for this particular ceremony, was driven into the gally-decorated football stadium the state of the state

gally-decorated football stadium at precisely 2.33 p.m. and taken to a dais situated on the north side of the stadium.

Picture in Blue

Picture in Blue

The color party officers were Lieut, G. N. Aird and Lieut, C. J. Delaney, 1st Battalion; Lieut, R. S. McConnell and 2nd Lieut, R. S. McConnell and 2nd Lieut. J. S. Forrest, 2nd Battalion; and Lieut. S. F. Angus and Lieut. R. C. Gelston, 3rd Battalion. The matching sheath dress and a hat of blue flowers.

Geiston, Srd Battalion. The old colors party officers were Lieut. L. N. Ferdon and Lieut.

walcheren Causeway and the Rhineland during World War 11—"place names which stir the memories of us all, names which mark heroic deeds and valor and endurance, which have

mark heroic deeds and valor and endurance, which have brought lustre to the history of our regiment."

Brig. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, pledged the battalion's loyalty to the Crown and the Queen Mother. "We realize the responsibility that comes with these colors and we shoulder these responsibilities readily and happily." readily and happily.

The March Past

After the colors were formally presented, the regiment and the cadet corps marched past the Royal dais in slow and quick time. The parade then advanced in review order and gave the Royal salute.

To end the spectagle, the later the color of the spectagle.

To end the spectacle, the 1st Battalion removed headdress and gave the Queen Mother three cheers. Spectators here

of blue flowers.

Seated beside her on the dais throughout the two-hour ceremony was Lieut. Col. W. C. Leonard, MBE, ED, commander of the 2nd Battalion, one of the new colors somewhat pensively as consecration was begun by Col. Rev. J. P. Browne, director of chaplain service. He was asisted by Maj. Rev. J. L. kard, in those battalions receiving its new colors.

The others were the 1st which is stationed at Camp Cagetown, N.B., and the 3rd, which is the militia unit based in Montreal.

Ou colors party officers were litere vere litere cheers. Spectators here joined in later breaking into a prolonged applause.

It was about 4.15 p.m. when the Royal cars drove into the stadium to drive Her Majesty of Caplain service. He was asisted by Maj. Rev. J. L. Rand, command chaplain of Quebec, and Maj. Rev. R. J. Berlis, chaplain of the 3rd Battalion.

Two Flags Presented

Two Flags Presented

Two Flags Presented
Each battalion received two which go back to the military Two Flags Presented

The 2nd Battalion, now serving with the NATO forces in Mest Germany, was represented at Saturday's presentation only by a 12-man color party. The there is a the Union Jack and the name of the Union Jack and the name of the regiment (within a circle under the crown). The second flag is the regimental standard in the back of a jeep. Whenever the vehicle approached the stands, loud cheers greeted the stands, loud cheers greeted the more impune lacessit." (no the Majesty, always smiling, always acknowledging the cheers with a slight wave of the arm.

Throughout the inspection, the following the consecration, the due of the stands of the stands and the name of the regiment (within a circle of the second that the most of the stands and the name of the regiment (within a circle of the regiment (within a circle of the regiment (within a circle of the regiment (attent in a series of honors with the pale to make the pale of the 12,000 men of the 12,000 men of the 12,000 men of the 12,000 men of the regiment (within a circle of th



Pour accamer Elisabeth 15,000 PERSONNES

Bravant le soleil quasi tropical, une foule de 15,000 personnes avait envahi, samedi, le stade Molson pour assister à l'imposante cérémonie de la remise de nouveaux drapeaux par la reine mère aux trois bataillons du régiment "BlackWatch".

En sa qualité de colonel-enchef du régiment, la souveraine a
remis les nouveaux drapeaux au
régiment qui célèbre cette année
son centième anniversaire. C'était
le but principal de la visite de la
reine mère Elisabeth au Canada.

regiment qui ceiebre cette année son centième anniversaire. C'était le but principal de la visite de la reine mère Elisabeth au Canada.

Un petit incident

A part le petit incident provoqué d'ailleurs par le protocole militaire, qui a voulu que l'on joue à trois reprises le "God Save The Queen" mais qui a oublié "O Canada", la cérémonie s'est déroulée sans le moindre accroc.

Une reine mère souriante et paraissant tout à fait reposée en dépit de l'horaire chargée de sa vi-

Sous la pluie Malada Matin Jone 1/62

Une température plus britannique que canadienne a marqué la du quartier chic de la rue Sherdernière journée du séjour de la reine-mère Elisabeth à Montréal.

Remplie

reine-mère Elisabeth à Montreal.
Remplaçant un soleil vadieux qui
avait accompagné la souveraine au
cours des trois premières journées
de sa visite à Montréal, «a pluie a
assombri la dernière journée de son
séjour, forcé les autorités à contremander une fête champêtre et refroidi quelque peu l'enthousiasme
de la pomptation de la population.

Il y avait quand même foule hier matin, en bordure de la rue Sher-brooke, pour assister au passage de la reine-mère qui se rendait à la messe en l'église presbytérienne

Remplie

Remplie
L'église était remplie à pleine
capacité par les paroissiens et les
membres du régiment "Black
Watch" dont la reine est colonelen-chef. Au nombre des personnalités présentes, on notait le lieutenant Thomas Dinesen, du Danemark, qui s'est mérité la Croix
Victoria au cours de la première
guerre mon "" "Il faisalt
partie du "".

Le minisure presbytérien, qui
était aumônier du "Black Watch"
au cours de la dernière guerre, a
basé son sermon sur le courage do
St-André et celui du "Black
Watch".

La pluie avait toutefois pris fin

Water".

La pluie avait toutefois pris fin lorsque la souveraine quitta l'église pour se rendre, en face de l'Université McGill, où elle reçut le salut royal de son régiment.

Elle se rendit ensuite au manège du régiment où une foule très dense se pressalt.

Au cours de l'après-midi, la sou-veraine devait assister à une fête champêtre au quartier-général de l'Armée canadienne pour la pro-vince de Québec. La fête se déroula toutefols à l'intérieur à cause de la pluie. Cette fête était sous la pré-sidence du major-général F.J. Fleu-ry.

ry. Hier soir, la reine-mère était invitée à un gala-concert offert par les festivals de musique du Québec à la Comédie Canadienne de Mont-

C'est la dernière activité offi-cielle de la souvaraine à Montréal. Elle reprendra aujourd'hul l'avion à destination d'Ottawa.



Staff Photos by Adrian Lunny

Henri Brassard of St. Simeon de Charlevoix receives his prize from the Queen Mother. He split second prize with Janina Fialkowsky in the recent Quebec Music

Festivals. The 12-year-old boy was one of the performers in the Gala Concert last night, held at the Comedie Canadienne.

THE MONTREAL STAR,

Acquaintance Renewed

War Hero Meets Royal Visitor

The Queen Mother got a close look yesterday at a World War I specialist in the art of battlefield kidnapping and destroying enemy outposts.
"Your face seems familiar," the Royal visitor said as she extended her hand.
"Yes. one time in Facility."

extended her hand.

"Yes, one time in England,
Ma'am," said George Smith. He
stood stiffly at attention in his
blue suit, white shirt and tie,
the bright red hackle at just
the right angle in the blue balmoral. He was ex-Regimental
Sergeant Major' George Smith,
Military Medal and Two Bars.
He has only one counterpart in
all Canada.

The Queen Mother and
George Smith chatted in the
officers' mess of the Black
Watch.

"It is very nice to meet you,"
the Queen Mother said. "I wish
you good health and long life."
"I am very pleased," he answered.

answered.

George Smith, today 64, is a man of few words, and as quiet in speech and manner as his name would imply. "It was just a matter of luck," he says briefly of his military decorations. "It's all over and done with now. I just do my job." He is a typesetter at The Montreal Star.



George Smith, today 64, is a man of few words, and as quiet in speech and manner as his name would imply. "It was just a matter of luck," he says briefly of his military decorations. "It's all over and done with now. I just do my job." He is a typesetter at The Montreal Star.

No one would be likely to give George Smith a second look on a crowded street. But from his citations, the Kaiser's soldiers used to wish they could get just one good look at him during World War I. They could have held on to several sentries and a lot of information that way. George Smith, who enlisted in 1915 at the age of 17, brought.

The met Mrs. Smith, the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montreal for her brother Walter, who had just enlisted and was going overseas too.

Walter was killed in the trenches at the Somme.

The Smiths, who were married avenue in N.D.G. They had the size, knock out (with fist to seize, knock out (with fist or revolver but!) enemy sentries so they could be carried back for interrogation by Allied in 1915 at the age of 17, brought.

He is difficult to pry information for Sgt. Smith's bravery.

He met Mrs. Smith, the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montreal for her brother Walter, who had just enlisted and was going overseas too.

Walter was killed in the trenches at the Somme.

The Smiths, who were married at war's end, live on Clanranald avenue in N.D.G. They had there children, of whom one the provide way of the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the provide was finer family had in Montrea for the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the provide was finer Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the former Revilla Mackey, at a party her family had in Montrea for the former family had in Montrea f

tion from.

But if he went repeatedly with four or five-man raiding parties across the shell-ripped front at Pavillers and Mons and Givenchy, didn't he have to volunteer?

"Sure I'd volunteer. But I was single at the time and a lot of the others were married."

Took Command

Being single, Sgt. George Smith slipped out of the trenches with four others in the pre-dawn darkness one day at Pavillers, which was on the Vimy front. The party bombed an enemy post. The officer in charge of the raiders, Lt. John Morgan, was killed. Young Smith took over, directing completion of the assault and guiding the balance of the party back to its own lines.

The raids and seizure of enemy soldiers continued. So did the recognition of Sgt. Smith's bravery.

ianist Meets Queen Mother

Child Contestant, 6, Recalls 'A Beautiful Lady in Blue'

Tired out with excitement, Beausix-year-old Nicole champ fell asleep in her seat at the Comedie Canadienne last night.

The tiny blonde girl was the youngest contestant in the recent Quebec Music Festivals and had been selected to present a bouquet of white orchids to the Queen Mother, as she entered the theatre for the Gala Concert of the Festivals last night.

"A beautiful lady in blue who spoke to me in French. She said 'Merci' when I gave her the flowers," is how the child remembered the Queen Mother later.

Her parents, who attended the concert with Nicole, recalled how the child had started studying the piano when she was three and a half. "But we never thought it would result in meeting a Queen," said her mother, looking proudly at her little daughter who looked like a Dresden doll dressed in a frilly white organza party dress with the skirt puffed out over a crinoline. Her blonde hair was tied back in a big white bow and she had on fresh white gloves

Another excited child last night was young Henri Brassard, who comes from St. Simeon de Charlevoix, where his father operates a garage. Henri, who is 12, split the Henri, who is 12, split the second prize of \$500 with 12-year-old Janina Fialkowsky of Montreal at the recent Festivals and was chosen to perform at the concert.

Perfectly self-possessed on the stage in his dark coat and short pants the youngster played the first movement

Star - June 11 | By ZOE BIELER

from a Mozart Piano Con-certo. The Queen Mother was obviously delighted both with the playing and with the youth of the young artist. Later Henri went to the Royal Box to receive his prize from the Queen Mother.

The Queen Mother spoke in her friendly fashion to the child and he replied. "But I don't remember what she said or what I said," he admitsaid of what I said," he admitted later when he attended a reception at the Candlelight Inn on Decarie boulevard with his proud parents. "But she was so kind and pretty and she spoke to me in French."

Prize-winners

Janina Fialkowsky, Cornelis Rodert, 20, and Claude Savard, 20, also received their prizes from the Queen Mother. Cornelis Rodert was the only prize-winner and only performer from Ontario. he won \$300. Claude Savard of Montreal won the grand prize of \$1,000 donated by Dr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Pollack of Quebec City.

The Queen Mother wore a ball gown of turquoise silk taffeta, flower printed and heavily re-embroidered in turquoise and silver opal-escent sequins. The bodice had butterfly straps and a low, ruched V neckline. The skirt was ball changed and fall. skirt was bell shaped and fell in deep pleats from a low waistline. With it the Queen Watstime. With It the Queen Mother wore a matching stole, carried a silver kid purse and had on a diamond tiara, a two strand diamond necklace and diamond drop earrings. She was attended by her two belies in writing. Leaft, Le ladies-in-waiting, Lady Jean Rankin and the Hon. Mrs. John Mulholland.

The Royal Box, which took the space of 50 seats in the 1,200-seat theatre, held 14 people and was decorated with red and gold swags of velvet behind and in front with red carnations and greenery. The Hon. Pierre Sevigny, who sat on the Queen Mother's left, remarked after the concert on "the great knowledge of music Her Majesty displayed and her evident interest in both the performers and the program." Others who shared the Royal Box with the Queen Mother included Mrs. Sevigny, the Hon. Paul Gerin-Lajoie and Mrs. Gerin-Lajoie, Mr. Pierre Emond, Mr. Claude Deschamps, the Mayor Mr. Pierre Emond, Mr. Claude Deschamps, the Mayor of Montreal and Mrs. Jean Drapeau, Mr. Henry Davis, chief of protocol, Sir Martin Gilliat, the Queen Mother's private secretary, the two ladies in waiting and the Canadian equation. Canadian equerry.

Following the presentation of prizes immediately after the concert, the Queen Mother attended a small reception on stage where some 30 persons connected with the Festivals were presented to her.

For the reception the musical instruments were quickly removed from the stage and replaced with a red velvet sofa, a flower-laden table and crystal chandeliers were lowered from the ceiling

The Queen Mother stayed more than half an hour at the reception and did not leave the theatre until nearly 10:30 p.m. Outside the theatre, despite short showers and threats of more rain, crowds waited all evening for a glimpse of her. a glimpse of her

Gowns Worn

The ladies who were presented to the Queen Mother at the reception on stage included Mrs. Pierre Sevigny wearing a model of French chiffon, printed in blue and amethyst. The bodice was draped Grecian style and Mrs. Sevigny wore with it an azure blue theatre coat and amethyst jewellery. Mrs. Paul

Six-year-old Nicole Beauchamp presents a bouquet of white orchids to the Queen Mother as Her Majesty entered the Comedie Canadienne for the Quebec Music Festivals Gala Concert last night. Nicole was the youngest contestant in the recent festivals.

Gerin-Lajoie wore a blue chiffon dress, Mrs. Jean Dra-peau chose a white and pink peau chose a white and pink silk dress with pearl jewellery. Mrs. Samuel Pollack wore a Balmain model of gold poult de soie, incrusted with orange embroidery. Her theatre coat was in the same material with orange lining. She wore diamond jewellery. Mrs. Fernand Graton had a printed blue and white silk gown with a white fox stole. Mrs. James Stevens wore a Mario Di Nardo original in shocking pink Aleoutienne silk with a draped bodice on one shoulder, ending in a long train at the back. the back.

the back.

Mrs. Leon DesRivieres wore navy blue chiffon with green accessories and Mrs. Georges C. Lachance had a sheath dress of white ottoman with a high neckline in front and deep decollete at the back. Mrs. Paul Galibois wore a pink brocaded satin with Alencon lace appliques. The skirt ended in a slight train. Miss Denyse Raymond had a Canadian original in white silk chiffon with a red floral design. The skirt was very full and held at the waist by a wide belt.

Mrs. Antonio Lamer had on an aqua silk dress with a printed aqua and white Egyp-tian tunic. Mrs. Jacques Danscreau had on a gold moire sheath with St. Gall lace embroidery. Mrs. John Pratt wore an import of white cotton and white embroider Pratt wore an import of white cotton and white embroidery with a full skirt held at the waist with two deep pleats. The bodice was fitted and the stole matched. She carried a red evening bag and wore ruby and pearl jewellery.

Mrs. Rene Desroches had on a white chiffon gown printed in red and green and had a white fox stole. Mrs. Warren Lynch had on a green and blue floral print taffeta gathered on the left side.

MONTREAL WEEKEND

Collaise Coligen - June 11/62 Busy Queen Mother Dodges Showers



PRESENTING OF THE COLORS

Queen Mother Elizabeth presents the Black Watch of Canada with its new colors at the Molson Memorial Stadium in Montreal on Saturday. Looking on is the colonel of the regi-ment, Brigadier K. C. Blackader. The Queen

Mother, who is honorary colonel of the regiment, came to Canada specifically to attend the regiment's 100th anniversary celebrations

-UPI Telephoto

Queen Mother wound up the Montreal end of her nine-day Canadian visit during the weekend with a busy but soggy Sun-

Scattered showers plagued her activities as she went to church I wice, reviewed a march past of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, presided at the regimental garden party, and attended a musical concert at the Comedic Canadienne.

The highlight of the weekend nne nigniight of the weekend was her presentation of new colors to the Black Watch, of which she is colonel-in-chief. The presentation was the principal reason for her trip to Canada.

The ceremony was held in McGill University's football sta-dium before a wildly cheering crowd of 22,000.

The regiment's three battalions stood iron stiff in the 80degree heat as the Queen Mother asked them to cherish the colors she had entrusted to them and "guard them faith-

fully and serve them well."

The Black Watch celebrates its 100th anniversary this year. The 2nd Battalion is serving in West Germany with NATO forces, so a color party was flown over. The 1st Battalion was sent from Camp Gagetown, N.B., and the 3rd is a Montreal militia unit.

Unveils Window

The Queen Mother went Sunday to the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul to unveil and dedicate a stained-glass window designed by London artist Law-rence Lee, who also designed some of the stained glass for the new Coventry Cathedral.

It was the second church service of the day for the Queen Mother, who had earlier gone privately to communion service at Christ Church Ca-

Saturday night, despite the stiffly formal white-tie-and-tails atmoshhere of a civic dinner on posh St. Helen's Island, the city's elite joined in a rousing chorus of Alouette led by Mayor

Jean Drapeau.

The Queen Mother had been taught Alouette by former mayor Camillien Houde during the royal visit of 1939.

Sunday night she was enter-tained at a two-hour concert by French Canada's prize-winning amateur artists in a downtown theatre that was once a burlesque house.

Dressed in a voluminous silk turquoise gown with a wide V-neck and matching stole, she seemed to be bothered by the lack of air conditioning in the 1,250-seat theatre. It was filled to capacity.

But, smiling and gracious, her diamond tiara glittering in the stage lights, she presented bursaries and scholarships to the talented winners.



Seen Elizabeth the Queen Mother presenting new colours to The Black Watch al Highland Regiment) of Canada, of which she is Colonel-in-Chief, in Montreal.

Visit Of Queen Mother Elizabeth

Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, is bound to rekindle the nostalgic memories that come with the renewal of a lasting acquaintance. For the Queen Mother has held a special place in the hearts of Ottawans ever since her first visit here in 1939.

The Queen Mother comes to the capital as it is taking on its beautiful summer mantle. It is very fitting that her first gesture in a busy schedule should be to call at Lansdowne Park for appearance before thousands of school children from Ottawa and dis-trict. Such events are remembered long after more formal occasions are forgotten.

Arrangements for this visit of the Queen Mother will also enable her to come into contact with Ottawa's civic life and to make a cruise of the St. Lawrence Seaway. Her 11-day trip to

The four-day visit to Ottawa of Her Canada began by attendance at ceremonies marking the centennial of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) and will conclude with the Queen's Plate Stakes at New Woodbine race track near Toronto.

It is occasions such as these that recall the visit the Queen Mother made to Ottawa with her late husband, King George VI, prior to the outbreak of World War II in 1939. A new generation has grown up since that time, a generation that has come to realize what it is that maintains the Com-monwealth ties. The warmth and dignity of the Queen Mother was seen again in a 1954 visit to Ottawa, an occasion on which she was deluged with presents to take home to Prince Charles and Princess Anne.

The Queen Mother is here this time during the midst of an election campaign. But this should in no way diminish the reception she receives.

COLOURS FROM THE QUEEN MOTHER

VIVID CEREMONY IN MONTREAL

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

MONTREAL, June 10

Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother this weekend presented new colours to The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada of which she is Colonelin-Chief, and the 18,000 who packed the Percival Molson Stadium at McGill University here could hardly fail to be impressed by the splendour of the occasion.

As the pipes and the drums of the massed bands reverberated about the slopes of Mount Royal with the stirring "Farewell to the Creeks" and "Angus McKinnon" for the battalion's marching on to markers, some thought of the scene over two cen-turies ago when Sir Jeffrey Amherst and his victorious troops entered Montreal down Côtes des Neiges. With Amherst were two battalions of the Royal Highland

were two battalions of the Royal Highland Regiment, the first of many occasions that the people here saw the dark tartan.

Saturday's celebrations marked the centenary of the Canadian regiment.

Here were rank upon rank of pipers wearing the Royal Tartan, the me nof the 1st Battalion and of the 3rd (Militia) Battalion (The 2nd Battalion is in Germany but sent a colour party) all proudly wearing the red hackle on their bonnets. Looking down from the "bleachers" on to the grass of the arena were men wearing dark uniforms, their medals glinting, with womenin gay smmer finery; while beside the saluting base were officers of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in their scarlet tunics.

DRUMS PILED HIGH

DRUMS PILED HIGH

The Queen Mother's inspection of the regiment, which also included the allied cadet corps from various schools, took place in a specially prepared ear while. The Red Hackle "and the Skye Boat Song was played. Then came the march off of the old colours in slow time to "Auld Lang Syne" followed by the consecration by the clergy and the presentation by her Majesty of the new colours, the drums of the regiment piled high in the centre of the hollow square formed by the 1st Battalion.

In her address the Colonel-in-Chief, referring to Sir Jeffrey Amherst's invading forces in 1760, said little could the parent regiment have thought at the time that 100 years later the Black Watch of Canada would have been formed. "The virtues of hardihood, courage, and honour crossor the sea from Scotland and made new hitory in helping to build this great county of Canada", she said. "The virtues of Lardinada", she said. "The virtues of the reminded the regiment of the valiant part it had played in the histcy of this country and said of the new colours: "May they remind you too that the future of the Black Watch is in your hands."

BATTLE HONOURS

BATTLE HONOURS.

The sacrifices of the regiment in both world wars were recalled as the 1st Battalion marched past in slow and quick time escorting the new colours with the battle honours emblazoned on them: honours such as South Africa, St. Julien and Vimy, Passchendaele and, in the Second World War, Bourguébus Ridge, Walcheren Causeway, and the Rhineland.

The crowd stood and cheered the Oueen Mother, as the regiment had done earlier, as she left the stadium still echoing to the tune of "Scotland the Brave".

Today the Queen Mother is to attend service at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul and tomorrow she leaves for a short visit to Ottawa.

Wet Weather Fails To Dampen Month



Escorted by Rev. R. J. Berlis, minister of the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul and chaplain of the Black Watch,

the Queen Mother meets members of

(Gazetle Photo Service)

Queen Mother Attends Services At Two Churches In Montreal

It was a late-to-bed and earlyto-rise weekend for the Queen Mother. She didn't get to bed before midnight Saturday and was up early Sunday morning for a surprise visit to Christ Church Cathedral's communion

She took communion at 8.30 a.m. and slipped back to her hotel. Then it was back to church—this time in teeming

But the crowds were still standing and cheering long after the rain came down.

BY HEDLEY BURRELL

At 10.33 a.m., Her Majesty arrived at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul where 1,000 cheering Montrealers and tourists awaited her. Some had been waiting, cameras at the ready since 8.30 a.m.

She waved a greeting, and walked into the church to lead the hymn-singing in a "high, sweet voice."

sweet voice."
Said Rev. R. J. Berlis, minister of the church: "The Queen Mother has a charming voice.

And she clearly enjoyed the hymns. When I asked her if we had chosen the right ones, she told me 'most definitely'." told me, 'most definitely.'"

The Queen Mother, wearing a

lime shantung dress, matching coat, and lime and white-petal-led hat, carried her own um-

She unveiled a stained glass window, "The Calling of St. Andrew," and received an old Andrew, and received an old Scotlish blessing from Mr. Ber-lis—"May the road rise with you, May the wind be always at your back, and May the Lord hold you in the hollow of His hand."

His hand."
She dedicated the window to the "glory of God, the honor of Christ's church and in loying memory of the great company of those that have served her."

The Queen Mother, escorted to her seat in a front pew by John R. McCallum, clerk of the kirk session, chatted with members of the choir and rested briefly in the minister's study before taking the salute at the march past

5,000 Watch Here

More than 5,000 people turned out on yesterday's wet and windy morning to watch the last big military event in the Queen Mother's Montreal visit,

With a stiff breeze fluttering flag-bedecked Sherbrooke St., the cheering crowds watched the Queen Mother take the salute as the first and third battalions of the Black Watch Regiment marched past.

Regiment marched past.

Many of the crowd had waited through a heavy downpour to have a vantage point for the ceremony. The rain eased while the Queen Mother was Inside the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul and by the time she stepped onto the dais for the march-past, she had discarded the umbrella she had carried into the church.

Welcome Roared

By Crowd

Welcome Roared
By Crowd

More than 2,000 people gathered round the dais — set in front of the entrance gate to McGill University — roared a welcome as the Royal car, a maroon Lincoln, arrived.

The Queen Mother leaned forward on the dals to glance along Sherbrooke St. as the Black Watch Pipe Band came into view.

into view.

The band, marking time in front of the dais, piped the rest of the parade past. The Black Watch brass band, veterans and men from the first, second and third battalions — sporting the new colors presented by the royal Colonel-in-Chief on Saturday — made up the colorful procession.

The Queen Mother — still holding the memorial booklet for the stained glass windows she had unveiled earlier — smilled throughout and several times nodded an acknowledgement to the men marching by.

ment to the men marching by.

With a cheery wave to the crowd, she stepped off the dais to chat with colonels of the regiment forming a guard of honor.

"It was a fine parade, won-derful," she said to one of them. The Queen Mother completed her busy morning chatting with sergeants at the Black Watch Mess.



More than 1,000 stoc



Brig. K. G. Blackader watches as visitor yesterday at Black Watch Armory, (Gaza

Question Sparks Hunt For Gard By BEVERLY MITCHELL

Gardening authorities were in great demand at the garden party held yesterday in Queen Mother Elizabeth's honor by the Black Watch Regiment at Quebec Command headquar-

ters.

Her Majesty, sipping a cup of tea but ignoring sandwiches and fancy cakes, noticed a white-flower hedge, put down her tea and walked over to examine the bush. No one was able to identify it for her so she took one blossom and walked about with it, asking everyone she paused to speak with: "Are you a good gardener? Do you know what this is?"

Eventually, it was identified

Eventually, it was identified syringa.

as syringa.

The Queen Mother wore a lilac dress-and-coat outfit to the party. The coat was in or-

ganza, the dress in a heavier,

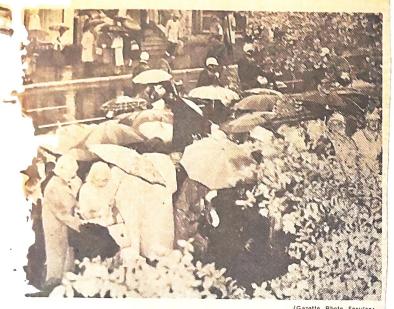
ganza, the dress in a heavier, appliqued material. A flower hat in a matching shade topped the outfit, which effectively accentuated her vivid blue eyes. Jewelry consisted of a three-strand pearl necklace, pearl and diamond earrings and an amethyst pin surrounded by diamonds and pearls.

A black, rolled umbrella was carried for the Queen Mother, who was escorted by Maj-Gen, and Mrs Frank Fleury and Brig, and Mrs Frank Fleury and Brig, and Mrs K G. Blackader, Bridget Blackader, the 14-year-old daughter of the brigadier, presented a bouquet pink sweet roses to the O Mother who, when a fether umbrella, saying and lave only one I have.

She arrived at the garden party shortly after 4.30 p.m. and stayed until 5.45. The customary hush fell over the crowd when the roar of the motorcycle escort was heard. When cycle escort was heard was she entered the spacious gar-den under a faded pink and blue canopy, the silence dissolv-ed into loud clapping of hands.

her shoes sand grass with eve the Queen M among the cr Saturday's troc ors, and the do caught in yest arrival at the C drew and co. drew and St. curtsies, more and a few nerv. comed her.

Intreal's Enthusiasm



the rain yesterday for a glimpse of Her Majesty



The Queen Mother pauses to glance at a Victoria Cross, won by a Black Watch soldier, during yesterday's visit to the regiment's museum.



shees sank into the damp
shees sank into the damp
shees sank into the damp
shees with every step she took,
Queen Mother circulated
the crowd, discussing
the strooping of the colthe downpour she was
the year-day upon her
that the Church of St. Anand St. Paul. Hesitant
the courtly bows
fees nervous giggles wellber.



THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA Garden Party

4:00 p.m. Sunday, June 10th, 1962

HEADQUARTERS QUEBEC COMMAND

(By kind permission of the General Officer Commanding)

(OVER)

Queen Mother To Unveil New Window

St. Andrew And St. Paul

BY BILL BANTEY JULE 9/6~ Gazette

In the ropette are the hand of God and the dove of the Spirit.

The other windows on the west side portray episodes in the gaspel of the Lord while the windows in the east wall illustrate parallel episodes in the evangel of the Lord.

In each case, the theme of the window is hased upon a text from Boly Scripture.

While St. Andrew recevers special emphasis in the western windows, "St. Paul's Missionary Journey" is the theme of the central window.

"As he walked by the Sea of Galilee, he saw two brothers, Simon who is called Peter and Andrew his brother, casting a net into the sea; for they were fishermen. And he said to them 'Pollow me and I will make St. Matthew 4:19

of the east side.

The windows first not only state the theme of the Christian Church but also refall the church's special link with St. Andrew and St.

The windows on both sides are designed to head up to the central figure of Christ in the Black Watch window over the Communion table. The new windows represent one of the most windows with resent cincia was built in 1927, temporary glass was placed in the Chereshop windows until such time as finds might be available for their replacement with permanent It is the first of 10 new Clerestory windows to be designed for the church by Lawrence Lee, In ARCA, director of the Stained Glass Department of the Royal College of Art, London, England, Mr. Lee is a prominent and gilted contemporary in artist in Stained Glass. He headed the team which a designed and erected the windows of the recently-opened new Coventry Cathedral, in England. HE CALLING of St. Andrew" is the theme of the new stained glass window to be unveiled at morning service tomorrow at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul

Taking part in the unveiling and dedication wof the window, in addition to the Queen Mother, will be Rev. R. J. Berlis, minister of the structurch; Rev. James Peter Jones, assistant minister; Brig. Kenneth G. Blackader, colonel to the regiment, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada; John R. McCallum, clerk of the Kirk Session; Melvyn G. Angus, chairman of the Session; Melvyn G. Angus, chairman of the Sonvener of the church's committee on Clerestory windows; Phillips Motley, organist of the Putrich, and the Chancel Choir.

A few years ago, a committee was set up to determine how the work of the permanent windows might best be undertaken and if was only after extensive study in Canadia, the United States, England and France that the project was anyanded to Mr. Lee.

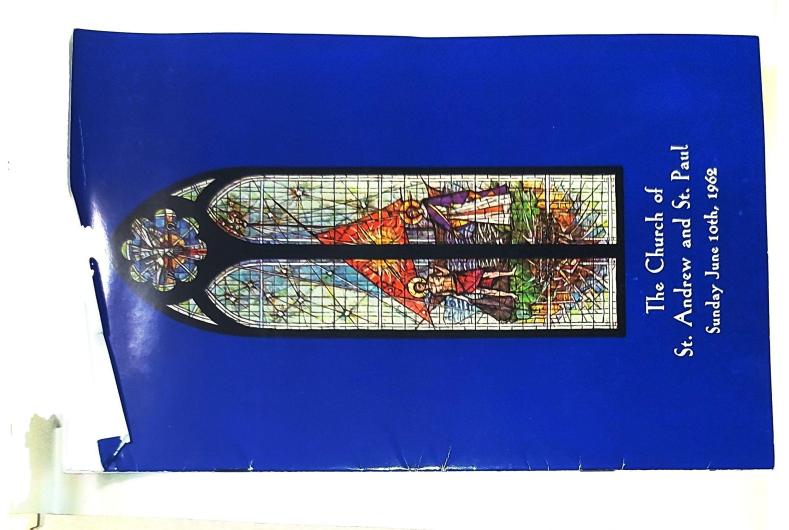
stained glass.

The other nine windows will be installed at niervals as completed by the artist over the pext two or three years.

"The artist seems to have accomplished these objectives with extraordinary skill, having provided a richness of color and meaning which promises to add greatly to the beauty of his already beautiful church," a spokesman said. The 10 windows have been undertaken as a promotical project to which more than 130 persons It was considered important that the windows should be in keeping with the traffingal ar-chiectural form, while having a modern feeling and retaining as much light as possible in the

of Gothic architecture.

The window to be unveiled by the Queen Mother is the central window in the west wall. St. Andrew is depicted holding a net full of fish. Over against the young fisherman until Amp Christ, an imperial figure, as he





'The Calling Of St. Andrew'

THE CHURCH OF ST. ANDREW AND ST. PAUL MONTREAL

SPECIAL SERVICE - JUNE 10th, 1962

THE MINISTER'S WORDS OF GREETING TO HER MAJESTY - THE QUEEN MOTHER

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY:

Whitsunday, by tradition, is one of the Joyous festivals of Christendom; it celebrates, of course, the birthday of the Church. For us, this Whitsun will always hold a special, shining glory. Your Majesty is with us here in Montreal to honour The Black Watch on the 100th Anniversary and you have come to worship within this, the Regimental Church, The Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul.

On behalf of our Kirk Session and all our people, -I welcome Your Majesty within these walls. We are deeply grateful that you have graciously consented to unveil presently the first in a series of new Clerestory Windows, - "The Calling of St. Andrew" We have always honoured Your Majesty as one of the gracious personalities of our time. Your sense of duty has inspired us in war and peace. Your gift of happiness has brought happiness to the Commonwealth. Your grace of kindness speaks to all to the Commonwealth. Your grace of kindness speaks to all our hearts Across the years, - we within this Church have remembered you in our prayers. And, may I say that our prayers are not just formal prayers of intercession; they are and will ever be prayers of devout, fervent thanksgiving.

Royal Lady - we beg you to convey to Her Majesty, The Queen, the assurance of our unwavering loyalty to the Throne, - and our devotion to her person Remembering that Your Majesty comes from an ancient and noble Scottish House, - and because this is a Kirk with strong Scottish ties, - we invoke for you an old Scottish blessing . . .

> "May the roads rise with you; And the wind be always at your back; And may the Lord hold you in the hollow of His hand."



Mindred - Malin

THE CHURCH OF ST. ANDREW AND ST. PAUL MONTREAL

SPECIAL SERVICE - JUNE 10th, 1962

THE MINISTER'S WORDS OF GREETING TO THE BLACK WATCH

I should be inhospitable and ungrateful if I did not extend a word of welcome to the great company of The Black Watch who are gathered within our Church today. As our Colonel-in-Chief has reminded us, - we in this Regiment are very much a Family, - and today we greet each member of the family from the most Junior Cadet - to the most senior member of The Black Watch Association We offer a very special greeting to those who have journeyed long distances in order to join us. We are particularly happy that Mr. Thomas Dinesen, V.C., -- one of the Regiment's most illustrious sons, -- has come all the way from Denmarks. We trust that within this sanctuary, -- with Black Watch memorials all about, -- you will feel again the power of a glorious tradition, -- and the blessing of those comrades who have passed into the light of Heaven to join the Army of the Immortals

Une demande d'Elisabeth

Par la porte i principale

Un léger changement a été apporté à l'horaire de la visite de la reine mère Elisabeth, à Montréal, à la demande de la souveraine. La reine mère devait quitter l'hôtel Reine-Elisabeth ce matin par une entrée privée pour se rendre directement à l'aérogare de Dorval. A sa demande, elle quittera l'hôtel par la porte principale à 10 h. et se rendra à l'hôpital Reine-Elisabeth avant de se rendre à Dorval.

On a joué O'Canada

Au gala-concert offert hier soir à la Comédie canadienne de Montréal en l'honneur de la reine mêre Elisabeth, l'hmne "O" Canada" a été joué. C'est l'une des rares occasions où cet hymne a été joué pendant la visite de quatre jours de la souveraine à Montréal. Partout ailleurs, on semblait préférer le "God Save The Queen".



Staff Photo by Gerry Davidson

The Queen Mother, en route to the airport, leaves car for a brief stop at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital.

Queen Mother Visits Hospital

The Queen Mother made a brief pause on her way out of Montreal to visit a west-end hospital named in her honor
— and was welcomed by one of the largest, most excited crowds she has seen in her four-day visit to the city.
On the way to Montreal Inter-

national Airport and an Ottawa national Airport and an Ottawa-bound aircraft, Her Majesty ar-rived at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital and found a usually-quiet N.D.G. street packed to the edges of the sidewalks with hundreds of jostling, waving, cheering people.

cheering people.
To spend a scheduled 10 minutes at the hospital re-named in her honor from the Homocopathic Hospital of Montreal 11 years ago, the Queen Mother and her entourage arrived at the Marlowe avenue main entrance at 10:08 a.m.
But the welcome was so warm, the Queen Mother so obviously entranced, that she overstayed by three minutes, then walked gracefully out to a limousine that stood ready to

then walked gracefully out to a limousine that stood ready to take her to the airport.

The Royal visitor flew to Ottawa by Yukon turbo-prop at 11:02 this morning. The last signs the cheering send-off crowd saw of her was her white gloves waving inside an aircraft window. She told Mayor and Mrs. Drapeau that "I will have a wonderful memory of my days here. It saddens me to leave."

Additional pictures and stories on the Queen Mother's visit will be found on Pages 4 and 29.

The plane arrived at Uplands Airport at 11:41 a.m., nine min-utes ahead of schedule. She stepped down the landing ramp to be welcomed by Gov-ernor-General Vanier and Mme. Vanier. A light rain was falling and aides brought out um-brellas. brellas.

brellas.

Gen. Vanier escorted the Queen Mother into a huge RCAF hangar for the formal welcoming ceremonies. A crowd of 1,200 seated in bleacher seats on two sides of the hangar gave her a graping welcome. her a roaring welcome.

As the Queen Mother left the

See ROYAL-Page 2, Col. 1

Ottawa, going to Toronto Saturday morning and boarding a London-bound aircraft from

London-bound aircraft from there in the evening.

The three battalions of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada will have mementoes of Her Majesty's visit flying ahead of them through the years when they unfurl the new battle flags she presented to them Saturday.

Yesterday the Queen Mother was with her officers and men for a morning church parade, took the salute at a march past, visited their Bleury street armory, then joined the of

armory, then joined the of-ficers at a garden party at Que-bec Army Command Headquar-

Most of the men of the regiment took their last glimpse of the Colonel-in-Chief when she the Colonel-in-Chief when she walked out of the armory — after a 45-minute visit that ended a few minutes after 1 p.m. — stepped into her open limousine, and drove to her 20th floor suite in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel.

As Her Majesty, in a lime-colored ensemble, walked out through the armory's cavernous archway, down an inclined path covered with red matting, cheers from the Black Watch officers and senior NCOs and ed

insusine at the end of the 13 minutes, one of the elderly Marlowe avenue housewives in the buzing sidewalk crowd bubbled to her neighbor: "Oh, what a lovely look she gave me!"

First to get that look were L. B. Unwin, hospital president, and Postrasizer General William Hamilton who, representing Prime Minister Diefenbaker, met Her Majesty on the stone-flagged walk outside the main entrance.

Nurses and student nurses in white and green lined the walk. Neighborhood residents, held back by city police and redshack by city police and redshack by city police and redshack by city police and redshacks the length of the street.

And the pipe band began stiring "Will Ye No' Come Back Again." The tune has followed the Queen Mother from bubic function to public function through her four days in Montreal.

On the way down to the armory from a church service at the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul, Her Majesty had stopped opposite McGill University's Roddick Gate to take a salute from Black Watch units who marched past with Lt. Col. d'Arcy J. McGovern, 3rd Batallon commander, at their hardowe avenue houses, flags fluttered in the humid also.

Played on by their scarlet coaled pipers and drummers.

sidewalks the length of the street.

And from windows over the Marlowe arenue houses, flag fluttered in the humid air.

Met Executive

In the hospital's foyer, the Queen Mother met al interest in the humid air.

Met Executive

In the hospital's foyer, the Queen Mother met al interest of the executive committee, and Mrs. Adrett, J. M. Partlo, executive director, and Mrs. Partlo, executive director, and Mrs. Partlo, executive director, and Mrs. Partlo; and Mrs. A. W. W. Myers, president of the women's Elizabeth R' across the middle of a white quarto page in a new green leather-bound visitor's book that was carefully closed and stored away as son as the Royal visitor had gone.

After the signing, Her Majesty stopped to talk to four of live verean staff members, them went with Mr. Unwin down the foyer steps to the main door.

On the way down she paused and, looking at a group of green are white-clad students. We will also the edge of the stairs and spoke to Charlotte Basher and asked: "How long have you been here?" Miss Basher told her she was in her third year.

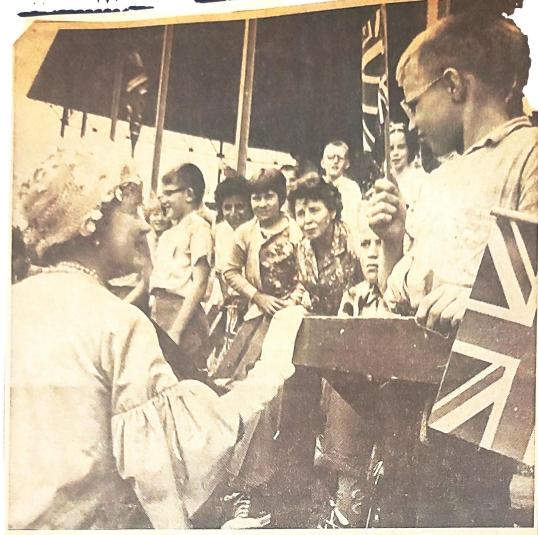
And the Queen Mother walked to the edge of the stairs and spoke to Charlotte Basher and asked: "How long have you been here?" Miss Basher told her she was in her third year.

And the Queen Mother walked on with the familiar wave of the white-gloved hand, aplogizing to Mr. Unwin: "Tm sorry my wist has to be so briet."

As the Royal motorcade, with thy police and Mountle escorts, pulled away from the curb, staff and nurses filling the hospital windows Joined their cheers with the street full-ds provided the rest of the days, carried on with the familiar wave of the white-gloved hand, aplogizing to Mr. Unwin: "Tm sorry my wist has to be so briet."

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the government. ered of will be considered by



QUEEN MOTHER MAKES FRIENDS

Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, chats with a flag-waving youngster, one of 11.000 who packed Lansdowne Park yesterday to greet the royal visitor. The Queen Mother stepped away from

the official party to talk to the children, and then proclaimed a school holiday. (See Page 25.)

-Citizen-UPI Staff Photo

Crowds Watch Noon Ceremony

See Also Pages 22, 28 and 29. The blare of trumpets and the applause of thousands of spectators greeted the Queen Carrying an umbrella which

Mother at the National War Mc-morial shortly after noon today. Accompanied by the Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker, the wreath-laying ceremony was the only scheduled opportunity for the public to see Her Majesty in the second day of her visit

Following the fanfare, the Queen Mother received a royal salute by the guard of honor, Second Battalion, under the command of Major C. V. Carlson. Together with Maj. Carlson and

Civic emlpoyees will have a half day holiday when the Queen Mother attends luncheon at City Hall on Thursday. Employees will be allowed to leave their desks at 11.55 a.m., so they may watch Her Majesty's arrival at 12.15. They will have to use the stairs, however, for the to use the stairs, however, for the elevators will be in use by mem-

bers of City Council. Signing out books will be set up at the back of City Hall and employees may sign out for the rest of the day at 1 p.m. two equerries, she inspected the

she did not require under the bright noon sun, the Queen Mother was dressed completely in white from her traditionally favorite ostrich hat to a scalloped lace sheath ensemble.

The Queen Mother had just completed an earlier ceremony completed an earlier ceremony at Government House where she received senior officers of the Canadian Forces Medical Service. They included Surgeon Rear Admiral T. V. MacLean, MC; Surgeon Commander W. G. Elliott, Brig. G. L. L. Smith, CBE; and Air Commodore G. D. Calbick. Calbick.

Half-Day Off
For City Hall
Civic emlpoyees will have a half-day holiday when the

ment House.

She will be received at 8 p.m. at the Prime Minister's residence for a private black-tie dinner.

The Ottawa Citize

119th Year, Number 902

Ottawa, Canada, Monday, June 11, 1962

CHILDREN ROAR WELCOME

Queen Mother Flies For 4-Day Ottawa V



21-Gun Sal Fired In Ho

By Phyllis Wilson and St. Citizen Staff Writers

A few drops of rain, the applau guests and the frantic cheers of 60 greeted th eQueen Mother when sher RCAF Yukon aircraft at Uplan noon today.

Royal Blue Umbrell Royal blue umbrellas blossomed as the Queen Mother, a smiling fig (grey) blue taffeta coat and dress wi ered hat, appeared at the top of the

One umbrella was held over Her over Mrs. Vanier, in pale beige s waiting with the Governor General ramp with External Affairs Ministe acting prime minister.

Waves Back At Cheering

The Queen Mother immediately caught sight of the cheering days.) children from the RCAF Uplands Public School, each madly waving a Canadian Ensign, and she waved back at them.

Silver trumpets sounded a fanfare as she appeared and the Royal Standard broke from the flagstaff on the hangar opposite.

Royal Salute Fired
With the characteristic wave of her upturned hand the Queen Mother walked to the dais. The RCAF Central Band played the Royal Salute and the 30th Field Battery RCA fired a 21-gun salute, the reverberations rocking the hangar.

the hangar.

(A second Royal Salute was fired seconds after the Queen Mother left the station in honor of the Duke of Edinburgh's birthday yesterday, since Royal salversation.

spected the honor from with the G

Lieut. R. J ished her children a again, pro She pau

band direct Back on Queen Mot of the dipl Ambassado Commonwe dress, with

RADIANT SMILE, WAVE FOR CROWD

Queen Mother Arrives At Uplands Airport

-Citizen-UPI Staff Photo

Queen Arrives

An estimated 11,000 cheering school children were on hand to meet the Queen Mother at Lansdowne Park, the second stop in her activity-filled four-day visit.

When she arrived, WELCOME was spelled out by thousands of the children's flash cards from the massive grandstand. Mayor Charlotte Whitton greeted Queen Mother Elizabeth.

Mayor's Welcome

In her welcome speech, Mayor Whitton said the Queen Mother's "memory is secure in our prewar generation, linked with that of the good and greatly loved King George VI.

"Your radiant gallantry shone through our war years, and the post war years, when, now alone, but with all the dignity and majesty of Queen Mother, you again granted us the grace and favor of your presence."

The Mayor presented Harry Hill, chairman of the Public School Board, and F. M. Peters, chairman of the Separate School Board.

The Queen Mother's face lit up when little Louise Boisvert, of Barrette Separate School, and Brian Lackey, Broadview Public School, stepped up to the stage to present her with scrolls and

"I am so happy that my first engagement in Ottawa should be with you, the school children of the capital city," she told them. Speaking in both English and p.m.

French, the Queen Mother said, "We are living in an age of startling change and undreamed of opportunity." She told the children they should go out into the world determined by their high endeavors to show themselves worthy citizens of the dominion,

"In giving you my warmest greetings," she concluded, "I would like children throughout the length and breath of Canada to know that from my heart I wash they every happiness."

Cheers thundered from the stands. Directly beneath the stage sat dozens of crippled children who joined the rest in singing "O Canada" and "God Savo The Queen" as the Queen Mother departed.

The highlight of the royal visit will be spotlighted at Government House tonight when she will join 100 dignitaries for an official dinner. At about 10 p.m., there will be a glittering reception for some 325 additional guests.

Tuesday, at 11.45 a.m., senior officers of the Canadian Forces Medical Services will go to Government House to meet the royal visitor. She will place a wreath at the National War Memorial 45 minutes later.

At 3 p.m., the Victorian Order of Nurses will have the Queen Mother at their annual meeting at Government House. Prime Minister Diefenbaker will be host at a private dinner at 8

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peak to the lifred Boyce. carpet, the rps. Swedish r Thorsing. th Commis-Charlotte een hat and not unexpect. longest con-

Shakes Hands With RCAF Crew

Accompanied by the Governor- clusters of flags and red-white-General, the Queen Mother then walked to her closed car, stopping to shake hands and thank the members of the RCAF crew which brought her from Montreal for a four-day visit here. The plane touched down at exactly 11.41 a.m., the Royal Standard flying from above the flight deck.

The motorcade drove through the station along a route outlined with Union Jacks, Canadian Ensigns and Air Force flags flying from silver standards towards the tumultuous welcome at Lansdowne Park.

As usual the RCAF Uplands ceremony was perfection itself.

At 10.30 the Air Transport Command Band gave a concert for the official guests and the children as they waited in 412 Transport Squadron Hangar. The hangar was decorated murals having Arctic Eskimo and West Coast Indian themes,

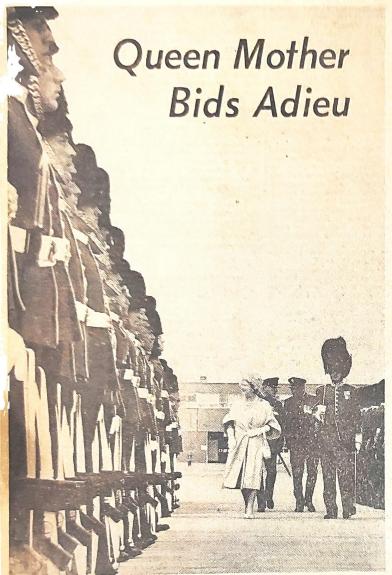
and-blue bunting.

The popular colors for the women's dresses and hats were yellow, blue and red. With the scarlet tunics of the RCMP and the white summer uniforms of the RN, the hangar was like a bank of confetti around the freshly-painted pale blue floor striped by the long red carpet.

The 100-man Royal Guard of Honor took its place at 11 o'clock, with the Colors being uncased with due ceremony to the strains of Land of Hope and Glory played by the Central Band.

(See 'Queen' Page 3, Col. 7)

'A Wonderful Visit. Thank You'



The Queen Mother inspects the Les Fusiliers Mount Royal honor guard on the tarmac of the International Airport at Dorval before boarding her plane for Ottawa.

During the ceremony she said a "fond goodbye" to Brig. K. G. Blackader, commander of the Black Watch.

(Gazette Photo Service)

Queen Mother Leaves To Visit Ottawa

BY BRUCE GARVEY

The Queen Mother took a fleeting look at the hazy Montreal skyline and boarded an Ot-

real skyline and boarded an Ottawa-bound RCAF plane at Montreal International Airport vesterday — "with some wonderful memorles."

She ended her triumphant four-day visit to the city with the kind of warm, spontaneous welcome she had received throughout the stay.

If the find of warm of the first plane is a last glimpse of their royal guest as her car sped to the airport, stopping on the way for a brief call at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital.

In a simple ceremony on the tarmac at Dorval she said "a fond goodbye" to Brig. K. E. Blackader, of the Black Watch Regiment, her host for most of the visit.

the visit.

"I've Enjoyed Myself" — Queen Mother

"I don't know when I've enjoyed myself more," she told

him.
"It's been a wonderful visit.
Thank you so much," she
replied.

Thank you so much," she replied.

Presenting the regiment with new colors on its 100th aniversary had been the highlight of the visit — but the Queen Mother did not forget her other functions.

With a goodbye handshake for Mayor and Mrs. Jean Drapeau, she said: "I'm really sad to leave. I have some wonderful menories of my four days here."

She told the Mayor that the Saturday night civic banquet on St. Helen's Island "was particularly wonderful" — that was the night she joined in a rousing sing-song of "Alouette," explaining that the late Mayor Camillien Houde had taught her the song when she visited Montreal in 1939.

The band and 100 men of Les Fusiliers Mont Royal paraded for the Queen's denature.

Fusiliers Mont Royal paraded for the Queen's departure.

Dressed in pale blue and

wearing the brooch presented to her by Premier Lesage, she inspected the men before boarding the Yukon turbo-prop plane.

She waved cheerfully to a crowd of some 300 on the air-port balconies before disappearing into the aircraft.

A 21-gun salute from men of the 34th Field Regiment was still blasting out as the plane taxied to the runway.

Piloting the royal aircraft on the flight to Ottawa was Fit.

Lt. W. Carss, of Flin Flon, Man.

Last Engagement Informal

BY BOB HAYES

The Queen Mother's last official engagement in the city yesterday was marked by its informality and the enthusiasm of the crowds.

During her 10-minute stopover at the Queen Elizabeth Hospital in N.D.G., Her Majesty chatted with hospital officials, nurses, orderlies and nursing aides and signed the hospital's guest book—"Elizabeth R— June 11th, 1962"

She was welcomed to the west end hospital, named after her, by the president, L. B. Unwin, and Postmaster General William Hamilton.

More than 1,000 persons were lined up along the sidewalks on both sides of Marlowe Ave, as the royal limousine drew up in front of the hospital shortly after 10 a.m.

Once the auto stopped, how-ever, the crowd broke ranks and poured across the front

and poured across the front lawn to get a better view. Resounding cheers and ap-plause greeted the Queen Mother when she arrived and left the institution

Inside, she was introduced to members of the hospital board and their wives.

On the wall over the desk where she signed the hospital's book hung an autographed color portrait of Her Majesty.

It was received from Londor last week.

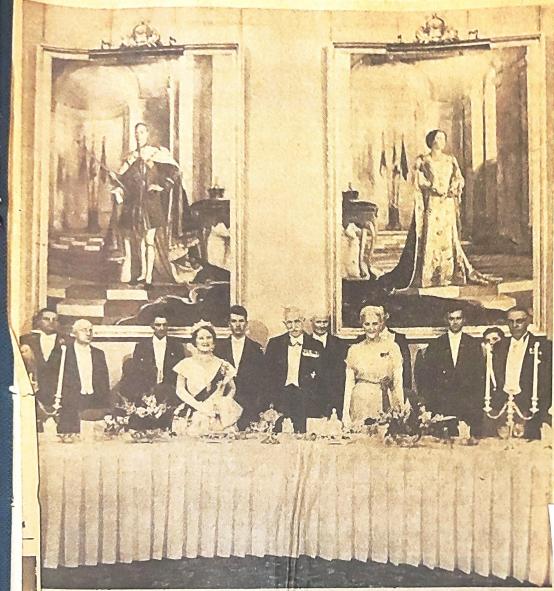
Although she only had a few minutes to spend, she stopped to talk to five or six of the older employees of the hospital.

employees of the hospital.

Dressed in an ice-blue shantung coat and dress, the Queen
Mother paused on the sidewalk
as she was leaving and waved
to patients crowded at the wincrowd and from the nurses
dows above.

A cheer went up from the lined up along the front walk of the hospital.
"I wish I could have spent more time at the hospital," she told Mr. Unwin.

One housewife, standing on tip-toes in the sidewalk jam, remarked: "Isn't she lovely." It was the proudest 10 minute, the hospital's history.



Head Table At Rideau Hall State Dinner

Her Majesty Stands Beneath Paintings Of Herself And George VI

Mr. Fleming's 'Salad Days' Recalled By Her Majesty

Among the many acquaintances with whom Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother talked with at last night's reception at Government House were Finance Minister Donald Fleming

and Mrs. Fleming,
"The first time I was presented to Her Majesty was in 1939
when she toured Canada with her husband, the late King George
VI," Mr. Fleming recalled, "It was on the steps of the City Hall in Toronto and I was an alderman, But Her Majesty remembered the occasion well."

"She is as gay, vivacious and interested in people today as she was then," said Mr. Fleming. "She is a wonderful person."

The Royal Highland Regiment

Sir.—What's in a name? The regiment in Montreal, first called the Royal Scots, then the

Flowers Anng For Gala Sh

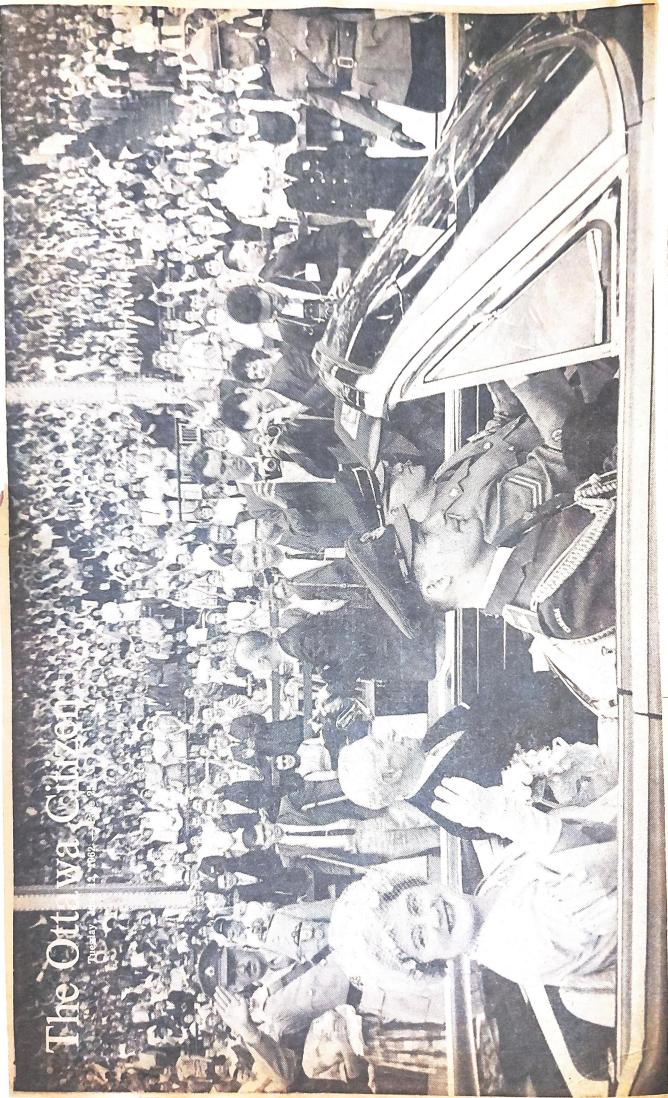
By Joan Smith y mixCitizen Women's Writer guests
Fluttering Union Jacks andie burCanadian Ensigns matchedy hen the red coals of the Mounties the which in turn echoed the vivid geraniums fronting Governing Governi

Pink a z a l c a s i deep blue carpeted leading into the where the Queen Mother, glittering in a creamy white satin gown, flashing with crystals and diamonds, received the 100 guests, resplendant in their native dress, robes of office and colorful military uniforms. The anteroom was festive with flowers and elegant with grey damask hangings. Bouquets of pink and white carnations, peonies and gladioli added a gala air and banks of hydrangeas in pink, blue and white were on each side of the door leading to the ballroof-sar where the banquet was held the door leading the door lea

she was truly a lovely sight. But shining through all the surrounding glitter was her wonderful smile coupled with her now-famous grace and

Exotic gold-embroidered saris, deep hued chiffons, light, flowing floral prints and the tawny hued robes of the

vears natio



ROYAL VISITOR RIDES WITH GOVERNOR-GENERAL VANIER

Mayor Makes Vuick Change To Greet Queen



WORD FROM MAYOR

Serious Mayor Whitton Chats With Smiling Queen Mother

-Citizen-UPI Staff Photos

money finished, a sleek convertible rolled to the dais, but Robert Law. "She asked me what school she ignored it and strode over to one of the crippled children, Queen Mother didn't how close she came to

I came from," the beaming 11-year-old later told reporters. "What a wonderful scene," the Queen Mother was heard commenting to Mayor Whitton white flash cards to spell out as the children raised their Led by Harry Sutherland being greeted by Mayor Whit-ton in one green shoe and one Her Worship discovered the colorful mistake while using room to change to her scarlet robes en route to Lansdowne Park from Uplands. She was able to correct it in the nick her limousine as a dressing olack shoe yesterday.

But as if that wasn't bad

ada in French-much to the delight of Governor General years old, presented the Queen ing a pink organza dress and her first high-heeled shoes, the boys and girls sang O Can-Save The Queen. wrestle with.

Back at the Uplands arrival, the royal visitor had posed a enough, the Mayor had an even more risky problem to quest to her. "It's so nice to be back in Canada," the Queen "but do what you can about the weather." Mother told her on the side but light-hearted, royal,

A boy and girl, both 12

Sun Breaks Through

thanked the queen for the op-portunity to speak to her in the French language.

Majesty's motorcade streamed tumultuous cheers of 11,000 school children, the clouds mayor came through. the sun! When Her into Lansdowne Park to the proke and bowed away.

It was a moving sight. After circling the field in a closed car, the Royal Mother stepped out onto the red carpet to the the Queen Mother turned to the stands, waving and smil-ing at her giant welcoming silence covered the park and, just as quickly, burst again as Mayor's handelasp. A heavy

The reception reached an up-

The children were Grades 5 and 6 students from public and separate schools. There were about 60 physically handicap-

mark my visit, I suggest the afternoon should be a holiday for you all." The students went Queen Mother announced: "To

ed forward to greet her when federation Square, travelling she later passed through Conto Government House.

Arriving shortly after 1 p.m. in an 11-car cavalcade, she was welcomed with restrained applause. Most comments heard Queen Mother appeared, and that she hadn't aged since her concerned how young

the crowd before her appearance. An explosion in blasting operations from the U.K. High Commission construction site were successively hailed as Two false alarms startled the official motorcade.

A crowd of about 1,000 surgwild with hurrahs,

Public School music director

almost seemed to be the beginning of a salute, and a number of diplomatic cars

Loads Of Background

When Royd

Carlingwood Plaza

Ever wonder where a reporter collects all those nuggets of background on places or things that are touched during a royal

St. Lawrence Seaway today, someone is apt to write that 4,500,000 cubic yards of earth was excavated for the Iroquois lock.

Well, there is nothing to it. For instance, during the Queen Mother's cruise on the

covernmental, military and coration publicity departments remarkable job of dishing one dope. If you want to

ing and

NOSEGAY FOR HER MAJESTY

Turns To Speak With Mayor



smiling Queen Mother acknowledges the cheers of 11,000 school children who welcomed her to Ottawa yesterday. The children, from

French and English grade schools, assembled in Lansdowne Park to greet the Queen Mother on her arrival from Uplands Airport.

"How Do You Do?"

with Senator Wishart Robertson
-Citizen-UPI Staff Photo

Children Welcome Queen Mother

OTTAWA, June 12 — The Queen Mother today faces a

OTTAWA, June 12—The Queen Mother today faces a busy round of regal engagements, all representing a far cry from the spontaneous shrills comed her into Ottawa yesterday.

Today's engagements are also a departure from the glittering magnificence of last night's state dinner in Rideau Hall and the formal reception that followed for 325 guests. That was the social highlight of the year. There will be fewer people and less glitter for the Queen Mother today, the second day of her four-day visit to the Ottawa area. There will be nothing like the deafening din that delighted her when sed drove into downtown Lansdowne Park to be greeted by city school children.

Her activities were to begin at 11:45 a.m. when senior officers of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service go to Government House to greet the Royal visitor who is Colonel-in-Chief of the Canadian Forces Medical Service was in the park, during which have th

CBM—George Mandol CBM—George 3 30 CKAC-BI CKGM—Did CFCF—Ross CFCF—Ross

CIME

The diffusion of the most of t

The Montreal Star

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1962





After placing a wreath at the cenotaph, the Queen Mother stands for a few moments before the memorial

in Confederation Square. The ceremony was witnessed by noon-hour crowds in brilliant sunshine.

Queen Mother in Ontario

Royal Visitor Sees Village of History

By WILLIAM WARDWELL

UPPER CANADA VILLAGE, Ont., June 13—The Queen Mother and more than 600 friends stepped 150 years into the past here today.

They shared the nostalgia of history-come-alive in Crysler Farm Battlefield Park, the 2,000-acre memorial to the decisive battle of the War of 1812, which determined Canada's destiny as a member of the Commonwealth.

The Queen Mother saw the museum in the Battle Memorial

Building, with its relics left by the doughty United Empire Loyalists who fought with the rifle, club, and axe to help Bri-tish soldiers repel the invader from the land to the south that they had fled.

At the foot of the slopes, transported from the nearby farm where the actual battle was fought, the Queen Mother received red roses from a little girl. It was a quiet and sunny

day.

She toured Upper Canada Village — within the battlefield park — visiting the restored Cook's Tavern headquarters of the American soldiers, the storied home of Lutheran Pastor William Sharts. The Queen Mother rode in a horse-drawn Farlinger barouche to Loucks' House, brought here from Osnabruck Township where Richard Loucks, his wife and six children found happiness after being banished from New York for persisting in loyalty to the British Crown. British Crown.

Guests on Tour

The Royal Visitor received historical data from young women wearing replicas of century-old gingham dresses and bonnets. Accompanying the Queen Mother were members of the executive committee of the Ontario-St. Lawrence Development of the Commission.

Ontario-St. Lawrence Develop-ment Commission.

"It must be wonderful to work here," the Queen Mother told Kathryn Derby.

The Queen Mother wore a white dress and coat, and a white hat trimmed in pink. The coat was lined in pink and white

check, and she carried a pink and white chiffon scarf.

The commission members explained to her about another successful battle, this one completed in 1961. This was the rescue of windmills, log cabins, spinning wheels, glassware, cider presses and an ancient wooden dentistry chair from the path of mighty modern-day machines gouging a path for the seaway.

Scenic Route

Scenic Route

The village and battlefield park are six miles east of Morrisburg (100 miles from Montreal). They were opened to the public last year by Ontario Premier Frost, along with 6,000 acres of vacation land spread over 170 miles from the Bay of Quinte to the Quebec border. The 50-acre village and battlefield park, containing about 40 buildings filled with relics and memories, are along scenic highway No. 2 between Morrisburg and Cornwall.

The visit here by the Queen

highway No. 2 between Morrisburg and Cornwall.

The visit here by the Queen Mother came on the seventh day of her Canadian tour, which ends Saturday when she flies from Toronto's Malton Airport after she presents the trophy to the winner of the Queen's Plate Stakes at New Woodbine Race Track.

This afternoon the Queen Mother is to board an RCMP launch at historic Marina Docks for the Frigate HMCS Inch Arran and go on a four-hour trip up the river to the Thousand Islands area. Following disembarkation at Lower Lake Terminal at Johnstown the Royal motorcade will make a 90-minute trip along Highway 2 and 16, and along Ottawa streets to Government House.

Her Majesty Meets New Friends And





Government House Ottawa

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier met her Majesty the Queen Mother on her arrival at Uplands Air Station Monday morning.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Mrs. Vanir gave a State Dinner follow-d by a State Reception in mor of Her Majesty the ueen Mother Monday.

A Radiant Smile

Governor-General Vanier and Mrs. Vanier have a word with the Queen

-Citizen - UPI Staff Photo

Nearly 500 Guests At State Reception By Molly DeProse previous occasions when they were presented previous occasions when they were presented to the previous occasions the previous o

The radiant smile and gracious greeting with which Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother has endeared herself to countless Canadians once more charmed hundreds of guests at Rideau Hall Monday night at a State Dinner and reception given by the Governor General and Mrs. George Vanier.

Many of those present must have remembered two

previous occasions when they were presented to Her Majesty at Rideau Hall—once in 1939 when as consort of King George VI she visited Canada and again in November 1954 as a guest of the Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey, when he was Governor General of Canada. Again last night, for all, there was the warm personal touch for which the Queen Mother is known and loved so well.



Remember

And, indeed, Her Majesty had many occasions to say "Ah! of course I remember you" during the evening, both at the dinner for some 100 guests and later at the reception for some 330 guests where she chatted with both old and new friends. new friends.

The menu at the dinner was all Canadian. It consisted of consomme, Arctic char, turkey, little potatoes and a specially prepared lee cream.

specially prepared lee cream.

A piece de resistance was the 22 sugar "queens" created by the famous Rideau Hall chef, Jean Zonda, who served them with the petit fours at the end of the dinner. About 10 inches tall, colifured and gowned in the 18th century style, the figurines took tendays to make and mark a high point in Chef Zonda's career point in Chef Zonda's career as a creator of masterpleces in sugar.

The flowers selected for decorating the rooms at Rideau Hall for the occasion were particularly striking. Bronze, pink and maroon snapdragons with white spirea were used for the table centrepieces, while peonies, gladioli, hyad-

rangeas, stocks and geraniums added their beauty to the rereption and drawingrooms.

Roses, among her favorite flowers (her youngest daughter's second name is Rose,) were used in the Royal Suite and sittingroom.

Invited to the State Dinner.

were used in the loyal salie and sittingroom.

Invited to the State Dinner were the Prime Minister and Mrs. Diefenbaker: Chief Justice Kerwin and Mrs. Kerwin; the Rt. Hon Vincent Massey; the Rt. Hon Louis St. Laurent and Mrs. St. Laurent; the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps the Ambassador of Sweden and Mrs. Oscar Thorsing; the High Commissioners of the Commonwealth, which include those of the United Kindgom, Australia, Ceylon, Ghana, India, New Zealand, Pakistan and their wives. Members of the Cabinet and their wives, representatives of churches, representatives of churches, senior officers of the Services and the Lieutenant-Governors

and their wives were also included in the guest list.

Leader of the Opposition
Lester B. Pearson was among those invited to attend the din-ner. Neither the Prime Minister, Mrs. Diefenbaker or Mr. Pearson were able to attend.

.. Beautifully Gowned

Wherever they go the choice of gowns worn by women members of the Royal Family, especially for such functions as last night's formal dinner and reception, excite and enormous amount of at-tention among the women guests. Last night Her Majesty did not disappoint her feminine audience for she was as beautifully gowned as always.

Heavy cream satin lavishly embroidered with diagonal lines of diamente was worn by the Queen Mother, The neck-line of the bodice was cut deeply in front and back and extended into a deep shawl collar. The skirt was of the wide bouffant style which Her Majesty wears so well. With it she wore the broad blue ribbon of the Order of the Garter which was decorated with the Family Orders. Her jewelry consisted of a magnificent tiara of diamonds, long pendant diamond earrings and a deep necklace of large pearls surrounded with diamonds. Her evening bag was of the same material as her gown and was interestingly fashion-

ed so that she could wear it over one arm in the style of a muff.

Mrs. Vanier was a charming figure in a long graceful gown of opalescent chiffon fashioned with a high neckline and short sleeves. The draped skirt was caught at the waist with a posy of Parma violets and was held by a velvet sash of the same shade.

Silver shoes, a silver mesh bag and long white doeskin gloves completed her ensemble, and for jewelry she wore long diamond earrings and a solitaire diamond ring.

Her Majesty was attended by Lady Jean Rankin, and the Hon, Mrs. John Mulholland who was her lady-in-waiting when she visited Canada in 1954. Mrs. Louis Berger attended Her Excellency Mrs. Vanier.

The reception which followed the State Dinner marked the end of a day which had started some 12 hours earlier for Her Majesty, but her smile was as gracious and her in-terest as lively in all who had an opportunity to be presented

and have chat with her as it must have been at the beginning of the day in Montreal when she visited the Queen Elizabeth Hospital before flying to Ottawa.

After she had received the additional guests invited to the reception, Her Majesty, accompanied by the Governor General and Mrs. aVnier, walked into the ballroom to greet as many persons as possible. Among those who had sible. Among those who had an opportunity to talk to Her Majesty were the Apostolic Delegate to Canada, Sebastiano Baggio; the Bishop of Ottawa, Rt. Rev. E. S. Reed; the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, the Ambassador of Sweden and Mrs. Oscar Thorsing: the Minister of Finance Sweden and Mrs. Oscar Thorsing; the Minister of Finance and Mrs. Donald Fleming; Mrs. Lester B. Pearson, whose husband, the Leader of the Opposition, was unable to attend and the Hon. Angus McLean, Minister of Fisheries.

Mayor Charlotte Whitton, who was a guest at the dinner, also had an opportunity to have a talk with Her Majesty.

THE GAZETTE, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1.

THE RECO

• DOGS AND DEMOCRACY: Residents of Baie d'Urfe (pop. 4,000) are currently embroiled in a local controversy over whether or not the town council shall impose new restrictions on the town's dogs. A by-law has been given two readings with that in mind, but a third reading and enactment are being opposed. A petition is being circulated asking the town fathers to call for a referendum on the subject, and the petition itself has added due to the controversy. Dog-owners charge the council is autocratic in its behavior; degless residents take a different view. Even the federal campaign is taking a back seat to this tempest in a kennel.

• THIS BOOMERANG DID COME BACK: The sometimes frigid air at Fort Chimo, Que., buzzed not long ago to a boomerang which, unlike the one in the recently popular song which wouldn't, did come back. It seems Miss Helen Wiltshire, teacher, appealed to the office of the Australian High Commissioner in Ottawa for visual aids to help teach her Eskimo charges about the land Down Under. Back came a boomerang, along with other aids. To satisfy the youngsters, according to the Northern Star published in that community, Miss Wiltshire had to learn to throw it so it would come back. Enlisting the aid of George Koneak, hunter and guide, Miss Wiltshire practiced at night (so her pupils wouldn't see her) and after arduous sessions of recovering the weapon from snow banks, roof tops, etc., did master the art. As soon at this was demonstrated the natives set to carving boomerangs and, at last report, the air up there was filled with them. Perhaps not as many as mosquitos and black files, but a lot of them.

• QUOTABLE QUOTES: Don't look for the St, Lawrence Seaway on the 1962 edition of the official Quebec read map published by the Previncial Tourist Bureau, You won't find it. . . . Relatives in Ireland of a man who lived at a Greene avenue address for 30 years were astounded when one of their letters was returned by the post office. It took days for them to learn that it was only another postal error, an

• PERSON TO PERSON: Thomas Dinesen, V.C., who came from Denmark to attend the Black Watch ceremonies on the weekend, to be honored by fellow-Danes at a luncheon in the regiment's mess today. . . A. M. Vassiliadis, g.m. of the Greek Line, at embarkation of the Arkadia the other day, welcomed aboard a Mr. and Mrs. M. Vassiliadis, namesakes but otherwise strangers . . Miss Alice Harvey of Corby's recovering from surgery in Queen Elizabeth Hospital. . . Fred Belanger, a familiar figure at the Post and Paddock in Miami Beach, has taken over supervision of the dining room facilities at Blue Bonnets for Dominion Sports Service. . . The Ed Berminghams have a new junior photographer, born in St. Mary's Hospital. . . This is the night Solly Mastro receives the N.D.G. Citizen of the Year Award at a Kinsmen's Club gathering at Ruby Foo's.

Civic Day Tomorrow For Queen

Tomorrow will be a Civic Day

Tomorrow will be a Civic Day in the three-day visit of Queen Mother Elizabeth to Ottawa.

At 12.10 p.m. she will leave Government House and will drive directly to City Hall by way of Sussex Drive.

At 12.15 p.m. Her Majesty will be received by Mayor Charlotte Whitton, and Ald. Jules Morin, the dean of City Council and taken directly to the Council Chamber. There the mayor will read her address of welcome and the Queen Mother will reply

Her Majesty will then unveil a picture of Queen Victoria, of Queen Elizabeth, and the Coat of Arms of the City of Ottawa.

Civic Luncheon

At one o'clock Her Majesty, escorted by the Mayor, returns to the foyer where she will remain for a civic luncheon. At 2.30 p.m. she returns, by way of Sussex Drive to Government

In the atternoon the Queen In the afternoon the Queen Mother will attend a Garden Party given in her Honor by the High Commissioner for India at his residence, 858 Acacia Avenue, Rockcliffe Park, She leaves Government House at 4.20 p.m. and drives to the Indian High Commissioner's home by way of Commissioner's home by way of the NCC Driveway to Acacia Avenue.

On her arrival at 4.30 p.m.

she will be received by the High Commissioner, will remain an hour at the garden party, returning to Government House shortly after 5.30 p.m. Friday

At 10 a.m. Friday morning Her Majesty will leave Gov-ernment House for Uplands Airport from where she departs, at

10.45 a.m. for Trenton Airport.
Leaving government house,
accompanied by Governor-General Vanier, the royal entourage
will drive by way of Sussex
Drive to Confederation Square,
then by way of the Driveway then by way of the Driveway, Pretoria Avenue Bridge, Echo Drive and the Bowesville Road to Uplands Airport arriving at

The Ottawa Citizen

world of women

Wednesday, June 13, 1962

Page 35



Arrival Gracious

The Victorian Order of Nurses heard the first grand president ever to address an annual meeting of the Order Tuesday when Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother spoke to delegates at Government House. The Queen Mother, shown on her arrival at the meeting, has always taken a keen interest in VON acti-

vities, and members were delighted when sh stopped to chat with them at a tea which fol lowed the session. In her address, Her Majest praised the Order's work in the past and asker that they continue to carry on their many services. At Her Majesty's left is VON president Left by Majesty's left is VON president Left Legal Left Legal Control Legal Control Left Legal Control dent, Joseph Jeffrey of London, Ont.

From the dais, to winch she will be escorted by the Governor-General, she will receive the Royal Salute from a RCAF Guard of Honor and an artillery salute will be fired by personnel of the 30th Field Regiment.

The Queen Mother will the n

inspect the Guard of Honor, then inspect the Guard of Honor, then the Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier, and other attending dignitaries will say farewell. Her Majesty will then board the plane and at 10.45 will leave for Trenton, arriving there at 11.45 am. There she will be received. a.m. There she will be received by the Lieutenant-Governor for Ontario and conveyed to Batterwood House, near Port Hope, home of the Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey where she will remain for the remainder of the day.

Her Majesty, VONs Grand President Addresses Meeting At Rideau

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother addressed 325 members of the Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada yesterday at the Order's birth-place, Government House.

The royal visiter, who is Grand President of the Order, flashed her gracious smile generously and was stunningly garbed in a white lace dress and coat ensemble and white ostrich feather hat.

semble and white ostrich feather hat.

Birthplace Of Order

The closing session of the VON's 64th annual meeting took place in the Rideau Hall hallment. ballroom, and the Queen Mother was seated beneath oil portraits of herself and the late King George VI.

His Excellency the Governor-General welcomed the delegates on behalf of himself and Mrs. Vanier. We oberish our association with you as honorary president and patron of your Order and we consider it an honor to have you today as our guests." he said.

Referring to the Order's founder, whose portrait could be seen on the ballroom wall, he added, 'Certainly Lady Aberdeen would be well pleased with her initiative over half a century ago if she could be here today."

VON president, Joseph Jef-fery of London, Ont., thanked Their Excellencies for the in-vitation to hold the final session of the two-day meeting at Government House,

Miss Jean Leask, Director in Chief, presented the Order's annual report. She told those present that submissions had been made on their behalf to Royal Commission on Health Services

118 Branches

She outlined the structure of the VON and its service. "In 1961 visiting nursing service was provided in 118 branches across Canada," Miss Leask reported.
"It is now estimated that,

through Victorian Order branches, visiting nursing service is available to 51 per cent of the population of the nine

provinces in which we are organized," she continued. Miss Leask noted that more than 127,000 individuals were admitted for care and nearly 1.100,000 visits were made by the VON during the past year.

She said that nearly threequarters of all visits were made to patients whose conditions were chronic and that two-thirds of the chronic patients were more than 65 years of age.

Significant Trend

The director told delegates that "Perhaps the most significant trend in Victorian Order service in the past year has been in ensuring the continuity of care and the rehabilitation of patients being discharged from hospital."

Her Majesty addressed the delegates following Miss Leask's report. The Queen Mother said "I am delighted that my visit to Canada coinday with the control of cides with the annual meeting of the Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada."

She pointed out the long as-sociation which Queen Mary had with the VON. Her majesty is the fourth Queen to extend her patronage and interest to the nursing service. Queen Victoria's name was given to the Order when it was founded in 1897. In 1901 Queen Alexandra became the patroness and Queen

Mry was patroness from 1911 to1953. The tradition was re-need by the Queen Mother we became Grand President in 955.)

65 Years Old

her Majesty recalled that
"Wen the Order of Nurses
was founded 64 years ago, to
man the Diampud Jubilee of
Quen Victoria Lady Aberden appealed for help in estalishing 'A Victorian Order of Nuses who will go in The Queer's name to all parts of Canaca, caring for the sick and afforing in their own homes

"I how that your work is most featly appreciated and

that your members are looked upon not only as nurses, but as friends," she said, "The de-mands made upon you will surely increase with the years, but I am confident that your devotion will always be equal to the work which lies to hand and that your success will be a spur to further efforts."

After the meeting, delegates were served tea in the lent room and received by the Queen Mother in the drawing-room, Later Her Majesty displaying her well-known charm and poise, mingled with VON members in the garden and chatted with many of the blue uniformed nurses.



Their Excellencies the Go-vernor-General and Madame Vanier welcomed delegates to the Annual Meeting of the Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada at Government House Tuesday afternoon. Her Maj-esty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, as Grand President of the Order, attended the meeting and spoke to the members.

Flag Group's Leader Held After Union Jacks Vanish

Paul Lapointe, president of the Ralliement National des Canadiens en Faveur d'un Drapeau Distinctif, is being held by police pending investigation into the removal last week of Union Jacks placed along Sherbrooke street west in honor of the Queen Mother's visit.

Lapointe was arrested Monday night outside the Craig street Armory as he and fellow members of the association, which is campaigning for a distinctive Canadian flag, staged a demonstration after being ushered out of the hall where

STARLING IS EVICTED FOR VISIT BY ROYALTY

The kildeer that got in the way of a subdivider's bulldozer, so held up building progress, fared much better than the Caty Hall starting that got in the way of a royal visit.

The starling - and starlings are no respecters of dignitypicked the knightly helm atop the City Hall's coat of arms that ings over the main entrance, for the location of its nest.

The bird lived in seclusion, laid its clutch of eggs, and was

happy until City Hall workers began to prepare for the visit of Queen Mother Elizabeth.

Workmen inspecting the balcony were attacked by the starling, which resented the invasion of her nesting area.

"What happens to the Queen Mother if she steps out here and the staring goes into action?" was the instant question. The answer: Workmen climbed up to the crest, removed the nest from the helm and banished the starting. The moral: Never get in the way of a royal visit.



rom the election campaign yesterday Queen Mother Elizabeth for the a wreath at the National War

Memorial in Ottawa. Later in the day he tendered a dinner in honor of the Queen Mother.



MOMENT'S SILENCE TO HONOR CANADA'S WAR DEAD

Royal Visitor At War Mcmorial Yesterday

-Citizen-UPI Staff Photo

Dueen Mother To Morrisburg, Seaway

By Starr Cote Citizen Staff Writer

MORRISBURG - The Queen Mother glimpsed bygone Canadian life today, and from ship-board viewed several modern St. Lawrence Seaway communities.

At 10 a.m. she left Government House for a tour of Upper Canada Village. It was Her Majesty's opportunity to see Canada as the colony it was more than a century ago.

She visited several historic buildings at Crysler Farm Battlefield Park, a few miles east of here, for about an hour.

Then the Royal Canadian

Navy was host for a brief cruise of the St. Lawrence Sea-way aboard the frigate Inch

Hundreds of persons - many them direct descendants of

United Empire Loyalists whose | pioneer life is depicted by the village - were circulating about the site before the Queen Mother arrived at 11 a.m.

(Upper Canada Village celebrates its first birthday next Sunday. It was set aside by the government to commemorate the men who fought in the Bat-tle of Crysler's Farm in 1813, the first settlers of the area and the Loyal British Regiments of

Welcomed By Executive

Her Majesty was welcomed by the executive of the Ontario-St. Lawrence Development Commission and was taken to the Battle Memorial Building. After her arrival at the village, her first stops were Cook's Tavern

and the Pastor's House.
The tavern is a carefully-de

from York (Toronto) to Montreal, where a cold beer once cost a few pennies. It served as headquarters for an American general during the battle.

The pastor's house was built

in 1843 by the Williamsburg Lutheran congregation for Rev. William Sharts. Cooking was done at an open fire and the bedrooms were heated by stoves. The furnishings recall early German taste and include pictures of Luther and some books in German.

The Queen Mother jauntily strode through the village which includes 40 buildings which were salvaged and restored from settlements now lying under the waters of man-made Lake St. Lawrence. The village has become a major tourist attraction.

She saw actual period furnishings and "villagers" in costume

tailed restoration of a popular working at their weaving and party were met by Commodore stagecoach stop on the route blacksmith trade. Some of the Paul D. Taylor, commanding ofback as 1784.

The royal visitor also entered the McDiarmid House and Louck's House, a fine stone building circa 1860 which evolved from a 1790 shanty-now used as a pig sty.

About 1 p.m., the smiling Queen Mother arrived at the Crysler Farm marina from where she was taken by RCMP launch to the frigate, a unit of the 7th Canadian Escort Squadron based at Halifay ron based at Halifax.

Her Majesty and the royal

buildings and relics date as far ficer of naval divisions, Hamilton,

The Inch Arran-from which the press was excluded-took the Queen Mother up the seaway through the Iroquois Locks. It was scheduled to arrive at the Lower Lake Terminal near Prescott at 5 p.m.

Hundreds of visitors were expected to see the Queen Mother at both terminal points, and the passage through the locks at about 2.30 p.m.

The frigate was escorted by two RCMP cutters and two U.S. Coast Guard cutters.



HISTORIC SWORD

Admiral T. V. McLean of Edmonton an historic sword from the Queen at a ceremony in Government House ay. Rear Admiral McLean, one of four of the Canadian Medical Services presceived the sword to make the close ties

between the army medical services and the Canadian Forces Medical Services. The sword belonged to Colonel John Silver of Halifax of the British Army Medical Corps early in the century.

-Citizen-UPI Staff Photo



The Queen Mother stepped 150 years into the past yesterday during a tour of Upper Canada Village. She shows an interest in "heckling of the flax," reminiscent

of work by wives of pioneers. The Royal visitor had several chats with women in replicas of clothing worn in days gone by. (More pictures on Page 41.)

Queen Mother Enjoys Outing In Upper Canada

Canadiaa Press
OTTAWA, June 14 — After an easy-going day around the St. Lawrence Seaway, the Queen Mother was returning to official engagements in Ottawa today — unveiling portraits, and attending a luncheon and a garden party. She was to spend three hours at city hall, unveiling the city's coat of arms and attending a civic luncheon. The garden party, where she would meet commonwealth representatives in Ottawa, was to be held at the home of the Indian high commissioner. Like yesterday, her evening will be free.



BRAVERY REWARDED

Queen Mother Congratulates Cadet William Ferguson Of Cornwall On Winning Life-Saving Award

For Guest

By Phyllis Wilson Citizen Staff Writer

All the pageantry at the city's disposal was mustered today when City Council entertained the Queen Mother to luncheon at

Green Island, surrounded by the shinning reaches of the Rideau River, was en fete. A new purple, red and blue civic flag ceremonial robes, uniforms and decorations, fanfares of silver trumpets, glowing beds of flow-ers and 225 feet of red carpet

were rolled out.
It was the second royal occasion in the four-year history of the new City Hall.

In congratulating Ottawa on its "evidences of careful plan-ning and ordered progress," Her Majesty the Queen Mother added she felt it "comforting to see that old traditions have been preserved and familiar landmarks retained.'

The Queen Mother, comment

Gala Day | Cadet's Jitters At City Hall Ended By Queen

See Also Page 10 By The Canadian Press

A 16-year-old sea cadet polished his boots three times before being presented to the Queen Mother Wednesday aboard the frigate Inch Arran.

The crewcut cadet, William Ferguson, of Cornwall, Ont., was congratulated by the Queen Mother for winning the Cadet Award for Bravery Medal last fall. He was the second sea cadet to receive the award since 1949.

The Grade 9 Cornwall High School student said the Queen Mother soon put him at ease.

"I was scared and nervous when I was presented, but she's so natural she made me feel at ease," he said later.

She asked if he would join the navy and he told her he had not made up his mind what he would do following high school gradua-

Family Helps Him To Get Ready

His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ferguson, and two brothers and two sisters helped him get ready for the presentation. He boarded the frigate Tuesday night for his first voyage aboard a

Bill was sitting on the verandah of his Cornwall home in his sea cadet uniform for a special sea cadet parade May 15, 1961, when he heard someone shout that two children had fallen into a nearby canal. He ran to the canal and jumped in fully clothed to rescue Bruce and Bryan Campbell, aged 10 and 8. Witnesses said the children would have drowned without his help.

After his uniform dried the teen-aged youth attended the par-

ing that her past in the a joyful homecoming", happily recalled her Ottawa visit with His Majesty King George VI, shortly before the outbreak of war in 1939, and her last visit to the Capital eight years ago

her has visit to the Capital eight years ago.

In the French part of her little speech, Her Majesty spoke of the beautiful location of Ot-tawa at the junction of the Ot-tawa, Gatineau and Rideau Riv-cata and ea the boundary between ers and on the boundary between Ontario and Quebec, Ottawa, as the symbol of the culture of the English and French races, she observed, sets an example of harmony to the whole world.

In both the opening and clos-ing paragraphs of her speech, The Queen Mother used the form "Mr. Mayor", in addressing Mayor Charlotte Whitton and thanking her for Ottawa's warm

welcome this week.

The Queen Mother arrived at 12.15 to the applause and cheers of civic employees who crowded the forecourt.

See 'Queen', Page 3, Col. 1

QUEEN MOTHER

She was met at the curb by Mayor Charlotte Whitton in her Mayor Charlotte Wintton in ner scarlet robes, Ald. Jules Morin, dean of City Council, and City Clerk A. T. Hastey. As she step-ped out of her car her personal standard was broken from the eastern flag staff in front of City

Midway to the door, Mayor Whitton presented members of Board of Control and the procession moved toward the elevator and the council chamber where the aldermen waited at their desks. Seated at the back were the wives of council members and those to be presented to Her Majesty in the Mayor's office later, some 60 in all.

In welcoming the Queen Mother, Mayor Whitton said City Council was merely "seconding the motion" of the people of Ot-

Mayor Whitton caused laugh-ter when she told the Queen Mo-ther that Ottawa as the national capital was favored above other cities by a royal visit which lights up "the alleged drabness of our ways and stirs to unwonted demonstration the mass of Ottawans, usually comparably moved at all only by encounters in football, hockey, or the excitement of our monster bingos".

She said the Queen Mother one said the queen M of her might not have been told this though "with the unseeing but noting eye of royalty" had doubt-less noted this in her three visits to Ottawa.

Unveils Portraits

The Queen Mother then unveiled portraits of Queen Elizabeth, Queen Victoria and the armorial bearings of the city. Her Majesty pushed a button and an electric motor rolled back the pur-ple, red and blue curtains.

As soon as the brief ceremony was over, the Queen Mother and Mayor Whitton, preceded by an equerry and City Clerk Hast-ey, left the chamber via the aley, lett the champer via the al-dermen's lounge for the balcony where the Queen Mother could see the Gatineau Hills and the Ottawa River. She waved to the growing crowd below.

Enter Mayor's Office
They entered the Mayor's office from the balcony. The Queen

Among those presented were Donald McKague whose colored photograph of Queen Elizabeth was unveiled, Commander Alan

mond, the mayor's secretary, and Robert Gorman, Board of Con-

Robert Gorman, Board of Control secretary.

Police Chief Reg Axcell led the headtable guests to their places in the glass-walled foyer which served as dining room. A fanfare of five RCAF Coronation trumpeters sounded as the Queen Mother and Mayor Whitton started down the staircase.

The 230 guests sat down to

The 230 guests sat down to luncheon of seafood cocktail, cold consomme royal, beef tenderloin, chicken breast, asparagus tips-mayonnaise, fresh strawberries and coffee.

The head table was decorated with low bowls of yellow roses and the Queen Mother's place was marked by a piece of har-ness brass, cast in her likeness for her coronation in 1937. It was tied with the city colors. Bud vases with a single yellow rose decorated the small tables.

Head table guests included Acting Prime Minister G. E. Halpenny, Ontario Reform Institutions Minister Irwin Haskett, Sir Martin Gilliatt, the Queen Mother's secretary Lady Jean Mother's secretary; Lady Jean Rankin, and Hon. Mrs. John Mulholland her ladies-in-waiting, Rt. Rev. E. S. Reed, bishop of Ottawa, Rt. Rev. J. R. Windle, auxiliary by the second secretary of the second seco iliary bishop of Ottawa, Swedish Ambassador Oscar Thorsing, dean of the diplomatic c o r p s, British High Commissioner Lord Amory, members of Board of Control, and Ald, Jules Morin.

Bishop Offers Grace
Bishop Reed offered "grace
before meat" and Bishop Windle "grace after meat". A second fanfare of trumpets was the

ond [anfare of trumpets was the signal for Mayor Whitton to propose the toast to the Queen.

Other guests at the luncheor included Henry F. Davis, chie of protocol, George McIlraith MP and Richard A. Bell, MP D. H. Morrow, MLA, W. Erskin Johnston, MLA, George Dunbar former mayors George Nelm and Stanley Lewis, NCC chair man Lt.-Gen. S. F. Clark, reg resetnatives of the judiciary adjacent municipalities, clvi boards, committees, commi boards, committees, commi-sions, and civic departmen heads.

The luncheon over, the Qu/ They entered the Mayor's office from the balcony. The Queen
Mother signed the city's golden
book.

Among those presented were
Donald McKague whose colored
photograph of Queen Elizabeth
was unveiled, Commander Alan
Beddoe who painted the armorial bearings, Miss Elizabeth Or-



Great Lady Comes To Town

TER MAJESTY, the Queen Mother, comes to Toronto today and we are overjoyed at her presence. We honor her for what she is and what she stands for.

for.

There is a dignity about her which comes through even in pictures, and this quality is touched by gentleness. It has been her outstanding characteristic as wife of the late King George VI, as parent of the reigning Queen and as grandmother. Each of these roles she has assumed with grace and has grown into them with a naturalness and simplicity that touch the heart and lift the spirit.

Her daughter, Queen Elizabeth,

reflects her loving care, inspiring precept and example. In mother and daughter, one detects the same warm and winning modesty, the patience that has been tried and proved under the pressure of events, the self-dedication that knows how to make of duty a privilege.

privilege.

The Queen Mother stands for family solidarity that contributes to the strength of all homes where parents and children strive to build a haven of love. She is testimony to the unbroken faith that binds the generations one to another. This city is richer for the hours she spends here and gives her a welcome from the heart.

Queen Mother Relaxes (



SPRUCED-UP OX ADMIRED

Queen Mother With Municipal Affairs Minister Cass Inspects Trappings On Ox At Upper Canada Village



To Royal Visitor

ROYAL TOUR MAP SHOCK TO OTTAWA

The Department of Transport has given the Quebec separatist movement a boost.

St. Lawrence Seaway leaflets distributed to the press on the Queen Mother's visit yesterday graphically included a large colored map of the Seaway region which should make some faces red.

Some government cartographer located Ottawa smack within Quebec's borders.

By Starr Cote
Citizen Staff Writer
PRESCOTT—The Queen Mother enjoyed the first breather in her hectic schedule Wednesday as she relaxed for a brief steakand champagne cruise up the St. Lawrence Seaway.

Lawrence Seaway.

When the RCN frigate, the Inch Arran, docked at Prescott after its three-hour trip upstream from the Crysler Park marina, members of the royal party conceded it was the first "real chance Her Majesty has had to relax."

had to relax."

She dined sumptuously on avocados with shrimp, rare filet milgnon, fruit compote and Canadian of an ehampagne. And briefly-forgetting about official functions, she stretched her feet on a deck chair under the bright sun following a tour of Upper Canada Village.

Three Cheers

When she disembarked to the traditional three cheers of the crew and an equally enthusiastic crowd of some 2,000 persons, the Queen Mother exercised a

the Queen Mother exercised a rare regal prerogative—much to the delight of the seamen.

the delight of the seamen.

She recalled Commodore Paul

D. Taylor, commanding officer,
naval divisions, after having
said goodbye to him, and ordered him to "splice the main
brace." This meant an extra
two-and-a-half-ounce ration of

rum for all hands.
(Teetotallers get a small cash payment.)

As the order was passed, three cheers for Her Majesty again resounded from the ship's decks. There was one official duty for

the royal passenger. She presented the Sea Cadet Award for Bravery to 16-year-old Able Cadet Bill Ferguson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ferguson of Corn-

The youth jumped fully-clothed into the St. Lawrence River last year to save two young boys. He took a little time afterwards to dry his uniform and then carried on to a cadet parade. This is the second time the high distinction has been awarded since 1949.

First In 25 Years
It was the first time the Queen
Mother had sailed in a Canadian Throughout the trip, she constantly remarked on how much she enjoyed the changed scenery along the banks of the St. Lawrence.

Petty Officers Henri Paul Marquis, who cooked the lunch-eon, and Gilles Rousseau, who eon, and Gilles Rousseau, will served the royal party and officers, agreed later the guest had been "extremely gay" and "so friendly with everyout

friendly with everyardy.

"She said she aighed could have stayed aid of er." said PO Manais.

called mixing ook!"

Queen Elizabeth and Called the could be entired by the coul

to have aboard."

Just before the Coren stepped into her limpsing turn to Government plous stopped to chat with a grill a bouquet of pink which had been prested at Upper Canada Village the Alexandra Auld, daugh J. A. C. Auld, local M.LA

Informal Trip

The trip away from had deliberately been plan an informal basis so she relax. Arriving at Upper Village nearly an hour schedule, she toured the structed buildings pr cruise.

Winchester proved of the 45-mile drive from ernment House. Hundre school children squealed motorcade drove slowly the flag-bedecked vi Throngs of people also ed in other small town:

The Queen Mother m salesclerks.

One officer remarked, Queen Mum will break the Exchequer if she starts souvenirs,"

n Cruise Into Past

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Her Majesty Tours Village In Barouche

—Cittzen-UPI Staff Photos

Sharing A Joke: Queen Mother Elizabeth seems to be enjoying her unidentified guest at Ottawa's

City Hall yesterday while Mayor Charlotte Whitton's laughter indicates the possibility that a joke has beet told.

The Montreal Star

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1962









Pausing in front of old Lutheran Church, the Queen Mother chats with Ontario Municipal Affairs Minister Fred Cass. She spent an hour at the village.

Jueen Mother Visits Site of 1813 Battle

open-topped Farlinger barouche ride was one of the features byed by the Royal visitor in the village. She chatted freely with the

village's personnel, and was offered historical data from members of the Ontario-St. Lawrence Development Commission.

By WILLIAM WARDWELL, exists deed, inc. Open Notice consider to the series of the serie The smiling Queen BCM, cook hands with as inc. Canada's destiny today.

in the Battle of Crysler Farm from Mother spent an hour with the ghosts of ligh who shaped Canada's

dempares to the 800 sembled digmutates enter the 2000 sembled digmutates are much, the memorial to the 800 special Thank you very much, the regulars and 200 United dear, for a curisty and bouquet into regulars and 200 United dear, for a curisty and bouquet into regulars and 200 United dear, for a curisty and bouquet

wno beat back superior num- of red roses from bear of uraders from the inde Alexandra Auld BI Lawrence River on Novem parts Auld. The ber 11, 1813.

Alexandra is a daughter

St. Lawrence from Avenue Ontario Legislative Assembly mental for Leeds County and second units and second of the Battle Memorial Builde recedentment of the Outsaries of the soldiers who message the ware of 1322-1344.

But most of the soldiers who message the precision of the soldiers who message the ware of 1322-1344.

But most of the boots was fiften the greeting party spent cheerly in the party and fiften of the form with misser free Case and the posite replies of life in the party of the commission that make the commission that make the commission that make the commission that make the late 1700 waged buildings and other relies from the late 1700 waged buildings and other relies of the head of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the party of the book of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the party of the party of the book of the book of the book of the party of the book of

or halling a Cartison of hary mits from arrests church and along a vanding dirt road in mits from arrests there is a school road to taven; sawalli the village. She wared as a school road to taven; sawalli stagecoach drawn by four bekery and farmhouse, lies be notes runnled by a four bekery four farmhouse, lies be subject to the same of the same formal and Martisology, similarly at a boat in a mean 100 miles from Mantheria made canal being pulled by a The Queen Monther rode in a horse that chumped along the Farlinger barroute drawn by shoreline.

A police-estimated crowd of Cook's Thern, successor of the Soo assembled in the bartificial word-dimension of the soon assembled to the village to watch American soldiers during the and applated the Queen as a War of 1312. See similar at a She wore a wither decease of the Soon as a band and a soldiers during the cook, and a white the same post with proclaimed that in pink II was a warm and see about transport by the breezes that stirred the coal. The were were roughly the breezes that stirred the coal. The best of the Queen Mother Andrew Andrews and specified things that the pertantive ware that stirred the coal. The best of the Queen Mother Andrews and specified things that the pertantive ware that stirred the coal. The best of the Queen Mother Andrews and specified things that the pertantive warm's armed things that the pertantive warm's armed things that she certainly would want to see

W UL W UNESS questions as a woman in q old full-length dress and by Woodbine Classic heedled the flax; she u Will Witness

the parsonage that was built for Lutheran Pastor William Sharr

rend nose out of 'party politicks' at a site so close to the border. The Royal visitor The Queen Mother visited the handsome — by 19th century standards — home of Richard Loucks, who found happiness signed the distinguished guests in 1843 at nearby Williamsbur—be also got \$250 a year—condition that he keep his rev Queen Elizabeth the Queen the Mother will be at Woodbine Trace track in Toronto Satur. day to witness the 103rd running of the Queen's Plate. North America's oldest annual sporting event.

The race will have a purse of \$75,000 in addition to the traditional gift of 50 guineas from the Queen.

The Queen's Plate is for Canadian-foaled three-year olds over a course of 14

held in Gloucestershire.

MONTREAL STAR'S

British Crown

WEEKEND MAGAZINE ON Saturday, candid photographs show the Queen and Princess Margarct, sitting on the grass, discussing the finer points of entrants in the Badminton

The Queen Mother shows an interest in "hockling of





RADIANT QUEEN MOTHER: Her Majesty the Queen Mother is pictured of the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Marlowe avenue, N.D.G., Monday. Also in the picture are Dr. J. J. Griffith (chief surgeon) and Mrs. Griffith. Westmount's City Hall and other prominent buildings were gaily decorated with flags and banners in honor of Her Majesty's visit.

Youth nabbed in Westmount Westman X Examine June 15/62

Flag-tearing spree nipped

Westmount detectives ended a flag desecration spree in the early hours of Tuesday morning when a 16-year-old juvenile was apprehended on the grounds of the staid City Hall on Sherbrooke street in the act of pulling down and tearing up several Union Jacks and the Scottish standard.

In all, eight flags were at a gathering in the Drill Hall on Craig street.

and torn to shreds, some of the bunting came in for the wrath of the juvenile on the premises of the Westmount

bowling green.
The detectives noticed the youth in action and promptly took him in custody. On questioning it was learned that the young The youth was ushered before the courts and received a sentence of 15-days detention in the Cookel Welfare Court.

at a gathering in the Drill Hall on Craig street.

They were urged on by a bearded beatnik type, who started the proceedings claim-ing he was president of the Ralliement National des Canadiens en Faveur d'un Dra-peau Distinctif. This group tore down a half-dozen flags which had been hoisted in honor of the Queen Mother's visit

The youth caught in Westmount started out on his own and walked up to Sherbrooke street water up to Sherbrooke street where he turned west looking for more flags. When he reached the Westmount City Hall, he went berserk until the arm of the law

eaught up with him.

In checking with the Montreal police it was learned that the originator of the move would appear before the Montreal courts.

THE COMMONWEALTH Royal Visitor

In time of peace, the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada is one of the country's most social regiments, officered by men from Montreal's Scottish families. In war, the regiment has a fine record, fiercely won. Last week Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, colonel-in-chief of the regiment since 1937, flew to Montreal to bring the regiment's first 100 years up-to-date, presenting new colors emblazoned with the names of the Black Watch's 21 major campaigns since the regiment was formed to guard the border during the U.S. Civil War.

The Queen Mother arrived in Montreal the day after Prince Philip left Vancouver for home after winding up his 25-day cross-Canada Commonwealth Study Conference. Prime Minister John Diefenbaker broke off his campaigning in Quebec's Eastern Townships got to Montreelle

Dorval Airport with only an hour to spare to change into morning dress flown in from Ottawa. The royal visitor cheerfully inspected a 100-man Black Watch guard of honor, gave a Queen Motherly smile to a claque of Quebec separatists ("Indépendance pour Québec") who spotted themselves on her route into the city. The visit is her second to Canada since her coast-to-coast tour in 1939, but, like her 1954 stay in Ottawa, a brief one.

In Montreal, she attended a mess dinner celebrating the Black Watch's centenary, and next day, before 22,000 spectators in McGill's Molson Stadium presented the regimental colors. Before flying home this regimental colors. Before nying home this week, she will work in a private dinner with the Diefenbakers in Ottawa, then at Toronto's New Woodbine racetrack present the Queen's 50 guineas to the winner of the historic Queen's Plate.

TIME, JUNE 15, 1962

Queen Mother Finishes Ottawa Visit

Leaves Today For Visit To Vincent Massey At His Port Hope, Ont., Home

OTTAWA - C - The Queen Mother ended her official engagements in Ottawa yesterday on the sun-drenched lawns of the Indian High Commissioner's residence, after she received an eloquent welcome from Mayor Charlotte Whitton at City Hall.

an eloquent welcome from May It was the Queen Mother's last full day in Ottawa—a day which she spent two hours City Hall, unveiling por-ts, delivering her longest ho of the visit, attending vic luncheon, and then to the High Commis-home to meet Common-representatives. representatives.

Her Ottawa visit ends at 10.30 a.m. EDT today - just four days after she arrived from Montreal-when she flies to Trenton, Ont., and then drives to Port Hope for a short visit with former Governor General Vincent Massey.

Saturday she will watch the Queen's Plate being run in Toronto before flying back to London that night.

Her official engagements yesterday were not strenuous, and despite some necessary formality at the City Hall ceremony, she appeared to enjoy all of it. She smiled at Mayor Whitton as she received a stirring welcome before about 100 invited guests in the small, plush council chamber.

The Mayor said the Queen Mother's presence "lights up the alleged drabness of our ways and stirs to unwonted demonstration the mass of Ottawans, usually comparably moved at all only by encounters in football, hockey, or the

excitement of our monster bingos."

The Queen Mother said the Ottawa visit was like a "joyful homecoming"

"Familiar sights and faces recall the happy memories of

Stewart MacLean

my visit with the King in those anxious days just before the last war, and also of the last time I was in Ottawa some eight years ago.
"There have been many changes since I have been with you then, yet it is comforting

to see that old traditions have been preserved and familiar landmarks retained. All around me I see evidence of the careful planning and ordered progress whereby your citizens are developing the natural advantages of Ottawa to add instreto its charm."

Both speakers referred to the beauty of the capital area

Both speakers referred to the beauty of the capital area where the Galineau and Rideau Rivers meet the Ottawa.

The Queen Mother, dressed in a light lemon-yellow dress, was cheered by about 500 spectators as she walked up the long red carpet to the wide glass entrance of City Hall. The Mayor walked beside her, in her flowing red robes and tri-cornered hal.

Queen Mother Leaves Ottawa For Visit With Vincent Massey

The final event of her Ottawa visit came late yesterday afternoon when she attended a garden party at the home of the Indian High Commissioner, along with representatives from all Commonwealth countries, senior Canadian civil servants, and other specially invited guests from the Ottawa area. She spent about 90 minutes with the 250 guests, sipping teaunder a canopy, chatting with Commonwealth citizens from around the world, listening to an RCAF band, and generally enjoying a picturesque outdoor scene in ideal weather.

Wreath Ceremony

Another major engagement during her Ottawa visit—and during her Ottawa visit—and the National War Memorial Tuesday. More all when she replied to an 10,000 persons watched the regal and military pageantry in Confederation Square.

Other engagements saw her of Ottawa—something that has as the guest of honor at a glittering state dinner and reception of the visit.

Other engagements saw her of Ottawa—something that has apparently impressed her throughout her visit. enjoying a picturesque outdoor scene in ideal weather.

The party capped a four-day

visit that was spent largely out-doors, and with the exception of a light rain for her arrival, the weather throughout was near-perfect.

When she spoke at Ottawa's modern glass and concrete City Hall yesterday, where she unveiled two portraits and attended a civic luncheon, she said a highlight of her trip was the welcome she got from 11,000 children in downtown Lansdowne Park downe Park.

downe Park.

This was shortly after her arrival at nearby Uplands airport— where she flew in from Montreal— and she was clearly delighted with the rousing screams of the children who gave her a gigantic welcome from behind a fluttering mass of flags. of flags

Another highlight was Wednesday's trip to the reconstructed buildings of Upper Canada village where she obviously enjoyed walking over the old boardwalks, dropping into the old houses and stores and being

OTTAWA, June 15 — The Queen Mother left Ottawa this morning for the final stages of her 10-day Canadian tour after spending four event-filled days in a sunny capital.

Her RCAF Yukon aircraft was to fly her to Trenton, Ont, from where she would drive to Port Hope for a one-day visit with former Governor-General Vincent Massey, before attending Saturday's running of the Queen's Plate in Toronto. She will fly back to England Saturday night.

The final event of her Ottawa this driven over the dirt roads in a Government House Monday night—an event that sciety writers have described as the social event of the year. Spent 4½ hours cruising the St. Lawfernee Seaway on the frigate linch Arran. Not bothered by lig crowds during the day, she was apparently relaxed and happy for the entire trip. She was apparently relaxed and happy for the entire trip. She meeting of the VON in Canada. The meeting, at which the main brace—which means that every person on the ship gets a to of rum.

Wreath Ceremony

Another major engagement.



THE QUEEN MOTHER, accompanied by Mr. L. B. Unwin, president of the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, walks by the line of nurses at the

Hospital named for Her Majesty in 1951, Following a brief visit, the Queen Mother left for the airport and Ottawa. —Roger Brunelle photo

cents AN EDITION OF

A few showers, cool.
Fair and cool.
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Mostly fair and cool.

THE TELEGRAM

TORONTO, SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1962

TH YEAR

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120 PAGES

MGHT * * 5 STAL

To Be Back In Toronto'-- Queen Mother

By JAMES QUIG
Telegram Staff Reporter
Fearful city officials tried
to stop an ear-splitting 21gun salure to the Queen
Nother Ports

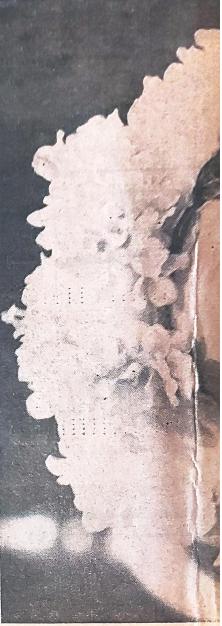
Mother today.

But the army refused to stop the four big guns firing at 15-second intervals.

at 15-second intervals.

Officials feared the noise which rattled windows in the downtown area would shower broken glass down on the estimated 8,000 persons who jammed the City Hall square.

Jammed the City Hall Square.
The roar was so loud that
Her Majesty, a veteran of
such sounds, jumped when
the first 105-howizer
boomed. The crowd jump
ed along with her and kept
immoirs for the next 20





Final Night Latest Sport News

TORONTO DAILY STAR

PLUS CANADIAN WEEKLY & 16 PAGES OF COLOR COMICS

ALLTO G

she continued east many unschedule Sunny, very warm. Winds southwest

Returning to th band and then t steps, she was Mayor Phillips

tarpet, flanked by vonting was blow vice veterans,

dress and duster

On the platform

lant lady who has and kindly way, n the lives of all of

A 21-gun salute broke windows and a crowd of 10,000 roared a welcome

Salute Breaks Windows

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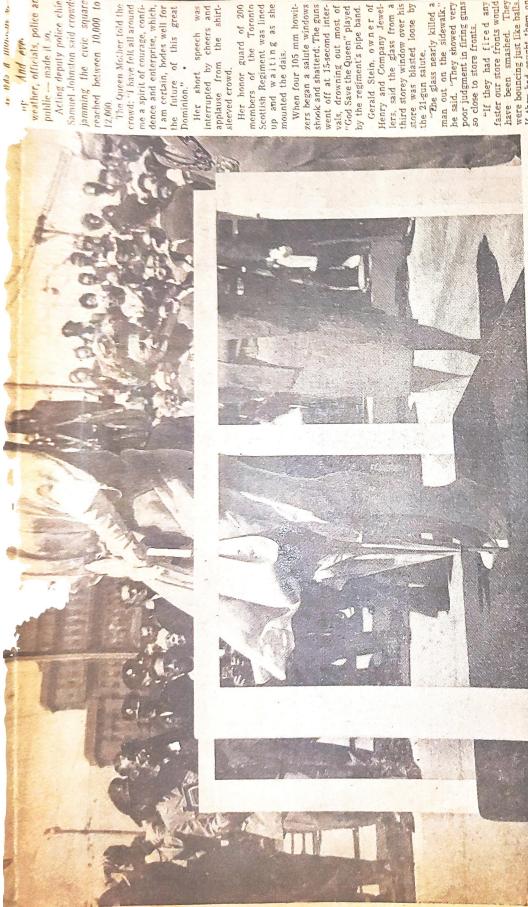
350,297 copies per day May paid circulation

SOME SINGS

And she immediately ex-pressed a hope that she II Elizzbeth returned to the steps of Toronto's city hall for the first time in The Queen Mother studied a model of Toronto's nev today as Queen Mother ing citizens waited for her look at them again. come back again. 23 years.

day," she told Mayor Nathan "Perhaps I'll see it some

It was a moment of tri-



THE QUEEN MOTHER STANDS ON CITY HALL DAIS AS 10,000 PAY HOMAGE. CROWD LEAPED BARRIERS She received 21-gun salute and cheers and whistles of crowd. (See full page of photos page 50)

weather, officials, police and Acting deputy police chief Samuel Johnston said crowds famming the civic square reached between 10,000 to public - made it so. And over

The Queen Mother fold the crowd: "I have felt all around I am certain, bodes well for me a spirit of courage, confidence and enterprise, which, the future of this great Dominion." .

Her short speech was interrupted by cheers and Her honor guard of 200 members of the Toronto applause from the shirtsleeved crowd.

When four 105 mm howitvals, drowning out most of "God Save the Queen" played zers began a salute windows shook and shatterd. The guns went off at 15-second inter-

Gerald Stein, owner of third storey window over his store was blasted loose by lers, said the glass from a by the regiment's pipe band. Henry and Company Jewel-

The glass nearly killed a he said. "They showed very poor judgment in firing guns man out on the sidewalk. so close to store fronts. the 21-gun salute.

If they had caught them on the rebound they all would have been gone," Mr. Stein faster our store fronts would were bouncing just like balls "If they had fired any have been smashed.

(Continued on Page 2 Col. 1) The Queen Mother finished her formal inspection and then made the first of her







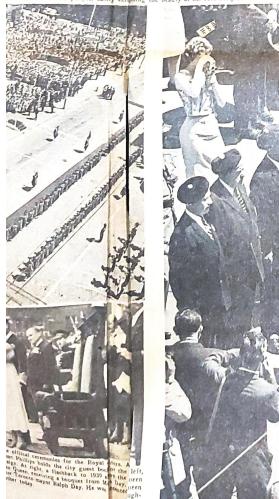
History seemed to be repeating itself today as the Queen Mother mounted a City Hall dais to receive the dignitaries of eity and province, just as she did 23 years ago with her busband, the late King George VI. Before an enthusiastic crowd, the Queen Mother spoke of the nostaligia sine felt when retailing that heppy occasion. Asove, picture looks down on the scene today at City

Hall and the official ceremonies for the Roya, from A left, Mayor Nation Phillips holds the city genet body the usern Mother to sign. At right, a Hashback to 1920 are to body the usern Mother, then Queen, feetiving a bodyuser from Me Day oughter off Joinmer Teronio mayor Relpin Day. He was meaned the Queen Mother today.

ptures The Heart Of The City



tion of Toronto's people carly selection the house of her rose bouquet with a beaming countenance at her City Hall welcome today.





Sidewalk is a place of honor for these men as Her Majesty, umbrella in hand, inspects veterans at City Hall,

Queen Mother Sparkles At Rousing



DRIVING TO CITY HALL WITH LT.-GOV. MACKAY

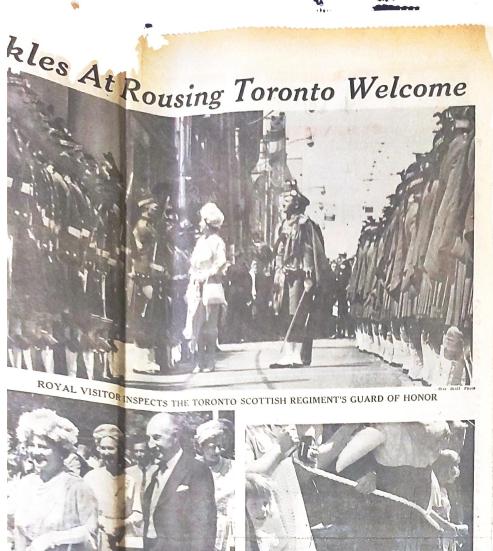




WITH LT.-COL, F. McEACHREN AND LT.-GOV. AND MRS. MACKAY



IT'S THE MOMENT SUPREME FOR THE VETERANS AS THEY MET THE QUEEN MOTHER





LT.-GOV. AND MRS.MACKAY





JEY MET THE QUEEN MOTHER



KENNETH BELL HAD GOOD SPOT TO WATCH

day royal visit to Canada were set fittingly at the local centre for the sport of kings and queens, suburban new Woodbine race track, for the 103rd running of the oldest continuous thoroughbred stakes in North America.

But before the \$76,225 race, at which the Queen Mother will present her daughter's personal gift of 50 guineas to the winning owner, officials and ord-

gift of 50 guineas to the winning owner, officials and ordinary citizens of the city and the province were out to greet the guest at receptions, parades and a luncheon.

Throngs of policemen, soldiers, politicians, local dignitaries, schoolchildren and war reterans had their briefings for

nitaries, schoolchildren and war veterans had their briefings for a swift series of official engagements. Some 30,000 race fans and thousands of other citizens were expected to turn out for more informal glimpses of the visitor as she moves around the city.

About 1,200 metropolitan policemen, 100 Ontario Provincial Police and 50 Torontobased RCMP officers were detailed for a combined of escort, protection and traffic control duties.

Fifteen motorcycle outriders of the OPP were escorting the Queen Mother's six-car motor-cade some 70 miles to Toronto's outskirts from the Port Hope residence of former Governor-General Vincent Massey, where

Queen Moth

All systems are "Go" for this afternoon's 103rd run-ning of Canada's most glitter-ing turf spectacle, the Queen's

And, in slightly more than two minutes after the field of 14 straining thoroughbreds is freed from the starting gate (approximately 6:04 p.m.) some unbelieving owner will find himself launched in

find himself launched in cestatic orbit of the Canadian racing world.

Pre-race and post-race ceremonies will be splashed in traditional color, accentuated this year by the presence of Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother. Mother.

Mother.

The Queen-Mother will arrive at Woodbine at 4 p.m., escorted by the mounted troopers of the Governor-General's Horse Guards. She will visit special areas of the Woodbine course before viewing the race from the Royal Box in front of the clubhouse. Then she will proceed to the winner's enclosure to greet the winning owner. greet the winning owner, trainer and jockey, and pre-sent the Queen's gift of 50

Probably the least c cd of all the principal day's gaudy display of dor are the 12 colts a fillies featured in the event. No one has told of course, that the Mother will be watchin race, or that there is a ping purse of \$76.225 at the end of the grained and a quarter gri. But these frisky fooled 3-year-olds are and fine as human ham make them as the second

make them as the sero post-time tick off an moment of truth grows h takingly near,
After nearly a week

certain weather it now as the day will be bathed a shine and a fast track as If these excellent can

Globe a

Sports Editor

Peter's Chop.

2—Choperina. 3—Reckless Rick. 4—Flaming Page.

Odds 7-5 E. P. Taylor Meets Queen Mother

By JIM PROUDFOOT Star Sports Writer

P. Taylor is a 7-to-5 favorite to meet the Queen Mother in the winner's enclosure at Woodbine after The 103rd running of the Queen's Plate today.

Her Majesty will present the \$5,000 Plate trophy and a purple purse containing 50

guineas to the owner of the victorious horse.

Morning line odds listed Taylor's Windfields Farm twosome, Choperion and Flaming Page, as 7-to-5 pick.

The 50 guineas are the personal gift of Queen Elizabeth, patroness of this royal race.

Some time next week the successful owner will receive a cheque for \$51,225 from The Jockey Club, Ltd. This represents the winner's share of \$76,225, second richest gross in Plate history.

Today's royal visit, the certainty of a close race and perfect weather and track conditions had Jockey Club officials predicting a crowd of more than 30,000, breaking the Woodbine record.

They also forecast a new Canadian one-day betting record, surpassing the \$1,136,175 wagered at Woodbine June 17, 1961.

Peter's Chop, the Peter del Greco candidate, was second choice at 3-to-1. The oddsmaker tabbed the Lanson Farm entry, King Gorm and Tres Sauve, at 6-to-1.

Fourteen horses in all, two of them fillies, were scheduled to contest the Plate, oldest continuously run racing event in North America.

Welcome, The Queen Mother

Toronto has had its share of important visitors this week, but none more welcome than Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, who arrived today.

While it is always a pleasure to be host to so gracious a lady, it is doubly so this weekend. For she brings a touch of tranquillity to a city which has been bombarded this week by the impassioned exhortations of three political leaders in the climax of a vigorous election cam-

Since her last visit to Toronto in 1939, when she was accompanied by her late husband George VI, there have been many changes wrought by war and postwar boom.

The city's profile has been altered by new skyscrapers, subway trains rumble beneath the street, wide expressways knife into downtown from sprawling suburbs.

The people of Toronto have changed as well. A vast influx from the country and Europe has brought a new cosmopolitan vitality to the

What has not changed is Toronto's devotion to the tradition of a constitutional monarchy and our personal affection for Her Majesty who has done so much to add lustre to this symbol.

QUEEN'S BEAUTY THRILLS GIRL

"I never knew queens looked so beautiful," gasped nine-year-old Barbara Stern, of Bombay Dr., as she looked out on Nathan Phillips Square today from the fourth floor of the Toronto - Dominion bank building at Queen and Bay

Barbara and her grandmother, Mrs. Rose Stern, of Roselawn Ave., viewed the Queen Mother from the office of lawyer Joseph Birnbaum.

Through binoculars she peered at the Queen Mother and several times she leaned over to say: "She's mighty nice. What a beautiful Queen."

Queen Mother Successul Ho

By BRIAN SWEENY

Shortly after this after-noon's 103rd running of the noon's 103rd running of the Queen's Plate, the proud winner will stand in the floral-edged horseshoe of turf at Woodbine to accept a purple bag of coins and a gold cup, from Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother. While Her Majesty is congratulating the owner, one can be sure that her sympathy will go out to the losing owners. For this graeious day

day las enjoyed all the pleasures, and suffered all the disappointments, common

to owners of race horses. She is an owner of racehorses. and it is regrettable that the most significant event inher horses in this sport of kings is one of misfortune. This story starts at the Canal Turn of the 1956 running of the Grand National at Ain-

tree.

Armorial III, the leader until then, had fallen, and lier Majesty's Deven Loch moved into a slight lead over Eagle Lodge. Ontray E. S. B. and Gentle Moya. Deven Loch was traveling best of these five which were well sleeped. the rest of the field. Ontray

and the relating four approached the nail lumps sime for custs. The cleared for started for the court impressive for the cavet sand bate, for the cavet sand bate.

The crivit, and hats very anticipatin of when 30 and

See Guineas Run Under Sunny Sky

brevail there should be no except for failure, except that those panting runners which that he beind the winner simply weren't good enough. On the premise that the windfields Farm of Mr. and Mr. E. P. Taylor usually win the big ones, and have another outstanding entry of Choperion and Flaming Page, the filly, they are the pre-race faporite. The track oddsmaler has made them the 5-to-2 choice.

The Taylors have won the plate six times in 13 years and have bred four other winners.

Choperion second is More wonder.

Choperion, second in Monday's Plate Trial, will be ridden by Bill Hartack, the controversial but brilliant jockey.

Jim Fitzsimm anns, the stable's

regular rider and currently the leading Canadian jockey, will be aboard Flaming Page. The internationally prominent Horatio Luro is the trainer. Peter Del Greco's Peter's

Peter Del Greco's Peter's Chop loves mud, as witness his handy victory in the gumbo in a division of the trials, and will have confident Sam Mc-Comb in the saddle. Trainer Bill Haynes is hoping for rain but predicts his colt will win in any kind of going.

rain but predicts his colt will win in any kind of going.
Wilf Farr's Sun Dan, 4 to 1 on the morning line, is something of a question mark after his poor effort in the trial. He finished a badly beaten eighth after winning his first three starts this season, one of them in the mud. Veteran trainer Willie Thurner, who saddled the 1943 winner,

up to the race and the colt will be ridden by Cliff Potts.

King Gorm, recent winner King Gorm, recent winner of the Marine Stakes but a tardy third in the trial, is the chief hope of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Boylen's Lanson Farm. King Gorm is quoted at 6 to 1 and will be coupled in the betting with Tres Suave, a lesser light in the Lanson barn. King Gorm will be ridden by regular rider Hugo Dittfach, bidding for his second consecutive Plate victory. He won last year's renewal astride Blue Light.

Trainer Dick Townrow, who

astride Blue Light.
Trainer Dick Townrow, who
took over the Lanson job less
than two months ago, has
been adding the final preparations to King Gorm and Tres

Suave. Townrow saddled 1954
Plate winner, Collisteo.

Monarch Park, 10 to 1, a
colt that has performed
creditably since making his
first public appearance at the
races at Fort Erie this spring,
is owned by Addison Hall
Stable. Gordon Huntley, a
prominent young horseman,
is the trainer, and Harlon
Dalton will ride.

Ken Kelman's Reckless
Rick, an unheralded colt
which zomed into the Plate
picture on the heels of his
easy triumph in a division of
the trials, is a 12-1 risk. He's
trained by John Annesley Jr.,
and Evan (Smokey) Anyon,
another riding veteran, will
held the reins

and Evan (Shower Phaysus, another riding veteran, will hold the reins, You can just about write your own odds on the balance

of the field, any of which would provide a stunning up-

would provide a stunning upset victory.
Included is the entry of
Westerner Max Bell's New
Perspective and Welcome Elfort, to be ridden by apprentice Jim Dreyer and Chris
Rogers respectively. Rogers,
incidentally, is seeking his
fourth Plate win, Trainer is
Roy Johnson.

fourth Plate win, Trainer is Roy Johnson.
Col. K. R. Marshall and trainer Pat MacMurchy are hoping their filly, Lavella, will repeat Blue Light's success of last year, and Don Hale is slated for the stirrups. Hamilton's Pete Burton hopes his Navy Jay will get the job done and give him the success he enjoyed with Collisteo. Red Barnard trains and Gil Roser will ride.

Red Barnard trains and Gir Roser will ride.

Hammer 'n Tongs comes from the Bo-Teek Farms of G. C. Frostad of Vineland, and is trained by Charles Holliday, Keith Robinson is the jockey. Argue Around sealed his appointment to the Plate with a second place finsealed his appointment to the Plate with a second place fin-ish in the trials. Pat Remil-lard, who rode Paolita to her Plate win, is up and A. H. Trudell is the trainer.

Mail Turf Writers Pick Queen's Plate Winner

SCOTT YOUNG

Columnist

-King Gorm.
-Peter's Chop.
-Flaming Page
-Reckless Rick

JIM COLEMAN Columnist

Choperion.

2—Peter's Chop.
3—Flaming Page.
4—Welcome Effort.

APPAS TAPPAS Handicapper

Flaming Page.

2—Choperion. 3—Peter's Chop. 4—King Gorm.

LAURIE BRAIN Turf Writer

1-King Gorm.

2—Choperion.
3—Peter's Chop.
4—Flaming Page.



Royal visitors visit the unsaddling enclosure at Ascot Race Course to look over Queen Elizabeth's colt Above Suspicion. With Queen are Princess Margaret, middle, and Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother. A groom tends horse.

With More Than 20 Steeplechase Wins in Year woman tory more than 20 times. Dur-

Royal Tan and Eagle passed him to the finish order.

that day saw one of was the first to conwas the first to conwell-being of her
jockey,
soft been misfortune
well-being soft here st examples of good

s pol been misfortune a bjesty's horses. In one Hunt Season just rading colors of blue fstres, blue sleeves, sek ap with gold were arried to vic-

ing her tour of Northern Ireland last April, she visited Downpatrick racecourse. She Downpatrick racecourse. She watched her steeplechaser Laffy win the Ulster Harp Grand National. Laffy is trained, as are the majority of the Queen Mother's steeplechasers, by Peter Cazalet at Kent, England. Cazalet is a son-in-law of the noted humorist P. G. Wodehouse. Of morist P. G. Wodehouse. Of the Queen Mother's 12 horses-in-training at present, the best is undoubtedly The Rip. Her Majesty purchased The Rip in 1980 on her own Judgment. He is by the French-bred steeplechaser Manicou, which provided her with her first big steeplechasing success in the King George VI Stakes in 1950. Apart from her chasers'in-training, the Queen Mother has several others being schooled in the hunting field by Major Eldred Wilson. Although most of her racing

Although most of her racing interests seem to iavolve steeplechasers, she does have a three-year-old colt, Harvest Gold by Aureole, being trained by the Royal trainer Capt. Boyd-Rochfort. Until last season the Queen Mother also raced the gelding Bali Ha'l III, which was presented

to her on her tour of New Zealand early in 1958. This horse had previously won the Great Northern St. Leger in New

Northern St. Leger in New Zealand.
Bali Ha'i III was injured in a training accident and was unable to race until 1939, when he won Sandown's Coombe Stakes, defeating the 1-8 favorite Vacarme. Subsequently he gave Hor Majesty the pleasure of a win at Royal Ascot with an impressive performance over Irish and French-trained entrants in the Queen Alexandra Stakes.

Queen Alexandra Stakes.

It is probable the Queen Mother's interest in horse-

racing originates from the happy times she shared with her late husband, George VI, when he enjoyed many successes as a racehorse owner. In 1942, his Big Game won the 2,000 Guineas and his champion filly, Sun Chariot, won the 1,000 Guineas, Oaks and St. Leger. His Blue Train, a son of the aforementioned Sun Chariot, won the Newmarket Stakes. In 1946, Hypericum, after unseating his rider and bolting before the start, won the Thousand Guineas, and Rising Light won the Jockey Club Stakes. Both horses being bred by when he enjoyed many suc-

His Majesty, as was his filly Above Board, winner of the 1950 Cesarewitch Stakes. It was King George VI and Queen Elizabeth who passed on to their daughter Elizabeth the ardent zeal for the sport for which she is so well known. During the racing season, the Queen Mother can often be seen with her daughter in the Royal Box, displaying the same enthusiasm she exhibited when King George's thoroughbreds were running. Above Board, winner of the

Mr. Sweeny is a pedigree columnist with Daily Racing Form and Canadian Turl Magazine.

THANK YOU MONTREAL

The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada would like to say thank you to all the Montrealers who helped celebrate our Centennial during the visit of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, our Colonel-in-Chief. . .

Programs

We have been told that many of the spectators who witnessed the "Presentation of Colours" ceremony would like to obtain additional programs. A num-

ber of these programs are available and can be purchased for \$1.00 by writing or visiting the

BLACK WATCH ARMORY, 2067 Bleury St., Montreal.



• PERSON TO PERSON: Lee Berce, one of the Ruby Foo's originals, has forsaken golf to go back into the restaurant business. He's owner-operator of the swank Casa del Sol on Drummond street above Burnside, due to open in a couple of weeks. Mal, B. W. Forrest, Black Watch, military co-ordinator for the recent royal visit, to the U.S. Army Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for a year's course of training at Tommy Tomasso's. Boniface Tony Pilotte planning a tenstorey addition to his Chateau de Blois in Three Rivers; which will mean the disappearance of the old Duplessis home which forms a part of the hostelry. Roger Langlois new sales manager for Ouebee of Renault of Canada.



QUEEN MOTHER HOME: This photograph of Queen Mother Elizabeth was taken at a re-ception in Toronto on Saturday after which she left for London. In a farewell message to Governor-General Vanier the Queen Mother

said: "As I leave the Dominion I send to you, to the Government and to the people of Canada my heart-felt thanks for the loyalty and kindness shown to me during my visit . ."

(CP Phototax)

Royal Patronage For Hospital

The Lieutenant-Governor

The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario has been commanded by Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, to advise the Women's College Hospital that their request for patronage has been graciously granted.

Mrs. Paula Phelan, chairman of the board of the Women's College Hospital, said yesterday: "We are deeply honored by Her Majesty's decision. We made the request last February, believing that Her Majesty would find the traditions and experience of our hospital of personal interest. It has been, for half a century, a hospital unique in Canada, staffed by women, for women, and providing a place for medical."

Mrs. Phelan is being presented to the Queen Mother preceding the luncheon at the Royal York Hotel today.

After a brief flight from Ottawa to Trenton and a 50mile drive to Batterwood House in Port Hope, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother relaxed Friday as the private guest of former Governor-General Vincent Massey.

Fifteen motorcycle riders of the Ontario Provincial Police. part of the army of federal, provincial and civic police assigned to the Royal visit, accompanied the six-car caval-

cade on the drive.

About 150 local citizens were gathered at the gates of Batterwood as the Queen Mother drove through, waving.

Later in Toronto, Premier

Later in Toronto, Premier John Robarts announced that to commemorate the Queen Mother's visit, it is proposed, with her consent, to establish the King George VI and Queen Elizabeth scholarship. It will be awarded to the top Ontario scholar of each year graduating from Grade 13 and "having the highest aggregate marks on the best eight papers of Grade 13 examinations and . . enrolling in an Ontario university for aa degree course."

The winner will be award-

The winner will be awarded \$500 in each year of his course to a maximum of four years provided that a first or second class honors stand-

or second class honors standing is maintained.

The Queen Mother spent the night at Batterwood before driving to Toronto today, for civic and Provincial Government receptions and a visit to Woodbine race track for the 103rd running of the Queen's Plate.

A white-gloved hand waving in' the plane window to the ground crew in white coveralls was the last Ottawa saw of Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother Friday morning as the Royal Canadlan Air Force Yukon rolled away from the operational hangar at

Force Yukon rolled away nome the operational hangar at RCAF Station, Uplands.

As the plane left the field, en route to RCAF Station, the red carpet, which had led to the plane's constant of the pla Trenton, the red carpet, which had led to the plane's entrance, was rolled up on a reel. Mayor Charlotte Whitton, In the farewell party, watched, blinked her eyes furlously and expressed the feeling of the waving crowd. "They're rolling up more than the red carpet," she said.

Before the Queen Mother arrived at the hangar, a 100-man guard of honor and the RCAF band waited in an area marked with flags and ferns. Members of the Royal housed arrived and their stack luggage was put aboard.

Two enormous wardrobe trunks stamped HM Queen Mother Queen Elizabeth, which held the beautiful formal gowns she wore on the Canadian visit, were carried

Canadian visit, were carried into the plane.

Cpl. S. N. McCormack, Fort William, in her trim airforce uniform was flight attendant Queen Mother. In a roped for the flight, Cpl. McCormack has served at various RCAF stations in Canada and overseas at Metz, France, and is now stationed at Trenton.

Commonwealth high com-

commonwealth high commissioners and their wives and Mayor Whitton, in a yellow suit and a feathered hal, waited to say good-by to the

area, a small crowd of women

area, a small crowd of women and children from the station had an enviable position for the farewell ceremony.

The Queen Mother arrived with Governor-General George Vanier and Mrs. Vanier. Fler Majesty looked particularly charming in a jade green tussore coat worn over a jade and white printed frock worn with a white straw hat with jade chiffon trim. She carried a nosegay of gardenias picked for her by the domestic staff of Government House. She spoke ernment House. She spoke to several members of the staff as they waited at the residence entrance to say good-by.

While a gun salute from 30th Field Regiment sounded 30th Field Regiment sounded across the area, the RCAF band played God Save The Queen communicating an emotional response to the gathering. The Queen Mother inspected the guard of honor accompanied by guard commander F/L. R. J. Henderson. She shook hands warmly with the official party, made a deep She shook hands warmly with the official party, made a deep curtsy to Governor-General Vanier, who kissed her gloved hand, and spoke with evident affection to Mrs. Vanier. She stood for several min-

utes in the doorway of the plane, waving, while the RCAF pipe band played Will No Come Back

Ottawa Scene

Vaniers Remain in Background

Special to The Globe and Mail

OTTAWA
Although the GovernorGeneral as the Sovereign's representative in Canada, takes precedence even over members of the Royal Family except, of course, the Queen, His Excellency remained away from public events this week His Excellency remained away from public events this week In which Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother participated so that no shadow of protocol should dim the radiance of Her Majesty's presence wherever she went in the capital.

ever she went in the capital.
Only within Government
House itself were the Governor-General and Mrs. Vanier
involved in events arranged
for Her Majesty, apart from
their welcome to her as she
landed at Uplands Airport
Monday morning and their
farewell on Friday morning.

Their Excellences (by the

Their Excellencies fly to Malton this evening to be present for the Queen Mother's departure for London. Then they will return to Otlawa only to be in Toronto again next Thursday when the Governor - General opens the conference of the Canadian Jewish Congress at the King Edward-Sheraton Hotel.

Next Monday Government House will see Royalty again when the Princess Royal again when the Princess Royal arrives to stay after several days' visit with the Lieuten-ant-Governor of British Col-umbia and Mrs. George Pearkes in Victoria and shorter visits to other Western

On Monday afternoon about 275 wives of delegates to the convention of the Agricultural Institute of Canada will be received by Their Excellencies and will remain for tea.

Election day is interfering with attendance of a number of Ottawa's regular first-nighters at the Stratford Shakespearean Festival, this

year. Several will be missing opening night for the first time since the festival began. Among those who are expected to attend, however, are Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Freiman, Dr. and Mrs. Albert W. Trueman, and the Australian High Commissioner and Mrs. David O. Hay,

O. Hay,

Mr. and Mrs. George Ignatieff, accompanied by their sons, Michael and Andrew, will leave on June 28 for Paris where Mr. Ignatieff. undersecretary of state for External Affairs and former Ambassador to Yugoslavia, will take over as permanent Canadian representative to the North Atlantic Council. After spending the summer abroad with their parents, Michael and Andrew will return to Toronto to attend Upper Canada College. The Ambassador of Switzerland and Mrs. Alfred Zehnder gave a luncheon on Thursder gave a luncheon on Thurs-day to honor Mr. and Mrs. Ignatleff before their depar-ture.

Miss Sarah Jennings left on Miss Sarah Jennings left on Thursday for Berryville, Va., to attend the wedding of Miss Patrica Donovan and Mr. Andrew Guest. Afterward she will go to Virginia Beach to holiday briefly before returning to Otlawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. E. Johnston and their children left on Friday for London where Mr. Johnston will take up a post in the Canadian High Commission.

The Ambassador of Israel and Mrs. Yaacov Herzog will give a reception on Wednesday to say good-by to the Embassy's first secretary and Mrs. R. M. Sivan and to meet their successors, Mr. and Mrs. Varon.

To mark their national day, July 1, the High Commissioner for Ghana and Mrs. C. T. Nylander will entertain at the

Embassy in Rockcliffe Park on June 29.

Led by the national president, Mrs. A. F. W. Plumptre, a representative group of members of the Consumers Association of Canada from Ottawa will go to Kingston next week for the first national consumers' conference to be held in Canada. The opening on Wednesday morning was delayed two days because of the election on Monday. It will continue until Thursday evening. The conference is called to deal with consumer problems and has already attracted a maximum registration. registration.

registration.

Speakers with highly specialized knowledge of their specific fields will be present from England and the United States as well as from Canada. Panel discussions too will be led by experts. Displays will be pertinent to discussions. On the request of the food and drug directorate of National Health and Welfare a survey on the question of adding artificial coloring to canned raspberries, strawberries and cherries will be conducted. conducted.

A Canadian, Miss Shirley Manning, now with the Consumer Association of England, will attend to relate her experiences as verifier for the association's conclusions on its consumer testing. As the testing of consumer requires will consumer testing. As the testing of consumer products will be a major topic at the Kingston conference, the addresses of New Yorkers Morris Kaplan and Dr. J. E. Mendenhall, both of Consumers Union, will have special significance for the CAC.

the CAC.

Every province will send its provincial president to head delegations to the CAC annual meeting that will follow the conference. It will run from Friday morning to Saturday

Taylor Entry Sweeps

New Records For Queen's Plate Classic

2,169 crowd at Woodbine track must have recalled that September night as the top-hatted and beaming Taylor, with the Queen Mother at his side, walked to the winner's enclosure to accept the Queen's traditional guineas.

It was the seventh time in the last 14 years that Taylor has made the short trip from the clubhouse to the horseshoeshaped bit of real estate as owner of the Plate winner. Four other times in that period men who bought his yearlings were lucky enough to latch onto a winner of the country's richest race.

They still have a long way to go to catch up to the man who

They still have a long way to go to catch up to the man who has dominated the Canadian racing scene since 1949.

Saturday's victory probably was the most satisfying of any to the affluent Taylor who, as president and the guiding force behind the Jockey Club, saw records rattling all over the \$15,000,000 Woodbine layout.

The crowd was the largest ever to witness a day's racing in Canada. The handle of \$1,-228,580 beat the previous Canadian mark of \$1,136,175 set on Plate Day a year ago. Taylor's share of the purse — \$51,225 for his filly's win and \$7,500 for Choperion's place finish—gave

Section galor 2 Million



Horses are well spread out as the field heads into the first turn Saturday at Toronto's Woodbine track during the 103rd running of the

Queen's Plate. Flaming Page, a filly, was an easy winner Canadian turf classic. A record 32,169 crowd turned out to see the



E. P. Taylor, owner of the winning horse, Flaming Page, receives trophy from the Queen Mother after the race.



lly gets in front

on in 1953. e third filly in the rs to win the longshot Paolita 943 and Taylor's ocs to New York tin next Saturan Oaks at Bel-Trainer Horatic ke up his mind tring the week. special hurry. The las earned \$102,-vears of racing. made \$42,495

Mother Goes Home

LONDON, June 18 — The Queen Mother returned by air last night after a 10-day visit to Canada in an RCAF Yukon. In Ottawa Government House yesterday released texts of messages exchanged by the Queen Mother and the Governor-General at the end of the Queen Mother's Canadian tour. The following message was execeived by Gen. Vanier shortly after the royal aircraft took off from Malton airport in Toronto for London Saturday night:

for London Saturday night:
"As 1 leave the Dominion 1
send to you, to the government
and to the people of Canada
my heart-felt thanks for the

my heart-felt thanks for the loyalty and kindness shown to me during my visit.

"Although my time here has been brief, I have been deeply touched by the warmth of the welcome which I have everywhere received, and I shall always look back on these days in Canada with the happiest memories.

memories.
"(Signed) Elizabeth R" Vanier's Reply

The Governor-General replied

"At the conclusion of this memorable visit to Canada, I beg to send to Your Majesty on behalf of the people of Canada fervent and deep gratitude for the honor and pleasure of your presence.
"Once more Your Majesty has

"Once more Your Majesty has endeared herself to the hearts of my countrymen who will never forget the grim war years when a gracious Queen stood strong and steadfast beside a noble and gallant King dedicated to the service of our great Commonwealth.

"(Signed) Georges P. Vanier" In Toronto Saturday, the Queen Mother wore the colors of her host at the races and watched jockeys wearing the turquoise silks of horseman E. P. Taylor place their mounts first and second in the Queen's Plate stakes.

The royal visitor was wearing a turquoise dress and hat for

a turquoise dress and hat for the final engagement of her tour, the 103rd running of the Canadian classic for thorough-

Presents Guineas

The Queen Mother presented Mr. Taylor with her daughter's personal gift to the winner of

50 guineas. She entered and left subur-

She entered and left suburban New Woodbine Race Track in a horse-drawn carriage escorted by 50 men of the Governor-General's horse guard and cheered by a crowd of 30,000 in warm, sunny weather.

The Woodbine pageantry climaxed an eight-hour visit to Toronto that featured a drive through the city to a civic reception and a luncheon given by the Ontario government.

She arrived by car from an overnight stay at the Port Hope home of former Governor-General Vincent Massey.

Crowds six deep in places lined her route downlown to city hall, where some 5,000 were assembled to cheer her.

A 21-gun artillery salute broke two windows and shook surrounding buildings as the royal guest inspected a 100-man guard of the Toronto Scottish Regiment, of which she is colonel-inchef.

Star - June 18/68 THANK YOU MONTREAL

The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada would like to say thank you to all the Montrealers who helped celebrate our Centennial during the visit of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, our Colonel-in-Chief.

Programs

We have been told that many of the spectators who witnessed the "Presentation of Colours" ceremony would like to obtain additional programs. A

number of these programs are available and can be purchased for \$1.00 by writing or visiting

BLACK WATCH ARMOURY, 2067 Bleury St., Montreal.



Sequel to city flag-tearing echoes in Montreal court

when seven flags were pulled down and torn to shreds from the flag poles at the City Hall, in the early morning hours of June 7, had its sequel in Montreal courts Wednesday,

Paul A. Lapointe, 32, selfappointed leader of an organi-ration known as the "Rallie- officers. ment National des Canadiens en Faveur d'un Drapeau Distinctit" appeared before Sessions Judge Rene Thiberge and was sent to trial.

One of the main witnesses

Flag desecration in Westmount testifying against the accused was the juvenile who was picked up by Westmount police officers at 2 a.m. on the morning in question.

The youth had climbed up the walls and torn down the flags but was interrupted in his work when spotted by alert Westmount police

At the time of his arrest, the youth told Westmount police that he had gone on a flag-tearing spree after having met Lapointe and was so enthused by the idea that he started on a pilgrimage of his own, which ended at the Westmount City Hall.

The youth was taken before the Welfare Court where he pleaded guilty and was severely reprimanded. At the time of his arrest,

reprimanded.

The juvenile was held for further questioning and appeared in court to testify. He stated he had drunk about 10 ounces of alcohol before tearing down the

Among the Union Jacks and Canadian Ensigns torn down was a Scottish standard which brought tears to the eyes of a loyal Scot when it was shown to him at police headquarters.

"The man is dalt," was his observation as he wiped away his tears.

The Montreal Star

Weekend

MAGAZINE

Vol. 12, No. 27

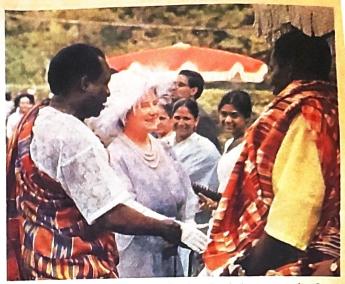
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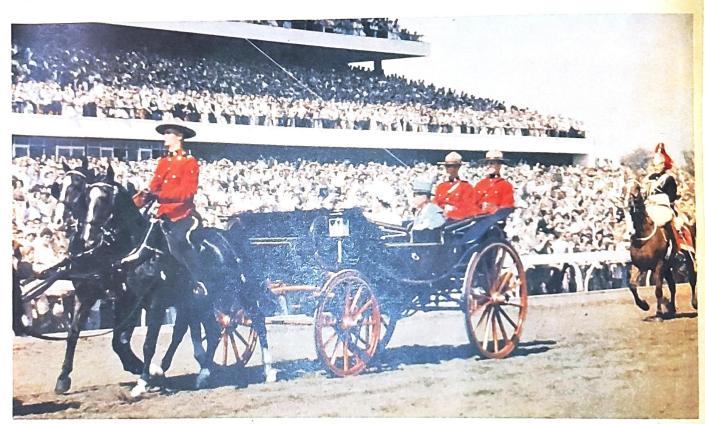
A Wave, A Smile / Concluded



A happy crowd of 11,000 children turned out to greet the royal visitor in Ottawa—and cheered her wildly when she gave them a half-day off.



Diplomats from Ghana, in gaily-colored national dress, meet the Queen Mother at a garden party held by India's High Commissioner in Ottawa.



The packed stands cheer as the royal carriage bowls along the track at Toronto's New Woodbine race course before the 103rd running of Queen's Plate.



Winning owner E. P. Taylor and Mrs. Taylor step up happily to receive trophy for the victory of their horse Flaming Page in the Queen's Plate.



The sun shines and flags flutter colorfully as Mayor Nathan Phillips welcomes the Queen Mother to Toronto on the steps outside City Hall.



Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother arrives in Canada for her first visit since 1939. And on the tarmac at Montreal Airport to greet her with the traditional courtly gesture is Governor-General Vanier.

A Wave, A Smile To Be Remembered

Photos by Louis Jaques and Bert Beaver

T was a sentimental return trip for the Queen Mother, who last visited Canada in pre-war 1939 with her husband, the late King George VI. And it was hard to tell who enjoyed the 1962 repeat visit more - the Queen Mother, with her radiant smile and never-failing instinct for doing the right thing, or the Canadians who flocked to renew acquaintance with her.

But there was no doubt about the visit itself - it was a onewoman triumph. From the moment she arrived in Montreal to present new battle colors to the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada on the occasion of the regiment's 100th anniversary, until she turned to wave farewell from the top of the ramp leading to the aircraft which would carry her from Toronto to London, she captivated all who saw her.

The Queen Mother was never pretentious, never distant and always charming. But what won the warm regard of all Canadians was her sincere interest in everything she saw — whether it was the thrilling pageantry of the Black Watch presentation of colors, her visit with old friends (His Excellency the Governor-General and Madame Vanier) in Ottawa, the exciting stretch run made by Flaming Page as that filly lunged for the finish line at the historic Queen's Plate, or the smile of a small Girl Guide waving a flag in welcome — all of these things drew her rapt and undivided attention.

She was, in fact, just about the nicest visitor Canada ever had.



As Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, the Queen Mother has just presented new colon Weekend Magazine Vol. 12 No. 17





A century of service is honored as the Queen Moth presents colors to Canada's senior highland regim



After unveiling a memorial window, the Queen Moleaves Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul, Mont



A curtsy, a handshake and a royal smile. The ochere: a state dinner at Government House in O

More Pictures On Next



The 10-day visit that won the hearts of thousands is drawing to an end. And as the R.C.A.F. plane taking the visitor back to England prepares

to move out on to the runway, arms are raised in affectionate farewell. And, from a window, the crowd sees the Queen Mother return the salute.







The hats, and the occasions, are different. But wherever the Queen Mother went during her tour one thing never changed. That was the smile of genuine pleasure she turned on everyone she met.









AL. THE QUEEN MOTHER PRESENTING NEW COLOURS TO THE BLACK WATCH (ROYAL HIGHLAND REGIMENT) OF CANADA—OF WHICH SHE IS COLONEL-IN-CHIEF.



MONTREAL. TO THE SOUND OF "THE RED HACKLE" AND THE "SKYE BOAT SONG," THE QUEEN MOTHER INSPECTED THE CANADIAN BLACK WATCH ON JUNE 8. One of the highlights of the Queen Mother's nine-day visit to Canada has been her visit to the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada; and the ceremony at which she presented new Colours was watched by 18,000 persons.

THE RED HACKLE

lon Nows - June 23/60

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"The Red Hackle" is published at 2/6d, a copy (post free) or 10/- (post free) for one year. Subscriptions should be sent to the Editor, "The Red Hackle," St Regimental Headquarters, The Black Watch, Balhousic Castle, Perth. Contributions will always be gratefully received and will be acknowledged. They should, it uessible, be typewritten in double spacing and on one side of the paper only. Photographs or sketches of Regimental Interest will also be very welcome. All material for inclusion in the October 1962 number of "The Red Hackle" should reach the Editor at the above address NOT LATER THAN 21ed SEPTEMBER, 1962.

EDITORIAL

This quarter has seen a great event in the History of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, when Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, visited Montreal and presented Colours to the Regiment, which is celebrating its Centenary this year.

To commemorate this occasion, the centre section of this issue is devoted to a record of the Colonel-in-Chief's visit and to the doings of the Regiment and the Association in Canada.

The impending visit of the 1st Battalion to the Regimental

Area during their summer break from the School of Infantry will be eagerly awaited. Details of the principal events so far planned during their stay are on page 2.

In our last issue we published a diary of one of the two surviving officers who went to France with the 1st Battalion in 1914. In this issue we publish an account of the 2nd Rattalian over the capta period by cope of the two surviving. Battalion over the same period by one of the two surviving officers who went to France with the 2nd Battalion in 1914.



The Old Colours of 3rd Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada during the Ceremony at the Percival Molson Memorial Stadium, McGill University, Montreal on 9th June, when Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, presented Colours to all three Battalions in this the Centenary Year of the Canadian Regiment. The Colour Party:— Lt. L. Ferdon, Sgt. G. Betts, WOII Q. R. Miles, Lt. J. Evans and Sgt. N. Naughton.

JULY 1962

Elizabethan

25c



PANORAMA DE MONTREAL

Royal Visit, 1962

WHEN the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada celebrated its centenary last month, its colonel-in-chief, Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, made her home in Montreal the Royal Suite of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel.

While the Queen Mother was in residence, the hotel's flagpoles flew only the red ensign and the royal standard. Practically the entire twentieth floor was reserved for Her Majesty and her entourage. When she arrived at the Royal Suite for the first time, she said it would be nice to relax in an air-conditioned said it would be nice to relax in an air-conditioned room and she praised the decor as being "just like home." Red roses, red, pink and yellow rosebuds formed the main floral decoration. From the twentieth

formed the main floral decoration. From the twentieth floor she had a sweeping view of the city. Most of the Queen Mother's meals were served in her suite.

A highlight of her visit to Montreal was the mess dinner held for officers of the Black Watch in the Grand Salon. Swirling pipers, haggis—Scotland's national dish—borne aloft on a cross-beam hob, and the traditional passing of the snuff were among the high points. Her Majesty was piped in to the Grand Salon by four pipers, and toasts were solemnly made to the Queen and to the Queen Mother as coloneling. to the Queen and to the Queen Mother as colonel-inchief of the regiment.



The Queen Mother is welcomed to The Queen Elizabeth Hotel by General Manager Donald M. Mumford. With them is Brigadier K. G. Blackader, of the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada.



The Queen Mother is escorted through the hotel lobby by Reginald K. Groome, Resident Manager, and Thomas H. McAlevey, Executive Assistant Manager.



While the Queen Mother was in residence in the hotel protocol decreed that only two flags be flown—the red ensign on the hotel's top and the royal standard by the main entrance to the hotel.



Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother is greeted at the hotel's lower level entrance by Reginald K. Groome, Resident Manager, centre, and Donald M. Mumford, General Manager, on the right.

A Charming Royal Visitor . . .



RADIANT under the shelter of an umbrella, the Queen Mother is escorted into the Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul. June 10th, 1962, was a day to be remembered in the long history of The Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul, Montreal. Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, who was visiting the city in connection with the 100th anniversary of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, attended divine service at this, the regimental church. The noble gothic church, located on Sherbrooke Street, the great boulevard which runs across Canada's largest metropolis, was crowded with worshippers representing both the congregation and units of the Black



QUEEN MOTHER AT NATIONAL MEMORIAL On her second visit to Canada since her tour with King George VI in 1939, Queen

Elizabeth the Queen Mother places a wreath at the National War Memorial in Ottawa during an impressive ceremony participated in by a splendid colour party drawn from Ottawa Legion branches. Before coming to the Capital the Queen Mother presented new colours to the Black Watch in Montreal during its centenary celebration.



Re-dedication of the Transvaal Scottish Regimental Memorial. Photo: The Star, Johannesburg

6th Bn. (Irish Section) Re-union

6th Bn. (Irish Section) Re-union

Lt.-Col. Moir was the guest of the 6th Bn. (Irish Secansiation at their Annual Re-union Dinner in Belfast or Secansiation at their Annual Re-union Dinner in Belfast or Secansiation in the 1914-18 war, were present at the dinner and, of these, half-a-dozen or more had travelled up specially from Dublin.

The average age of those in the party must have been somewhere in the high sixties or low seventies. Their youthful sprightliness belied this and their intense pride in the Regiment was a real inspiration. Little wonder that they are anxiously (and impatiently) awaiting news of the attempt to re-open recruiting for the 6-7th in the Belfast area.

Present at the dinner were: R. N. Armstrong, G. Aylward (Dublin), F. Barry, O.B.E.; G. O. Barry, A. E. Black, B. Byers (Dublin), W. Bathgate, G. B. Butler (Dublin), A. W. Corry, W. Dunn, G. R. Farrar, M.B.E., M.C.; W. T. Ferris (Armagh). M. R. Feehan (Dublin), Capt. J. Girvan, M.C.; G. C. Holt, R. J. Holmes, E. Jackson, M.B.E.; W. Jennings, C. Milligan (Dublin), H. C. Montgomery, C.B.E.; C. F. Macauley, M. Macauley (Coleraine), J. MacDonald, R. McKelvey, M.M.; A. MeNaught, J. B. McVea, G. Neill, C. A. Ogle, J. Patrick, R. T. Pollock, N. K. Rea, H. Scott, J. MeB. Stephen (Dublin), Chairman); Rev. D. C. P. Telford, W. Egbert Trimble, G. Verso (Dublin), T. Whiteside, G. M. Wilson, Mr. G. O. Barry, the indefatigable Hon. Secretary, will be more than glad to hear from others who served with the "Irish" in 6th Battalion and to put them in touch with other members His address is: "Avon", 75 Gilnakirk Road, Belfast.

The Colonel - in - Chief talking to members of the Irish Contingent of 6th Battalion on her arrival at the RAF Station, Aldergrove, Co. Antrim: G. M. Wilson, Capt. J. Girvin, M.C., R. McKelvey, M.M., Reverend D. C. P. Telford and J. Wright. Other members present were: G. O. Barry (Secretary). A. Black, W. Bathgate, G. R. Farram, M. B. E., M. C.; E. Juckson, M.B.E.; W. Jennings, C. Milligan, H. C.

E. Jackson, M.B.E.;
W. Jennings, C.
Milligan, H. C.
M o n t g o m e r y,
C.B.E.; N. Rea,
H. Scott and S. D.
Thompson, O.B.E.
(Chairman).



The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada



SOUTH AFRICA 1899-1900

ST. JULIEN

MOUNT SORREL

SOMME 1916

ARRAS 1917-18

VIMY 1917

PASSCHENDAELE

AMIENS

CANAL DU NORD

PURSUIT TO MONS

BOURGUEBUS RIDGE

FAUBOURG DE VAUCELLES

VERRIERES RIDGE TILLY-LA-CAMPAGNE

FORET DE LA LONDE

THE SCHELDT

WALCHEREN CAUSEWAY

THE RHINELAND

THE HOCHWALD

OLDENBURG

N.W. EUROPE 1944-45

FRANCE AND FLANDERS 1915-18



HERE'S TAE US - WHA'S LIKE US

WHAT HAPPENS IN THE SERGEANT'S

Edition No.23.

June-July-August 1962

Saturday morning, the 2nd of June, at 0°30 hours the boys were gathering and preparing to proceed to summer camp, a camp that spelled out on the syllabus was 'DRILL', and the purpose, to be ready and prepared for the coming visit of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, Colours to the Three Battalions of the Pegiment. Colours to the Three Battalions of the regiment.

That first Saturday ushered in alittle cooler weather which stayed with us for the first few days, perhaps a little chilly for standing around in shirt sleeves doing nothing, but much better for bashing the parade square. Settling in camp was not very difficult this year, except perhaps for a few of the lads who had to move some lockers (Old Soldiers may now roll over, 's'true, lockers, sheets, and even bed-lamps for some; what's that you say, 'pretty soft', well you happy, eh). The first evening in camp was a right noisy and jolly time, with a smoker laid on by Lt/Col. McGovern and RSM Gurevitch, never have I seen so many musicians (excuse the term. Bandmaster never have I seen so many musicians (excuse the term, Bandmaster Memess), drummers, cymbal clashers, flute blo--- cops, sorry, and of course one musn't forget the tuneful renderings of tunes on the tuba by our own once upon a time sergeant Mr. Bob (Hot-Lips) Gelston (I can't help wondering if hid good Lady would have believed he got 'em just blowing on a tuba, I'm not trying it on my Missus). Sunday dawned with a slight reddish tinge not caused by the sun and with it preparations for a rehearsal by the Guard of Honour at Dorval Airport I felt very sympathetic toward those who must don No. 1s, especially as everyone else was permitted to go along as spectators in civilian clothes. Monday found us on the parade square, drill and more drill under the watchful and all-seeing eye of WO2 George Mills (Hi, Congratulations on your well deserved promotion as WOl, George); when I was very young my Mother told me about how the good angel would see everything I did that was wrong, sifunny, but George never impressed me as being a ruddy angel, and brother, could he see all the things I did wrong. Tuesday evening some of the families came to watch the boys doing their stuff and hear the Bands, Mrs. Helson and Mrs. Hayden were spotted doing a siamese twin sister act with one car blanket in an effort to ward off the cool breeze that was blowing, after the parade there was a joily gathering in the Sergeants Mess. Wednesday evening Mr. Brochure the Camp "SM invited Mr. Gurevitch and all his Black Watch Senior NCOs to a Dinner Party in the Mess, RSM Finnie and RSM Wootton were also invited by Mr. Brochure and a very lively discussion ensued between these gentlemen as to certain qualities that each was sure was lacking in the other, all actually in fun of course; Mr. Finnie is no great lover of cur city's transportation system after having been unceremoniously thrown off balance and landing headfirst against the ticket-box, but he certainly is a great raconteur of tales (of dubious origin) which he claimed to be quite true and authentic; Mr Wootton was not to be outdone and also proved to be quite eloquent; one peculiar aspect of most of these takes was that they appeared to be a running battle of words claiming for the speaker a greater and more venerable wisdom yet withal a greater degree of youthfulness, hr. Gurevitch very wisely and with commendable fortitude declined the bait that these two experts in the art of wordy skulduggery proffered and emerged with



TRAINING DEPOT BLACK WATCH/ARGYLL AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS



Permanent Staff

Permanent Staff

More new blood has arrived to fill the ranks of the Permanent Staff. Lance-Corporal John McShane has taken over as assistant PT Instructor from Lance-Corporal Willie Aitken, who has returned to the Battalion. Corporal McGregor took over from Black Duff. Ptc. Jimmy Addison has set himself up in the Company Office in place of Lance-Corporal Bill McGill, who is away shooting at Bisley. Ptc. Doe Docherty and John Baillie have moved into Married Quarters with their wives.

The tug-of-war team showed great spirit and determination in their short training, but unfortunately it was too short for the old Gordon mystique. Colour-Sgt. Rice has established himself in place of Colour-Sgt. Fenner., who has returned to the 1st Battalion and the rigours of HQ Coy, accommodation stores. Ptc. John Peggs now appears with six good conduct stripes. The first or last was for TA Service and he still has two years to go. Cpls. George Moug and McCulloch have also left for Warminster.

The first or last was for IA service and ne still has two years ogo. Cpls. George Moug and McCulloch have also left for Warminster.

The dancing team, Messrs. Laing, Woods, Newton and Chapman, have been performing in public under the able instruction of Colour-Sgt. Oliver and Cpl. Laing himself.

Ptes. Jimmy Kilgannon and Sammy Baird have left for their civilian jobs and in their place have arrived Ptes. Colin Jenkins and Archie Kinloch, late of the RPs.

The summer visitors are arriving in flocks and Pte. Eddie Clements on the Lister and the Regimental Police Staff are much photographed as they go about their daily business.

General

The recruit squads of Gaza, Falaise, Sevastopol and Cambrai have come and gone. Rhine and Lucknow have come and still

have come and gone. Rhine and Lucknow have come and still remain.

In April our new Divisional Commander, Major-General D. B. Lang, inspected the Depot; the Army Commander followed suit the next day. Later in the month the Permanent Staff fired their Classification Course.

In May the PT displays began. The invention of Sergeant-Major Davies — the industry and development of Staff-Sergeant Byrne and Corporal Aitken. Sevastopol, Cambrai and Rhine have performed from Hampden, Glasgow, to Powderhall, Edinburgh; and from Campbeltown, Argyll, to Killin, Perthshire, the crowds have been treated to the swing of the log and the flick of the rifle to the skirl of the pipes.

The Depot won the Arbuthnott bowl for Shooting and narrowly lost the Hamilton and Inches Cup for the Relay Race.

Officers' Mess

Officers' Mess

No shooting, no stalking, no parties—why are we still at Stirling? There are no recruits either, so we cannot train them. Some of us have seized the opportunity and taken some leave. Andrew Dewar-Durie has been in the South of France with Tim Usher, so Benjie has had some peace. He came back saying that he had a wonderful time but saying nothing—nothing at all. Andrew Brown has also been on holiday and returned with an ailling Hamish (now recovered) and a new car. No longer does the Quartermaster walk up those two hundred and twelve steps—now he parks where all can see and sits back waiting for the approving words. Ginger Richardson has been away too. We stiralised our hats to him when we saw him on television coaching awimmers on the Lancashire coast.

We welcome to the Castle Tom Thomas and Robert Dobson. To an applaced Vic McGuirk and had to come to work by car are placed Vic McGuirk and had to come to work by car are fee end of the year. Robert Dobson, who came to assist the distribution of the year. Robert Dobson, who came to assist the distribution of the year. Robert Dobson, who came to assist the strength of the year had been educating the subalterns by their highbrow conversations at the head of the table. One at least has since learned that you must not be too intellectual at lunchtime. Two final notes—one for your diary—on 5th August, 18—Ginger tried to enlist in the Cameronians but was turned down. We are celebrating our gain with champagne this year—at his expense. The other—it seems that the last time Stirling Castle saw the Red Hackle was the summer of 1868 and at that time the Regiment was on its own (Ginger will not confirm this).



Pte. James Rutherford being awarded the Best Recruit's Medal for Sevastopol Platoon by the Colonel of the Regiment.

Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling.



Pte. Andrew Kennedy of Falaise Platoon being congratulated on being Best Recruit by the Provost of Stirling, Mr. William Macfarlane-Gray, O.B.E., J.P.

Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling.





Brigadier J. A. Oliver, Hon, Col., with the Officers at Buckenham Tofts Camp.

1st Battalion The Black Watch, (Royal Highland Regiment), Barton Stacey, Nr. Winchester, 26th March, 1962,

Dear Sir,

Dear Sir,

I recently received a long letter from Brigadier Ted Snowball describing the occasion of his presenting two plaques bearing The Black Watch Badge to commemorate the Unveiling Ceremony at the Phaleron Military Cemetery last year.

I reproduce part of his letter below,

"On Friday, 29th December, 1961, on behalf of Lt. Col. A. D. H. Irwin, DSO, MC, and All Ranks of the 1st Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) 1 presented a Plaque to The Greek Royal Guard to commemorate the Unveiling of the Phaleron War Memorial by HRH1 The Duke of Gloucester—10th May, 1961—when Guards of Honour were provided by both The Greek Royal Guard of Evzones and The Black Watch. The short extremoty that took place at the Headquarters of the Royal Guard in Athens on 29th December was organised by Colonel A. Korinas, The King's Senior ADC (Equerry).

I was received by a Guard of Honour and was taken inside a building where all Officers of the Guard and a Detachment of Other Ranks were suitably drawn up in two sides of a square.

After making a short speech I handed The Black Watch Plaque to Major G. Kouris The Guard Commander. He, in turn, made another speech saying how much they had enjoyed their liaison with The Black Watch and being on parade with them on such a memorable occasion. He then presented me with an Evzone Plaque and asked that it should be handed to the 1st Battalion The Black Watch on some appropriate occasion. I thanked him for it, confirmed that it would be and that I would send some photographs of the Ceremony.

The only officer present who was actually on Guard on 10th May was Lt. Pappacostas.

The "Limnos" presentation was a very simple affair. I went down to Salamis where the ship was berthed on Friday, 12th January.

The Captain, Commander G. Georgandas, who was in command I think when the Battalion was here, Lt. A. Dedotsis (The



QM) and the Liaison Officer Lt. G. Poulopatis were all present. Captain C. Levandinos was also there as Commander of the Aegean Sea Amphibious Squadron.

I made an appropriate speech saying how co-operative they had been and how grateful you were for all that they did to make you comfortable! etc.

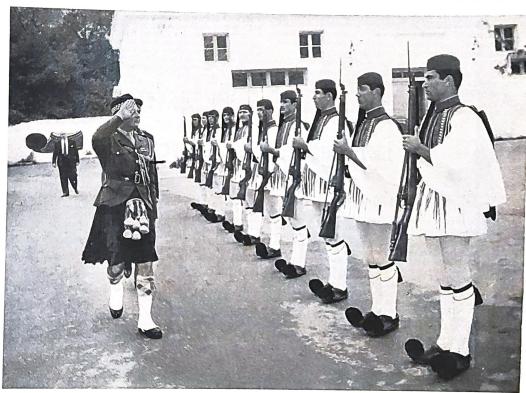
Commander Georgandas asked me to thank you for the plaque which they were quite delighted with. It will hang in the Ward Room."

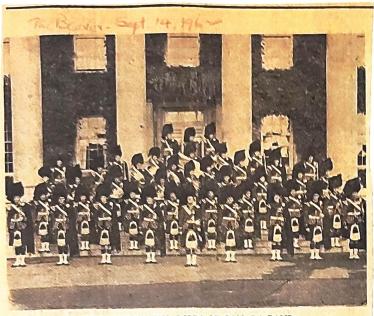
Room.

I recently received the Evzone Plaque and propose to ask the Greek Military Attaché in London to an appropriate Ceremony for its presentation to the Battalion before the Guard Commander—Major A. O. L. Lithgow, MC—leaves the Battalion in July.

Yours faithfully,

N. G. A. NOBLE.





THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA BAND

Black Watch Band Settles In

SOEST (Staff) — The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada Military Band arrived in the brigade area in mid-August, taking over the duties of the Royal Canadian Dragoon Band.

After experiencing a smooth Atlantic crossing, the band members tackled the job of settling in their new quarters at Fort York, assisted by the 1st Battalion, The Canadian Guards, whose camp they

Shortly after their arrival the band left Shortly after their arrival the band left for Munchengladbach (on August 27th) to participate in the NATO Music Festival. Here they performed along with military bands from Belgium, England, France, Germany and the United States at the festival which drew crowds of up to 35,000 people for each performance. All proceeds from this festival was turned over to the 'World Refugee Fund'. While in Munchengladbach the Black Watch Band also played a concert in neighboring Krefeld before a large and enthusiastic audience. siastic audience.

Tomorrow the band will be playing in tomorrow the bank will be playing in Recklinghausen, the beginning of a busy tour of duty which will see them playing, not only for the brigade, but at parades, ceremonies and festivals in most countries of Western Europe.

tries of Western Europe.

The Black Watch Band was officially authorized in 1954 and in 1955 was activated and based in Halifax, N. S. Since that time the band has expanded from its original twenty members, to the present compliment of 55 musicians. The band moved from Halifax to Camp Gagetown, N. B. in 1958 where it remained until moving to Germany last month.

The band represents a modified 'league of nations' in which is included Canadians, Englishmen, Dutchmen, one Welshman, a Pole, an Australian and last, but not least, three Scotsmen.

In ceremonial dress the band wears the

not least, three Scotsmen.

In ceremonial dress the band wears the pre-war full dress Highland uniforms.

Director of Music for the Black Watch Band is Lieutenant H.C. Eagles, CD, who has been with the band since January

1961. He is a graduate of the Royal Military School of Music in England.

Although most of the activities of the band have been confined to the Maritime Provinces of Canada, it has had the honour of playing for Her Majesty The Queen and Prince Phillip in Washington, D.C., and has only recently participated in the presentation of Colours to The Black Watch battalions by Her Majesty The Queen Mother during her recent visit to Canada.

BOXING TITLES FOR CANADIANS

Four boxing titles, two won by knockouts, went to boxers from Canada's 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group during Divisional title fights in Dortmund, Germany, last March.

Seven individual finalists out of 16 Canadian Army entries won for Canada's NATO Brigade two knockout and two walkover victories in the annual boxing finals of the 14th British Army Division.

Privates H. C. Buffet of St. John's, Nfld., and G. A. Izzard of New Glasgow, N.S., both members of the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, won the light middle and the middleweight titles, respectively, by knockouts.

Signalman R. J. Murphy, Toronto, a member of the Canadian Corps of Signals attached to the 3rd Regiment, Royal Canadian Horse Artillery, won the flyweight title by a walkover, and

Rifleman K. E. Walsh of St. John's, Nfld., 1st Battalion, Queen's Own Rifles of Canada, took the light heavyweight crown.

Rifleman L. Drover of Hodge's Cove, Nfld., QOR of C, took a close decision over Private J. P. Burns of New Waterford, N.S., The Black Watch, in a special bout in the welterweight class.

Three other finalists were Guards-man W. F. Keetch of the 1st Battalion, Canadian Guards from Ajax, Ont., and Privates D. E. Jefferies, Halifax, N.S., and M. R. McLean, Tuft's Cove, N.S., of The Black Watch.

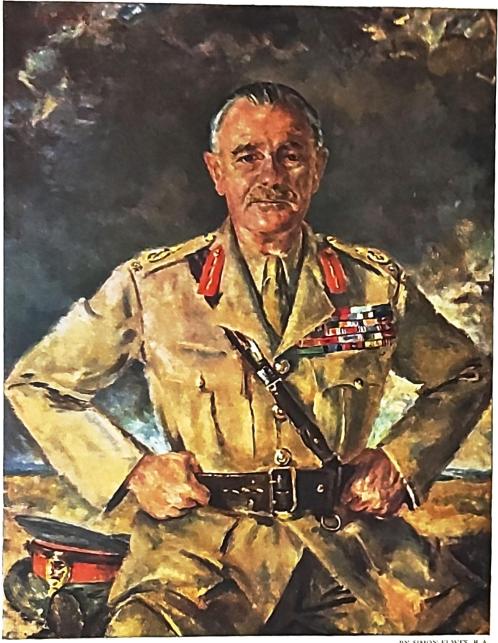
Team Manager was WO 2 John Mitchell of Toronto, The Black Watch; coach, Guardsman J. T. Chesson of the 1st Battalion, Canadian Guards; trainer, Corporal G. Macdonald of The Black Watch; and dresser, Corporal W. W. Desaulniers of the Black Watch. — From a report issued by the Directorate of Public Relations (Army).

BLACK WATCH-WAVELL APPEAL

INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING SUBSCRIPTIONS.



THE BLACK WATCH and WAVELL APPEAL



BY SIMON ELWES, R.A.

FIELD-MARSHAL EARL WAVELL P.C. G.C.B. G.C.S.I. G.C.I.E. C.M.G. M.C.

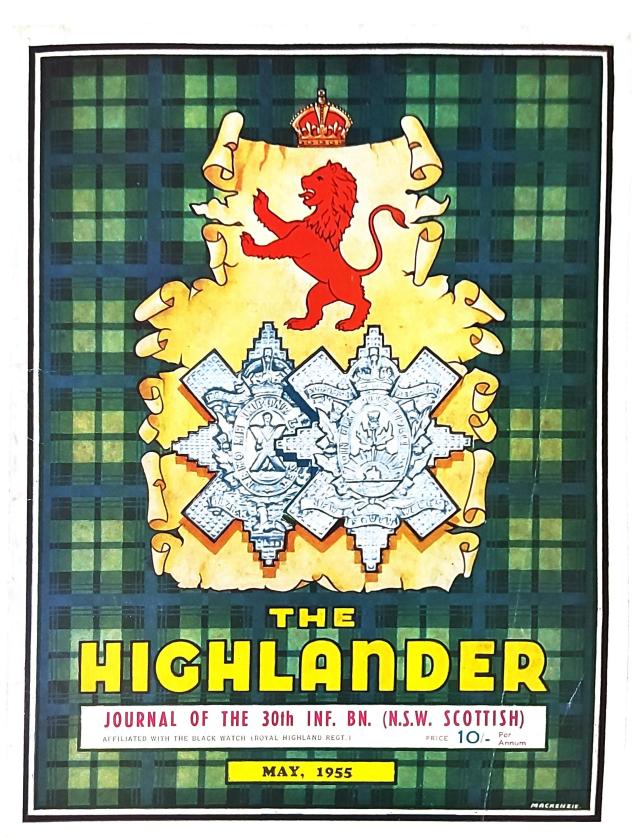
Colonel of the Regiment, 1946-1950 Viceroy and Governor General of India, 1943-1947 Freeman of the City of Perth, 1947

From - H.M. 13-25 Ratterson anemie. odawa - 28-12-62 ORIGINO OF THE BLACK MATCH. from narradize THE HISTORIC SUCCESSION OF THE BLACK ORIGINS WATCH" encluded in the " military Identary 2 Revito There By the marchiones of the Title on MEDINE LIGON mas in Alphy tradional Defend hibrary SOURCE machines 2 Quelbardines " milisary ochawa, andrew Ross, (Rass Idenals) states major general History Wand Stewart of garth errs as to early me Peret Shere Jamaus in Restany" The points and CANNON in her Theral record I regement, and KELTIE and FERBES

Chewire were missled by Steward of Garth. This writer states as fullows -1667 - 37 of august King Charles, 11 of alball " to naise and keep such a number of men as he should thenk In to be a anstant quard from securing the peace in the highlande? "for watching the Vacas" (Prevention of scan disputer, salter lifting, relachment In productions god.) This securioned by Vands of " Tiraken men" clan anteasts ? H.MBELL - The suith carners (Sent of Verth and Clyderdale mainly smylouins note. of such things at all times) Grant to Earl of 100 (paints) to levy 1667-69 and pay compans. Caribrel He was also to necieve eschouts Reg. 3/7/67.

Such Nato, Ross was the origin of the B. VV. an independent combany it highlanders.

of consoled persons.



The Highlander

JOURNAL OF 30 BN. (N.S.W. SCOTTISH REGIMENT). Affiliated with The Black Watch, The Royal Highland Regiment.

Vol. 6.

MAY, 1955.

No. 1.

30 Bu. (N.S.M. Scottish Regiment). "In Omni Modo Fidelis"

SOUTH AFRICA, 1900-1902

SOMME, 1916-1918.

BAPAUME, 1917.

BULLECOURT.

YPRES, 1917.

MENIN ROAD.

POLYGON WOOD.

POELCAPELLE.

PASSCHENDAELE.



1939-45 Honours not yet awarded.

ANCRE, 1918.

AMIENS.

ALBERT, 1918.

MONT ST. QUENTIN.

HINDENBURG LINE.

ST. QUENTIN CANAL.

FRANCE and

FLANDERS, 1916-1918.

FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF ANZAC

"They went with songs to the Battle; they were young,
Straight of limb, true of eye, steady and aglow;
They were staunch to the end against odds uncounted;
They fell with their faces to the foc.

They shall grow not old, as we that are left grow old; Age shall not weary them, nor the years condemn. At the going down of the sun and in the morning We will remember them."

-Lourence Binyon.

The words "Lest We Forget" have great significance for us, in two senses. We must not forget the sacrifice and heroism of those who died forty years ago, nor the responsibility that devolves upon us, as individuals, to maintain unsullied the glorious tradition of loyal, selfless service to God, Queen and Country their deeds established on the rugged ramparts of Gallipoli.

THE ORIGIN OF "THE COLOURS"

By Capt. J. Benson, M.M. (Regt. Reserve)



"A moth eaten rag on a worm-eaten pole,
It does not look likely to stir a man's soul.
'Tis the deeds that were done 'neath the moth-eaten rag
When the pole was a staff and the rag was a flag!"

The origin of the Colours is lost in the mists of antiquity, and probably dates back to the time when early man first thought of hoisting his house badge on a pole for the dual purpose of indicating his position, and to serve as a rallying point should the need arise.

At the dawn of history, the distinction of friend from foe presented a problem which was overcome to an extent by painting certain clan or totem signs on their bodies and on their tents or other forms of dwelling. When a tribe went to war the badge of the tribal chief was hoisted upon a pole so that it was visible at a distance and in close country. It is in the use of these badges that the origin of the Regimental Colour lies.

The precise origin of the term "Colours", as applied to military flags, has not been fully established. It appears, however, that by the end of the 16th century the flags of infantry, by common custom, and due to their diversity of hues, had gained the name

THE PASSING OF Maj. KATHLEEN PRENDERGAST

Major Kathleen Laura Prendergast, R.A.M.C., died in Cowglen Military Hospital last year, after a career which in one respect at least was probably unique, as perhaps the only woman to be appointed Regimental Medical Officer to a regiment of British infantry.

"Mick" Prendergast was born in Western Australia, and studied both medicine and geology in Melbourne. She was gazetted to the Royal Army Medical Corps towards the end of the war, and happened to be serving in Germany in 1947 when there was a vacancy as M.O. to the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch. Legend relates that she was originally appointed to this post as a "leg-pull" on the then commanding officer, in the expectation that he would protest violently on the telephone. What is certain is that she quickly won the hearts of the unit. Three, four and five years later, while the medical authorities were striving to post her elsewhere, The Black Watch strove equally hard to retain her. They succeeded in doing so until the early months of 1952. Few regimental medical officers, indeed, have been suffered to remain so long with one unit, whether in peace or war.

Caustic, forthright, skilful, quarrelsome, devoted, friendly, and passionately pro-Black Watch, she wove herself quickly into the regimental fabric. Officers and Jocks alike were at the same time proud, fond, and slightly nervous of her. Her fiercest devotion was to the Pipes and Drums, whose health and performance she subjected to the closest scrutiny. Field Marshal Lord Wavell, Colonel of the Regiment, granted her permission to wear the Red Hackle in her bonnet, and a Black Watch tartan skirt; and all the protests of the R.A.M.C. authorities failed to induce her to surrender this privilege. When at last she was torn away from the regiment which, after her mother's death in Perth, Western Australia, she had come to regard as her home, she was posted first to Edinburgh and then to Cowglen Military Hospital, Glasgow.

It so happened that she was there when the casualties began to arrive from the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch, in Korea. Thus she was privileged once again to be of service where her heart was. And it was while serving at Cowglen that she was stricken with the disease—she diagnosed it herself—from which she was to die six months later. She was buried on 4th June in the presence of many members of the regiment with which she served, preceded by some of the pipers whose music was so dear to her, and whom she personally knew.

Man can sustain no heavier spiritual blow than the thought that his life or death is of no consequence. Too often has the conviction that the individual is of no importance led the soldier to the collateral belief that his individual effort is of no importance either. If this thought is generated in enough men in the Army, the end result in battle is obvious. Therefore, we must strive to build an officer corps that will recognise, honour and preserve the dignity and identity of the humblest soldier. At the same time we must use every device available to us to convince the soldier himself that his well-being, his aspirations, his service, are all matters of prime importance to his Army and to his country. We must seek to fulfil the desire in every human heart to count for semething, to be needed.

-Brigadier-General C. T. Lanham, U.S. Army.

QUEEN'S OWN HIGHLANDER

Incorporating 'Cabar Feidh' and 'The 79th News'



















THE REGIMENTAL JOURNAL
OF THE
QUEEN'S OWN HIGHLANDERS
(Seaforth and Camerons)



The March of the Cameron Men

There's many a man of the Cameron Clan That has followed his chief to the field; He has sworn to support him or die by his side, For a Cameron never can yield I hear the pibroch sounding, sounding, Deep o'er the mountain and glen, While light-springing footsteps are trampling the heath, Tis the march of the "Cameron Men." Oh! proudly they walk; but each Cameron knows He may tread on the heather no more But boldly he follows his chief to the field, Where his laurels were gather'd before. I hear the pibroch, &c. The moon has arisen, it shines o'er the path Now trod by the gallant and true; High, high are their hopes, for their chieftain hath said, That whatever men dare they can do. I hear the pibroch, &c.

Mary Marwell Campbell,

Pibroch o' Donuil Dubh

Pibroch o' Donuil Dubh, Pibroch o' Donuil, Wake thy wild voice anew, summon Clan Conuil. Come away, come away, hark to the summons! Come in your war array, Gentles and Commons! Come from deep glen, and from mountain so rocky, The war pipe and pennon are at Inverlochy; Come ev'ry hill plaid and true heart that wears one, Come ev'ry steel blade and strong hand that bears one! Leave untended the herd, the flock without shelter; Leave the corpse uninterr'd, the bride at the altar; Leave the deer, leave the steer, leave nets and barges, Come with your fighting gear, broadswords and targes! Come as the winds come when forests are rended; Come as the waves come when navies are stranded; Faster come, faster come, faster and faster; Chief, vassal, page and groom, tenan; and master! Fast they come, fast they come, see how they gather! Wide waves the eagle plume, blended with heather. Cast your plaids, draw your blades, forward each man set! Pibroch o' Donuil Dubh, knell for the onset!

Sir Walter Scott, 1816.

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ALLIED REGIMENTS

THE SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA

HONORARY COLONEL HOSTS ROYAL LUNCHEON

Following the Presentation of New Colours to the Regiment by His Royal Highness, Prince Philip, a Reception and Luncheon was given at the University's Faculty Club, by the Hon. Colonel, Brigadier-General J. A. Clark, C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D., C.D. His Royal Highness was Guest of Honour; while other Guests included all the Active Offleers, past C.O.s, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, the Hon. George Pearkes, V.C., the ex-Governor General

of Canada, the Hon, Vincent Massey, Members of the Provincial Government, President of the University, Dr. Norman Mackenzle and the Chancellor of the University of British Columbia, Mrs F. Mackenzle Ross, Making the affair as informal as possible, General Clark made a short speech of welcome, in which he referred to the fact that It was significant that 72 people were lunching together that day and that the 72nd was the original title of the Regiment, Pipe Major Ed. Esson entertained during the Luncheon,



A luncheon in honour of His Royal Highness was given by the Honorary Colonel of the Regiment, Brigadier General J. A. Clark. The lucheon was held at the University's Faculty Club. On the Prince's right are [Lt.-Col. D. I. Fairweather, |Seaforth C.O.; The Hon. George Pearkes, Lt.-Governor of British Columbia; Lt.-Col. J. M. Bell-Irving, ex-Seaforth C.O., and Dr Norman Mackenzie retired President of U.B.C. seated in front of the new colours is the Hon. Vincent Massey, ex-Governor General of Canada.

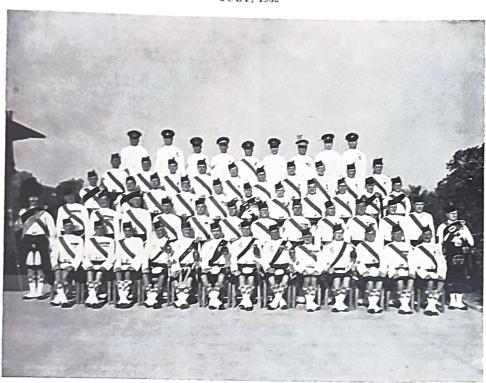
SERGEANTS



MESS

1st BN. QUEEN'S OWN HIGHLANDERS SELARANG BARRACKS, SINGAPORE

JULY, 1962



Back row: S/Sgt. Richardson, R.E.M.E., Sgt. Bink, R.A.O.C., Sgt. Wynder, R.E.M.E., Sgt.Witherspoon, A.C.C., Q.M.S.I. Jamieson, A.P.T.C., Sgt. Levings, R.A.P.C., S.Q.M.S. Earle, A.C.C., S/Sgt. Prentice, R.A.O.C., S.Q.M.S. Campbell, R.A.P.C.

4th Row: Sgt. Hall, Sgt. Fleming, Sgt. Winter, Sgt. Anderson, Sgt. McKay, Sgt. Winters, Sgt. Smith, Sgt. Gall, Sgt. Mahady, Sgt. Hunter.

2rd Row: S/Sgt. Singleton, Sgt. Reeves, Sgt. Davies, Sgt. Ramsay, Sgt. Woods, M.M., Sgt. O'Rourke, Sgt. Clark, Sgt. Chirrey, Sgt. Darling, Sgt. Hagan, Sgt. McGuinness

2nd Row: Sgt. Simpson, C.S.M. Donnell, C/Sgt. Ditchfield, C/Sgt. Jack, C/Sgt. McKenzie, C/Sgt. Martin, C/Sgt. Gillies, C/Sgt. Roberts, Sgt. Cook, Sgt. Chalmers, C.S.M. Keil, Sgt. Cosgrove

Front Row: Drum Major Pentland, C.S.M. MacAlister, C.S.M. Twist, R.Q.M.S. Blincow, Captain (Q.M.) M. A. Tait, Lt.-Col. N. C. Baird, O.B.E., R.S.M. Smith, Major D. A. W. Lochhead, M.C., Captain and Adjutant J. C. Langlands, C.S.M. MacDonald, C.S.M. Smith, C.S.M. Shenton, Pipe Major McLeod.



THE PRESENTATION OF THE NEW COLOURS

Receiving the Regimental Colour from His Royal Highness is I.I. Eric M. Metcalfe, Holding the Queen's Colour is I.I. (now Captain) Tony Dubois-Phillips.

PRESENTATION OF COLOURS TO THE SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS OF CANADA

On June 3, 1962, New Colours were presented to the Battalion by Hts Royal Highness, The Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, K.G., K.T., GBE, Colonel-in-Chief, Queen's Own Highlanders (Seaforth and Camerons). This was The Duke's only public appearance while in Vancouver as Chairman of The Duke of Edinburgh's Second Commonwealth Study Conference, held at the University of British Columbia.

160

burgh's Second Commonwealth Study Conference, held at the University of British Columbia.

The Colour Presentation Ceremony was held in the University's Sports Stadium which has a normal seating capacity of approximately 5,000. On this day a crowd of more than 8,000 jammed this arena to see the colourful and historic event. Thousands more viewers and listeners watched or heard the event through the television and radio coverage of the entire Ceremony. After a week of miserable, cool weather, the morning of Sunday, June 3, dawned clear and a little warmer. When the time arrived for the Battalion to move by bus from the Armoury to the University Stadium, storm clouds had gathered, and the chances of a dry Presentation looked very slim. Fortunately, in the middle of all the storm area, there remained one clear patch of blue sky... right over the University.

At 11 a.m., the Battalion, which was divided up into four Guards of 50 men each, marched on to the Parade Ground, led by the Regimental Pipes and Drums playing "Caber Feidh." On the ground to participate in the Ceremony and to provide pre-Ceremony entertainment for the huge crowd was the Band of the Royal Canadian Engineers from Camp Chilliwack, resplendent in their scarlet and black uniforms. All Seaforths were in No. 1 Dress, and the sight of the Guards lined up, all immaculate in appearance and making a spectacularly colourful scene, was an occasion that both participants and spectalors allke will not forget for many years to come.

The Battallon formed up in line facing the Grandstand, headed by The Commanding Officer, Lieutenant-Colonel D. I. Fairweather and awaited the arrival of the senior guests. These included the Lieutenant-Governor-General of Canada's Western Command, Major-General Rockingham, C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O., T.D., the Chancellor of the University of British Columbia, Mrs Frank Mackenzie Ross and the University's recently retired President, Dr. Norman Mackenzie.

THE PARADE

At exactly 11.30 a.m., the Royal car entered the Stadium, and His Royal Highness was greeted with a Royal Salute.

Accompanied by the Battalion's Honorary Colonel, Brigadier-General J. A. Clark, C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D., C.D., and the Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, Major-General B. M. Hoffmeister, C.B., O.B.E., D.S.O., E.D., and the Commanding Officer, he made an inspection of the Guards, while the Band played "May Blossom," "Mrs Kirkwood" and "The Tiree Love Song." In

addition to the traditional inspection, Prince Philip made an unscheduled inspection of the many veterans in the Seaforth Association, who were formed up on the West side of the Studies.

many veterans in the Scaforth Association, who were formed up on the West side of the Stadium.

At the conclusion of the inspection, the order was given to "Troop," and the Ceremony of Trooping the Old Colours began. After playing a slow march across the front of the Parade, the Bands counter-marched and then broke into quick troop, which brought them back to their original position on the right of the line. No. 1 Guard, which formed the Escort for The Colours, then took their position on the left of the Battalion, preparatory to taking over the Old Colours, R.S.M. H. Bulllock, C.D., took the Colours from the Colour Sergeants, Sgts. D. Cross and R. Stewart. They were then presented to the Colour Officers, Lieutenants F. Boomer and D. Wilson. The Colours were then Trooped through the Ranks of remaining Guards, preseded by the Pipes and Drums playing the slow march "Loch Duich."

The Trooping over, the farewell to the Old Colours commenced. To the tune of "Auld Lang Syne" the Colours were slow-marched down the field past the Parade and off the grounds. These had been the Colours of The Seaforth Highlanders of Canada for more than forty-three years and were presented to the Regiment in Belgium on April 1, 1919, by Lieutenant-General Sir Arthur Currie, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., on behalf of His Majesty, King George V. Later, this second Stand of Colours were to have embroidered on them the Battle Honours won during World War I at:—

Ypres, 1915-1917; Festubert, 1915; Somme, 1916; Vimy, 1917; Passchendaele: Amiens; Drocourt-Queant; Canal-du-Nord; Valen-clennes; France and Flanders, 1915-1918. 19:5-1918.

ciennes; France and Flanders, 19:5-1918. At the departure of the Old Colours, the command was given to form a hollow square. The two Senlor Majors, accompanied by the two New Colours Officers, joined the Parado. The Drums were piled in the centre of the ground, opposite the Saluting Base, and the New Colours, still cased, were marched to a position behind the drums by the Sergeants. At this point the New Colours were uncased by the Senlor Majors and draped across the Drums in readiness for the Consecration Service which was to follow. The new Regimental Colour carries the Battle Honours won by the Regiment in both World Wars. The World War II Battle Honours shown are:—

Sicily, 1943; Agira; Italy, 1943-45; Monte San Marco; Ortona; Hitler Line; Gothic Line; Sanio Bridgehead; North West Europe, 1954; Apeldoorn.

The Consecration Service was conducted by Hon. Major R. Durnford, D.S.O., C.D., who was Padre to the Regiment during World War II. Assisting him in the Ceremony was the current Padre of the Seaforth Highlanders, Hon. Captain Rev. R. S. M. Kennedy, Following the Consecration, The Queen's Colour and the Regimental Colours were handed to His Royal Highness by Major C. D.

The Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Appointment of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother as Colonel-in-Chief of The Black Watch



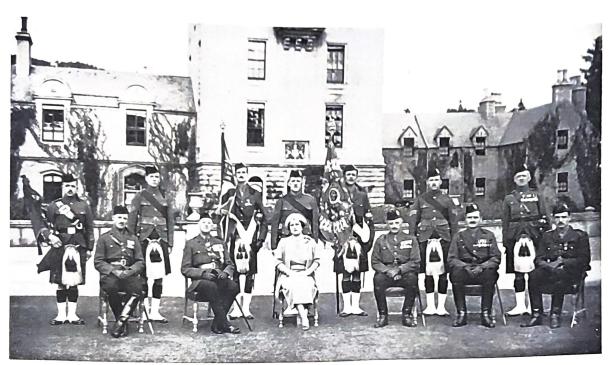


His Majesty King George the Fifth, Colonel-in-Chief of The Black Watch, died on 20th January, 1936. On 11th May, 1937, His Majesty King George the Sixth appointed Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth to succeed her father-in-law. No other appointment could have given greater pleasure to members and friends of the Regiment whether at home or abroad. It enabled Her Majesty to continue in an official capacity the close connection which she and her family already held with The Black Watch.

Her father was the 14th Earl of Strathmore, who had been appointed Hon. Colonel of the 5th Angus and Dundee Battalion in 1904. Her uncle, the Hon, Francis Bowes Lyon, had been appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant of the 2nd Angus Volunteer Battalion in 1878, and another uncle, the Hon, Malcolm Bowes Lyon, commanded the 5th Battalion in 1921 after retiring from The Life Guards. Her eldest brother, Lord Glamis, a major in the 5th Battalion, was wounded on 29th January, 1915. Four months later her brother, the Hon, John Bowes Lyon, who joined the 5th Battalion in September 1914, was also

wounded. Another brother, the Hon. Fergus Bowes Lyon, who joined the 2nd Battalion in India in 1910, was killed as a captain in the 8th (Service) Battalion near Loos on 27th September, 1915. Her cousin, Charlie Bowes Lyon, who was in the 3rd Special Reserve Battalion, was wounded with the 1st Battalion on 6th October, 1914, and killed with the same battalion at Ypres just over a fortnight later. Another cousin, Geoffrey Bowes Lyon, joined the 2nd Battalion in 1905 and was wounded as a captain with the 4f5th Battalion on 15th October, 1916, while a third cousin, Hubert Bowes Lyon, joined as a Regular Officer in 1904. Her nephews, the present Earl of Strathmore and Lord Elphinstone, both served with The Black Watch during the 1939/45 War.

Her Majesty's first official duty with the Regiment was to present new Colours to the 2nd Battalion, which she did at Balmoral on 14th September, 1937. A party under Lieutenant-Colonel A. K. McLeod went up from Glasgow, where the 2nd Battalion were stationed in Maryhill Barracks.



Presentation of new Colours to 2nd Bn. at Balmoral Castle on 14th September, 1937. Fipe-Major Roy, L/Sgt. Brown, Lt. M. V. A. Wolfe-Murray, C.Q.M.S. McGregor, Lt. B. E. Fergusson, L/Sgt. Butchart, R.S.M. Finlay; Major L. W. Maffet, General Sir A. R. Cameron, The Colonel-in-Chief, Lt. Col. A. K. McLeod, Lt. Col. N. McMicking, Lt. B. J. G. Madden.

In December 1937, General Sir Archibald Cameron, Major-General A. H. Marindin and Colonel Hugh Rose of Kilravock went to Buckingham Palace to present a diamond Black Watch brooch, a miniature silver shoulder brooch and a Black Watch Tartan silk sash to Her Majesty. These were gifts from a large number of past and present

officers. The diamond brooch is the one she invariably wears when she comes to visit or inspect the Regiment.

In July 1938, General Sir Archibald Cameron, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel panied by Lieutenant-Colonel C. G. Stephen, Commanding 1st Battalion, Captain and Adjutant H. F. K. Wedderburn, R.S.M. A. Drummond and Pipe-Major A. Young had the honour of being received by Her Majesty at Buckingham Palace in order to receive her Pipe Banner. This Banner was carried by This Banner was carried by the present Pipe-Major of the 1st Battalion, Pipe-Major J. B. Anderson, at the Regi-mental Dinner in London in July this year, when Her Majesty honoured members of the Dinner Club with her presence.

In May 1939, His Majesty
King George VI, accompanied
by Her Majesty, visited
Montreal and inspected The
Black Watch of Canada under command of Colonel K. G. Blackader, now Colonel of The Black Watch of Canada. It was during ader, now conterfor the base battern of canada the has been this visit that the people of Toronto presented a cheque to Her Majesty for The Black Watch Memorial Home at Dunalistair.

Her Majesty paid frequent visits to Battalions of the Regiment

including Canadian Battalions during the 1939/45 War and it

was noticeable that whenever she was accompanied by the King he insisted on her inspecting anything to do with The Black

he insisted on her inspecting and Watch whilst he stood aside.

On 19th July, 1947, Her Majesty received the Freedom of Perth on behalf of The Regiment at a parade on the North Inch. She herself had been the stood of Perth as

made a Burgess of Perth as Duchess of York. At this parade Earl Wavell also received the Freedom of Perth. At the time the 1st Battalion was serving in Germany and the 2nd Battalion in India, so the parade, under Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel B. C. Bradford, consisted of representative parties from the two Battalions, Black Watch recruits from the 42nd Primary Training Centre, The Black Watch Association and Cadets. The 4/5th Battalion and 6/7th Battalion had not been re-formed after the war at the time.

When the 1st Battalion was

ordered to Korea in 1952 Her Majesty paid a special visit to Crail on 13th May to inspect the Battalion, so say goodbye and to wish all ranks God Speed. On this occasion she Speed. On this occasion she was in mourning for King George VI and it was the first time she had appeared in public since his death.

On 23rd June, 1954, Queen Elizabeth accepted the Freedom of the City of Dundee on behalf of herself and The Regiment from Lord Provost William Hughes. The ceremony took place in the Caird Hall where 3,400 people were assembled. Before entering the hall the Colonel-in-Chief inspected a guard of honour composed of recruits from the Denot



Her Majesty, accompanied by Lord Provost J. Ure Primrose and Field-Marshal Earl Wavell, acknowledging the greetings of the crowd after receiving the Freedom of Perth on behalf of the Regiment.

honour composed of recruits from the Depot.

The Colonel-in-Chief with Lord Airlie, the Lord and Lady Provost of Dundee, Major-General N. McMicking, 2/Lt. T. N. McMicking, Lady Jean Rankin and the Master of Sinclair outside the Caird Hall, Dundee.

(C)

After the ceremony Her Majesty was entertained to luncheon in the City Chambers and afterwards took the Salute when parties from the Depot. the 4/5th Battalion, the 6/7th Battalion and The Black Watch Association with the Pipes and Drums and Band of the 2nd Battalion, marched through the City under Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Baker-Baker, Commanding Depot The Black Watch,

Her Majesty made another special visit to Crail on 21st September the same year to inspect the 2nd Battalion under command of Lieutenant-Colonel B. C. Bradford before their departure to British Guiana on 1st October.







Her Majesty accompanied by Lieut.-Colonel B. C. Bradford, the Colonel of the Regiment, Lord Airlie and Major A. W. Leslie with 2nd Battalion at Crail on 21st September, 1954. (Left): Visiting Perth in August 1955, Her Majesty is escorted by Major-General N. McMickling, Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Baker-Baker and Major A. D. H. Irwin.

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The 1st Battalion The Black Watch of Canada supplied a Guard of Honour for Her Majesty during her visit to Ottawa towards the end of 1955 and the 3rd Battalion (the original Black Watch of Canada) were asked to send eight Pipers to The English Speaking Union dinner in New York which Her Majesty attended.

On 24th August that year Her Majesty came to Perth to unveil a memorial to all ranks of 6th Battalion in St. John's Kirk, to visit the Depot and to meet Regular Officers and Sergeants of the 1st Battalion. She had luncheon with the Officers in Queen's Barracks.



The Colonel-in-Chief accompanied by Major A. O. L. Lithgow, during her informal visit to the Royal Guard at Victoria Barracks, Ballater, in 1956.



The 1st Battalion march past Her Majesty during her visit to Redford Barracks in October 1958 before their departure for Cyprus.

A month later Her Majesty paid an informal visit to 1st Battalion Guard at Ballater under Command of Major A. O. L. On 26th April, 1956, the Colonel-in-Chief received the Freedom of Forfar where a Guard of Honour was provided for her by the Depot and the 4/5th Battalion.

Later that year Her Majesty lunched in the Officers' Mess of the Depot prior to attending the wedding of Lord Carnegie and the Hon. Caroline Dewar in Perth.

On 18th October, 1958, Her Majesty visited Redford Barracks near Edinburgh to say goodbye to the 1st Battalion on their departure for Cyprus under Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Monteith.

That afternoon she visited The Black Watch Club in Edinburgh, where she was received by the Chairman, Colonel J. E. M. Richard.

At the end of 1959 Her Majesty unveiled the 4th and 5th Battalion Memorial at Powrie Brae in the northern outskirts of Dundee. The Memorial is in the form of a statue of a Black Watch soldier wearing battledress and the kilt. The service was conducted by the Rev. Tom Nicol, who has been a Jock, an officer and Padre of The Black Watch.

In the dim iight of the early morning of 4th September, 1960, Her Majesty was out on the hill to see the 4/5th Battalion file past after their two-day march from Cortachy Castle, the home

of their Hon, Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel The Earl of Airlie, Later the same day she inspected the Battalion on the lawns of Birkhall

of their Hon. Colonel, Eleutenian Colonel in Changa in June Majesty is a regular visitor to The Black Watch Memorial Home at Dunalistair, Broughty Ferry. Her visits are nearly always in October with little formality. They are greatly appreciated by the visitors staying in the Home and are never reported in the National Press.

During her visit to Africa, Australia and New Zealand Her Majesty makes a point of meeting as many old members of The Black Watch as possible who live in those countries.

On the occasions when the 1st or 2nd Battalions have formed the Queen's Guard at Ballater, our Colonel-in-Chief has invariably taken a great interest in the Guard and attended their annual parties at Abergeldie Castle.

Her Majesty's visit to The Black Watch of Canada in June was described in the last issue of The Red Hackle. The Regimental Dinner at which we were proud to welcome Her Majesty, and the parade of the 1st, 4/5th and 6/7th Battalions, representative detachments of The Black Watch of Canada, The Tyneside Scottish, The Black Watch Association and the cadets on the North Inch in Perth on the 2nd September, in honour of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Her Majesty's appointment as Colonel-in-Chief, are fully reported in this issue.



The Colonel-in-Chief arriving at the United Services Club for the Regimental Dinner in July, 1962.

THE BLACK WATCH DINNER

The Dinner this year was held on Thursday, 19th July, in the United Services Club and we were honoured by the presence of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother in this, the twenty-fifth anniversary year of her appointment as our Colonelin-Chief

in-Chiel.

Her Majesty was received on arrival by Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott, Colonel of the Regiment, who excutted her from her car into the hall, where he presented Major-General Neil Medicking, Major G. S. M. Burton, Secretary of the Dinner Club, and the Secretary of the United Services Club. While the remaining members gathered in the large room upstairs, the

Major D. Scott McDonald. He then proposed Her Majesty's health and the Colonel in Chief was graciously pleased to reply. After the Pipe programme Her Majesty withdrew and in due course the whole assembly gathered again in the large anteriorm. Here many further presentations were made to the Colonel-in-Chief, who delighted each and everyone with her charm and understanding and her interest in and knowledge of every facet of Regimental life.

Meanwhile, the members, gathered in greater numbers than ever before, were renewing old friendships and regretting the all-too-swift passing of such a memorable evening.

The Colonel of the Regiment's Speech!

"Madam, with my humble duty, I wish to express to your Majesty on behalf of everyone here our pride and delight that you have so graciously honoured us with your presence here tonight in this 25th Anniversary year of your Coloneley-in-Chief of the Regiment.

When His Late Majesty King George VI appointed you in May 1937 the whole Regiment was delighted. Your close family and residential connections with the Regiment augured well for a happy and successful future. Madam, if I may say so, the years that have passed since then have shown that our hopes at that time have been surpassed beyond measure.

Your interest in and solicitude for the officers and men of the Regiment both Regular and Territorial have been shown on innumerable occasions.

In wartime your frequent visits to Battalions before their embarkation and the comforts sent to them on service were an inspiration to them as proof that they were constantly in your thoughts.

In peacetime, too, Madam, you have shown the same deep interest in our affairs. So now, Madam, you are firmly enthoned in the hearts of each and all of us.

We earnestly pray that no one from outside the Regiment will interfere with this most happy state of affairs. Now my Lords, Ladies, Gentlemen I ask you to rive for the Toast:

HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH THE QUEEN MOTHER OUR COLONEL-IN-CHIEF."

The Colonel-in-Chief's Reply:

"I thank you all most warmly for drinking my health.

It does not seem like 25 years since I became Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment to which so many of my family have belonged.

But, during that time, The Black Watch has added stone after stone to the cairn of our history.

Looking back, one's mind turns to the war years, when the Regiment fought in every major theatre:

And then to the years of so-called 'peace', which for The Black Watch have included service, and often casualties, in Palestine, British Guiana, Kenya, Cyprus and Berlin:

And to Korea, where more than 80 of our officers and men were killed in action.

And one remembers, also, the sometimes rather thankless years spent in unspectacular stations and duties, These are often the highest test for any Regiment.

One cannot think of the war years without mentioning our great Field-Marshal, Lord Wavell.

I am so glad that he is to be especially commemorated alongside our new home at Balhousie Castle, which flook forward to seeing in September.

As you know, I went last month to Montreal to join with The Black Watch of Canada in celebrating their first 100 years.

They were in great heart, and as proud as ever of their close connection with Scotland and the parent Regiment. And so, with pride in the past and the present, and with the fullest confidence for the future I give you the Toast: THE REGIMENT." THE REGIMENT."

Royal Party went to a small ante-room where further presentations were made—Brigadier-General L. P. Eavans, Brigadier A. Gilroys, Brigadier B. E. Fergusson, Colonel The Hon, C. M. Hore-Ruthven, Lieutenant-Colonel A. D. H. Irwin, Lieutenant-Colonel N. G. A. Noble, and Major Lord Cochrane of Cults.

In attendance on Her Majesty were the Hon, Mrs. Mulholland and Lieutenant-Colonel The Earl of Airlie.

Other guests of the Regiment were Countess Wavell, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Martin Gilliat, Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. Leonard, Commanding 2nd Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, Major J. W. Mawson—Royal New Zealand Armoured Corps, Major R. M. Campbell—Queen's Own Highlanders, and Captain B. Cuthbertson—The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, at present serving with 1st Battalion at Warminster.

On the announcement of dinner the assembled company moved into the dining room, where the tables were arranged with four spurs off the head table. After Her Majesty had been escorted to her place by the Colonel of the Regiment, Grace was said by the Rev. Bruce Hay, Chaplain with the 1st Battalion.

After the Toast of "The Queen", the Colonel of the Regiment read telegrams which he had received from General Sir Neil Ritchie, Brigadier K. G. Blackader, Brigadier P. S. Douglas and

Her Majesty graciously signed a copy of the Pipe programme, which is now in the Museum at Balhousie Castle. The programme, which was played by Pipe-Major J. B. Anderson, was:—

Regimental March-Highland Laddie.

Piobaireachd-I got a Kiss of the King's Hand,

Slow March—Skye Boat Song March—Black Watch Polka, Strathspey—Balmoral Castle, Reel—High Road to Linton,

March-Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother.

Regimental Slow March-Lochaber No More.

The following members were present:—
Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott, Colonel of the Regiment;
Major-General N. McMicking.
Brigadier-General L. P. Evans;
Brigadiers H. C. Baker-Baker, B. C. Bradford, M. A. Carthew.
B. E. Fergusson, A. Gilroy, J. A. Hopwood, J. F. S. McLaren,

THE RED HACKLE

First Battalion

General

By far the most important feature of this quarter has been the Battalion's visit to the Regimental Area. Between the 9th and 12th of August the Battalion moved by rail and road to Barry Buddon Camp, Carnoustie, where we have just completed a six

Buddon Camp, Carnotstie, where we have just completed a six weeks stay.

It was some thirty years since a Regular Battalion of the Regiment had been able to pay such an extended visit to the Regimental Area. During this six weeks period we have:—

Regimental Area. During this six weeks period we have:

(a) Taken part in the Parade on the North Inch with our sister TA Battalions, our Cadets and the Association to honour Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother on the twenty-fifth anniversary of her appointment as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment.

(b) Put on thirty-one "Displays" covering the counties of Perth, Fife and Angust.

(c) Held our annual Regimental Games to which the Association were invited.

(d) Held an open Regimental Rifle Meeting at which there was a large gathering from the TA Battalions, the Cadets and friends of the Regiment, despite atrocious weather conditions.

The Royal Parade

Much has already been written elsewhere. Suffice it to say here that we greatly enjoyed having our TA Battalions with us in camp the previous night. Much liquid flowed in every direction.

The Displays

The Displays

A list of the Displays given together with the approximate attendance at each is given below:
Perthshire—Crieff 5,000; Aberfeldy 2,000; Pitlochry 3,000; Dunblane 200; Lochearnhead 70; Perth 300; Blairgowrie 300; Dunblane 200; Lochearnhead 70; Perth 300; Blairgowrie 300; Dunkeld 300; Coupar Angus 300; Auchterarder 500.
Fife—Cowdenbeath 5,000; Lochgelly 1,000; Kelty 500; Kirk-caldy 600; Kinghorn 350; St. Andrews 1,500; Dunfermline 400; Glenrothes 600; Leslie 200; Auchtermuchty 500; Ladybank 650; Markinch 1,200; Burntisland 2,000; Kennoway 4,000.
Angus—Forfar 1,000; Arbroath 1,500; Kirriemuir 600; Carnoustie 1,500; Friockheim 200; Brechin 1,500; Montrose 600. These figures, a total of about 27,000, speak for themselves and are particularly creditable in view of the sometimes very cold and wet weather conditions that dogged our programme. We would like to thank all our friends for the tremendous support that we were given wherever we went. In nearly every town the Lord Provost or Provost personally attended and the response from members of the Regiment residing in nearby areas was most heartening. Further, the hospitality shown to Officers and Jocks alike was both spontaneous and generous.

R. C. McPherson, J. C. Monteith, J. A. Oliver and W. N. Roper-Caldbeck;
Colonels H. N. Blair, G. W. Dunn, K. G. Graham-Scott, the Hon, C. M. Hore-Ruthven, J. K. A. Robertson and C. N. Lieutenant-Colonels S. H. Alliera, G. A. Bornell, L. E. Renson,

Hon, C. M. Hore-Ruthven, J. K. A. Robertson and C. N. Thomson.

Licutenant-Colonels, S. H. Allison, G. A. Barnett, J. E. Benson, Fortune, C. D. Gilmour, R. M. Greg, C. N. Howard, A. D. H. Irwin, B. J. G. Madden, C. L. Melville, G. H. Milne, C. M. Rowan-Hamilton, N. D. Stevenson, A. D. J. Stewart, D. G. C. Majors, J. E. Buchanan, G. S. M. Burton, G. H. Carter, H. McL. D. A. Sutherland, C. V. Watson-Gandy, A. J. Watt and E. R. Wilson, Clark, Lord Cochrane of Cults, T. H. C. Cox, I. R. Critchley, P. N. Hitchman, A. O. L. Lithgow, C. W. Maffett, B. G. A. D. Newan-Hamilton, O. G. H. Russell, C. J. B. Ritchie, S. C. L. Trotter, O. R. Tweedy, J. M. P. Walker, M. G. Severn, M. G. Stephen, J. L. Stewart, N. J. Stewart-Meiklejohn, A. L. Watson and W. M. Wingate-Gray.

Captains, J. D. Bengough, E. D. Cameron, J. C. F. Campbell, G. Regory-Smith, R. T. T. Gurdon, C. B. Innes, G. H. Le Maitre, C. M. Parker, M. A. L. Watson, A. C. Glass, H. G. I. B. Leslie, I. D. McLeod, T. N. McMicking, E. S. Orr-Ewing, Messrs, J. F. Arbuthnott, G. C. Barnett, J. C. Christie, McC. G. Gregory-Smith, R. T. T. Gurdon, C. B. Innes, G. H. Le Maitre, C. M. Parker, M. A. Telfer-Smollett and J. E. Upton Christison, J. W. A. Cox, G. W. Garforth-Bles, C. I. A. Grant, Vray, D. J. McMicking, C. M. Ogilly, G. Paterson and T. G. The following were also present:—

Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T. G. Maior R. A. Davidson C. M. Ogilvy, G. Paterson and T.

Usher,
The following were also present:—
Major R. A. Davidson, Captains I. R. Cowper and N. McAndrew
(4/5th Battalion); Captains A. S. McCraw and B. K. Mann,
Lt. I. C. Malcolmson (6/7th Battalion).



The Colonel-in-Chief arrives at the United Services Club for the Regimental Dinner attended by the Hon, Mrs. John Mulholland and Lieutenant-Colonel The Earl of Airlie.

[Photo: The Times.]



Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother with the Colonel of the Regiment and Lieutenant-Colonel Noble during the dinner. Pipe-Major Anderson displays the Colonel-in-Chief's pipe banner. [Photo: Dorothy Wilding.

Sunday, 2nd September, 1962

It was, in retrospect, strangely fitting that what might be called the "first key plan" for this unique and most memorable occasion should have emerged as the result of a Regimental meeting held in the Officers' Mess in Queen's Barracks in December last year. On Sunday, 2nd September, the descrited building came briefly to life again; was silent (and proud?) witness as the regular and E.A. Battalions, the Depot, Tyneside Scottish, Junior Leaders and Cadets, as representative a Regimental gathering as even Queen's Barracks has seen, formed up for the Parade; and, the same evening, deserted again . . . was it connecidence that it burned? Or was it the final brave gesture of protest from the former home of the Regiment to those who have cast it aside?

After vicissitudes too numerous to mention, the final Form of Parade was agreed a bare fortnight before the day; with the programme in the hands of the printers there was clearly no question of change—or so one would have liked to believe! In fact, of course, the final amendments to detail were still being sorted out when the 4/5th and 6/7th Battalions assembled at Barry/Buddon with their hosts, the 1st Battalion, on Saturday afternoon, 1st September.

Here, 1st Battalion had laid out "Queen's Barracks" and the "North Inch" in exact, though undulating, detail. After separate rehearsals for the officers and Colour Parties on the "North Inch" and the remainder on "the Square", a complete run through took place. The march from "Queen's Barracks" to the "Inch" was enlivened by the not altogether surprising inability of the assembled troops to march successfully in step with the conflicting beat of, at one time, two military and two—or was it three?—pipe bands!

However, this hurdle and many more were surmounted and the Parade Commander, Brigadier J. C. Monteith, with the thought of the early start on the morrow and the promise of the dress rehearsal, dismissed the parade. Splendid arrangements had been made by 1st Battalion for the comfort and well-being of their many guests—and a memorable evening followed.

After a discouraging met, report, much discussion and with very genuine regret, the decision had to be taken to cancel the march through the City of Perth planned to follow the dress rehearsal. It wasn't that we were afraid of a little rain, but merely of its probable effect on our turnout for Her Majesty's parade—and that, we felt, was something that must not be risked.

The Parade Adiutant and the three RSMs were on the North Inch early on the Sunday morning, as the Battalions were entraining at Barry, completing the marking of the parade ground.

For those who could not be present, it should be explained that the ground had been chosen on the North Inch so that those on parade formed up parallel, and with their backs to, the Tax-Pacing them, the Royal dais was flanked by enclosures with chairs for just on 5,000 spectators to whom tickets had been issued. The remainder of the arena was roped off for the general public: the whole arena being about 200 vards wide and 120 yards in depth. With the rain in mind, the "dress" rehearsal had a strangel look. Nevertheless, great progress was made and, after a hurried look. Nevertheless, great progress was made and, after a hurried rehearsal of the drill for the route lining for Her Maiesty's departure, the parade marched back to Queen's Barracks for haversack lunches and to change.

The spectators, forewarned and with keen appreciation of the crowds likely to appear for such an historic occasion, started to arrive early. By three o'clock when 4/5th Battalion, preceded by the Parade Commander and his Second-in-Command, Colonel D. W. M. Morrison, himself a former Commanding Officer of the Battalion, led the march onto the ground, the enclosures were filling rapidly and the rine, too, was crowded.

The Lord Lieutenant of Perthshire, the Earl of Mansfield, and Ladv Mansfield, with the Lord Provost of Perth and Mrs. Young, having received the Colonel-in-Chief at Balhousic Castle, drove in to the Royal enclosure at a quarter past three as the last of the troops were marching on. And so the stage was set for the arrival of Her Majesty. And it even looked as if the sun was going to make an appearance.

ake an appearance.

Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother accompanied by the Colonel

of the Regiment drove across the Inch from Halbousie through the Douglas Memorial Carden along a route crowded with excited, waxing people. On arrival at the enclosure, where a party from 2nd Battalion The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada kept the ground, the Colonel of the Regiment presented to Her Majesty: Leitnematt-Colonel The Part of Afrile Hon. Colonel of 4/8th Battalion, Brigadler J. A. Oliver Hon. Colonel of 6/7th Battalion, Captain J. W. B. Hamilton. Commanding the Detachment from The Black Watch of Canada, and Leutenant S. J. Lindsay, ADC to the Colonel of the Regiment.

S. I Lindsay, ADC to the Colonel of the Regiment.

Her Majesty then moved on to the dals and was received with a Royal Salute, A really wonderful moment! The Parade was formed up with 4/5th Battalion on the right, 1st Battalion in the centre and 6/7th Battalion on the left; each Battalion in column of companies with its Colour party in front. In rear of the Parade were the Depot with representatives from the Infantry Junior Leaders Battalion and The All Arms Junior Leaders Regiment, the detachment from the Tyneside Scottish, detachments from the Angus and City of Dundee Battalion, the Fife Battalion and the Perthshire Battalion of the Army Cadet Force, and last, but by no means least, a gathering of over two hundred members of the Black Watch Association. And at the flanks in the rear, six Saracen armoured personnel carriers from 1st Battalion.

Following a brief but impressive thanksgiving service, the Parade Commander reported to Her Majesty that her Regiment was gathered for her inspection, with eighty-one officers, nine hundred and eighty-eight other ranks and cadets, and two hundred and sixty Old Comrades on parade.

Accompanied by the Colonel of the Regiment and by Brigadier

Accompanied by the Colonel of the Regiment and by Brigadier Monteith, Her Majesty then inspected the parade, standing in the back of a Land Rover driven by Corporal A. Fender of 6/7th Battalion. As the party reached each Battalion the Land Rover paused to allow the Commanding Officers, Lieutenant-Colonel D. A. Rowan-Hamilton, Lieutenant-Colonel N. G. A. Noble and Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. F. Fortune, to report to the Colonel-in-Chief.

Those on parade and spectators alike were delighted by the splendid view of the Colonel-in-Chief as, smiling and waving, she was driven slowly up and down the ranks of the Parade. Her inspection completed and returned to the front of the dais, Her Majesty then presented the following medals:

1st Battalion The Black Watch.

Meritorious Service Medal.

Warrant Officer Class II D. B. McLean,

Long Service and Good Conduct Medal,

Warrant Officer Class II W. A. Playle.

Sergeant W. G. Shadbolt, Royal Electrical and Mechanical

Engineers, attached 1st Battalion The Black Watch.

4/5th Battalion The Black Watch.

Territorial Army Efficiency Medal.
Warrant Officer Class II P. Milroy.
Colour Sergeant W. Swinton.
Sergeant J. Malone.
Sergeant D. Butchart.
Lance Corporal A. Burke.

6/7th Battalion The Black Watch.

Territorial Army Efficiency Medal.

Warrant Officer Class II W. W. D. Brock.
Corporal J. W. Harvey.

When the medal party had resumed their positions in the ranks, the Colonel-in-Chief addressed the Parade. The Colonel of the Regiment replied and presented to Her Majesty six silver menu stands in the shape of the Regimental badge and contained in a case with this inscription on a silver plate:

Prevented to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother by All Ranks of the Regular and Territorial Units of The Black Watch, serving and Retired, to commemorate Her Majesty's Twenty-fifth year as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment and to serve as a token of their loyalty and gratitude.

The Parade then gave a Royal Salute and, with the 1st Battalion now in its rightful place and leading, the Regiment marched past

THE RED HACKLE



Sergeant W. G. Shadbolt, R.E.M.E., attached 1st Battalion-Long Service and Good Conduct Medal. Photo: Norman Brown, Dunde



Warrant Officer Class II W. A. Playle-Long Service and Good Conduct Medal.

their Colonel-in-Chief. Another moving and splendid sight. The spectators were stirred to spontaneous applause by the proud bearing and precision of the Black Watch Association, whose appearance was an inspiration to all who were privileged to see them.

With the arena now empty, Queen Elizabeth left the dais and the Colonel of the Regiment made a number of presentations before escorting Her Majesty along the front of the enclosures which had been reserved for the families and friends of the

The following letter was received by the Colonel of the Regiment from the Assistant Private Secretary to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother.

7th September, 1962.

Dear Lord Arbuthnott,
I am commanded by Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother to thank you most sincerely for the present which you gave Her Majesty on Sunday on behalf of the Black Watch, Queen Elizabeth is delighted with the menu holders, nothing

The Colonel-In-Chief's address to the Paradel

"This is indeed an historic occasion, which, I am sure, we shall all remember.

We stand here on the banks of the River Tay, It was beside this same river—35 miles upstream at Aherfeldy and 222 years ago—that the Regiment held its first muster, in May, 1740.

In the two centuries that have passed, the name and fame of The Black Watch have spread all the world over. In Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Canada, The Black Watch have the stire Regiments. And It was a great happiness to me, less than three months ago, to visit The Black Watch of Canada and to celebrate with them the hundredth year of their existence.

Here today, on the North Inch, we have the First Battalion, which has served with honour and distinction in peace and in war in every Continent of the world. We have also the Territorial Battalions, who, in two wars, have young glory.

You of the 4/5th and 6/7th are ready, as your fathers were before you, to give ungrudgingly of your spare to defend them in the field.

I have watched with pride the high recruiting figures of the Territorial Battalions, and the splendld standard of soldier coming into the ranks of the Regulars, as of old, This shows beyond question that the men of these three counties at the very heart of Scotland are as willing and sound as ever.

I have been so glad today to visit Balhousic Castle, our new regimental home, It will worthly commemorate the past and inspire the future; no hollow monument, but a symbol of all that the Regiment represents, and a living link with its countryside. I rejoice, too, that the name of the great Lord Wavell is to be associated with It, and that Wavell House' will be able to afford a Black Watch welcome to our comrades from overseas.

As you know, I celebrate this year my 25th anniversary as Colone-in-Chief of the Regiment, In which so many of my family have served, I like to feel that we are celebrating it together.

To come to the City of Perth, and to visit The Black Watch, is always a delight to me, The City of Perth, of which I am proud

I therefore rejoice that on this day the three Battalions of The Black Watch, and I, and the City of Perth, should all have come together, here on the North Inch; and I repeat that this is a day which we shall all remember."

The Colonel of the Regiment's reply:

"Madam, with my humble duty, may I first express to your Majesty on behalf of those on parade today their pride and gratitude that you have so graciously come here to Perth today to give them the opportunity to salute you and greet you in this 25th anniversary year of you Majesty's Colonelcy-their of the Regiment.

We are glad that our allied Regiment of Canada is represented here today, also the Tyneside Scottish; and also that the old soldiers of the Regimental Association and the younger generation as represented by the Junior Leaders and Cadets are also on parade.

I know that they will all remember this occasion for the rest of their lives. This being a family occasion, I am sure too that the wives and families of the officers and men of your Regiment would also wish me to thank you. Madam, for your presence here today which gives them immense pleasure.

We are glad, too, to see here the large and distinguished company of past members and friends of the Regiment representing every corner of the Regimental Area.

Everyone will, I know, wish me to pay tribute to the encouragement your Majesty has given to all connected with the Regiment during the past twenty-five years, which period includes the 2nd World War and other campaigns and years of uneasy peace.

Your Majesty's constant solicitude for the well being of the members of the Regiment is only equalled by your interest in the families and sympathy for the relatives of those who lost their lives in the Service of their Country and Regiment. Your frequent visits to Dunalastair are ample evidence of this.

Madam, I ask you to graciously accept this gift from all Ranks Past and Present of your Regiment in token of their devotion and in gratitude for the wonderful service you have given to us all.

And with it go our respectful and most sincere good wishes for the future and our ardent hope, Madam, that you will remain our beloved Colonel-in-Chief for very many years to come.

Regiment. The Colonel-in-Chief was soon surrounded by an eager, delighted throng, and she spoke with her accustomed sincerity and charm to far more than her programme could possibly have envisaged.

Reluctantly, or so it seemed, and some forty minutes behind schedule, Her Majesty entered her car and after a final drive round the arena, whose perimeter had shrunk to half its original size and was marked now not by a rope but by a pressing and admiring throng, drove slowly towards the river path. The route from the edge of the parade ground to the path and along the path to the road was lined by cheering eadets and the troops who had been on parade. . . And the rain came.

And so our Colonel-in-Chief passed from our keeping into the hands of the Lord Provost and Councillors of the City and Royal Burgh of Perth, She had been with us all too short a time!

Haste ye back, Your Majesty!

could have given Her Majesty greater pleasure and they are a most appropriate memento of her Silver Jubilee as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment.

Queen Elizabeth was very much impressed by the Parade and I am to ask you to convey a message of congratulations to all ranks on their smartness and bearing. It is not easy to mount a parade like the one last Sunday and Her Majesty fully appreciates how much work must have gone into the preparations, and how much the splendid result achieved was due to the keenness and Regimental pride of each individual.

The Museum interested Queen Elizabeth greatly and Her Majesty only wishes that time had allowed her to stay longer to look at all the fascinating relies of the Regiment's long history.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd.) Ralph Anstruther,

Assistant Private Secretary.

October, 1962

The Royal Parade at Perth

"Twas on the thirty-fifth Sabbath day of 1962.
That the Black Watch came to Perth, a great parade for to do:
The Queen Mother held her Silver Anniversary of her Colonelcyin-Chief on that day,
And without a parade there would be great dismay
In that fine town of Perth near the Silv'ry Tay.

A royal dais for Her Majesty and chairs for the relations of the

A royal dais for Her Majesty and chairs for the remen on parade
On the green grassy North Inch of Perth were laid
In rows and rows to left and right,
And to all who saw it, it was a wondrous sight.

The parade was commanded by Brigadier Monteith, Who pulled a great claymore from out of its sheath, And shouted as the Queen Mother approached (she came from

Glamis) "Royal Salute-Present Arms!"

The Twenty-third Psalm was then sung aloud,
By the men of parade and the jubilant crowd.
The rain was falling thick and fast
As the Queen Mother stepped onto the grass to get into the shiny
Land Rover

Which meant, after the inspection, that the parade was nearly over.

But wait! Onto this grass so green A group of men came on the scene; To present them with medals was the Queen Mother's delight And then they saluted and turned to the right.

And then they stated and thruch of they marched past the Queen And gave an "Eyes Right"—what a sight to be seen! They lined the route by the Silv'ry Tay. And cheered the Queen Mother as she drove away. For twenty-five years she had been (Heaven sent!) Colonel-in-Chief of this famous Regiment!

(Found in the Dundee Public Library and attributed to Wm. McGonagall by the well known poet and tragedian R.Y.L.H.C.J.M.C.)



The Colonel-in-Chief examines the Presentation from the Regiment after accepting it from the Colonel of the Regiment.

[Star Photos, Perth.]



The presentation menu stands and their case,

October, 1962



Warrant Officer Class II D. B. McLean—Meritorious Service Medal. [Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee.



The Colour Party—Lt. R. I. L. Ker, Queen's Colour; Lt. J. F. Arbuthnott, Regimental Colour; C.S.M. Stacey, C/Sgt. Fenner and C/Sgt. Taylor.



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[Norman Brown, Dundee.

|Norman Brown, Dunder





Norman Brown, Dundee.





The Colour Party enter the Parade Ground. Lt. J. F. Rankin, Queen's Colour; Lt. M. Nairn, Regimental Colour; C.S.M. Beck, C/Sgt. Calder and C/Sgt. Brown.

[Photo: Star Photos, Peth]



Warrant Officer Class II W. W. D. Brock—Territorial Efficiency Medal.

| Photo: Normal Rosea Dealer.

October, 1962



WORTH INCH



[Norman Brown, Dunder.











[Perthshire Advertiser.



Corporal J. W. Harvey—Territorial Efficiency Medal.

The Angus and Dundee Detachment A.C.F. march on to the Royal Parade. [Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee.



Her Majesty, accompanied by the Colonel of the Regiment, passing the Tyneside Scottish Detachment.



Presentation of the Territorial Efficiency Medal to Colour-Sergeant Swinton, 4/5th Battalion.



The Queen Mother meets retired officers of the Regiment. Brigadier-General Evans, Colonel Bulloch, Colonel Hore Ruthven, and Colonel and Mrs. Wallace.



The Perthshire Cadets, commanded by Captain M. Hume, and the Black Watch Association, under Brigadier Gilroy, are inspected by Her Majesty.



The Saracens of 1st Battalion drive past the Colonel-in-Chief at the conclusion of the Parade.



Officers and men of 4/5th Battalion cheer Her Majesty as she drives off the North Inch to the City Chambers.

[All photos on this page by Norman Brown, Dundee.

THE RED HACKLE



28

Sergeant J. Malone—Territorial Efficiency Medal. [Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee



Warrant Officer Class II P. Milroy—Territorial Efficiency Medal. [Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee.



The Battalion marches on to the North Inch on 2nd September. Colonel D. W. M. Morrison, Parade Second-in-Command and a former C.O., is on the right. Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee



Officers' Mess

Officers' Mess

The first time any of us met again after Camp was less than a week after we all returned from Norfolk when Company Commanders and their wives were the guests of the R.S.M. and the Sergeants' Mess at a very pleasant function to celebrate the re-opening of that Mess after its redecoration and refurnishing. On 31st August we gave a Cocktail Party in our own Mess to which we invited the 1st Battalion, representatives from other T.A. units in our Bn., area, as well as other official and personal guests. We were very pleased that Lord and Lady Airlie joined us on this occasion, and our Honorary Members were much in evidence at this Party, including Major Douglas Murray who brought with him a Sandhurst Cadet from Nigeria who was staying with him. About 150 people altogether attended, and some 40 of them were afterwards most royally entertained to supper by the Commanding Officer and his wife.

If not a unique occasion it must be many years since the Officers' Mess at Buddon held so many resident Officers as were present for the night of 1st September. We cannot praise enough the hospitality and ingenuity of the 1st Bn. who looked after both T.A. battalions so well, and it was only a pity that our early rise on the Sunday morning precluded a real reunion taking place on the Saturday night. Those of us who are used to retiring shortly vefore dawn regularly at Camp were a little shattered when we iscovered the Bar had closed at 11 p.m., but naturally we preciated the staff difficulties and the necessity for cool brows 1 fresh heads the next morning.

Ye feel we must welcome Col. Donald Morrison as an 'all Honorary Member on his retirement from the Brigade neley, and we hope we shall often have his company in our

Mess. We are also pleased that Charles Rennie, David Blyth, Tom Neville and Philip Prain have joined the ranks of Honorary Members. Although neither Alec Swan nor Ian McCormack was able to come to Camp this year we would take this opportunity of formally welcoming them to our Mess, and we are very pleased that Andrew Valentine is now residing locally so that we hope to see a lot of him in the future.



The Colour Party—Lt. E. C. Melville, Queen's Colour; and Lt. T. A. B. Mitford, Regimental Colour; C.S.M. A. Campbell, C/Sgt. D. Sim and C/Sgt. J. Keith (hidden).

[Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee.

Sergeants' Mess

We have now settled down after a very enjoyable camp, where the Social life was what you made it. Some members, of course, made more of it than others, but some of the older "Squares" surprised many by showing the younger members what they could do with the twist—among other things.

The Mess is now open after the redecoration and refurnishing. The opening night was a great success, with all the outstation members attending. How we managed to pack in 96 is still a mystery, but a good time was had by all.

THE RED HACKLE



Sergeant D. Butchart— Territorial Efficiency Medal.
[Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee



Bandmaster M. Pratt with the Military Band on the Royal Parade.
[Photo: Norman Brown, Dundee.

THE RED HACKLE



PARADE

OF

The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment)

ON

The North Inch, Perth, at 3.30 p.m. on Sunday, 2nd September, 1962

BEFORE

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother

IN

Celebration of the 25th Anniversary of Her Majesty's Appointment as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment

The Independent Companies of The Black Watch were raised in 1725. The first parade as a Regiment was at Aberfeldy in 1740, five years before Fontenoy. For more than 100 years the Regiment was known as the 42ND FOOT and in the last century has been known as The Royal Highland Regiment, Royal Highlanders and to-day as The Black Watch; officially The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment).

Colonel P. P. Peuleteron I your ich and sties a men member somplinents and the enclosure. Eyen gay ake - in fact Die - head It - inspelations on all lake wins to getter as a legards to the may 5 HUM of your see her

1913 1740 SINCE THE MID-EIGHTEENTH CENTURY THERE HAVE WATCH HAVE NOT BEEN REPRESENTED. THIS BRIEF HIS STATIONED AT

THE years after the rising in 1715 were troubled ones in the Highlands of Scotland. Government troops had shown that they were no match for the bands of rebellious and dispossessed Highlanders who roamed the countryside. In 1725 six Independent Companies of loyal Highlanders were formed and given the task of keeping law and order. At the time, the Government had forbidden the wearing of Highland dress and the carrying of arms, but these regulations were waived in the case of the Independent Companies. They wore the tartan of the Officers Commanding the Companies. regulations were waived in the case of the Independent Companies. They wore the tartan of the Officers Commanding the Companies, and were allowed to carry their personal arms as well as those issued officially. Recruiting standards for the companies were rigorous, the officers and men being handpicked. Many young men of distinction and education who were not appointed to commissions joined as private soldiers, and it was no uncommon sight to see a private soldier riding to parade, followed by his personal servant carrying his equipment.

These companies carried out their duties so well that in 1739 the King signed letters of service for their incorporation into a regular regiment, to be known as the Highland Regiment, which mustered at Aberfeldy on the banks of the River Tay in May, 1740. Because of clan rivalries, it was decided to have a regimental tartan, rather than adopt one from any particular clan, and the tartan chosen was one of dark blue and dark green—so sombre that from a distance it appeared to

Success continued to attend the efforts of the regiment, and their military reputation soon spread. The Highlanders, renowned as swordsmen and adept at wielding the Lochaber axe, were asked to stage a demonstration before the King. Consequently, two young gentlemen who were private soldiers went to St. James's Palace, where their exhibition was of such proficiency that a very impressed monarch rewarded each with a gift of a golden guinea. These the Highlanders tactfully accepted, but passed on to the porter at the gates of the palace, "supposing that the King had mistaken their character and condition in their own country."

Nor were such men exceptional. It is recorded that a soldier of

palace, "supposing that the King had mistaken their character and condition in their own country."

Nor were such men exceptional. It is recorded that a soldier of Captain Campbell of Carrick's company was "a man of family and education, some five feet eleven inches in height, and one of the best swordsmen of his time, in an age when good swordsmanship was common." Yet this man paraded in the centre of the centre rank—not a place of parade allotted to the most distinguished soldier.

The Black Watch first saw foreign service in the Flanders campaign of 1743, and fought their first major action at Fontenoy two years later. Although the British forces were defeated in this action, the conduct of the Highlanders gained them a reputation for courage and ferocity such as had not previously been seen on the battlefields of Europe. An enemy officer commented after the battle, "We won the victory, but may we never gain such another." In 1751, the regiment was made the 42nd of Foot—a title which later gave rise to the nickname, "The Gallant Forty-Twa."

The year 1756 saw The Black Watch disembarking at New York for their first campaign in North America. During this campaign, they fought in yet another disastrous battle—at Ticonderoga—but



Dining-room of the Officers' Mess with table laid for dinner. Centre is a replica of the Statuette of The Black Watch Memorial at Aberfeldy. Large picture shows Black Watch at Quatre Bras



Magnificent silver-mounted Regimental ram's head snuff mull presented to the Regiment by Her Late Majesty, Queen Mary, in 1932

Oldest serving private soldier in the Regiment is Private William Sneddon of Perth. He has been in The Black Watch for 33 years and is equipment storeman in the Regimental Depot



38-SCOTTISH FIELD

BEEN FEW MAJOR BATTLES AT WHICH THE BLACK TORY IS ACCOMPANIED BY PHOTOGRAPHS OF SOLDIERS PERTH TODAY

at Fontenoy, the regiment gained further laurels.

bring the assault on a heavily defended and well
prepared position, the Highlanders became impatient at the lack of
progress and stormed through the British forces to attack the enemy.
For four hours they continued to assault without respite, until over
half the men and two-thirds of the officers were on the casualty list.
Yet at the end of this time, when the General ordered them to withdraw, even their own officers had difficulty in persuading them to do
so. An English officer, in an account of the battle later, wrote,
"With a mixture of grief, envy and esteem I consider the great loss
and immortal glory acquired by the Highlanders in this bloody affair.
They appeared like lions breaking from their chains, and their
intrepidity was animated rather than dampened by seeing their
comrades fall on every side."

Soon after the battle, the King honoured the regiment by making
it the "Royal Highland Regiment," and giving permission for a
second battalion to be raised. These honours were granted as "A
mark of his Majesty's satisfaction at the extraordinary courage,
loyalty and exemplary conduct of the Highland Regiment," remarks
all the more gratifying because, at the time they were made, reports
of Ticondergon had not yet reached England

all the more gratifying because, at the time they were made, reports of Ticonderoga had not yet reached England.

THEREAFTER the history of The Black Watch is largely that of the British Army, there being few major battles in which the Regiment was not represented. At Alexandria, the Highlanders destroyed the famous "Invincible Legion" of Napoleon. At Toulouse,





R.S.M. George Paterson, M.B.E., comes from Alva and has been in the Army for 24 years. He is the Senior Warrant Officer with the Regiment and was mentioned in despatches for his services in Korea. He became the R.S.M. of the 1st Battalion when it was in Kenya in 1953, and remained R.S.M. until 1959, when he returned to the Regimental Depot

Portrait of Queen Elizabeth, The Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of The Black Watch. Trophy on left is the Countess Roberts Cup awarded to the Champion Depot in the Highland Brigade



Officers and Sergeants leave the Square after Red Hackle Day match. The Adjutant is not in the picture; he was still tied to the goalposts. Debris is not snow, but result of flour bombs used by the Sergeants. Officer on left (Lt. Giles Le Maitre—he runs the hundred yards in 10.2 secs.) is not really that shape

they captured the main enemy position without firing a shot—using only the broadsword and the bayonet. Less than sixty men of the battalion survived this attack unwounded. When the regiment formed square at Quatre Bras, no fewer than eleven heavy cavalry charges came to a halt in front of The Black Watch, and again the regiment was specially mentioned by the Duke of Wellington for their conduct during the battle.

It was shortly after this that the wearing

of the Red Hackle—or plume of red vulture feathers—was officially recognised as a regimental distinction. The Red Hackle had been presented on parade in 1795, and in 1822 the Adjutant General ordered that it should be used exclusively by the 42nd, as it is to this day.

Throughout the years, The Black Watch have continued to maintain the fighting tradi-

tions of their ancestors. Twenty-five battalions of the regiment fought in the first world war. At the outbreak of World War II the regiment had 98 battle honours. Again, in that war, it was represented in nearly every theatre of operations, never less than three theatre of operations, never less than three of the battalions serving in the famous 51st Highland Division. More recently, the First Battalion of the Regiment served in Korea, where they greatly distinguished themselves at "The Hook."

Since Korea, they have served twice in Scotland and once in Berlin. They are at present serving at Dhekelia in Cyprus, there they form part of the garrison and are

they form part of the garrison and are accommodated in the most modern barracks

in the Middle East.

The oldest of the Highland Regiments,
The Black Watch has the distinction of
having Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, as their Colonel-in-Chief.



Corporal "Busty" Rumbold, 17 stone of genial ration corporal, helps maintain the Depot's reputation of having the best Men's Mess in the Army



Relaxing in the Corporals' Mess are (l. to r.) Cpl. John Robb (sitting), L/Cpl. Clive Brown, L/Cpl. James Beedie, Cpl. Terence Hubble (sitting) and Cpl. William Anderson (sitting)

Losers buy the drinks. L. to r.—Corporal Hubble, Corporal Robb, L/Cpl. Brown, L/cpl. Beedie, Cpl. Anderson are served by Corporal Alex. O'Brien



March 1960-41



Eyes right! A youngster gets a close-up view of yesterday's parade of The Black Watch at Perth. For pictures of the Queen Mother at Perth, see page 4.



Her Majesty leaving Balhousie Castle.



Pouring rain didn't deter these people waiting outside the art gallery to see the Royal visitor,



The Courier and Advertiser, Monday, September 3, 1962.

Above—The Queen Mather inspects the troops from of field-car, and labove, right, men at The Black Watch



Pictured right—Her Majesty seems a bit apprehensive about the weather with her "It looks like rain!" gesture.



The Queen Mother is greeted by Lord Airlie at the North Inch.



The Royal visitor chatting with Mrs Anne Haldane.



field-car, and (above, right) men of The Rinch Watch north past.

een Mother smiles in the rain

Thousands watch Perth ceremony

BY A "COURIER" LADY CORRESPONDENT

The Queen Mother was mobbed by a crowd of 20,000 excited men, women and children on the North Inch of Perth yesterday afternoon.

And as the crowd thronged excitedly round her, anxious to catch even the smallest glimpse of the petite figure, Her Majesty remained unconcerned, smiling happily to all.

This scene of complete informality followed the striking ceremony when the Queen Mother had inspected 1500 officers and men of The Black Watch.

The soldiers paraded on the dark greens and khaki of the North Inch in celebration of the soldiers.

25th anniversary of her appointFor, despite the threatening ment as Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment.

As well as the 1st Battallon, the 4/5th Battallon (T.A.), and the 6/7th Battalion (T.A.), there were representative detachments from the Training Depot, The Black Watch/The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, "Q" (Tyneside Scottish) Battery, 439 (Tyneside Scottish) Battery, 439
(Tyne) Regiment, Royal Artillery
(T.A.), the Infantry Junior
Leaders Regiment, the All Arms
Junior Leaders Regiment, the
Angus and City of Dundee
Battalion, the Fife Battalion and
the Perthshire Battalion, Army
Cadet Force, The Black Watch
Association, and The Black
Watch of Canada,
While the parade formed up
under a sky heavy with dark
clouds, and with mist sweeping
over Kinnoull Hill, the massed
pipes and drums of the 1st,
4/5th and 6/7th Battalions and
the military bands of the 1st and
4/5th Battalions played.

Splashes of colour

Long before Her Majesty was due to arrive the crowd gathered round the parade area, packing the barriers and making brilliant splashes of colour against the

weather, many were in summer finery—with plastic macs tucked under their arms. The day in Perth started for

the Queen Mother when she visited Balhousie Castle, the regimental museum.

regimental museum.

In fact, her arrival took one official a little by surprise. Lord Provost J, T, Young arrived a few minutes before her and went inside to put on his official robes. He was not quick enough changing, however, for when he emerged to take his place in the welcoming party he met the Queen Mother in the doorway.

After a quick smile she waited

After a quick smile she waited until he was "in position" before greeting him formally.

Blue ensemble

A charming figure in palest blue, the Royal visitor brought more colour to the grey day. She was wearing a coat and dress of silk, in a delicate pastel shade which was echoed in her tulle and petal hat.

Three strands of pearls were round her neck, and a pearl and dlamond brooch gleamed high on her left lapel.

on ner lett lapel.

She also wore a regimental brooch on the bodice of her dress. Her accessories were grey, and she carried a mink stole.

grey, and she carried a mink stole.

After being greeted by the Lord Provost; Colonel S. Allison, from regimental headquarters; the Earl of Mansfield and Viscount Arbuthnott, the Queen Mother was conducted round the museum by Colonel G. A. Rusk and the curator, Major A. V. M. Chapman.

Pausing frequently to study the many exhibits, she said how sorry she was not to have longer in the museum.

"Perhaps some day I can come back and have a look more quietly," she added.

sorry she was not to have longer in the museum.
"Perhaps some day I can come back and have a look more quietly," she added.

Her cheque

One exhibit in which she took great interest was a cheque for £1000 which bore her own signature as endorsement. It was presented to her when she was in Canada in 1939 by the Toronto branch of The Black Watch Association.

The money was used to endow a bed at Dunalistair, The Black

The money was used to endow a bed at Dunalistair, The Black

Toronto branch of the Black was presented to her when she was in Canada in 1939 by the Toronto branch of the Black was presented to her when she was in Canada in 1939 by the Toronto branch of the Black was presented to her when she was in Canada in 1939 by the Toronto branch of the Black was presented to her when she was in Canada in 1939 by the Toronto branch of the Black was not considered the presented almost unaware of the mappily, and obviously interested in all to whom she spoke, she appeared almost unaware of the mappily, and obviously interested in all to whom she spoke, she appeared almost unaware of the mapping and officers of the regiments, the vast crowd swept round the Royal party. Yet in that mighty throng one woman, who had gone to Perth with the hope of speaking the provided almost unaware of the mappeared almost unaware of the mappeared almost unaware of the mapping and officers of the regiments.

Walking \$1 \to wlo y \to wlo y. Smilling happily, and obviously interested in all to whom she spoke, she appeared almost unaware of the mapping and officers of the regiments. Walking \$1 \to whom she spoke, she appeared almost unaware of the mapping and officers of the regiment.

Walking \$1 \to wlo y \to y.

Watch Memorial Home in Broughty Ferry,
After signing the visitors' book the Queen Mother drove to the North Inch. There the Earl of Airlie, honorary colonel, the 4/5th Battalion; Brigadier J. Oliver, honorary colonel, the 6/7th Battalion; Captain Hamilton, The Black Watch of Canada, and Lieut, S. J. Lindsay, A.D.C. for the day, were presented.

Following a short thanksgiving service, Her Majesty inspected the parade and then presented medals.

"A delight"

"A delight"

She then moved back to the dais, and in a quiet, clear voice told the hushed crowd that, "To come to the city of Perth and to visit The Black Watch is always a delight to me.

"I have watched with pride the high recruiting figures of the Territorial battalions and the splendid standard of soldier coming into the ranks of the Regulars, as of old.

"This shows beyond question that the men of these three counties at the very heart of Scotland are as willing and sound as ever.

"I therefore rejoice that on

"I therefore rejoice that on this day the three battalions of The Black Watch, and I, and the city of Perth should all have come together here on the North Inch. This is a day which we shall all remember."

She was then presented with a set of silver menu-holders in the form of a regimental badge by Viscount Arbuthnott, colonel of the regiment.

As the parade marched past a slight drizzle started. But, scorning an umbrella, and with a waterproof cape thrown lightly over her shoulder, the Queen Mother moved along the front of the enclosures occupied by families of the regiment.

The medals

The Queen Mother posented the following medals—
Meritorious Service Medal—W.O. II. 50 McLean, 1st Bension Long Service med to Conduct Medal—W.O. W.A. Playle and Service Medal—W.G. Shadboit, both M.G. Shadboit, both Medal, 4/5th Battallon, T.A. Effica Medal, 4/5th Battallon, T.A. Effica Medal, 4/5th Battallon, Sgt. M. Swinton, Sgt. Mass Sgt. D. Butchart, L.C. Burke, 6/7th Battallo W.O. II. W. W. B. Ko. Cpl. J. W. Harvey.

holiday from South M far for herself talking to Her has herself talking to Her has line in her hand she classed pic graphs taken of the Lie Mother in South Afrea, we she visited the country in 197. Mrs Haldane, who yisy friends in Dunfermas almost too excited to sea afterwards. "My late hunty is in the picture explained, "and I wanted the show them to the Queen Moter I cannot believe it! Is so happy."

Behind schedule

Though by now well bein schedule, the Royal visitor is chatted on, with the ran ing more heavily every minute.

Then, getting into her car, adrove round the rest of the crowd, with so many pep pressing forward for a many person of the country and the cou

After a short visit to the Cil Chambers the Queen Mother an her party then had tea at the A Galleries before leaving for

Galleries before leaving to home.

More than an hour after it planned time, she drove fro the city, accompanied by it cheers of a section of the crow who had waited patiently in it heavy rain to give her a re Royal send-off.

JEEN MOTHER'S D'Taunside



Men of The Black Watch marching past the Queen Mother at the North Inch on Sunday, when the three battalions of the Regiment, one Regular and two Territorial, paraded together for the first time

Royal Colonel-in-Chief's Semi-Jubilee Celebration: North Inch Ceremony

QUEEN Elizabeth the Queen Mother on Sunday celebrated the 25th anniversary of her appointment as Colonel - in - Chief of The Black Watch by spending the afternoon in Perth with her regiment. And the celebration parade brought the three battalions of the regiment—the 1st (Regulars) and the 4/5th and 6/7th (Territorials)—together on parade for the first time in their history.

A crowd of over 20,000 gathered of the North Inch to watch the proceedings and heard Her Majesty say: "As you mow I celebrate this year my th anniversary as Colonel-inhief of the Regiment, in which many of my family have ja lebrating it together.

"I rejoice that on this day the aree battalions of The Black Vatch, and I, and the City of erth, should all have come ogether here on the North Inch. This is a day which we shall all remember.

At Balhousie Castle

It was a day on which official tim-ing went by the board, with the Queen Mother lingering over her various engagements until she was over an hour behind her scheduled

over an hour behind her scheduled programme.

On her arrival in Perth, Her Majesty first went to Balhousie Castle, the regimental headquarters. She was wearing a pale grey-blue silk dress with a matching loose out which featured deeply-frilled ree-quarter length sleeves. Her ning hat was of swathed net, attered with flowers, and it had a all eye veil. She carried a guntal, grey handbag, which matched shoes, and had long, grey gloves. I jewellery consisted of pearlings, a three-strand pearl neckand a magnificent diamond and I brooch, which was pinned high her shoulder.



Colonel of The Black Watch, Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott presents the regiment's gift—a set of silver menu holders —to the Queen Mother during Sunday's celebration parade on the North Inch.

She was received at the Castle by the Earl of Mansfield, Lord Lieu-tenant of Perthshire, who presented Lady Mansfield; Lord Provost and Mrs J. T. Young; and Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott,

Colonel of the Regiment.

Viscount Arbuthnott then presented Colonel G. Rusk, directory of the Black Watch museum; Majo NOLTHINVII 'II 'M' I NIVLAVO V. Chapman, curator; Lt.-Col.

H. Allison, officer in charge of

regimental headquarters; and Major J. Gibson, works supervising officer, Highland District.

After signing the visitors' book, the Queen Mother was conducted round the regimental museum by Colonel Rusk, to whom she remarked:

"Perhaps some day I can come back and look at it more quietly."
Among the exhibits was cheque for 1,000 dollars which she herself had received, on behalf of the regiment, from the Toronto branch of The Black Watch Association during a visit to Canada in 1939. "I remember signing it," she exclaimed,

Canadian Black Watch

The Queen Mother then drove to the North Inch where the three Battalions were drawn up on parade along with their massed pipes and drums and military bands. Also represented by detachments were the training depot of the Regiment and the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders; 439 (Tyne) Regiment, Royal Artillery (T.A.); the Infantry Junior Leaders Regiment; the All Arms Junior Leaders Regiment; the All Arms Junior Leaders Regiment; the Angus, Fife and Perthshire Battalions of the Army Cadet Force; and The Black Watch Association.

A detachment from the 2nd Battalion The Black Watch of Canada guarded the dais.

After a thanksgiving service and inspecting the parade, Her Majesty presented a number of awards to members of the three Battalions.

They were: WOII B The Oueen Mother then drove to



to-day, on the North Inch, we have the First Battalion, which has served with honour and distinction in peace and in war in every Continent of the world. We have also the Tertitorial Battalions, who, in two wars, have won great glory.

You of the 4/5th and 6/7th are ready, as your fathers were before you, to give ungrudgingly of your spare time to the service of your country; and ready too, if the need should come, to leave your homes and families in order to defend them in the field.

"I have watched with pride the

them in the field.
"I have watched with pride the high recruiting figures of the Territorial flattalions, and the splendid standard of soldier coming into the maks of the Regulars, as of old. This shows beyond question that the men of these three counties at the very heart of Scotland are as willing and sound as ever.

New Regimental Home

New Regimental Home
"I have been so glad to-day to
visit Balhousic Castle, our new regimental home. It will worthily commemorate the past and Inspire the
future; no hollow monument, but a
symbol of all that the Regiment represents, and a living link with its
countryside. I rejoice, too; that the
name of the great Lord Wavell is to
be associated with it, and that
"Wavell House" will be able to afford
a Black Watch welcome to our conrades from overseas.
"As you know," Her Majesty

"As you know," Her Majesty continued, "I celebrate this year my 25th anniversary as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment, in which so many of my family have served. I like to feel that we are celebrating it

feel that we are celebrating it together.

"To come to the City of Perth, and to visit The Black Watch, is always a delight to me. The City of Perth, of which I am proud to be a Freeman, is always to be found flourishing on the banks of the Tay. The Black Watch is sometimes more difficult to find, since it may be anywhere in the world: Keeping the Queen's peace, or fighting her battles.

"I therefore rejoice that on this

where in the world: Keeping the Queen's peace, or fighting her battles.

"I therefore rejoice that on this day the three Battalions of The Black Watch, and I, and the City of Perth, should all have come together, here on the North Inch; and I repeat that this is a day which we shall all remember."

Viscount Arbuthnott, replied and, on behalf of the past and present members of the Regiment, presented to Her Majesty a set of silver menu holders bearing the regimental crest. The Queen Mother then took the salute at a march past before moving over to the enclosure occupied by the families of the Regiment.

Ignoring the drizzling rain, she moved slowly among them, speaking to many. Army officers and policemen formed a protective ring round her to keep back the eager crowds as she smilingly moved from person to person; but at times, as the crowd grew thicker, the ring of army and police case.

Helen, Helen, in het opinion, was to in de helen, in het opinion, was first en des helen in het opinion, was first en de helen in helen in het opinion in helen in he

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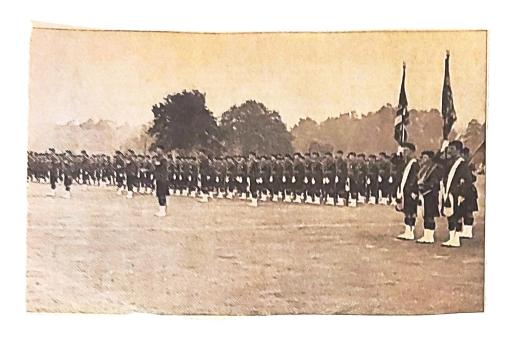




THE EARL OF MANSFIELD, Lord Lieutenant of Perthshire, Lady Mansfield, Lord Provost and Mrs J. T. Young pictured at The Black Fatch parade on the North Inch on Sunday. Behind, on right, is Major-General Neil McMicking, a former Colonel of the Regiment.

Queen Mot at the Cit Chambers



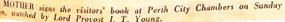


Perthshire Advertiser

Incorporating "Perthshire Courier" and "Perthshire Constitutional and Journal."

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1962.







MOTHER signs the visitors' book at Perth City Chambers on Sunday STILL SMILING after her busy afternoon in Perth on Sunday, Her Majesty waves to the crowds before entering her car to return to Birkhall, her Deeside home.

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS

Balhousic Castle has almost completely absorbed the Reginnal atmosphere: it has, as it were, lost its former identity and has become steeped in Black Watch tradition. With a well-home for the Regiment.

In this wonderful setting there are six main museum rooms, four of which cover the history of the Regiment in chronological order from 1720 to the present day. One of the two remaining rooms houses treasures peculiar to the 73rd Regiment alone, and the other serves a similar purpose for the old Volunteer Regiments, offices for the Regimental Headquarters stall.

The contents of each museum room are equally fascinating and the praise for the museum, given so spontaneously, affords real pleasure to those who have devoted a good deal of their own time to create this new home for the Regiment.

The museum will be open to the Public in mid-October and it is hoped that members of the Regiment, serving and retired, and all others who are interested in the Regiment will visit Balhousie so. It is hoped, too, that they will bring their friends with them.

Visitors to the Museum since

will bring their friends with them.

Visitors to the Museum since it moved to Balhousic Castle have included tourists from all the Dominions and from America, South Africa, Holland, Germany and Japan.

In this 25th year since Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother became Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment there have been official celebrations in honour of the occasion.

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Her Majesty very graciously consented to be our guest at the London Dinner on 19th

the London Dinner on 19th July.

On 2nd September a parade of the Regiment was held on the North Inch. Perth, before Her Majesty. This parade was unique in the history of the Regiment in that the Regular Battalion, the Territorial Battalions, representatives of the Affiliated Regiments, the Junior Leaders and Cadets and a most impressive turn-out of the members of The Black Watch Association all assembled

together to do honour to their Colonel in Chief within sight of

together to do honour to their Colonel in Chief within sight of our new Headquarters.

Her Majesty expressed a wish to visit the museum immediately before joining the parade and the Museum Director, Colonel Rusk, had the honour of conducting Her Majesty round the rooms containing our Regimental tressures and, on his own initiative, on a tour of the Regimental offices, too with somewhat unexpected results!

The Black Watch and Wavell Appeal approaches the Forty Thousand Pound figure and a stendy flow of contributions large and small, is received week by week.

The Appeal is well represented by Organizers in the Countes of Angus and Fife and in the cities of Dundee and Perth. Mach credit is due to their committees for the services they give to publicise the Appeal and to draw in donations and subscriptions to the fund.



"March on the Colours." The scene at Queen's Barracks as the three Battalions prepared to march off for the Parade in honour of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother on 2nd September.

PRESENT-



The Officers' Mess at Queen's Barracks the following morning.

FUTURE-



Regimental Headquarters, Balhousie Castle.

THE RED HACKLE





Brigadier Sir Bernard Fergusson in the studio during his T.V. broadcost in aid of The Black Watch and Wavell Appeal.

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS

Balhousic Castle has almost completely absorbed the Regimental atmosphere: it has, as it were, lost its former identity and has become steeped in Black Watch tradition. With a well-endowed Wavell House as an adjunct, it will make the perfect home for the Regiment.

In this wonderful setting there are six main museum rooms, four of which cover the history of the Regiment in chronological order from 1720 to the present day. One of the two remaining rooms houses treasures peculiar to the 73rd Regiment alone, and the other serves a similar purpose for the old Volunteer Regiments. There are also a small ante-room and the usual storerooms and offices for the Regimental Headquarters staff.

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at the BBC Studio in Glasgow.
Mr. Stanley Pritchard and
Miss Helen Paterson of the
Scottish BBC Appeals Department and their technicians
were helpful, charming and
co-operative and the success
of the recording was assured
from the outset. Only their



"March on the Colours." The scene at Queen's Barracks as the three Battalions prepared to march off for the Parade in honour of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother on 2nd September.

PRESENT-



The Officers' Mess at Queen's Barracks the following morning.



FUTURE-

Regimental Headquarters, Balhousie Castle,

THE RED HACKLE

very generous hospitality excelled the efficiency with which they portrayed the Appeal. Mr. Andrew Stewart, Controller of BBC, Scotland, joined the assembly during rehearsals and he stayed on to bid farewell to the Regimental party when it left the studio. Sir Bernard carried out his role in the TV Appeal in his own magnificent style and it might even be said that on this particular occasion he was inspired. He is now on the point of leaving the United Kingdom to take up his high office in New Zealand. He will be sorely missed, but he has set the stage for the success of the Appeal.

He will be sorely missed, but he has set the stage for the success of the Appeal.

An extraordinary Appeal venture, sometimes known as the "Bengough Barbecue"; took place in Queen's Barracks on Friday, 17th August. Organized by Duncan Bengough, it consisted of the barbecue itself with ox roasting, and a medley of entertainments and diversions such as Twisting, Teen-age Dancing, Old Time Dancing, Bingo, Shooting Gallery, Bands, Bars and so on. Queen's Barracks came to life again and many thousands of the people of Perth and surrounds joined in the fun.

In spite of some unkind press reports, the enterprise was a great success and Duncan and his committee of ladies, gentlemen, girls and boys are to be congratulated and thanked for a wonderful effort in support of the Appeal.



TRAINING DEPOT BLACK WATCH/ARGYLL AND SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS



Officers' Mess

Officers' Mess

Much water has flowed under the old big' of Stirling; seasons have come and gone; and Tim Usher came to tea, but there were no tomato sandwiches. It was this startling revelation that caused us to take stock of the situation. The wheel has turned and the wind of change has swept surreptitiously through Stirling Castle, and things will not be the same again.

Thomas McMicking and Benjie left us after the Argyll Ball, and a fever of last-minute packing and cardboard boxes. A much-loved, much-chewed blanket, a stack of crudite journals and happy memories are all that remain, save for Benjie's outstanding Mess bill. James Upton is now well established as Adjutant, and early on realised that he could only achieve the tone and dignity of his office by getting a dog. Kerry is already a firm friend and enjoying soldiering. James is by way of living out, but often spends the night at Stirling which he finds easier than deciding to which of his three houses he will go.

Robert Dobson got married in August, and he and Jill are now living in Bridge of Allan. Andrew Dewar-Durie and Garry Barnett took courage and went with lan Leslie in his car to



Depot Detachment with representatives from The Infantry Junior Leaders Regiment and The All Arms Junior Leaders Regiment march past on the Royal Parade. [Photo; Norman Brown, Dundee.

the wedding at Fortrose, and from there for a shuttlecock tour of the north-west Highlands. From east to west, west to east, and back again, only the ocean could deflect this headlong quest for more and more scenery. Garry said he enjoyed Ullapool and Lochinver, where they stopped, but from then on locked himself in the back of the car and sat with his eyes tight shut till they returned to the Castle, oblivious even of the Ballachulish Ferry.

they returned to the Castle, oblivious even of the Ballachulish Ferry.

Everyone seems to have been on leave—George Howat, Andrew Brown and Ginger Richardson twice. Now Garry is on his way to Spain. This holiday is veiled in mystery and must surely be more than a quest for novel recipes. Perhaps this is a wise precaution after Thomas' and Andrew Dewar-Durie's week in Dublin.

Mungo Walker is taking over from lan Leslie, or at least that is the plan. Where and when the take-over will actually take place is open to speculation; however it is almost certain to be at the races and not the second Perth ball as was thought. Mungo and Diana are living at Auchterarder which is a happy and truly British compromise. Ian will be the third bachelor to leave the Mess recently; at least another armechair will join the Common Market. Andrew Dewar-Durie will for a time be in solitary state—not that Andrew is often solitary, and it is unlikely that he will have to resort to woodcarving as a former subaltern did many years ago.

Sergeants' Mess

On the 7th September the members and their wives attended the Andy Stewart Show in Glasgow. After the show dinner had been laid on at the Berkeley Restaurant. With repeated instructions from the Theatre Commissionaire and the assurance that it was only two minutes away, off the party went, confident that in a few minutes times they would be tucking into a leg of chicken. Forty-five weary minutes later the first members started

to trickle into the Restaurant. It was like watching the finish of the London to Brighton road race.

We welcome to the Castle Sgt. "Happy Harry" Houghton, who has taken over pay duties from Sgt. Don Chambers

Corporals' Mess

Corporals' Mess

It seems another quarter has passed, making some changes but leaving the Mess spirit unchanged. Who are our members? Well, still with us are Geordie Wright (shortly to leave for the Battalion), Lennie Laing (married now, and doing his capitalist in a new ear). Jock Reid (whose delicate nature is recovering from a recent spell as Provost Corporal), Mac McGregor (between squads at the moment), John Pattie (often seen in track suit and football boots), Bob Stoner, still in the Q.M. Stores, Busty Rumbold (you know where he is), Bill Russell (up there in the Arms Kote), John Forrest (down yonder in the MRS), Ted Quigley (King of Dixieland), and Tom Cox—our own Hellon-Wheels man.

Missing from our midst, and missed by all of us, are Scar McCulloch and Geordie Moug—gone to the Battalion. Two new faces, replacements for the two just mentioned, are Harry Whyte and Buck Ryan. They look happy enough, poor devils. What do we do for kicks? Well, just a few weeks ago, we took some of that dusty money out of the funds, hired a bus, and had us a trip to Leven. John Pattie, one of the natives, showed us round, and we arrived back at the Castle full of food and grog.

Plans for the winter include a series of fund-raising Tombola

and grog.

Plans for the winter include a series of fund-raising Tombola evenings. We hope also to make some improvements to the Mess itself, and make it a place where married members can bring in their families and we can enjoy social evenings in comfort.

Training Company

Since our last notes the number of recruits arriving at the Depot has dropped off. This is probably due to the normal seasonal variation and may be in part due to the public announcement that the Highland Brigade was to be placed on restricted recruiting.

seasonal variation and may be in part due to the public announcement that the Highland Brigade was to be placed on restricted recruiting.

Despite our having fewer recruits we have kept ourselves busy with the usual round of summer activities and two others in addition. We ran an NCOs' cadre for two weeks with additional help from QMSI Baird of the RASC, who is normally based at Fort George. It was not easy to fit everything in, but somehow it was managed and it benefited those who attended. Also at this time we took over one of the Highland Brigade recruiting caravans and tried our hand at recruiting. Lt. Dobson, Sgt. Ritchie, Cpl. Mulholland and Pie Poncho Smith covered a large area in Fife and later Argyll country. We hope to have further efforts later on. It is always difficult to assess the value of these excursions and nearly every recruit that we get makes his final decision on a recommendation from a serving soldier.

Only one platoon has passed out during this period—Rhine Platoon, whose passing-out parade was taken by the Lord-Lieutenant of Stirlingshire, Sir lan Bolton. Lucknow Platoon passes out very shortly and Arras and Italy Platoons are in training.

training. We hope to be even busier between now and the New Year with more recruits as a result of the 1st Battalion's excellent

drive.

Sgt. Ritchie and Cpl. Wright are both leaving us in the very near future after a long spell at the Depot. We wish them the best of luck in the 1st Battalion. Sgt. Hubble is arriving soon and a little later Cpl. Swinburn having only just returned from a drill course at Pirbright.



Rhine Platoon, commanded by Lieutenant G. C. Barnett, marching past the inspecting officer, Sir Ian Bolton, K.B.E., H.M. Lord Lieutenant for the County of Stirling. Major G. M. M. M. Howat, M.C., Officer Commanding the Depot, stands by the saluting base.

[Photo: Ian S. Kennedy, Stirling.

THE RED HACKLE



Depot

General

General

The Depot has had a busy summer with well over three hundred recruits undergoing training. The pace is slackening off a bit now, however, as the recruit intake has been curtailed and it is unlikely that further recruits will be received for training until early next year which means that we will be able to relaining until early next year which means that we will be able to relain to the slowed to get "stale" during the lull in the training tempo as already there are indications that the Depot will be responsible for conducting the Eastern Command Junior N.C.O. Course in January.

The Precision Drill Squad (128) put on an excellent performance at the Annual Massed Bands Concert at Halifax, Nova Scotia in July and their drill demonstration was very warmly received by the audience of over five thousand spectators.

The Highland Dancers from 129 Squad returned from the Seattle World's Fair a few days ago and are now enjoying a well deserved leave. From all reports the Highland Heritage portion of the Canadian Tattoo, which featured the Depot dancers, was one of the highlights of the programme.

Visitors

We have had a large number of visitors during recent months including Colonel Hugh Wallis of The Black Watch, Montreal.



Flashback to June. After the Church Parade and March Past in Montreal, the Colonel-in-Chief talks to Major A. L. Watson. Ist Battalion The Black Watch; Major G. D. Cochrane, Commanding Officer, The Regimental Depot, and Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Teed, Commanding Officer, Ist Battalion The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada.

[Photo: David Bier Studios, Montreal.

and Major-Generals Bigelow, Meyer and Duncan and a group of thirteen senior officers of the United States Army.

Training

Three squads have graduated since our July Newsletter was published and two additional squads will have completed training by the time the October *Hackle* is in print.

ing by the time the October Hackle is in print.

A number of our NCOs are away attending Senior NCOs', Small Arms, Rescue Instructors and other courses and others have been selected for future courses. Instructional assistance will be provided by First Battalion to fill the vacancies in our



129 Squad rehearsing for the Seattle World's Fair.

Instructional Staff during the time the Depot Instructors are

The RSM is kept busy on the parade square these days getting the Depot ready for the special parades scheduled for the 13th of October as part of our Centenary Year activities. The standard of Ceremonial Drill is improving steadily and by the time the 13th arrives the unit will be ready to put on a first class "show".

Sports

The Depot softball team came out on top of the Garrison Static Units League again this season. In the Garrison Playoffs, however, the headquarters Camp Gagetown players edged out our team in a hard-fought, closely contested play-off series.

The Annual Track and Field Meet, held on the 16th of August, was very successful with a number of unit records being broken during the competition. The results of the Meet follow: 100 Yard Dash—1, Gabriel (136), 11.6 sees.; 2, Hamilton (137), 3, Sammon (131).

220 Yard Dash—1, Gabriel (136), 26.07 secs.; 2. Hiltz (131); 3, Hastings (137).

Hastings (137).

440 Yard Dash — 1, Dair (135), 59.0 secs.; 2, Stacey (133); 3, Malin (133).

880 Yard Dash — 1, Spence (134), 2 min. 23.04 secs.; 2, Van Norden (130); 3, Jenkins (133).

1 Mile Run—1, Francis (130), 5 min. 21.07 secs.; 2, Dair (135); 3, Dalton (134).

3, Datton (134).

3 Mile Run—I, O'Dell (134), 18 min. 33.08 secs.; 2, Van Norden (130); 3, St. George (135).

Hammer Throw—I, Boutin (136); 59 ft. 2 ins.; 2, Arvidson (136); 3, Couch (134).

High Jump—1, Lane (131), 4 ft. 10 ins.; 2, Stacey (133); 3, Chisholm (132).

Pole Vault—1, Richardson (134), 8 ft. 10 ins.; 2, McGill (131), Palfrey (135).

Discus—1, Burgess (130), 80 ft. 9 ins.; 2, Renaud (137); 3, Alford (130).

(130).

Running Broad Jump—1, Aucoin (130), 15 ft. 10½ ins.; 2, St. Germain (134); 3, McLeod (133).

Shot Put—1, James (132); 2, Alford (134); 3, Sequin (137).

Javelin—1, James (132), 120 ft. 7 ins.; 2, Sequin (134); 3, Hodgson (132). Javelin—1 (137).

Hop, Step and Jump—I, Sammon (131), 33 ft. 5 ins.; 2, Jovetic (134); 3, Belanger (136). 440 Yard Relay — 131 Squad team of Sammon, Lane, Hiltz,

Tug-o'-War-134 Squad. Softball-132 Squad. Soccer-134 Squad.

High Aggregate-Gabriel, 136 Squad.

Champion Track and Field Team-134 Squad.

Records broken during the meet exen during to Event 100 yd. dash 220 yd. dash 440 yd. dash 880 yd. dash 3 mile run Pole Vault Discus Name Gabriel Gabriel Dair he meet; New Record 11.6 secs. 26.02 secs. 59 secs. 2 min. 23.04 sec. 18 min. 33.08 secs. 8 ft. 10 ins. 82 ft. 6 ins. 120 ft. 7 ins. Old Record 11.8 sees. 27.0 sees. 1 min, 3 sees, 2 min, 34 sees, 20 min, 26 sees, Spence O'Dell Richardson Renaud 8 ft. 6 ins. 80 ft. 1 in. 118 ft. 4} ins Discus James Javelin

Three inter-squad boxing tournaments have been held during the past quarter with all the bouts keenly contested and with some good boxing talent being discovered among the recruits.



Another view of 129 Squad in the Eightsome Reel.

Museum Notes

Museum accessions since the previous issue of The Red Hackle was published include the following articles:
Coloured picture of the Depot Highland Dancing Team (129 Squad) which participated in the Seattle World's Fair, Sept. 1962, and I RHC Pipes and Drums; donated by PRO, Camp Gagetown.

Bayonet (nickel plated) and scabbard; donated by Cpl. Branston D. L., RHC Depot.

Bayonet (nickel plated) and scabbard; donated by Cpl. Branston D. L., RHC Depot.

German Army Iron Cross and German Army Soldier's Medal; donated by Pte. Nowlan J., 1 RHC.

Large German flag (with swastika) W.W.II; donated by S/Sgt. Egan P., RCDC.

Small German flag (with swastika) W.W.II; Mr. D. Cameron, RHC Depot (civilian employee).

Polish Army Medal and Cap Badge; donated by B/Sgt. Davis E., RHC Military Band.

Picture: Alma — "Forward Forty-Second" and Lithograph "Wellington and Blucher meeting after the Battle of Waterloo"; donated by Mr. C. Gordon Noble, Woodstock, N.B.

Two pictures; Changing of the Guard, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, Citadel, Halifax, N.S. 1959; donated by The Army Museum, Halifax Citadel, N.S.

Bayonet, 18th Century and Old Badge, 18th Century; donated by Mr. H. Sieniewuz, Halifax Antique Shop, N.S.

Sth Royal Highlanders Officer's Dirk Belt Buckle, Highland Dress Pictures (4), and Proclamation issued by the Mayor of Sussex, N.B. granting freedom of the town to The Black Watch Depot, May, 1958; donated by Lt. Col. W. J. MacDougald, RHC (retired).

Extracts from Daily Orders Issued by the Royal Highland Regiment 1759-61; donated by Capt. A. W. Watt, RHC.

Books: "From Caen to Wilhelmshafen"; donated by B/Sgt. Davis E., RHC Military Band.

Manual of Field Exercises 1862, Manual of Elementary Drill (All Arms) 1935, Manual of Driving and Maintenance for Mech-anical Vehicles (wheeled) 1937; donated by WOI Simmons C.F. Blife E, RHC

C. E., RHC.

Presentation of Colours Programme, 5th Regiment, Royal High-landers of Canada, 1 June, 1912; donated by Lt. Col. W. J. MacDougald, RHC (retired).

We had 104 visitors at the Museum during the past three

Centennial Activities

Centennial Activities

Saturday the 13th of October will mark another highlight of our Centennial Year as a number of special activities will be carried out here at St. Andrew's Barracks on that day by the Depot and First Battalion. These will include a Depot Graduation Parade (132 and 133 Squads) followed by a Ceremonial Parade in the morning, a Trooping the Colour Ceremony by First Battalion in the afternoon and a Military Ball in the Officers' Mess that evening as well as dances in the Sergeants', Corporals' and Men's Messes.

Guests will include Brigadier and Mrs. Blackader and a number of Black Watch officers, ex-officers and their wives from Montreal and it is hoped that the "gathering of the clan" will also include a number of our extra-regimentally employed officers, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers and their wives.

A report on the various events will be contained in our next Newsletter; all in all, The Black Watch Day at St. Andrew's Barracks should be a most enjoyable and memorable one.

First Battalion

General

The arrival of Autumn not only heralds annual classification, battle dress and memories of summer leave but also the deadline for the quarterly edition of *The Red Hackle*. Saint Andrew's barracks is a busy spot just now as we prepare to wind up the Centennial Year and also swing into the new training cycle. Keeping this in mind, you will appreciate the brevity of these notes.

The time of writing (mid September) finds us busy with preparations for Trooping the Colour on the 13th October. The training programme after that date promises to be a very busy one if the calendar in the Battle Adjutant's office is any indication! The summer concentration has come and gone, taking with it memories of many battles at Headline Hill, New Jerusalem and the Eniskillen Road. (Familiar place names to many readers), Just about everyone got away on leave during August and all have returned refreshed (?) and ready to get back to work.

While the bulk of the Battalion has been on leave, certain members of the unit have been keeping in the news. The rifle team placed second in the Canadian Army finals as the representatives of Eastern Command. We are almost sure to have some hackles representing us at Bisley next year as part of the Canadian Army team.

The Pipes and Drums journeyed to the Gaelic Mod at St. Anns.

The Pipes and Drums journeyed to the Gaelic Mod at St. Anns, Nova Scotia recently and were one of the feature attractions of the programme. Following this they journeyed to Seattle where they formed part of the Canadian Army Contingent for the Military Tattoo, performed as part of Canada Week at the World Fair. RSM Finnic was RSM for the Canadian Forces taking part in the Tattoo.

The Government's economy programme is making itself felt here and everyone is turning off light switches, walking instead of driving, and making every shot count on the range. Much more of this and we might learn to be efficient without really

Now, as they say on the OBC "here is the news in detail" . . .

Promotions

The flood of officer promotions reported in the last issue has now died down but the Senior NCOs and WOs are still moving on. Among the new officers in the Regiment are former First Battalion WOs MacGill and Mitchell. Former HQ Company CQMS Blackwell is now CSM of "D" Company and Sgt. MacIntyre of the Machine Gun Platoon is now CQMS of "D" Company.

Postings

The faces in the Battalion are changing so rapidly it is hard to keep up with the changes, with some soldiers going and others coming. Large numbers of recruits are coming to us from the Depot these days and in another month we should be up to strength.

Among those who have recently left the unit are:

Among those who have recently left the unit are: Major L, S, Tucker (RCOC) to 36 OAD; Captain E, M, W, Gibson to No. 2 PD (retirement): Lieutenant D, S, Leslie to the RCS of I; Lieutenant J, G, F. Mitchell to London, Ont. (I Stafl); Chapman K, S, Fudge R, J, Smith R, D, Preston S, F, to the RCS of I; Sergeants Burbridge A, C, and White D, G, to Halifax, Sergeant Donaldson T, R, (RCEME) to 3 Fd, Wksp.; Sergeant Wentworth G, G, (RCAPC) to Oakville, Ont.

Those arriving to fill vacancies include:

Wentworth G. G. (RCAPC) to Oakville, Ont.

Those arriving to fill vacancies include:
Captain F. A. (Sandy) Vye from AHQ; Captain Hugh Pullen
from RMC; Lieutenant J. G. Ham (RCOC) from 26 COD; Lieutenant Paul Stewart and 2nd Lieutenants Joudrey MacAlpine,
Bloomfield and Buckthorp from the RCS of 1; Sergeants Pugh
A. W. and Wall N. H. from Halifax; Sergeant Smith F. from
No. 1 PD; Sergeant Skidmore A. E. from the RHC Depot; Stift
Sergeants Hamilton P. C. and Pothier C. L. from the RCS of 1;
Sergeant Myers C. B. from Manitoba Area; Sergeant Cooke E.
R. (RCEME) from 3 Fd. Wksp.

Training

Looking back on the summer's activities we must admit that it did not rain all the time, just 99% of the time. Seriously, it was a damp period but enthusiasm overcame the weather and we spent a profitable six weeks in "the bush". We did everything from section tactics to brigade exercises and umpired, administered, and paraded but mostly just got rained upon. Canvas was conspicuous by its absence, water was rationed, latrines were camouflaged and all in all it was very war like.

We started out with a series of battalion controlled exercises which covered all phases of war with each company being pruetised in turn before we went on to battalion level training. We supplied the enemy force for all three battalions of the "Van Doos" while they were being exercised by HQ 3 ClBG and when it came our turn we were put under command of the Royal Canadian Dragoons which was a new experience for a lot of us. All the rifle platoons went through a field firing exercise and Support Company had an opportunity to fire its weapons, blow holes in the ground, etc. We ended up the summer participating in Exercise Backflash II, which pitted our 3 ClBG against elements of 2 ClBG.

During the leave period we kept one platoon continually on standby in case of fire, flood, famine, etc. but as it turned out the civil power had no need for our aid.

Training at the moment consists of plenty of "square bashing", range practices and physical conditioning. Following the Trooping we will be settling down to the conduct of National Survival training, winter warfare, specialty courses, professional advancement and adventure training. We have quite a few people slated for courses outside the unit as well and they will doubtless return with lots of knowledge to pass on to us.

Officers' Mess

The social side of mess life has toned down considerably since we returned from Montreal in June but we do have a few activities to report. During the concentration we ran a Central Mess where the officers had the evening meal together, with breakfast and lunch being served in Company Messes when we were not participating in exercises. The Central Mess was located alongside a stream which allowed bathing, fishing and day dreaming without too much effort; the steady rain, however, sometimes created a raging torrent out of the stream which effectively blocked access to the Mess on a number of occasions. A certain Adjuant, who shall remain nameless, claims to have successfully fished the stream but we noticed that bacon and eggs, not trout, was his usual breakfast fare.

Despite the training programme we had two smashing parties

Despite the training programme we had two smashing parties while in the field, one to dine out Major Bert Harper and the other an "At home" to the officers of the Depot. Both affairs were well received by us all and many laughs were had by those

were well received by us all and many laughs were had by those attending.

Soon after the finish of summer training we gathered in the Mess as guests of Major and Mrs. Grant Mimms for a sherry party in honour of the Harpers. During the same week we gathered in the Mess after duty to say farewell to John Wigmore and Ed Gibson who have since left the Battalion.

Those not already on leave attended a cocktail party on the 3rd of August in honour of Brigadier and Mrs. Dare, who departed soon thereafter for 4 ClBG, Europe. The opportunity was also taken at that time to welcome Brigadier Wilson-Smith, the new Commander of 3 ClBG.

The first priority now that we are back is a "face lifting" for the Mess before the Trooping of the Colour and Military Ball on the 13th of October. The Military Ball, in particular, promises to be a gala affair. New furnishings, drapes, etc., are

now being examined with a view to making the Mess more "liveable" than it is at the moment.

The Mess would like to welcome those new officers who have recently joined us, we hope your stay here will be a pleasant.

Sergeants' Mess

Sergentts' Mess

It is with great pleasure that I accept, in the absence of CQMS (Shadow) Guthrie, the task of writing The Red Hackle notes for the Sergeants' Mess.

During June and July we were enjoying the annual summer concentration and from all aspects (except the weather) it was a success. Angust was spent on leave and the stories heard now around the Mess leave little to the imagination. From Ontario we hear reports of twenty-live pound pike (compliments of yoturs truly) and from Little Texus (B.C.) word of apples so large that it required a truck to move just one of them. Pictures have even been produced as evidence in some cases!

Our friends from 3 Transport Company RCASC demonstrated recently that they have been studying our Dress Instructions as they arrived at a party a while ago dressed as follows: Caps mechanic black with hackle, in lieu of bonnets; kills made from strips of hessian; socks woodlen GS masquerading as hose; Divisional patches representing garter flashes and muddy, issue shoes. This little skit went a long way toward making the evening a success.

This month finds us busy preparing for the Trooping the Colour Ceremony in October and the Mess functions that go with it; more about this in the next issue.

You will have read above of changes due to postings. These were many in number and a good many Army posts across Canada will surely benefit from this influx of Black Watch blood. Three members of the Mess are representing us at the World's Fair at Seattle in the persons of RSM Finnie, Pipe-Major Magennis and Drum-Major MacKay. Their good work was much in evidence the other night when we saw the Canadian Tattoo on Television.

Sports

Sports

The athletic side of the house is just now coming back into prominence following a lapse due to summer training and leave. The recently completed British Empire Games trials saw two of our "jocks" in prominent positions, with boxers Pte. Doug Jeffries and Pte. Roy Beaudro reaching the finals in both their classes. Jeffries' final bout was very close and he was just edged out by a Quebec City fighter. The referee was forced to stop Beaudro's fight when he developed a cut over the eye; when the fight was stopped Beaudro was leading on points.

The Battalion soccer team is presently engaged in the Tri-Service playdowns from the Eastern Canadian championship. We are confident that if they show the form displayed in the New Brunswick (civilian) finals they will do well. During the above series they reached the finals before being beaten by the St. John Celties.

John Celtics

John Celties.

English rugby is much in evidence these days and each afternoon finds the team working out on the field. We are again supplying the bulk of the Camp Gagetown team which is competing in the local civilian league.

The Battalion softball team is training hard for the Camp Gagetown championship which will take place in the near future. Battle PT and the 5 BX plan are now very popular (?) as we are working hard at the Brigade Physical Fitness Programme. Captain Bill Cummings is organizing this training in his new capacity as sports and fitness co-ordinator, having replaced Lieutenant Jim Devaney who relinquished these duties after having done a fine job for the past year and a half.

Second Battalion

Training

Training

This year's Sennelager concentration is over, our first leave period has just passed, and we are preparing for the Soltau concentration. (How time fliest) Five months ago we gazed in amazement at the tasks to be accomplished; they have now been completed and it wasn't so hard after all. "Acclimatized" is the word used by the Handbook of Army Health, I believe.

A great deal was accomplished at Sennelager and a great deal more was learned, It became painfully apparent that, unlike in Camp Gagetown, one had to consult a map, rather than estimate the objective was "1000 yards past the T junction at Hibernea, on the right hand side near the barn with the caved in wall and the 'Van Doo' sign Heartbreak Hotel'. It is now clear in the writer's mind why Ian Firstbrook trained his Reconnaissance Platoon to such a high standard of map using prior to the Sennelager concentration. to the Sennelager concentration.

Sennelager presented us with an uncommon novelty, the live

Association News

ABERDEEN BRANCH

ABERDEEN BRANCH

Our sympathy goes out to Mr, and Mrs. John T. Moir, now living in Bournemouth, on the death of Mr. MacLod, Mrs. Moir's father, who always attended our Branch drives and who, though over 80 years old, was as hearty as a younger man.

Many members of the Branch attended the 25th anniversary of the Queen Mother's appointment as Colonel-in-Chief of the Regiment, on the North Inch, Perth. Most went to Petth in their own cars, and as this is becoming the fashion nowadays, it makes it impossible to hire a 41-scater and so entertain those members with no cars of their own. This year we did manage to get a mini-bus to take the members, but even then some dropped out, as a mini-bus does not afford the luxury of a larger vehicle.

wehicle.

When the October issue of the Red Hackle is published it will be too early to give an account of the Aberdeen Branch annual reunion on 12th October—but 1 can say here that the chief guests will be the Earl and Countess of Caithness—the Earl, as Colonel of the Gordon Highlanders, will propose the toast, "The Black Watch," and Major-General The Viscount Arbuthnott, who will be accompanied by Lady Arbuthnott, will reply. Brigadier B. C. Bradford will preside and this year of the Branch's 25th anniversary we hope to see many members and their ladies present; and an invitation is extended to representatives from the various Black Watch Association Branches. We will also have our old friends from the Fraternelle of the

We will also have our old friends from the Fraternelle of the 19th Belgian Infantry and the Amicale of the 19th R.I. of France, who honoured us last with a visit in 1954 at Aberdeen.

WITH THE 6th Bn. THE BLACK WATCH. A NORTH AFRICAN THOUGHT-1943.

A NORTH AFRICAN THOUGH The banner of Fionn light our path And St. Andrew's Cross inspire Hero to hero:—the warriors' code Guide our Black Watch lads' desire, Keep free from harm our lowly homes Our children's joy maintain The love that becomes our fathers' race May Scotland's Watch retain With courage midst the fiercest fight In desert wastes or snow With tartan kilt and martial pipes First to come and last to go:—

With tarian kill and martial pipes
First to come and last to go:—
A handshake here—a risen glass
A life time's thought—an inward sigh!
‡ To the heroes of the Black Watch between the two days—
To those who have gone and those not yet nigh!

Tha bratach fionn soill seachadh ar lùrach,

Tha bratach fionn soill seachadh ar lùrach, 'S crois naoimh aindreis gar choimheartach fadhoidh, 'Cothrom na feinne'—creidheamh na laoich Treorich gillean am freiceadan dubh, na'n dhoigh! Cum olc air falbh ar dachaidhean iosail, Gle toilleachas an chridhe ar chloinne.
Ar aithaireachan thug ghoil dhuinn priseil Gun gle sinn e re tamull;
Le misneach math am bhlar s'm bith, Measg sneachd nam bheinn, no ganamhach bhalbh, Le filleadh beag 's piob a' chuil Toiseach tighinn is deireadh falbh!
An fàilte so—an cuaich anarda Smuaintinn beatha—an osnaich seamhach. Slainte do'n laoich 'r freiceadan dubh eadar an dha latha Air son feadhainn caochail 's feadhainn tha tighinn am maireach.

maireach.

* The banner of Fionn-the sunbeam.

The banner of Fionn—the Sundeun.
 Cothrom na Feinn—Champion and Champion and hero to hero—the Fingalian Justice.
 Between the two days—between the day we are born and the day we die—our lifetime. To every man his two days is a good wish—meaning a respectful birth and funeral.

LANCASHIRE AND YORKSHIRE BRANCH

The main event of this quarter was undoubtedly the Parade on the North Inch, Perth. It was an unforgettable experience and an occasion which made history in the Regiment.

There can be nothing but the highest of pralse for the turnout, drill and bearing of all the units on parade and Her Majesty must have been very impressed and moved on this very special day in the life of her Regiment.

It was a day which all those who were on parade will remember

in the life of her Regiment,
It was a day which all those who were on parade will remember
with pride,
The Branch wishes to extend sincere thanks to all friends in
Perth for the very kind hospitality shown to the Branch Hon.
Secretary while representing the Branch at the Parade. We would
like to add that it was pleasant to meet so many old acquaintances
once more and to visit the Perth Black Watch Club again.
We would also like to thank CSM White and Sgt. Cunningham
of the First Battalion for their kind hospitality on our visit to
them in camp. Many memories were recalled and a very enjoyable
couple of hours spent with them. Best of luck, lads!
As the "summer" holiday period nears its close, we hope to
resume fuller activities within the Branch and will always extend
a very hearty welcome to any new member and encourage any
man to contact us on his leaving the Regiment, that we may be
able to be of service if need be.
We hope to be able to accept the very kind invitation to the
Aberdeen Branch's Twenty-fifth Anniversary Dinner which
coincides with, this year, the Silver Jubilee of H.M. the Queen
Mother's association with The Black Watch—many thanks "Tug".
In conclusion we wish our many comrades well and look
forward to our next merry meeting.
Tha mi cinnteach gu'm faic mi mo chàirdean.

NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

The Film Afternoon held on 30th June 1962 was not well attended, but Mr Turnbull put up a good show of pictures taken on his travels abroad. Those present spent a very enjoyable afternoon

attended, but Microscopial Those present spent a very afternoon.

Cordial Invitations have been received from The Highland Society of New South Wales for 17th August and from Northern Suburbs Scottish Association for 26th October, 1962.

Mr Matthew Ross has been on the sick list for some time, but is now attending meetings, Messrs, G. M. Capper and L. Farmer have rejoined the Association after an absence of over two years. The 11th January 1963 will mark the 50th Anniversary of the



Mrs. M. Kimpton—President Women's Guild and Matron of Honour at the Highland Society's Ball, Mr. C. R. McNiven— President of the Highland Society of New South Wates, Alderman H. F. Jensen—Lord Mayor of Sydney, and Mrs. C. R. McNiven.

New Black Watch CO One of Youngest at 32

By WALTER TURNER
The Third Battalion of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Computation (Royal Highland Royal Highland

The Third Battalion of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada has a new commanding officer today.

He is Lt. Col. William Redpath, at 32 one of the youngest officers to head a peacetime battalion of this historic regiment. He took over last night at a change-of-command ceremony at which Lt. Col. D'Arcy J. Mc. Govern officially inspected his unit for the last time.

Draw up in the regiment's Bleury street armory were some 200 members of the battalion, its pipe and drum band and the Black Watch cadet corps.

While the pipers played Loch Rannoch, the incoming and outgoing commanders, appreciative of the spit and polish, gave careful scrutiny to the symmetrical lines of Highlanders. With them were Maj. Gen. Frank Fleury, General Officer Commanding the Quebec Command, and Col. Claude Prieur, 1949. He has been second in Officier Commanding Number of Milita Group.

Present too were the regiment is Maj. Thomas Price, a meth G. Blackader and Lt. Col. former company commander.



Lt.-Col. William Redpath, signs papers as the new Commanding Officer, Third Battalion, Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada, Looking on is Lt.-Col. D'Arcy McGovern, the retiring Commander, who has been with the regiment 17 years.



OFFICERS! MESS NOTICE

1 RHC TROOP

September 12th, 1962.

The First Battalion, The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, Gagetown, will be hosts at a gala week-end centered around the Trooping of the new Colours on Saturday afternoon, the 13 Oct 62 in Gagetown before the Lt-Governor of New Brunswick, Senior Military Officers of Eastern Command, and the families and friends of the Regiment in the Maritimes.

Colonel Teed and all ranks of 1 RHC wish to extend an invitation to all Montreal Officers and their ladies to attend this special function and a variety of informal gatherings in the Gagetown Mess.

It would be hoped that the Hontreal Detachment would fly to Gagetown on Friday afternoon, 12 Oct 62, or at the latest Friday evening, to attend an informal Officers' Mess supper with the First Battalion. The ladies would be looked after in the evening by ladies of the 1 RHC.

Saturday evening following the Trooping, a semi-formal Officers' party will be held in their Mess. It would be planned that the Montreal group would fly home late Sunday afternoon. Details of the accommodation provided for the Montreal Detachment will be undertaken by 1 RHC at no cost to the Detachment.

We are hoping for a large group from Montreal to visit the Home Station of The Black Watch in Gagetown, and it is very important that Mrs.Parry should be notified not later than 1 Oct 62 whereupon, if the group is large enough to obtain special rates from TCA, bookings will be made en block from the Armoury.

OCTOBER 1962 THE

BLUE BELL









BLUE BELL

OUR COVER:
Her Majesty, The Queen
Mother, as Colonel-inChief, presents new
colours to all three
battalions of The Black
Watch, in Montreal, in a
ceremony which featured
the 100th anniversary
celebrations of the famous
Canadian Branch of The
Black Watch family.
motos by recous

canada's Black watch

the black watch marched

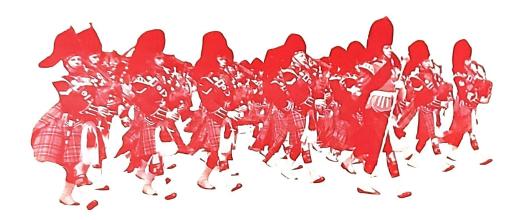
By its colonel-in-chief,

the queen mother,

its new colours emblazoned

with the names of the

regiment's greatest battles.



by COL. PAUL P. HUTCHISON, E.D., Q.C.

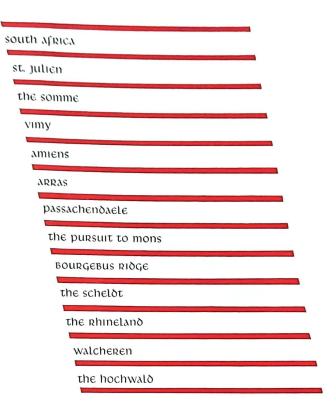
THE CANADIAN branch of The Black Watch Family is one of the oldest of all Canadian Military organizations, the senior Highland regiment of our country and of the Commonwealth outside the United Kingdom. When it was formed in 1862, most of the British Regulars on duty in Canada had been withdrawn to serve in the Crimean War and the Indian Mutiny. The Civil War was in progress in the United States; the federal authority there had raised large armies and here it was feared the Americans might seize the opportunity to attack Canada as they had in 1775 and 1812. As a result, a number of new Canadian units were then formed to defend Canada. One of these was the Canadian regiment which is now celebrating its Centenary. Like its parent in Scotland it, too, was raised by six local Scottish

chieftains, each of whom undertook to recruit a company. Their names alone ring down the years of the Scots' influence in the commercial development of Montreal — Routh, Allan, MacKenzie, Mathewson, Hopkins and Campbell.

The new unit was first called the Royal Light Infantry, but it, too, had its nickname, "The Royals." To the six original companies was added the following year a Highland company, wearing the Black Watch tartan and the Red Hackle in its feather bonnets. Gradually all the companies were outfitted in Highland uniform; by 1883 all were wearing the kilt. In 1905 the Regiment was officially affiliated with the Black Watch of Scotland. That year it built its own armoury on Bleury Street and the following year added a second battalion and a regi-

mental headquarters to its establishment. This organization it maintained for 40 years in the Canadian Militia. The alliance with the Parent Regiment overseas has always been a particularly close one, with a constant exchange between them of officers and men. The Canadian branch has consciously and constantly conformed in dress, name and customs with the ancient Scottish branch.

From the start, the Regiment took a commanding position in the military affairs of Montreal. It attracted to its officers' corps stalwarts of the business world who bore such family names as Gault, Caverhill, MacKay, Allan, Cantlie, Molson and McCuaig. In its earliest days its influence, locally, was seen from a curious incident of 1871, the actual origin of which is now unknown. Apparently it resulted either



from the refusal of the Regiment to cooperate with the local commanding general in preparing for a military ball or, as some claim, from the fact that the St. Andrew's Ball was organized that year by the regimental officers who omitted to invite the general. In any event, without prior warning, Ottawa issued an order disbanding the unit because of the general's report that it had "become disorganized." All hell then broke loose: The Commanding Officer and his Second-in-Command resigned; citizens met in meetings to protest; a delegation descended on the Minister of Militia; Members of Parliament were besieged; indignant pamphlets were published; and the press raised a great cry condemning the general in no uncertain terms. For some months the officers considered the order deprived them of the necessary authority to carry on. But the men of the Regiment would have none of it — they continued to turn out on their regular drill nights, marched off to the Champ de Mars under their N.C.OS., the Regimental Sergeant-Major in the Colonel's place at the head of the column, and carried on with their training. Eventually, remedial orders were issued at Ottawa which cancelled the Regiment's gazetting out of the Service.

During the Victorian Era the Highlanders from Montreal often proved that they were far from disorganized, notably so when, on 10 separate occasions, they were called out in Aid of the Civil Power: for the Fenian Raids of 1864; twice for those of 1866; again in 1870; for the Guibord Affair of 1875; twice for the Orange Riots of 1876; for the Quebec Dock Riots of 1878; for the Smallpox Riots at Montreal in 1885; and for the Valleyfield Strike of 1900. For the first Fenian Raid one of its companies of part-time soldiers was in the field for five months on the Niagara Peninsula. In the Boer War a large detachment of its officers and men was on active service in Africa, most of them serving with the 2nd Battalion Royal Canadian Regiment. In 1903 the unit was again called out for the Montreal Dock Riots.

The Regiment's great opportunity, however, came during the First World War. For that campaign it raised and sent overseas three battalions — the 13th, 42nd and 73rd Canadians, all of which served in France and Flanders. It was the only Canadian regiment to have three battalions at the front and its own Reserve Battalion (20th Reserve Bn. R.H.C.) in England for its

reinforcements, and casualties. In April, 1915, the 13th Royal Highlanders were on the left of the British Line at 2nd Ypres during the first gas attack in history; they suffered grievous casualties but saved the situation. In 1916 all three battalions fought at different times in the Battles of the Somme and in 1917 all three attacked simultaneously up the slopes of Vimy Ridge. During the Great War about 12,000 Canadians served with these three Black Watch battalions. More than 2,600 were killed; more than 6,000 were wounded. Some 821 were decorated for gallantry. Six of their members were awarded the Victoria Cross. Twenty-six battle honours were granted to the Royal Highlanders of Canada.

When war came again in 1939 it was ready to meet every call. Its 2nd Battalion was sent out to Soulanges to defend the vital St. Lawrence communication system even before war was declared. As soon as war was declared its 1st Battalion was mobilized for active service overseas. Through-





out the Second World War R.H.C. served overseas in Newfoundland, in the defence of Britain and on the Continent. The 42nd Battalion eventually was also mobilized for the Active Force. A 3rd and a 4th Militia Battalion was raised, as well as the overstrength 42nd Veterans Reserve Company. One company of the 1st Battalion and its mortar platoon took part in the Dieppe Raid. When the Invasion of the Continent came, the 1st Battalion was soon in the thick of the fighting. At St. André during the Caen-Falaise offensive it attacked up





a slope against tremendous odds and was practically annihilated. But it was soon built up again with the reinforcements the Regiment had raised back in Montreal. During the Northwest Europe Campaign the Battalion fought some 30 engagements across France, Belgium, Holland and into Germany. It suffered what are said to be the heaviest casualties of any unit in Field Marshal Montgomery's 21st Army Group - 117 officers and 1,735 other ranks. Again, there were hundreds of honours and awards which came to its members and 20 more battle honours were added to the regimental list.



During those years of 1939-1945 the Regiment supplied more than 5,000 men and more than 500 officers to the Active Army, 68 of the latter reaching the rank of lieutenant-colonel on active service. It had trained 200 wartime second-lieutenants in its own school, most of whom returned from the wars as field officers.

After the Second War the Regiment was reduced to one battalion but continued to build up its strength with young recruits to be trained by its veteran officers and N.C.Os. of the war period. Soon its opportunity for full-time service overseas came again.

When the international situation was critical, Canada had undertaken military commitments for NATO in both Germany and Korea, In 1951 it was decided to raise a new Canadian brigade group for the former and in 1952 another for the latter. For each, a new Highland battalion was formed, with five Canadian Highland regiments, including The Black Watch, each supplying a company but continuing to wear its individual uniform. This, and inter-company postings, involved real administrative problems, as a result of which it was decided at Ottawa to redesignate the 1st and 2nd Canadian Highland Battalions as Black Watch units.

After two years with the NATO Forces in Germany the 1st Black Watch returned to Canada and, in 1955, the 2nd Battalion from Korea. Regimental Headquarters is still in Montreal, the 3rd (Militia) Battalion continuing to operate from the Bleury Street Armoury, but St. Andrew's Barracks at Camp Gagetown in New Brunswick, is now the Home Station of the Regular Army units. Recently the 2nd Battalion has exchanged places with the 1st Battalion, after the latter had served for another two and a half years in Germany. Some of their recruits continue to come from Montreal but today the greater part are raised in the Maritimes, most of them with good Highland Scottish names. The Maritime Provinces have now adopted these Black Watch units as their very own and there is no difficulty in keeping them up to strength.

In Montreal the 3rd Black Watch continues to carry on as a militia unit,

One fine source of the Regiment's recruits today is its affiliated Cadet Corps, Many years ago the Bishop's College School Cadet Corps, which is also more than 100 years old, was affiliated with The Black Watch. In more recent years the Regiment formed the Black Watch Cadet Corps of Boys. This Corps grew out of classes which the Regiment started some years ago and has continued ever since to train youngsters who wished to learn to play the pipes and drums. During the past few years the Regiment has also

alllliated to it the Lachine High School Cadets, the King's College School Cadets in Nova Scotia and the Oromocto High School Cadet Corps in New Brunswick. In addition, at Montreal and in Toronto, there are large branches of the Black Watch Association, the members of which are veterans of the Regiment who have retired from active duty. The Black Watch Family in Canada, therefore, is a large organization, larger in fact today than its parent in Scotland.

This is the story of the Montreal regiment which, this year, celebrates its 100th Anniversary. Throughout the year in Montreal, at Camp Gagetown and in Germany, very special occasions mark this anniversary. The apex of such celebrations was on June 8, 9 and 10 when Montreal welcomed again the Queen Mother. Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth this year is celebrating her 25th anniversary as Colonel-in-Chief of The Royal Highland Regiment, in which the men of her family have served for generations. Her Majesty came to Canada specially to spend three days with her Canadian regiment.

On Saturday afternoon, June 9, at the Molson Stadium, Her Majesty presented new Colours to all three battalions of The Black Watch of Canada. This was the first time in all the long history of The Royal Highland Regiment, that three of its units have received new Colours on the same occasion. Many veterans gathered from all over Canada and the United States to take part in these and other ceremonies during the Colonel-in-Chief's visit.

As The Black Watch marched by with its new Colours, emblazoned thereon were the names of the Regiment's greatest battles which are now part of Canada's history: South Africa; St. Julien and the Somme; Vimy and Amiens; Arras, Passchendaele and the Pursuit to Mons; Bourgebus Ridge and the Scheldt; The Rhineland, Walcheren and the Hochwald; place names which stir the memories of us all and may well give Canada a sense of pride in its century-old Highland Regiment •



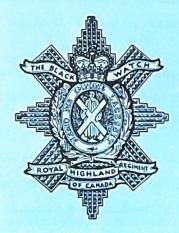
FIRST BATTALION
AND THE DEPOT
THE BLACK WATCH
(Royal Highland Regiment)
OF CANADA

DINNER

THE OFFICERS' MESS Saint Andrew's Barracks 12 October 1962

DEPOT THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

GRADUATION AND CEREMONIAL PARADES



ST ANDREW'S BARRACKS CAMP GAGETOWN NO.

SATURDAY 13th OCTOBER 1962

REVIEWING OFFICER

BRIGADIER K.G. BLACKADER, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD.

COLONEL OF THE REGIMENT

TROOPING THE COLOUR

bv

FIRST BATTALION
THE BLACK WATCH
(RHR) OF CANADA



Reviewing Officer

THE HONOURABLE J. LEONARD O'BRIEN

Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick

Camp Gagetown New Brunswick Thirteenth October
Nineteen hundred and sixty-two

Scenes From 'The Trooping' And RHC Depot Parades





COLOUR PARTY: The Regimental Colours of the 1st (WOI) R Battellon, The Black Watch, the Troo Pre handed over to Lt. D. Saturday.

P. Ludlow (left) by (WO1) R. II. Finnie the Trooping of the



ERTIFICATE: Brig. K.G. kader presents the first

certificate to one of the
uating recruits during the
k Watch Depot cereces last weekend. The
aggragate first aid
was gained by 132

squad who had an average of over 76 per cent. They won the Oland Trophy. The graduating ceremonies of the Depot were held on the morn-ing of The Trooping of the Colour by the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch.



OLANDS TROPHY: Brig. K.G. Blackader, Colonel of the Black Watch (RHR) of

Canada presents the Oland's Trophy to 132 Squad of the Black Watch Depot during the

graduation ceremonies last weekend. The trophy is for Saint John Ambulance First Ald Classes.



SCRAP BOOK: The scrap of the Regiment, Saturday, book of the RHC Regimental With him, left, is Major G. Depot is inspected by Brigadier K, G. Blackader, Colonel officer of the Depot. Brig.

Blackader took the saute cur-ing the graduation parade of two squads earlier in the day.

Trooping Of The Colours Parade To Be Held



Brig. K.G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD.

The Black Watch Is Oldest Highland Regiment

The Black Watch is the oldest of all Highland regiments. After the Rebellion of 1715 the Highlands of Scotland were in a constant state of disorder. Scattered bands of clansmen waged incessant warfare against the English troops sent to Scotland to maintain order.

Fortunalely, General Wade, who was in command, was a sensible man who understood the Highland people. He wisely accepted the offer of certain Scottish leaders to form a special corps from amongst their own people to police the Highlands

In 1725 six independent companies were formed by these chieftains. They were composed of Highland gentlemen accompanied by their own servants and were authorized to carry arms and wear the Highland dress which was other-wise prohibited during those unruly times.

unruly times.

To avoid clan jealousies a special tartan was designed for these companies; it was made up from the which were common to the tartans of all the original company commanders, namely, dark blue, dark green and black

This is the tartan which has been used by the Regiment ever since and which gave rise to the name by which the companies, and later the Regiment, were commonly called It was the Dark or Black. Watch or Guard, distinguishing the Highlanders policing the north from the English red the north from the English red.

coated regulars stationed

MORE COMPANIES

So successful was this Highland Watch that more companies were seen formed and in 1739 the Independent Comin 1739 the independent companies were incorporated by a Letter of Service of the King into a regiment of the line under the fitle 43rd Highland Decipies. Regiment

Tea years later the number was changed to 42 and the name to the Royal Highland Regiment. That name has been its official one ever since, but throughout the ages it has been commonly known

as The Black Watch.
Finally, its formal title was changed so as to incorporate both of its names — The Black Watch (Royal Highland

Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother; members of her family have been officers of the Regiment for generations.

FIRST ASSOCIATED

Canada's senior Highland Regiment, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada came into being in 1862 as The Reyal Light In-fan'ry and after several chan-ges in designation became for-mally allled with The Black Watch in 1905. It was the first of the Dominion battalions to become associated with the Parent Regiment and fought beside it in the Boer War, World War I, World War II and in Korea.

and in Korea.

During World War 1, 11,954 officers and men fought in the three Battalions of the Canadian Regiment, winning 26 battle honors. Of those who served 2,163 were killed, 6,014 were wounded and 821 were decorated, six of them with the Victoria Cross, Britain's highest decoration.

In world War II, the Canada and State of the six of the six

highest decoration.

In World War II, the Canadian Regiment joined with battalions of The Black Watch from all parts of the Commonwealth to fight beside the Parent Regiment. Its first action was at Dieppe, where its "C" Company and mortarplation were part of the raid. Landing in Normandy shortly after "D" Day, the Battalion fought in some thirty battle actions through France, Belgium, Holland and Germany, Personnel from the Regiment received 211 happen and awards for the callipaign.

First Time Ceremony Has Been Held At Camp Gagetown

One of the most colourful and exacting of military ceremonies takes place at Camp Gagetown Saturday, October 13, when the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch, (RJIR) of Canada performs the historic "troop of the colour" ceremony.

The centuries-old custom, stemming from the time soldiers used their regimental flag as a rallying point in battle, will see more than 300 officers and men of Canada's oldest Highland Regiment on parade. Reviewing the ceremony will be the lieutenant governor of New Brunswick, the Hon. J. Leonard O'Brien.

The intricate 80-minute ceremony beginning at 3 p.m. and open to the general pub-lic, will mark the first time it has been performed in Camp Gagetown and the first time in the 100-year history time in the 100 year history of The Black Watch by a Regular Army component. The October 13 ceremony is part of the regiment's centennial observances that began last January 31, their 100th birthday.

REFINED

The trooping ritual, compar-able in splendour to the chan-ging of the guard at Buckingham Palace, is one of the most reflacd and venerable parade square ceremonies in the life of a soldier.

The "colour" on parade here

October 13 contains 21 battle bonours of the regiment and is the one presented in Montreal last June by Her Majesty the Queen Mother, the regiments colonel-in-chief.

A total of four 66-man guards in full highland regala will take part in the event, under the battalion's commanding officer. Lt.-Col. W. A. Teed of Newcastle N.B.

or will be Major M. A. Mac-Tague, MC, of Charlottetown, PEL

The 1st Battalion, The Black Watch returned to Canada last spring following three years NATO duty in West Germany. The regiment's 2nd Battalion, formerly stationed at Camp Gagetown succeeded it in Europe with Canada's NATO ground forces.

DEPOR CEREMONIES

Also taking place prior to the afternoon trooping will be ceremonies for two squads from The Black Walen Depot. the recruit training establish-ment of the regiment. Taking the salute at the graduation will be Brig K. G. Blackader of Montreal, the colonel of the regiment of The Black Watch.

About 75 official guests will attend the afternoon trooping They include Maj.-Gen, R. W They include Maj.-Gen, R. W.
Monce, general officer commanding Eastern Command;
Brig. K. G. Blackader; Mayor William T. Walker of Fredericton; Maj.-Gen, H. N. Ganong, St. Stepben; Lt.-Gen, E. W. Sanson, Prederict on; Brig. P. W. Oland, Saint John: Brig N. G. Wilson but Smith commander of Camp Gagetown's 3rd Canadian Infantry Brigade Group; Col. W. H. Seamark, chief of staff Central Command, Oakville, Ont., a former commanding officer of the battalion. Col. William Redpath, commanding officer of the 3rd Battalion The Black Watch, the regiments' Militia Component in Montreal.

Montreal.

Warning Note

Also on parade will be the battallor's pipes and Drums and the 45-piece militury band of The Royal Canadian Dragoons. Officer of the color party will be Lt. D. P. Ludlow of St. John's Nñ'd. Commanding the escort to the col-

. The . Much Watch t. Royal Rightened Region of y Committee QUEEN'S COLOUR The Queen's Colours

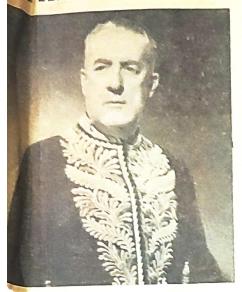
Rom

flags or ents and ental Co

Crown a

Thursday, October 11, 1962

his Saturday



Hon. J. Leonard O'Brien

oman Armies Used Colours As Battle Rallying Point

main reasons — the need some mark of distinc-between families and a spinous rallying point in

the turn of the cen-bralions of a Regiment edmind their Colours when can against the enemy, all somning a square and de-ing the symbols of their amand Country to the last in modern battle. Battal-Cours are not present and unity placed in a Church Regiment is on Active Regiment is on Active

ns have two Colours presented by the So-the "Queens Colour" "Regimental Colour."

present loyalty to the regiment.

IT TIME

regimental Colour that trooped by First Bat-the Black Watch (RHR) a at St. Andrew's Bar-camp Gagetown on Sat-ternoon October 13th.

was presented to the Battalion by Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of the Black Watch Regiment, in Montreal on June 1 by Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of the Black Watch Regiment, in Montreal on June 9 of this year. The ceremony on next Saturday marks the first time the Colour has been Trooped since its presentation.

The Regimental Colours of

The Regimental Colours of Black Watch (RHR) of Canada battalions bear the following Battle Honours: South Africa 1899-1900

St. Julien Mount Sorrel Somme 1916 Arras 1917-18 Vimy 1917 Passchendaele Amiens Canal du Nord Pursuit to Mons France and Flanders 1915-18 Bourguebus Ridge Faubourg de Vaucelles Verrieres Ridge Tilly-la-Campagne Foret de la Londe The Scheldt Walcheren Causeway The Rhineland The Hochwald

Oldenburg N. W. Europe 1944-45 . Black Haling Royal Highland . Regeneral reflerada REGINATIAL COLDURA

The Regimental Colours



A REGIMENTAL BALL was held on Saturday evening in the Black Watch Officers' Mess, Camp Gagetown, following "Trooping the Colour" by the First Battalion, the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada. Seen above are (back row, left to right) Lt.-Col. W. A. Teed, commanding of-

ficer of the First Battalion; Lieutenant-Governor Hon. Leonard O'Brien, and Brig. K. G. Blackader, colonel of the regiment, Montreal to right) Mrs. J. Leonard O'Brien, Mrs. Blackader and O'Brien, Mrs. Blackader, colonel of the property of th

TRADITIONAL POMP AND SPLENDOR HIGHLIGH GALA BLACK WATCH BALL DAKE Daily Glegnor

The minister of national revenue and forestry, Hon. Hugh John Flemming, and Mrs. and leaves banked the main Flemming, the federal lounge of the Black Watco Ofmember of Parliament for York Sunbury, J. Chester Mac-Rae and Mrs. MacRae, Governor and Mrs. O'Brien, Li. Governor and Mr

ilished guests.

In the evening the Lieutenant-Governor accompanied by Mrs.
O'Brien, and attended by Mrs.
ADC, was the guest of nonor in a regimental ball at Camp Gagetown, given by the commanding officers and officers of the First Battallon and he regimental depot of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada
The ball concluded the day's lificial ceremonies which marked another event in the year-ong centennial observances, of anada's oldest highland regiment. The Black Watch (Roy-nil Highland Regiment) was 100 years old Jan, 31 In the evening the Lieutenant-

C. Brown; Brig, and Mrs. Philip W. Oland, Saint John; Chief Superintendent H. A. Maxted and Mrs. Maxted, Fredericton; Col. H. M. Walls, honorary Lt. Col. of the Third Battalion, Black Watch, Col. and Mrs. T. P. Hutchlson, Montreal; Col. and Mrs. S. D. Canplie and Miss C. Canplie, Montreal; Col. and Mrs. G. D. Dailley, Camp Gagetown, Col. and Mrs. W. H. Ceamark, Oakville, On. Lt. Col. V. E. Traversy, Montreal; Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. G. Bourne, Montreal; Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. G. Bourne, Montreal; Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. N. E. Clarkson, Hallan, Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. E. Beswick, Fredericton, Lt. Col. and Mrs. M. H. Baleman

The attention of all New officer of the First Battal.on, with the flashing brilliance of R. W. Moncel, general of and Mrs. Teed: Major G. D. the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern common and Mrs. Teed: Major G. D. the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern common and Mrs. Teed: Major G. D. the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern common and Major W. Trooping the Colour' by the First Battallon the Black Watch Depoi, and Mrs. Cochrane, and Major W. MacLeod, mess president, and Mrs. MacLeod, mess president, and Mrs. MacLeod, mess president, and their part in the day's ceremonies. Following the stirring pageantry on the parade square at Camp Gagetown, Lieutenant Governor, Hon. J. Leonard O'. Brien, who took the salute on the reviewing stand, and Mrs. O'Cochrane, and Mrs. MacLeod.

The ball was the most gala event in the Camp Gagetown and their ladies to the pipes played by Piper Cpl. George Oglive and Piper Frank Bryant. In the Armed Forces.

Pastel shades of silk and differs and their wives at tea in the Black Watch Mess.

The minister of national revenue and forestry, Hon. Hugh John Flemming, and Mrs. Moncel, general of the officers full dress High commanding Eastern common land duris of the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern common land duris of the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern common land duris of the officers' full dress High commanding Eastern comming and Mrs. Moncel, Ballak Watch Depoi, and Mrs. Moncel, Ballak Watch Depoi, and Mrs. MacLeod, mess president, and deport of the Black Watch Depoi, and Mrs. MacLeod, mess president, and believe the ballack of the ballroom was a kaleidos Chester MacRae, Mp fer member of parliament to many, the highlight of the ballroom was a kaleidos. Chester MacRae, Mp fer member of parliament to many, the highlight of the ballack watch beyond the ballack watch Depoi, and Mrs. Moncel, Ballak watch Depoi, and Mrs. Moncel, Ba

Mrs. J. K. S. Manuel. Saint John; Lt. - Col. and Mrs. M. J. A. Chabot, Camp Gagetown, Major and Mrs. H. S. Bogitt. Montreal; Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Bogert, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. M. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. M. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Cowan, all of Oronocto; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. J. Vilson, Fredericton; Mr. and des. C. Laidlaw, Saint John; fajor and Mrs. G. Turoball, Ialifax; Major T. E. Price, appain T. W. Gall and Lieut. F. Angus, all of Montreal.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1962

Traditional Trooping

Event Is First Time Seen At Camp Gagetown

play of pageantry, splender and precision drill.

The Lieutenant Governor, the Hen. J. Leonard O'Brien, was the reviewing officer. With him on the saluting base were Brig. K. G. Elackader, colonel of the regiment; Maj. Gen R. W. Moncel, general' officer commanding. Eastern Command; Brig. N. H. Ross, commander of the New Brunswick area. Brig. N. G. Wilson-Smith, commander of the Third Canadian Infantry Brigade Group; and the Hon. Hugh John Flemming, minister of national revenue and forestry who represented the Canadian government.

Also attending from Otlawa was the constituency member for York-Sunbury, J. Chester MacRae. Other prominent military and civilian guests came from Montreal, Halifax, Fredericton and Saint John.

Over 4,000 seats on either side of the ceremonial dais were set.

D. P. Lildiow of the constant cort.

This escort was under the command of Maj. M. A. MeTague, and consisted of Lt. A.
G. Christie: Lt. D. P. Ludlow and WO 2 H. E. Firby. After saluting the colours, the escort then trooped them through the ranks.

ranks.

Accompaniment was supplied by Black Watch Pipes and Drums band who were resplendent in their red Royal Stuart tartan; and The Royal Canadian Dragoons' Band, under the director of music, Capt. E. G. Spooner, who also made a bright patch of colour with their scarlet tunies and gold helmets. scarlet tunics and gold helmets

BACK TO 17th CENTURY

As the visitors watched the Regimental Colours pass up and Regimental Colours pass up and down the ranks, they were seeing a ceremony that dated back-to the 17th century. It was important, in those days, for every man to recognize his own colours so that he could follow it in battle. The colours were therefore

The cesturies old tradition of paraded or "Trooped" through "Trooping the Colour" was seen the ranks for all to see. The colours on parade, Saturday, when the Gasciown, Saturday, when the Griffs Battalion, The Black Watter day, had been presented to the (RHR) of Canada gave a dislated by the Canada gave a

Mackac. Other prominent military and civiling guests came from Montreal, Halifax, Fredericton and Saint John.

Over 4.000 seats on either side of the ceremonial dais were set aside for the visitors. Some of the general public began to arrive shortly after 1 p.m. although the parade did not start until 3 p.m.

The Battalion's 300 officers and men on parade were motionless as the Lieutenant Governor arrived, then snapped into the Royal Salute as he took up his position on the dais.

TROOPING BEGAN

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. Teed, commanding officer of the 1st Battalion, marched briskly forward for the formal acknowledgements. Then the trooping began.

The blustery weather with its broken clouds and fleeting patches of stunlight added to the Royal Light Infantry, and back atmosphere of this highland ceremony. The wind ruffled the red plumes and dark feathers of the pipers' headdress, pressed on the kilts, and at times slightly swayed the sporrans.

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The Regimental Colours were taken from Colour Sergeant W. and Mrs. O'Brien, Brigadier Blackader, and Mrs. O'Brien, Brigadier Blackader and Mrs. Staturday evening.

The Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Staturday evening.



VIEW TROOPING: A host of distinguished guests were joined by interested residents of Central New Brunswick for the Trooping the Colour

ceremony at Camp Gagetown Saturday by 1st Battalion. The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, Above, left to right, Maj.-Gen. R. W. Moncel, Hall-

he Colour Ceremony



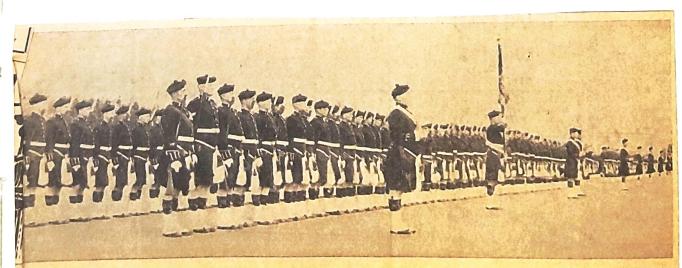
geral officer command-usen command; Hon. gh his Flemming, federal nists of forestry and na-nal awase; and Brig. N.

G. Wilson-Smithe officer commanding the 3rd Canadian Infantry Brigade Group, watch magnificent pageantry



unfold. At the right, 16-month-old Gregory Nellson, shows a lively interest in what is going on as he attends the

"Trooping" with his mother, Mrs. W. H. Neilson. (See also Page 1). with his mother,



OPING THE COLOUR: Honours won on battlefields during the past years were symbolized at Camp Gagetown Saturday in the ultiple of military ceremonials, Trooping the Colour. At the celebration,

shown above, is the 1st Battalian of The Black Watch, performing the ritual. (See also Page 9),

(Gleaner Staff Phule)



Camp Gagetown Gazette



VOL. 2 NO. 40

1

OROMOCTO, N.B., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1962

FIVE CENTS PER COPT



THE COLOURS: The Regimental Colours of 1RHC which were 'trooped' during the traduonal ceremony, Saturday, are here being held by the RSM (WOI) R. H. Finnie during the parade

Traditional Parade Held For First Time By 1 RHC In Camp

the Colour" was seen for the first time at Camp Gagetown, Saturday, when the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada gave a display of pageantry, splendor and precision drill.

> The parade was reviewed by the Lieutenant Governor, the Hon, J. Leonard O'Brien, With him on the saluting base were Brig. K.G. Blackader, Colonel of the Regiment; Maj. Gen. R.W. Moncel, GOC Eastern Command; Brlg. N.G. Wilson-Smith, commander, 3 CIBG; and the Hon. Hugh John Flemming, minister of national revenue and forestry who represented the Canadian Government .

Also attending from Oliswa was the constituency member for York-Sunbury, J. Chester MacRae. Other prominent military and civilian guests came from Montreal, Halifax, Fredericion and Saint John.
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The blustery weather with its broken clouds and fleeting patches of sunlight added to the atmosphere of this highland ceramony. The wind ruffled the red plumes and dark feathers of the pipers' headdress, pressed on the kilts, and at times slightly swayed the sporrans.

The Regimental Colours were

The Regimental Colours were taken from Colour Sergeant W. Marshall by the Regimental Sergeant Major, WO 1 R. H. Finnie, who passed them to Lieutenant D. P. Ludlow of the Colour Escort

This escort was under the command of Maj. M. A. Mc-Tague, and consisted of Lt. A. G. Christie, Lt. D. P. Ludlow and WO 2 H. E. Firby. After saluting the colours, the escort then trooped them through the sanks.

Accompaniment was supplied Accompaniment was supplied by Black Watch Pipes and Drums band who were resplen-dent in their red Royal Smart tarian; and The Royal Canadi-an Dragoons' Band, under the director of music, Capi. E. O. Spooner, who also made a bright patch of colour with their scarlet tunies and gold helmets.



REVIEWING OFFICER: The Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, the Hon. J. Leonard O'Brien was the reviewing officer during the Black Watch's "Trooping the Colour" ceremony at Camp Gage town Saturday

BACK TO 17th CENTURY
As the visitors watched the Regimental Colours pass up and down the ranks, they were seeing a ceremony that dated back to the 17th century. It was important, in those days, for every man to recognize his own colours so that be could follow it in battle. The colours were therefore paraded or "Trooped" through the ranks for all to see.

The colours on parade, Saturday, had been presented to the 1st Battalion by Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, in Montreal this summer. It was the first time they had been trooped, and the first time in the history of the regiment that colours had be en trooped by a Regular battalion. The ceremony was part of the regiment's centennial observances that began last January.

31st, their 100th birthday

After the trooping was com-pleted the escort and the four guards with their officers, senguards with their officers, sen-lor non-commissioned officers, and 60 men, marched past the saluting base in slow time, then quick time, and finally formed up to advance in review order. The tall, brisk figure of Lt. Col. Teed again marched for-ward to the dais and the order was given for the Colours to be marched off the square.

marched off the square.

BATTLE HONORS

So ended one of the most re-fined and venerable parade cer-emonies in the life of a soldier, The Regimental Colours of the ist Battalion, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, with its 21 battle honors listed upon it, is the most precious item in the regiment. It is usually locked away behind glass for safekeep-ing.

The trooping was comparable in splendor with the changing of the guard at Buckingham Palace. The solemn ritual was a public demonstration of the soldiers' allegiance to their regiment and the Crown. It was also an acknowledgement to the regiment's history — back to 1862 when the Canadian Black Watch was initiated as The Royal Light Infantry, and back to 1725 when the highland batalions were raised in Scotland Keep the peace.

The Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. O'Brien, Brigadier Blackar and Mrs. Blackader, a nd many other untable dignitures attended the formal Regimental Ball in the Black Watch Officers' Mess, Saturday evening. The trooping was comparable



The Regimental Sergeant-Major Warrant Officers, Staff Sergeants,

and Sergeants

of the

First Battalion, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada cordially invite

> to attend the Trooping of the Colour and associated Mess Functions

> > to be held at

St. Andrew's Barracks

Camp Gagetown, New Brunswick

twelfth and thirteenth of October

nineteen hundred and sixty-two

R.S.V.P. Mcss Secretary

PORRIDGE

CREAM OF WHEAT

SHREDDED WHEAT

CORN FLAKES

GRAPENUT FLAKES

WITH CHEAM OR MILK

BACON AND EGGS -POACHED EGGS SCRAMBIED EGGS

OMELETTE

FRIED SOLE

GRILLED BACON

LAMBS KIDNEY

GRILLED HAM

CALFS LIVER

GRILLED SAUSAGE AND BACON

TOMATORS

COLD HVW

PRESSED MEAT

PEAR ORANGE

BANANA

ORANGE JUICE



10th ANNIVERSARY: The Black Watch of Canada Boys' Pipes and Drums last night marked the 10th anniversary — to the exact day — of its founding. A feature of the evening ceremony was the presentation to Pipe Sgt. Donald Macfarlane, second from right, of the Williamson Shield, in memory of Major J. S.

Williamson, one of the group that founded the band. Making the presentation at left are lan Williamson, son of Maj. Williamson, and Lt. Col. W. E. Macfarlane, MC, chairman of the original founding group. At right is Gordon Small, who headed the Society in 1952 when the band was formed. (Gazette Photo Service)

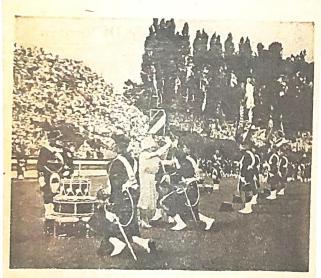
Boys' Band Has 10th Birthday

Ten years ago yesterday the Major J. S. Williamson, one of The meeting also expressed the group that founded the band. "congratulations to the past and

St. Andrew's Society of Montreal made a generous grant to aid in the formation of The Black Watch of Canada Boys' Pipes and Drums.

Last night a 10th anniversary dinner marked the band's founding and was highlighted with the presentation of the Williamson Shield by the Society to Pipe Sgt. Donald Macfarlane as "the best performer on the great Highland bagpipe."

The presentation, to be an annual event, was made by Ian Williamson, son of the late



Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother, Colonel-in-Chief of The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, present-ing colors in Montreal to the regiment's three battalions. This picture is the frontispiece of "Canada's Black Watch; The First Hundred Years," reviewed on this page.

A Century Of Remarkable Service

CANADA'S BLACK WATCH:
THE FIRST HUNDRED YEARS,
1862-1962 — By Col. Paul P.
Hutchison. Published by The
Black Watch (RHR) of Canada.
340 pp.
THIS THEIR centennial
year the Black Watch
(Royal Highland Regiment) of
Canada with thoroughly justifi-

Canada with thoroughly justifiable pride looks back upon a regimental history that has few,

if any, equals in the Commonwealth. As part of the hundredth anniversary celebrations a first-rate book has been produced which records with laudable conciseness the impressive story.

conciseness the impressive story.

There is a meaningful Foreword by General Sir Neil M.
Ritchle, a former Colonel of the parent Black Watch—meaningful because Sir Neil conveys the secret of the Canadian regiment's tenacity of purpose in a nutshell: nutshell:

"It seems to me the most pronounced feature is that, in the regiment's early days, its very existence was at stake. Yet by the determination and forcefulness of its officers indeed all ranks-it survived. Its name was changed several times; its dress—altered. On one occasion it was actually disbanded—on paper though never in fact. Yet its existence has been unbroken. In the process of overcoming these difficulties it has developed a solid, lasting tradition of forceful mental toughness in peace, which in turn has provided the firm base upon which its physical hardihood and great fighting spirit could be built in war."

Col. Paul P. Hutchison, colonel-commandant of the Black Watch for the period of World War II, has discharged a difficult task magnificently. Within the space of a little more than three hundred pages he has compressed the colorful development of the regiment from the days of its mid-19th Century beginnings to the present. His cen-tral achievement lies in the balance effected as between peacetime and wartime activi-ties, as between early and modern phases.

Canadian veterans of the 1939-45 global conflict will recall the courage of the men of The Watch at Dieppe twenty years ago, and their heroism later in Normandy. Older "sweats" will remember the great deeds of the men who wore the Red Hackle in the dreadful carnage of the 1914-18 Western Front. Before, during, Western Front. Before, during, in between and since those wars Col. Hutchison has kept the whole story in clear focus.

whole story in clear focus.
Striking chapter-head sketches
by Captain P. H. Mackenzie,
maps, color reproductions and
many excellent half-tone illustrations round out a volume
which does honor alike to its
suther and the formed regiment. author and the famed regiment.

D. M. L.



HERE'S TAE US - WHA'S LIKE US

WHAT HAPPENS IN THE SERGEANT'S MESS

Edition No.26.

October-November 1962.

Time to open the little black book and ease the suspense that certain Members seem to be laboring under; never have I received so many polite enquiries as to when the next issue would be out; perhaps there is more than a little truth in the story that the new game now going on, is, he who catches the Mail-Man first, wins; I dont believe it, but just in case, get your running shoes out, Lads and Lassies.

Like 'Wow', man; Saturday the 20th of October, The Ladies Club sponsored a 'Beatnik Party' in the Mess, it was fun, certainly more people should have come down, though the crowd that was there enjoyed themselves for sure; some of the hair-do's were out of this world, and Mr Joe Smart remarked that he never knew what a 'Leotard' was until that night, who's he kiddin'; Mrs Donna Nelson welcomed everyone on behalf of the Ladies Club and asked RSM and Mrs Gurevitch if they would start the party rolling with a multiplication dance; Mr and Mrs Gerry Lebeau, guests of Mr and Mrs Smart, were celebrating their sixth wedding anniversary, and at mid-night Mr Lebeau headed into his birthday; Mr and Mrs Dorton were guests of Sgt and Mrs Betts and up from New York was Sgt Tom Irvine of World War Two 1st Battalion Support Coy, Carrier Platoon, just back from the Congo, and accompanying a Nurse who had also been in Africa, they were with Sgt Blackie Morin; Mr Gurevitch won the 1st door prize ('Fixed') and Mr Maxie Schulman won the 2nd; Mr Jarvis Dorton won the drawing; during the evenings fun and games, an auction was held, the Ladies requested PMC Ivor Watkins to conduct it, and it was like none I ever saw before, Mr Gerry Lebeau successfully bid on two parcels, one of Hot-Dogs and Buns for \$1.25, which he was unable to get rid of for even 75¢, what you might call 'taking a beatnik' (oh,well), and one of our very regular attenders, Joe Smart by name (hope he gets out again) suggests we auction off the Girls next time, (I'm glad I only write these things); and I remember when, as a very young and raw soldierboy, I lived in awe of RSMs as being out of this world, and now I've seen one doing the 'Hokey-Pokey' I just closed the little black book; a jolly good party, Ladies.

About parties and such, would the various groups please advise me about cancellations or postponements of their planned activities, my crystal ball doesnt work so good.

Calling all Ex RSMs, in the words of one of your exalted number who still attends most of the Mess Affairs and Meetings, and keeps in touch with the boys, "Wha's a matter"?

TX RQMS (Nobby) Clarke returned recently from a touring holiday Scotland - Ingland - France (Gay Parge), reports he had a wonderful time, and he managed to be just in time to get the last ticket to the 'Tattoo' at the Edinburgh Festival. And I hear tell that Ex CQMS Eddie Edwards took a holiday from his poultry chores, and he and his wife Marjorie were sojourning recently in good old Eastbourne, (memory)

I understand that the Bands and Pipes and Drums of the Royal Scots Greys and The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will be in our Town, at the Forum, Thursday 22nd of November.

and the sprember Sulletin of the Artish War Veterans of America, (which I will place on the Fees Votice Board) in the unletin haurice marked a couple of Items which should prove interesting to you, and here is the meat of his letter; from West Palm beach, forida, U.A. Iy Dear Roby melesed please find copy of the unletin for Irillah War Vets of America, or which I am a Chaiter hember and Inst President This is the organisation that fleered the visits of the Price decasions since the end of Worll War Uses, and the Market Or three occasions since the end of Worll War Uses, and the Price dans of the less such as Jack Jessep of and beloved took with of the Price dans of the less outfit in the World received it have York, and is other years Boston and Philidelphia. I have marked a few thought, who is a fack Jesseph of America, the two World received it for the WPA, who is of their working Wife of Eric Caylor, President of the WPA, who is of their wisit to leasen itadium or that lagrifices t shouling the Fragonial for a Colours by the grandess Ladv in the Jestifices t shouling the Fragonial for Sunday, I alone saw them off. My seats (being crippled in Child Lad asked for lower seats) were five twee from the top of the Dort Transa, two daws later I was rushed to quach larv Mospital, It was sure a climb up these cenerate stairs, so the Rule and Amy further and the first staking of the show, and fluure that it won the beaton for moster loo years. Pas ing prough Jeste Match, He and his Wife had flown up to see the show. Please give item our sheare regrets as Fell for the wederful treatment I got in quarm larvy legital, and have been asked to address the 40 and 8 lociety here and tell cars the boy sees he show. Please give item our sheare regrets as Fell for the wederful treatment I got in quarm larvy legital, and I have been asked to address the 40 and 8 lociety here and tell the cars the boys rode in MI — Quarmite homeon of the Frajable cars the boys rode in MI — Quarmite homeon of the frajable cars the boys rode in MI —

Its been quite a while since we last saw you Denald m'bov.

Good Funting.

THE OFFICERS! MESS

MESS NOTICE

November 26th, 1962.

HONORARY ASSOCIATE MEMBER Your Mess is pleased to announce the appointment to Honorary Associate membership of Lt-Col.George Ross Robertson, CD, who relinquished command of the Victoria Rifles of Canada on Octobor

Colonel Robertson was in command of the Vics when, in March 1950, your Regiment suffered severe fire damage to its Armoury; within hours the VRC Armoury on Catheart Street was placed at our disposal and was used by The Black Watch for a considerable period of time. In appreciation, Colonel Robertson was appointed an Henorary Member of your Mess with the stipulation that all succeeding Commanding Officers of the Victoria Rifles of Canada would be granted Memberson was appointed.

would be granted Honorary membership during their terms of office.

In his new appointment as an Honorary Associate Hember, your desclocks folward to Colonel Robertson's participation in all

Mess activities in the years to come.

Normally, such matters as this would be for "internal distribution" only; but your Committee feels that particular recognition is que your Chief Steward, Sergeant Henry Dollard.

As an experiment this year, and with the utmost secrecy under the circumstances, the entire task of preparing and serving the Arnual Reunion Dinner on November 17th was accepted and carried out by Corgeant Dollard, with the assistance of Lance Corporal Lawson. Dospite one or two minor "slip-ups" the result was eminently satisfactory. To have cooked for, and served, such a large number of guests was, in itself, an achievement. To have done so in the tiny Mess kitchen and on the drill floor of the Armoury with its complete absence of adequate facilities was little short of miraculous.

ALL OUR YESTERDAYS

"HUE AND CRY": REWARD OFFERED

On a Monday aftersion in July, 1882, "an immense concourse of people" had gathered round the Champs de Mars. So great was this crowd that an English visitor to Montreal, who wished to see what was about to take place would have found himself quite unable to catch even a glimpse, were it not for the kindness of Judge Coursol, who admitted him to the window of his judges' chambers in the Court House.

Looking out from this window, the English visitor saw the troops of the British garrison in Montreal drawn up

House.

Looking out from this window, the English visitor saw the troops of the British garrison in Montreal drawn up into columns to form three sides of a hollow square. In the space at the centre stood Major-General Lord Frederick Paulet and his staff. Two soldiers were then led into the centre. They were handcuffed, and guarded by a corporal and four men with fixed bayonets. The Adjutant read the

four men with fixed bayonets.

The Adjutant read the charges against them. His voice was so firm and clear that what he said could be heard even from the window in the Court House. Courtsmartial had decided "that Privates McKay and Bryan, having been found guilty of desertion and mutinous conduct, should be branded with the letter "D", according to the articles of war, and that the remainder of their natural lives should be spent in penal servitude." servitude."

The English visitor, watching The English visitor, watching the prisoners intently, saw that they were two young men who "stood uncovered during the reading of their sentences, and seemed to feel acutely the humiliating position to which their bad conduct had reduced them." In the signer that fell them." In the silence that fell when the Adjutant had finished reading, the two young men were led off under a strong escort, to be taken to the Quebec steamboat.

Then followed something that the visitor found typical and yet dramatic; for the life of the army must go on, though punishment had been pro-nounced, and the guilty sen-tenced. The troops "marched tenced. The troops "marched past" Lord Paulet and his staff, and left the Champs de Mars in marching order, "the bands of the several regiments playing gaily meanwhile." To the English visitor the spectacle was both a sad and imposing

"was both a sad and imposing one."

And it was a spectacle repeated a great many times during the 110 years from 1761 to 1871, while the British garrisons were in Montreal. These two deserters had been privates of the 47th Regiment on St. Helen's Island. They had made off, taking their clothing and accourtements with them. One of them had been the sentry on duty and he fired at the party in pursuit, wounding a soldier in the shoulder. They had been overtaken and arrested a few miles from Montreal, while trying to escape over the border into the United States.

Every British garrison was troubled with deserters. But more soldiers deserted from the garrisons in Canada than from those in any other part of the Empire. Their very purpose in Canada was to tend of the guard near the America.

of the Empire. Their very purpose in Canada was to stand on guard near the Amer-ican border. But the border was very tempting. The United States was then in its buoyant growth; everyone was welcome and no questions were asked. There any man might be free and seek his

To the sound and loyal soldier these temptations held no attraction. But the gar-risons were made up of men

ican women, who used more subtle lures. In either case, the wavering loyalty of the British soldier was put to the

A soldier, on sentry duty in Quebec, was asked by a Yankee why he remained a soldier and a slave, when the means of escape and freedom

"How?" asked the sentry.
"How?" asked the sentry.
"If you have a mind to go,"
answered the Yankee, "I'll
give you a bundle of plain
clothes, and a cheque for ten
dollars."
"Well do so."

"Well, do so."



Champs De Mars

would be run up and the advertisements would appear in the papers. These announcements about soldier deserters commonly began with the words "HUE AND CRY". So it was on May 14, 1827, when Montrealers were reading this

announcement:
"HUE AND CRY. — We are "HUE AND CRY. — We are requested by Captain Parker, to advertise the description of deserters from the 79th Highlanders, who have carried off from the Pay sergeant of the Company £80 or £90. One of them, named JAMES DICK, is 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches, stout made, round faced, black eyes, dark eyebrows, aquiline nose, black hair, square shoulders, and proportionate make. He is a native of Cupar in Fife, and by trade a flesher (that is to say, a butcher).

by trade a flesher (that is to say, a butcher).

"The other is named ALEX-ANDER SKIRVEN. He is 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, stout made, oval face, black eyes, dark eye-brows, black hair, square shoulders and proportionate make. He is a native of St. Cuthbert's parish Edinburgh, and by trade a juner.

parish Edinburgh, and by trade a joiner.

"They deserted together from Quebec, on the 2nd May. They had on the Regimental great coat, and a waistcoat, and blue grey trowsers. The usual reward will be paid for their apprehension." their apprehension."
As if dreams of freedom

As if dreams of freedom were not temptation enough to soldiers, agents from the United States were active in Canada. Feeling between Britain and the United States was bitter, and some satisfaction was taken by Americans in urging the soldiers who had been stationed to guard the border to desert their duty.

been stationed to guard the border to desert their duty.
Some of these agents also
had schemes for having the
soldiers work for them as
laborers. They would strike
up a conversation with the soldiers in a familiar, Yankee
way: other agents were Amer-

In a short time the bargain was carried out; the sentry was handed the clothes and was nanded the contest and the cheque. He at once pushed the Yankee into the sentry box, and kept him there till the relief came round. The Yankee was arrested, and was taken away, together with the evidence.

But the strength of will of

But the strength of will of many a tempted soldier could not hold out against such inducements. Some learned that they had yielded only to be betrayed. One agent from the United States was known to take five pounds from a noncommissioned officer to help him to desert, only to deliver him up, and get ten pounds as a reward. a reward.

There are some traditions There are some traditions about deserters, but these are a sort of lore, not now easily proved. According to one tradition, when a deserter was caught and was branded on the chest or shoulder with the letter "D", the red-hot iron would be pressed against his flesh until he had repeated three times the words "God save the Queen."

According to another tradi-tion, those who claimed the reward for the capture of a deserter might be compelled to take it under grim condi-tions. If the deserter was to take it that the deserter was shot, the reward would sometimes be placed on his coffin, and the person claiming it would have to walk to the coffin and pick it up himself.

While Sir Isaac Brock was while Sir Isaac Brock was serving in Quebec in 1805 as the colonel of the 49th Regi-ment, he was a most energetic officer; yet even he looked upon the problem of desertion almost with despair. As he

lures to desertion continually thrown out by the Americans, and the facility with which it can be accomplished, exacting more than ordinary precaution on the part of officers, insensibly produces mistrust between

them and the men, highly prejudicial to the service.

"Experience has taught me that no regular regiment, how-ever high its claims to dis-cipline, can occupy the frontier posts of Lower and Upper Canada without suffering materially in its numbers."

materially in its numbers."
Perhaps the most vivid glimpse of a deserter was that recorded in 1803 by the American writer, Washington Irving (later the author of "Rip Van Winkle.") He was on his way through the wilderness from New York to Montreal. It was rarely that other travellers were encountered. But one day he came upon a traveller with "a remarkably striking appearance."

He was standing under a

He was standing under a twisted tree that grew in the middle of the road, wearing "a red jacket with something like military decorations," and with

a round black hat stuck on the

a round black hat stuck on the side of his head. His hair hung about his head in wild disorder. Over his "left shoulder a bundle was slung, on the end of a cutlass."

Washington Irving says that "his countenance was rugged and almost savage." He "found out he was a deserter from the English garrison at Montreal... making his way to the Black River."

(Following requests from readers that the articles in All Our Yesterdays be made available in book-form, a

available available in book-form, a selection from the articles that selection from the articles that have appeared over the last 18 years, revised and expanded, has now been published under the title "Montreal Yesterdays" by Longmans Canada Limited, 137 Bond Street, Toronto, for regular distribution through book stores! book stores).

3 Bn The Black Vatch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada

Adm. Order No. 1 of

Laving Up of Old Colours Parade

1. Date:

Sunday, 18 Nov 62

2. Dress:

No. 1 B

- (a) 3 RHC Other Ranks: Blue Palmoral, Green Coatee, White Waist Belt, Kilt, Hair Sporran with white strap, Diced Hosetops, Flashes, White Spats, Black Shoes, White Gloves, Medals. Senior MCOs will year Red Sash.
- (b) 3 RHC Officers: As above, including Cross-belt and sash. Claymores will be carried. Those Officers not in possession of Claymores will so advise the Adjutant without delay.
- (c) Black Watch Cadet Corps: as per SOP
- (d) Bishop's College School Cadet Corps: as per SOP
- (e) <u>Black Watch Association</u>: Civilian Clothes with Blue Balmoral and Hedals.
- 3. Fall in: 1400 hours at the Armoury.
- 4. Harching On Colours:
 - (a) Old Colour Party O.C.- Lt.J.A.3.Evans (Queen's Colour)
 - 2/Lt.W.J.Bonthron (Reginental Colour)
 - (b) <u>Mew Colour Party</u> 0.C.- Lt. W.F. Benson (Queen's Colour)
 - 2/Lt.R.W.B.White (Regimental Colour)
 - (c) RSII will detail remainder of Colour Parties.
 - (d) Hew Colour Party, with Colours cased, will march immediately behind Grd Colour Party, followed by ECs Colour Party.
 - (e) Parade at Attention -- Pipes and Drums play first eight bars of Highland Laddie. All Officers salute, taking time from C.O.
 - 5. Order of March:

3 RHC Pipes and Drums
C.O.

2 i/c Adjt.

RSH
No. 1 Guard
H.Q. & Support Coy.
Colour Parties
A Coy
B Coy
Rilitary Dand
BCs Cadet Corps
D.W.Association
BW Cadets Pipes and Drums
BW Cadet Corps

Black Watch Honored No No 19/

Third Battalion Colors Retired in Ceremony

By FRANCIS ALLEN

The visible symbols of the glory of a regiment have been laid away for posterity, and will remain "forever" within the church of St. Andrew and St. Paul.

In a ceremony yesterday, marked by color and tradition, Major Rev. Dr. R. J. Berlls, chaplain to the Black Watles and minister of the St. Andrew and St. Paul Church, laid up the old colors of the Third Bat.

Dr. Berlis replied that he accepted the colors; an honor guard gave a final salute to the banners; and they were deposited that we was read by Col. Hugh Wallis, DSO, OBE, MC.

ED, honorary Lieutenant-Colonel of the Third Battalion. Amongst those attending the service was Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott, CB, and St. Paul Church, laid up the old colors of the Third Battalion. BSO, MC, Colonel of the parent regiment in Scotland, who is

The Church of St. Andrew and St. Paul Montreal

An Order of Divine Service

to be held on

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18th, 1962

at 3:00 in the afternoon

for the purpose of the

Laying-Up of the Old Colours

of the

3BN. THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

Lt. Col. William Redpath, C.D., Commanding Officer



Those attending the service:

3 Bn. The Black Watch (R H R) of Canada The Black Watch Cadet Corps The Bishop's College School Cadet Corps The Black Watch Association Friends of the Regiment



lighland Regiment) of Canada 211ry Street ntreal

November 6th, 1962.

D, QC,

1 Church Parade will be 18th, 1962, when the 3rd their Old Colours in the St.Paul. As usual, the the Church at 3 p.m., and nembers of the Board who are in their seats before that

the 3rd Battalion, The Black he Black Watch Association, p's College School Cadet Corps

The Viscount of Arbuthnott, ed to take the Salute, which Army Recruiting Station, 772 opposite the Roddick gates.

ped that as many members of ill be able to attend the e Saluting Base. g Mrs. Parry at the Armoury,

(VI.2-5045) whether or not you are planning to be present.

Dress will be Morning Coat or Dark

Lounge Suit.

Yours sincerely,

(Wm. Redpath) Lt-Col. Commanding Officer

THE OFFICERS! MESS MESS NOTICE



October 25th, 1962.

LOOTH ANNUAL REGINERTAL REUNTON DINNER OFFICIAL NOTICE AND RESERVATION REQUEST

As announced in the previous notice the Annual Dinner will be hold at the Armoury on the evening of SATURDAY, HOVENBER 17th.

It is significant that the Annual Dinner in the Hundredth Year of the Regiment in Canada will have as its Guest of Honour His Excellency Major-General Georges P. Vanier, DSO, MC, CD, LLD, Governor-General of Canada. The Regiment will also be honoured by the presence of Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, Colonel of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment).

Reservations for the dinner are absolutely essential, and it would be most helpful to your Committee if they were received as early as possible.

Reservations may be made by returning the reply slip below... or by simply telephoning Mr. Hughson at the Mess Office, VI.2-6542, Monday through Friday.

Annual Rounion Dinnor Event:

Saturday, November 17, 1962. The Armoury Dato:

Place: 1900 hrs. Time:

\$9.00 Active Officers - Mess Kit Dinner: Dress:

Other Members - Evening Dress, miniatures (Dinner Jacket optional)

1

THE BLACK WATCH (RHR) OF CANADA

ANNUAL REGIMENTAL REUNION DINNER

17 NOVEMBER 1962

TIMETABLE AND PROCEDURE

1900 Hours	-	Mess members assemble and cocktails are served in the Officers Mess. Pipes and Drums and Military Band play alternately.	
1930 Hours	-	Colonel of the Regiment and CO 3 Bn meet the Guest of Honour upon arrival. Quarter Guard presents arms. Guest of Honour inspects Quarter Guard.	
1935 Hours	-	The Guest of Honour escorted by Colonel of the Regiment and COs RHC units proceed to the Museum for the presentation. All Active Officers of all RHC units will be presented by their COs.	
the Regiment escorts the Guest of Honour to		After all Active Officers have been presented, the Colonel of the Regiment escorts the Guest of Honour to the Orderly Room where senior Mess members and distinguished guests are presented to the Guest of Honour.	
		Bugler plays the Officers' Mess Call. All Officers and guests, except those to be seated at the Head Table, proceed to the lower tables on the Main Floor and remain standing at their respective places.	
1950 Hours	-	Officers and guests to be seated at the Head Table are piped to the Head Table on the Main Floor and remain standing at their respective places.	
1955 Hours	-	Colonel of the Regiment escorts Guest of Honour to his place when Military Band plays six bars of God Save the Queen.	

2000 Hours - PMC asks the Padre to say Grace.

Soup and main courses are served.

Military Band commences to play when all Officers and guests are seated.

Pipes and Drums play around the tables twice.

SUGGESTED ITINERARY FOR THE VISIT OF THE COLONEL OF THE PARENT REGIMENT AND VISCOUNTESS ARBUTHNOTT

Thursday, November 15	1545 hours	Arrival at Montreal Airport via TCA; proceed to Ritz-Carlton Hotel where the Arbuthnotts will be guests of the Regiment.
	Evening	Free
Friday, November 16	1245 hours	Luncheon - Col. & Mrs. MacTier.
November 10	1800 hours	Cocktail party at the residence of Brig. and Mrs. K. G. Blackader.
Saturday, November 17	1030 hours	Meeting of Executive Committee of the Advisory Board.
	1245 hours	Advisory Board luncheon at Mount Royal Club.
	1900 hours	Annual Reunion Dinner at The Armoury.
Sunday, November 18	1500 hours	Church Parade to deposit Old Colours of 3 RHC; Tea in Officers Mess.
	Evening	Free
Monday, November 19		Drive with Gen. Sir Neil and Lady Ritchie to Toronto where Arbuthnotts will stay for a few days.
Saturday, November 24		Arbuthnotts return to Montreal and stay at Ritz-Carlton.
Sunday, November 25	1435 hours	Colonel of the Regiment leaves by air for Gagetown while Viscountess Arbuthnott remains in Montreal.



ai. Gen., the Rt. Hon. Viscount of Arbuth-itt, C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O., M.C., Colonel of he Regiment, the Black Watch (Royal High-nd Regiment), and the Viscountess of Arbuth-bit photographed (left) with Mr. James F. lacferlane, chairman of the St. Andrew's

Ball committee, and Mrs. Macfarlane, as they arrived on Thursday by plane from Scotland. Lord and Lady Arbuthnott will be the guests of honor at St. Andrew's Ball being held on Friday evening. November 30, at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel.



DISTINGUISHED VISITOR: Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott and Lady Arbuthnott arrived here yesterday to be guests of honor at the St. Andrews Ball on Friday, Nov. 30. They will also attend the annual reunion dinner of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada being held Saturday. The Viscount of Arbuthnott is Colonel of the Black Watch (RHR). The St. Andrews Ball will honor the Black Watch here as the climaxing festivities for the unit's Centennial year. Shown greeting the Viscount (right) is Brig. K. G. Blackader, Colonel of the Black Watch of Canada.

VANIER VISIT DETAILS

OTTAWA — CP— Details of a ner with the 3rd Battalion of four-day visit to Montreal and the Black Watch (Royal High-Toronto by Governor-General and Mme. Vanier were announced yesterday by Government House. The Vice-Regal couple leave for Montreal today on their private railway car to attend the St. Mary's Hospital Ball later in the evening. Saturday, Mme. Vanier will visit St. Joseph de Rosemont Hospital and in the evening she will accompany the Governor-General to a mess din-

STAR, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1962



HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S REMARKS AT THE MESS DINNER OF THE BLACK WATCH (ROYAL HIGHLAND REGIMENT) OF CANADA, MONTREAL, 17TH NOVEMBER 1962.

I am grateful to you, Brigadier Black-ader, for your invitation to attend this Mess Dinner during the centennial year of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment). It affords me an opportunity to pay tribute to men who, over a period of one hundred years, through glory and sacrifice, at home and abroad, in peace and in war, have added lustre to the name of Canada.

This is no ordinary Regiment. No one could come here and not sense that there is something exceptional about it. You carry many Battle Honours, 23 from the First World War, 19 from the Second. I have gone through your impressive list of decorations. There are six V.C.'s, one of them was a very dear friend of mine whose death a short time ago grieved me deeply. I know you will forgive me for recalling a personal memory. I speak of Clark Kennedy. The night before he won his V.C. we spent together. He commanded the 24th Battalion and I the 22°. Most of our officers, including staff, and other ranks were casualties so we decided to join forces for the night. At about eight o'clock in the morning a staff officer came to say the Battalions would attack again at noon. We did side by side and I wish to put on record the bravery of a most gallant soldier and a great gentleman whose example to all ranks was an inspiration and a challenge.

There is a song of the First World War which tells us that old soldiers never die, that they just fade away. So far as it goes I suppose this is true, but it is not the whole story. Old soldiers fade away, to be sure, but their memory lingers on, living in that fabric of traditions which we call a "regiment".

Traditions are made of the lives of men. Great men make great traditions and great traditions are the inspiration of great regiments. Of these simple truths there can be no better example than the Black Watch.

I am not going to indulge in an exercise in necrology but I do want to exphasize the human element of traditions. Partly it is because, with Remembrance Day just passed, the memory of valiant and gallant gentlemen is hard upon us; and, partly, it is because there lurks in an understanding of past accomplishments a stimulus and strength for achievements in the future.

Voluble Old Generals Throad to Tax Facts

THE BLACK WATCH (R.H.R.) OF CANADA

OFFICERS' MESS

Annual Regimental Reunion Dinner



Guest of Honour His Excellency Major-General Georges P. Vanier, d.s.o., m.c., c.d., ll.d. Governor-General of Canada



ARBUTHNOTT

House of Lords.
ttish Peers have
Lords.
thnott lives with
buthnott House in
re, on the east
and.
origins of his title
d up in the mists
The title has resame family since

SATURDAY the 17th of NOVEMBER NINETEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-TWO



ANNIVERSARY DINNER: Governor General Georges P. Vanier was guest of honor as the Black Watch Regiment of Canada sat down to the annual dinner of its centenary year on Saturday. Also a guest of honor for the occasion was Maj. Gen. the Viscount of Arbuthnott, Colonel of the Black

Watch Regiment. He is visiting the Canadian Regiment in it centenary year. Left to right in the picture are Lt. Col. W. B Redpath, Lt. Col. W. A. Tweed, the Viscount of Arbuthnott Mr. Vanier, Brig. K. G. Blackader, Colonel of the Canadian Regiment and Maj. G. D. Cochrane.

ORGANIZED 1835

J. ALASDAIR PRASER, President
MAJOR J. F. MACFARLINE, First Vice-President
N. C. D. MACTAGGART, C.A., Sexual Vice-President
R. S. AIKEN, C.A., Homorary Tracturer



T. R. ANTHONY MALCOLM, Honorary Secretary
GOBDON S. SMALL, C.A., Chairman of the Pinance Committee
R. S. AIKEN, C.A., Chairman of the Welfare Committee
T. P. MILLUR, C.A., General Secretary

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY of MONTREAL

TELEPHONE: VICTOR 2-2030 1405 BISHOP STREET

October 12, 1962

Col. Paul P. Hutchison, E.D., Q.C., LL.D., D.C.L., 215 St. James St., Montreal, Que.

Dear Fellow Member:

Mention was made in two previous letters to the effect that St. Andrew's Ball this year will honour The Balck Watch (R. H. R.) of Canada in its Centennial year. The Ball will be held at The Queen Elizabeth Hotel, on Friday, November 30th, 1962, when our Guests of Honour will be Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, Colonel of the Regiment, The Black Watch (R. H. R.) and Viscountess Arbuthnott.

The object of the Ball is to raise funds to further the works of the Society, which are all of a charitable nature and include the provision of food, clothing and other assistance for needy persons and families of Scottish birth or descent. The Society also provides bursaries and scholarships for young people who would otherwise be unable to comand scholarships for young people who would otherwise be unable to complete their university studies, and makes various other grants for worthy purposes.

The Society has its investment income and receives a moderate amount from membership subscriptions, but the net proceeds from the amount from membership subscriptions, but the net proceeds from the annual Ball form a very substantial part of its annual income. I am happy to say that last year's Ball provided an increased contribution to the Society's income, and I sincerely hope that with further added support from the members of the Society, it will again be increased this year.

The whole of the Convention Floor in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel has been reserved and Denny Vaughan and his Orchestra will provide the music. The Ball Committee, together with members of The Black Watch, are planning what we all hope will be a most memorable occasion climaxare planning what we are hope with a most memorable occasion chinax-ing the year of Centennial Celebrations for The Black Watch (R. H. R.) of Canada.

Arrangements are being made so that all members of The Society may have an opportunity to meet our Guests of Honour during the We enclose a form which may be used to subscribe for tickets priced at \$15.00 each. Should you wish to meet our Guests of Honour, will you please indicate when subscribing for tickets.



THE OFFICERS! NESS

MESS NOTICE

November 9th, 1962.

- 1 -

ST. ANDREW'S BALL Friday, November 30th

ST. ANDREW'S BALL
Friday, November 30th

Members and their guests; but this year the theme, the colour and the Guest of Honour - Major-General The Viscount of Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, Colonel of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment).

Again, of course, your Mess will move to Dorchester Boulevard and provide such services as:

- . a Mess lounge and private supper room, adjacent to the main ballroom
- full chit-signing privileges for Members (although it should be noted that the Hotel will provide the bar service)
- provision for guests of Members to make bar purchases in the Mess for cash, if desired.

RESERVATIONS

To order Ball tickets, Mess passes and Mess supper reservations, please telephone Mr. Hughson at the Mess Office, VI.2-6542. (Out-of-town Members should write to the Secretary without delay).

Ball Tickets

- \$15.00 per person, \$30.00 per couple chargeable to your Mess account
- tickets will be mailed out immediately (or may be picked up at the Mess Office, if desired)
- while each Ball ticket includes a supper stub, this entitles the holder only to an unreserved place in the general supper room (see next para. for "Supper in the Mess").



Staff Photo by Adrian Lunny

Viscountess Arbuthnott, who with her husband, Viscount Arbuthnott, will attend St. Andrew's Ball.

Here for Ball -Star- Nw29/62

Lady Arbuthnott Enjoys Canada

By ETHEL TIFFIN

Viscountess Arbuthnott, Viscountess Arbuthnott, wife of the Colonel of The Regiment, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment), who is here with her husband, Viscount Arbuthnott, to altend St. Andrew's Ball tomorrow night as guests of honor, is seeing as much of Montreal and the surrounding country as she can during ing country as she can during her visit.

ing country as she can during her visit.

"I was in the Laurentians last Sunday. A Labrador took me for a walk and I thought it was lovely country. The weather was brilliant as it is today," Lady Arbuthnott said in an interview in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel yesterday.

"Friends in Montreal have been so good to us. We've driven around this fine city and found it much as we had expected. In fact, what we've seen of Canada—we were in Toronto before coming here staying with the Ritchies (Gen. Sir Neil Ritchie and Lady Ritchie) — has more than lived up to expectations. We've heard a great deal about this country from people from here who have been in Scotland."

Lady Arbuthnott's home, Arbuthert House is in Kin

in Scotland."

Lady Arbuthnott's home,
Arbuthnott House, is in Kincardine, Scotland. "My husband inherited just about two
years ago and we moved into
the house. We have a real
country life. Actually we're
quite isolated. Our own people work on the farm and
around the place and we've
a garden and dogs, Labradors and miniature dachshunds. The little dogs are
good house pets. They never
drop a hair."

The chatelaine of Arbuth.

drop a hair."

The chatelaine of Arbuthnott is keen about gardening, active in Red Cross work and the Lifeboat Service of the Royal National Lifeboat Institute, a volunteer organization which owns and operates lifeboats that rescue the crews of ships in distress.

The Black Annuasement Porth.

headquarters, is an important project, Lady Arbuthnott said, Just now a fund-raising campaign is being held in Scotland to assist the fitting out of the place and is in the form of a memorial to the late Lord Wavell. It is known as the Black Watch Wavell Fund.

Interested in antique furni-ture, Lady Arbuthnott is "al-ways looking around. I've ad-mired the early Canadian fur-niture I've seen in homes here. One spots it directly."

here. One spots it directly."
When in Toronto the Arbuthnotts attended a Black
Watch Association party. The
groups throughout Canada are
made up of ex-servicemen and
their wives. The Imperial
Black Watch has similar associtations, which undertake welfare work on behalf of veterans and their families.
Lady Arbuthnott says Can-

Lady Arbuthnott says Can-ada impresses ber as "a coun-try where people get things done, There's a go-aheadness that strikes you right away. It's just like visiting younger people."

will return to Montreat.

Uniforms At Ball On Nov. 30

Capt. A. G. Bridgeman, CD, RCN, senior naval officer St. Lawrence River Area, Maj.-Gen. F. J. Fleury, CBE ED, CD, general officer commanding Quebec Command and ing Quebec Command and Air Vice-Marshal M.M. Hendrick, O.BE, CD, air officer commanding Air Defence Commanding Air Defence Commanding Air Defence of regular and reserve force units to wear uniforms and decorations at St. Andrew's Ball which is being held on Nov. 30 at The Queen Elizabeth Hotel.

This year St Andrew's Ball

This year St. Andrew's Ball honors the Centenary of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Can-

ada.
Guests of honor will be Maj.-Gen. the Viscount Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, Colonel of The Regiment, The Black Watch Royal Highland Regiment and the Viscountess Arbuthnott to whom 42 debutantes will be presented.

Viscountess Prefers A 'Countrified' Life Casual Clothes And Gardening To Her Liking Six maple leaf pins bought By BEVERLEY MITCHELL Lady Arbuthnoti's first visit to Canada and while she to fine and ton cont store the house We wish had still to the like the she To Her Liking

are the only purchases Lady Arbuthnott has made in Canada. They are intended for her grandchildren.

"All the children love maple leaf pins," Lady Arbuthnott said in an interview at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel yester-

day.

She and her husband, the Viscount of Arbuthnott, are in Montreal to be guests of honor at the St. Andrews Ball tomorrow night. They will also attend the annual reunion dinner of the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada Saturday. The Viscount of Arbuthnott is Colonel of the Black Watch (RHR). The St. Andrews Ball will honor the Black Watch as the climaxing festivity of the unit's centennial year. unit's centennial year.

Lady Arbuthnott, vividly blue-eyed, herself was wearing a glittering maple leaf pin, given to her in Toronto by the Black Watch. The pin, and a diamond ring, were the only jewelry Lady Arbuthnott wore with the simple ensemble she prefers — a sweater and an Arbuthnott tartan skirt.

"I'm countrified," she explained.

Farm Attached To The Estate

Before her husband inherited Before her husband inherited his title two years ago, Lady Arbuthnott had lived in a variety of places all over the world—including India, Egypt and Austria—when her husband was in the army. Now, with their five dogs, they live in the family home, originally built in 1300, in Kincardineshire on the northeast coast of Scotland. northeast coast of Scotland.
"There's a farm attached to

By BEVERLE
the house. We raise beef cattle
and sheep and, though we have
a manager to run it, my husband and I take a great interest in the farm.
"There's also a big garden
around the house, which is unusual in Scotland, Usually, gardens are away from the house
and walled in," explained Lady
Arbuthnott, whose particular
interest is gardening.
"July is a terribly rushed
month for me. Then I'm picking currants, raspberries and
strawberries and canning
them."
Lady Arbuthnott has daily

Lady Arbuthnott has daily help in to care for the large, 15-room house, but no resident help. And she does all her own cooking.

Way of Life Changed Little

"I"ve been doing it so long now, I wouldn't like to change." She is also against changing to supermarkets in preference to the friendly, neighborhood grocery.

"The young people in Scotland are accepting them en-thusiastically. But I prefer to know the man behind the counter and to shop daily. It's more personal," said Lady Arbuth-nott, mother of four and grandmother of six.

Her way of life has changed only slightly since her hus-band inherited his title, she continued. She is president of the local chapter of the Ladies Lifeboat Guild, which raises money for the Lifeboat Institu-tion to operate boats along the coast on a purely voluntary basis.

She is also associated with the Red Cross and the Church of Scotland's Women's Guild, "Most of the things I do now I was interested in before, however,"

Enthusiastic

Lady Arbuthnott and her husband attend quite a few social functions, but the invitation to St. Andrews is the first invitation they have restrictly the restrict the state of ceived to go abroad. It is

Lady Arbuthnott's first visit to Canada and, while she finds the tempo faster, it is "not exaggerated."

The Laurentians remind her of Austria, where she lived after the war when her husband was with the occupation forces. "I think the ski chalets add to the similarity," she said.

she said.

Lady Arbuthnott has found Canadians most enthusiastic about preserving ties with Scotland.

"I think it's very inspiring for a Scot to come out here and find so many people so enthusiastic about our country."



(Gazette Photo Service)





ST. ANDREW'S BALL. Capt. Stephen Angus, Adjutant of the 3rd Bn. The Black Watch Adjutant of the 3rd Bn. The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada, Miss Marguerite Starke, secretary of the Ball committee for St. Andrew's Ball being held on Friday evening, November 30, at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel, and Mrs. Leonard Ferdon, committee member, wife of Capt. L. N. Ferdon, Quarter-master of the 3rd Bn. Capt. Angus is the grandson of Col. George Stephen Cantlie, D.S.O., V.D., C.D., who was an honorary colonel of the Regiment and served the Regi-ment continually for over seventy years.



Debutantes and their escorts practice the Centenary Reel

Dance Composed For Centenary

The St. Andrew's Ball will have an added attraction this

year.
To honor the centenary of the founding of the Black Watch (RIIR) in Canada a new Scottish reel will be danced by the debutants.

tish reel will be danced by the debutants.

The Centenary Reel, as it is called, was composed by an officer of the regiment especially to mark this occasion and has been dedicated, by the composer, to the St. Andrew's Society in Montreal.

The new dance is a strathspey, which is similar to, but slower than a reel. Strathspey music and steps are unique. Many nations have dances in similar rhythm to the Scottish Reels and Jigs but the strathspey steps and music are peculiar to Scotland.

The first figure of the Centenary Reel shows the St. Andrew's Cross, symbolic of the St. Andrew's Society: the Regiment's Crest of the Black Watch, and the flag of Scotland. The second figure is indicative of parading men marching through the pears. The last figure depicts 100 to mark the 100th anniversary of the founding of the regiment in Canada.

More than 40 debutants and

their escorts have been practising the new dance since October in the Black Watch headquarters on Bleury St. The muse for the reel will be provided by the Pipes and Drums of the 3rd Battalion, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada.

The composition has also been orchestrated by Denny Vangha 10 waltz time for the debutants first dance after their presentation to Viscount Arbuthnott, Colonel of the Imperial Black Watch.

THE GAZETTE, MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1963

Deb

PARIS — ly 350 young ing two from made their is society at a national deb



Debutantes who were presented at St. Andrew's Ball held on Friday evening at the Queen Elizabeth Hotel. Scated, Miss Mimi Baird, Miss Pierrette Beaudin, Miss Susan Hamilton, Miss Penny Gregory and Miss Pauline Hupe. Standing, Miss Nicole Ceurteis,

Miss Martha Meagher, Miss Sally Farrell, Miss Elizabeth Gilday Miss Diana Bourne, Miss Susan Mactaggart, Miss Katharine Stuart Bonar, and Miss Leslie Jean Denman.



Staff Photo by Mac Juster

The Viscount and Viscountess of Arbuthnott, of Kincardine, Scotland, were guests of honor at the St. Andrew's Ball last night in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel. Here, the Viscount and Viscountess are pictured with other members of the receiving line. They are, from left, Mr.

Alasdair Fraser, president of the St. Andrew's Society, Mrs. Fraser, Viscount Arbuthnott, Viscountess Arbuthnott, Mrs. James F. MacFarlane and Mr. MacFarlane, chairman of the Ball. More than 50 debutantes attended. (More pictures may be found on page 26.)

St. Andrew's Ball

Regimental Decor Feature of Annual Event

Trees of natural pine formed the background of the presentation dais last night when more than 50 debutantes were presented to guests of honor Viscount and Viscountess of Arbuthnott at St. Andrew's Ball in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel. The dais was flanked by standards of red gladioli and blue plumes rising from large rosettes in Black Watch tartan centred with the regimental badge. The overall motif was the centenary of the Black Watch being observed this year.

The highlight of the decora-The highlight of the decorations in the ballroom was a mural of Stirling Castle by moonlight done in mauve, violet and deep blue. The castle, near Stirling, Scotland, is the depot of The Black Watch, Royal Highland Regiment

The mural was set off by

large banners of the green, red and blue of the Black Watch Colors. Military drums in gold foil were placed at the foot of each banner.

100t of each banner.
In the supper room, back of the head table, was the coat of arms of Maj-Gen. Viscount Arbuthnott, on either side the Union Jack and the St. Andrew's Cross.

Debutantes Presented

Debutantes Presented
Debutantes presented were:
Suzanne Badeaux, Mimi Baird,
Jeannine Beaubien, Pierrette
Beaudin, Josette Belanger,
Julie Belanger, Ariane Berthiaume, Mary Stuart Bonar,
Diana Bourne, Susan Brainerd, Nike Eleutheria Coulourides, Nicole Courtois, Johanne Cousineau, Helene DeSerres, Sally Farrell, Catherine Jean Finnie, Michele Gauthier, Elizabeth Anne Gilday,
Linda Green, Helene Gregoire, Penelope Gregory, Susan Jane Hamilton, Pauline
Hupe, Helene Jarry, Katherine Kingston, Josee Langevin,
Janet McDougall, Martha Meagher, Margot Michaud, Lynne
Murray, Susan Mactaggart,
Betty McLean, Martha Nixon,
Carole Parenteau, Diane
Piche, Monique Plourde,
Michelle Rolland, Helen Ross,
Josanne Ryan, Annick St-Germain, Giselle Samson, Eve
Sise, Kirsten Thomson, Joan
Bond Thornton, Lucie Trottier, Nicole Valiquette, Margaret Bailey, Leslie Jean Denman, Ann Ethel McMahon,
Gail Francis Wheeler and
Mary Eileen White. Debutantes presented were:



ST. ANDREW'S BALL. From left to right: (foreground), Mrs. J. Alasdair Fraser, Major-General the Rt. Hon. Viscount of Arbuthnott, C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O., M.C., the Colonel of The

Regiment, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) and the Viscountess of Arbuthnott, the guests of honor, and Mr. Fraser, president of St. Andrew's Society.

Scotland's Glory Celebrated At St. Andrew's Ball & Ball & Back Watch's

Black Watch's Centennial Marked

Queen Elizabeth Hotel to honor their patron saint at the annual ball of St. Andrew's Society. The setting was particularly appropriate for the celebration of the centenary of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada Regiment and the presence of the colonel of the Imperial Regiment, Major-General the Rt. Hon. Viscount of Arbuthnott, C.B., C.B.E., D.S.O., M.C. and the Viscountess of Arbuthnott, who were the A thousand years and more have emblazoned the pages of history, and the glory of one of Canada's most famous regiments, the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada were evoked amid the pomp of heraldry and the skirl of bagpipes as Scots near and far foregathered last night at the

Stirling Castle guests of honor.

background of the dais, which was flanked by red gladioli and blue plumes, rising from large rosettes in the Black rosettes in the Watch farfan, centred Watch tartan, centred with the regimental badge. Highlight of the decorations pine were arranged at intervals around the ball

Scotland, is the depot of the

ing a beaded bodice with a bolero effect in the back and a Miss Julie Belanger, in a frock of white peau d'ange hava strapless bodice, and a full skirt entwined with white satin bell-shaped skirt.

Miss Ariane Berthiaume, wearing a frock of white broche scintillant fashioned on empire lines with a white satin sash, and pearl jewelry.

Miss Mary Stuart Bonar, in a sheath frock of white Chantilly lace, pearl Jewelry, and a sash

Miss Susan Brainerd in a frock of white lace over poult do soic having a filled bodice ing a fitted bodice and a full skirt, and pearl jewelry. was followed by a reception in the St. Laurent Room for the specially invited guests. skin or ripes

At ten o'clock the official be party was ribed into the ball. In recent by the Black watch by the bulbnott both their places on the dais with the president of the Society and Mrs. Fraser and the chairman of the ball



and sapphire jewelry.

Miss. Jo ha n ne Cousineau,
wearing a frock of white Chantilly lace having a flared skirt
falling into a slight train.

Miss. Helene DeSerres, in a

Miss Catherine Jean Finnie, in a frock of white poult de soie having a fitted bodice and a skirt with a bustle effect, and wearing a sash of MacCallum tartan and pearl jewelry.

Miss Michele Gauthier, wearing a frock of white poult de soie fashioned with a draped bodice and with a full skirt, and pearl ornaments. frock of white poult de soie having a fitted bodice with a scoop neckline and an embroidered belt, and a full skirt, and wearing poral accessories.

Miss Sally Farrell, wearing a frock of white tulle appliqued committee, Mr. James F. Mactarlane and Mrs. Mactarlane. Lady Arbuthnott was in a gown of shell pink wild silk taffeta, the bodice having drapery on the shoulders and the straight skirt fashioned with back fullness. Sh. a sash of the Arbuthnott tar-tan and a diamond tiara and pendant.

with lace, fashioned with a fitted bodice and a full skirt.

Presentation

Bonar, co-chairmen, present-ed the debutantes. Those pre-Cowie, debutante Kingston and Mrs. J. Stuart Mrs. P. V. Then Mrs. F. W. chairman of the del committee, and Mrs.

a square neckline, and an A-line skirt, and wearing a sash Miss Suzanne Badeaux, wearsented were:

ing a frock of white brocade and sevelet, having a flited bodice and a bell-shaped skirt.

Miss Mimi Baird, in a frock of white chifton feathoned on empire lines with a softly flared skirt, and wearing a sash of party and wearing a sash of Skirt, and we

pearls having a fitted bodice and a bell-shaped skirt, and gold and turquoise accessories. Miss Pierrette Beaudin, in a frock of Italian poult de soie having a skirt falling into a slight train. Miss Jeannine wearing a frock of white poult de soie appliqued with Guipure lace and embroidered with seed

Miss Susan Jame Hamilton, in a frock of white poult de soie having a strapless bodice and a full skirt, and a sash of Stuart tartan and pearl orna-Miss Pauline Hupe, wearing a frock of white lace and tulle over poult de soie fashioned with a fitted bodice and with a Miss Pauline Hupe, full skirt. into a slight train, and pearl and diamond jewelry.

Miss Helene Gregoire, wearing a freek of white poult despois having a draped bodice and a full skirt falling into a slight train, and pearl jewelry. Miss Penelope Gregory, in a freek of antique white slipper satin having a fitted bodice frock of white Spanish Jace fashioned with a camisole bo-dice and an A-line skirt falling Miss Linda Green, wearing a

Miss Helene Jarry, in a frock of white silk fashioned on empire lines having a bodice embroidered with crystal beads and a full skirt of unpressed pleats, and wearing pearl orne-

wearing a sheath frock of white crepe chiffon having a strap-less bodice embroidered with silver beads and feather flow-ers and crystal jewelry. Miss Josee Langevin, in a frock of white ottoman silk, Miss Katherine Kingston, ments.

frock of white ottoman silk, with a fitted bodice and a full skirt trimmed with white satin, and wearing pearl jewelry.

Miss Janet McDougall Logan, wearing a frock of ivory salin faille, fashioned on princess lines with a back panel falling from the shoulder, and jade or-

Miss Martha Meagher, in a frock of white lily of the val-ley brocade, with a draped

seed pearls and crystals and a skirt of unpressed pleats. Miss D. frock of bodice and a skirt fashioned with a draped sash tied with a bow at the back, falling into a slight train.

and a full skirt, and wearing a sash of MacGregor tartan and

pearl ornaments.

Miss Elizabeth Anne Gilday, soie having a fitted bodice with Robertson tartan and pearl

frock of white poult

in

Niss Margot Michaud, in a white frock having a lame bodice and a skirt of poult de soie falling into a slight train and wearing pearl jewely.

Miss Lysanne Murray, in a frock of white poult, de soie, having a fitted bodice and a bell-shaped skirt falling into a slight train.

wearing pearl jewelry.

with slight fullness at the back, and a sash of Mactag-gart tartan. Miss Susan Mactaggart, wearing a frock of white brocade, with a fitted bodice and a skirt fashioned on slim lines

tan

Miss Betty McLean, in a frock of white duchess satin, the filted bodice embroidered in crystal beads and the bell-shaped skirt draped to one side and wearing a sash of MacLean tartan.

cent sequins, having a strap-less bodice and an A-line de soie appliqued with irides-Miss Martha Nixon, in Balmain model of white pou

Miss Carole Parenteau, wearing a frock of white satin, with a fitted bodice having a scoop neckline and a bell-shaped s kirt trimmed with Calais lace, and pearl jewelry.

satin fashioned on simple lines having a sash embroid-ered with seed pearls and a full skirt, and pearl jewelry. Miss Giselle Samson, in a Marie-Paule model of white wearing a frock of white satin fashioned on simple Miss Monique Plourde, in a frock of silver brocade, fash-ioned on classical lines and

with deep folds at the waist, and wearing pearl acces-French cloque having a fitted bydice and a bell-shaped skirt Miss Diane Reid, in a frock of white poult de soie appliqued with Guipure lace having a basque waist, and wearing a sash of Stuart tar-

Miss Eve Sise, in a frock of white and silver embossed brocade fashioned on Empire sories. Miss Eve Sise,

lines, and wearing a sarh of Johnston tartan and pearl and pearl

> Miss Helen Ross, in a frock of white poult de soie having a fitted bodice with small and wearing a sash of Ross faring and pearl ornaments. Miss Josanne Ryan, in a Maric-Paule model of white

shoulder

rhinestone

jewelry.

Miss Kirsten Thomson, wearing a frock of white poult desoie having a straptess bodice embroidered with seed pearls and a full skirt.

Miss Joan Bond Thornton, in a frost of white and silver broed and having a fitted bodice with a square neckline and a bell-stanged skit falling into a slight Irain at the back, and wearing train at the back, and wearing accessories.

by an officer of The Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada for the Centenary Reel, compo

Centenary Reel

Miss Nicole Valiquette, wear-ing a frock of white French satin having a fitted bodice em-broidered with seed pearls, and

the Regi-

Cross, the

Andrew's Cro mental Crest

the occasion, was danced.

Watch and the flag of Scotland. The last figure depicted

Miss Mary Eileen White, in a slight train

This was followed by the reel of the 51st Division, composed in a German prison prison camp during World War II by officers of the 51st Highland Division.

At half-past twelve o'clock, the guests of honor were piped into The Black Watch Mess Jacks. Red roses in bowls and garlands of Black Watch tar-tan ribbon spreading out from a central 100 decorated the and at one o'clock supper was served. The Coat of Arms of the supper table, flanked b Lord Arbuthnott h

(Continued on Page 26)

Later on during the evening silk brocade having a fitted bodice with a round neckline, and a full skirt falling into a slight Diana Piche, in a f white Italian silk, with a bodice embroidered in

The coat of arms of Lord Arbuthnot, Colonel of the Regiment, The Black Watch.

an A-line skirt.

Miss Margaret Bailey, in a frock of white and silver brocade, with a fitted bodice and a bouffant skirt.

one hundred, to mark the hundredth anniversary of the founding of the regiment in

organza over satin, with a draped strapless bodice and a skirt fashioned of ruffles, a sash of MacGregor tartan and pearl jewelry. Miss Leslie Jean Denman, wearing a frock of white silk

Miss Am Ethel McMahan, in a froz of white boult de soie with a fitted bolice and a skirt of umpressed pleats caught at the back with two silk mess, and wearing pearl ornaments. wearing a gown of white poult de soie, the fitted bodice em-broidered in seed pearls and the bouffant skirt falling into a Miss Gail Frances Wheeler,

frock of white poult de saie, having a fitted bodice and a skirt caught into a bustle at the back and wearing a sash of the MacAuley barran.
The ball was opened by the

Coot of Arms

Lord Arbuthnott officiated at
Lord Arbuthnott officiated at
the ceremony of Cutting the
Haggis, which was piped in
with claymore and the ceremony of Cutting Haggis, which was piped borne with claymore

debutante waltz, which was followed by an eightsome reel. in a white Miss Lucie Trottier, Pierre Cardin model of poult de soie having a strap-less bodice and a filted skirt flaring at the bottom with a Watteau folded panel in the back hoftle by a French Knot, and a sash of Stuart tartan. Miss Annick St. Germain,

Miss Bonnie Ritchie, wear-ing a frock of white and silver broeade having a fitted bod-ice and a full skirt falling into a slight train, and a sash of Machriosh fartan. Miss Michelle Rolland, wearing a frock of white silk organza appliqued with Chantilly lace and having a full



TOP SOLDIERS: A gathering of many of the "neads" of the famous highland regiment was need recently when the Council of The Black

Watch, Major - General, The Viscount of Arbutanot, Visited the 1st Battanon, The Black Watch Deposit and Brig. K. G. Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, at Camp Gagewall, Here, left to D. Cocurane, commanding of Canada.

Lamp Gagetran Gagell- De 616-

Camp Gagetown Gazette



VOL. 2 NO. 46

OROMOCTO, N.B., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1962

FIVE CENTS PER COPY



NEW AREA COMMANDER: army's new commander ew Brunswick Area, Brig. A. F. B. Knight, left, pays his first official call at C a m p Gagetown following his arriva al in the province Sunday. He will succeed Brig. N. H. Ross in the post who leaves for the United Kingdom in early Dec-

ember to attend the Imperial
Defence College for a period
of a year. Brig. Knight formerly was director of the National Defence College, Kingsten, Ont. Left to right are
Brig. Knight; Brig. Ross;
Maj.-Gen.-he Viscount of Arbuthnott, colonel of the British
Imperial Black Watch, cur-

renuy visiting Canada, Brig. N. G. Wilson - Smith, commander of Camp Gagetown's 3rd Canadian Infantry Brigade Group; and Brig. K. G. Blackader of Montreal, colonel of the regiment of The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canadia also visiting and control of the regiment of Canadia also visiting the regiment of Canadia also visiting the comments of the comments ment) of Canada, also visiting

Brig. Knight Takes Appointment Dec 8

The army's new commander for New Brunswick Area, Brig. A.F.B. Knight, 52, has arrived in the province to take up his new post early next month.

Brig. Knight, a veteran commander and holder of numerous high-ranking appointments in Canada and overseas, succeeds Brig. N. H. Ross, 47, who leaves for the United Kingdom in December to attend the Imperial Defence College. Both are natives of Winnipeg.

natives of Winnipeg.

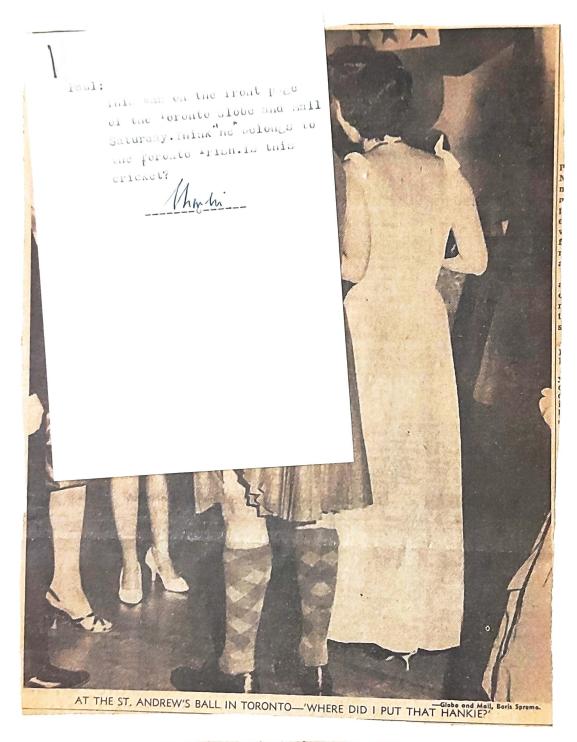
The official change of command becomes effective December 8. The new commander, Brig, Knight, formerly was director of the National Defence College in Kingston, Ont. At one time he served as the army's vice adjutant general, at Army Headquarters, Ottawa.

Canadian i



THE COVER

A patrol of The Highland Company of the 5th Battalion, Royal Light Infantry (later The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment of Can-nda)), during the Fenian Raids, 1870. See "The Story and Traditions of The Black Watch", page 33.



• OLD BLACK WATCH GEAR WANTED: Items of gear worn by the 73rd Canadian Infantry Battalion, Royal Highlanders of Canada, Black Watch, of the Canadian Expeditionary Force of 1914-1918 are being sought by a Toronto military historian to complete illustration in full color of a group of representative battalion figures. Required are a portion or all of a khaki kilt as worn by the unit, with red, green and blue stripes rumning through the weave; and the Glengarry of the same material. Also needed is one of the fur caps worn by the unit on wintertraining in Canada before proceeding overseas, with a colored badge on one side, to which was affixed the regimental badge. The items are sought for a short time only, and will be carefully preserved and returned. The historian may be contacted through this column.

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THE LITERATURE OF THE GORDON HIGHLANDERS

By J. PAINE

Kilted regiments owe a good deal of their popularity to the fact that so much has been written about them. This is particularly true in the case of the Gordon Highlanders, whose achievements have been told over and over again. The deeds of the old 92nd Highlanders seem to have had a peculiar fascination for such well-known writers as Grant, Bulloch and Milne, names which to readers North of the Tweed need no introduction. Apart from the regimental histories of the Gordons, one has to take into account the various volumes of reminiscences penned by those who have had the honour of serving in the regiment. The bibliography might even be extended to include the early chapters of biographies of eminent soldiers whose regimental service was spent in either the 75th or the 92nd, the two distinct regiments which in the early eighties became by the stroke of a pen the 1st and 2nd Battalions of the Gordon Highlanders. The names which come most readily to mind in the last-mentioned category are Robert Crauford, Lord Strathnairn, Sir George White and Hector Macdonald. A "Life" has yet to be written of General Sir Ian Hamilton, the Colonel of the Regiment in pre-war days. A good start in this direction was made by Sir Ian himself in a delightful volume entitled "When I Was a Boy," which leads up to his life at Sandhurst and the passing of his Army examination.1

The services of the 75th were ignored by Richard Cannon, the War Office clerk who compiled the well-known and oft-abused series of Historical Records invariably referred to today as Cannon's Records. The series was intended to comprise "the History of every Regiment in Her Majesty's Service," to quote the title page, and included a volume on the 92nd Highlanders, embellished with a few coloured plates depicting the uniforms and Colours. It was published by authority in the early fifties and was followed just a half-century later by Lieut.-Colonel C. Greenhill Gardyne's well-written and profusely illustrated two-volume work, "The Life of a Regiment: The History of the Gordon Highlanders," the third volume of which was published in 1939. This last volume covers the period 1898 to 1914, and is, of course, mainly concerned with the Transvaal War, with its memories of Elandslaagte, Ladysmith, Magersfontein, Dornkop and all the other actions which revealed the fine fighting qualities of the regiment. The work is excellently illustrated and does credit to the author, Lieut.-Colonel A. D. Greenhill Gardyne, who, as may be guessed, is the son of the writer of the first two volumes. both of which were republished in 1929. These two handsome volumes are devoted to the careers of two entirely separate regiments up to 1881, when the 75th (Stirlingshire) Regiment became the 1st Battalion of the

1 His military career forms the subject of a sequel volume bearing the rather odd title, "Listening for the Drums," published in 1944.

THE GAZETTE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1962

Black Watch Gains New Cadet Corps

Rothesay Collegiate School Cadet Corps has been affiliated with the Black Watch (RHR) of Canada, it was announced vesterday.

yesterday.

The affiliation followed ap The allination innoved ap-proval by Brigadier K. G. Blackader, Colonel of the Regiment, and was marked by a ceremony in the school rink at which the Pipes and Drums of the 1st Battalian gave a band concert. The corps has in the past been affiliated with militia regi-

ments stationed in Saint John, most recently the Royal New Brunswick Regiment. Changes in the role of the militia and the proximity of

Camp Gagetown made the change a logical one.

RCS cadets first began to

drill in 1891, and though there are one or two senior corps in other parts of Canada, it is the oldest cadet corps in New Brunswick and the oldest in the Eastern Command.



AMBASSADOR VISITS BRIGADE UNITS — Canada's Ambassador to the Federal Republic of Germany, the Honoucable John K. Starnes, this week spent two days visiting units of the Brigade. On arrival at Fort MacLeod, Hemer, on Monday, the Ambassador was greeted with a nineteen-gun salute fired by 3rd Regiment, Royal Canadian Horse Artillery, and a fifty-man guard of honour mounted by 1st Baltalion, Oueen's Own Riffes of Canada. Here the Ambassador, accompanied by Guard Commander Captain T. C. Stout, Inspects the Guard. (1 QOR Photo)

Visited By Ambassador

SOEST (Staff) — A nineteen-gun salute fired by 3rd Regiment, Royal Cana-dian Horse Artillery, and a fifty-man guard of honour mounted by 1st Batta-lion, Queen's Own Rifles of Canada, marked the arrival at Fort MacLeod, Hemer, last Monday of the Honourable John K. Starnes, Canadian Ambassador to the

last Monday of the Honourable John K. Starnes, Canadian Allipussation feederal Republic of Germany.

The Ambassador, who was accompanied by Mrs. Starnes and Colonel and Mrs. K. A. Toms, Canadian Military Attache at the Bonn Embassy, remained in the Brigade area until Wednesday morning.

After inspecting the guard of honour and the Battalion Bugles, the Ambassador and his party were entertained at luncheon by the officers of the Queen's Own Rifles. Following lunch he visited 3rd Regiment, Royal Canadian Horse Artillery and 1st Surface to Surface Missile Battery at Fort Prince of Wales and later visited the Hemer PMQ area and Maple Leaf Services Store.

During the last part of Monday afternoon the Ambassador moved to Fort Beausejour in Iserlohn where he visited elements of 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise's) and Fort Garry Horse which were in the process of rotation.

On Tuesday morning came a visit to Fort York, home base of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Canadian Regiment and Band of the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada.

Later the official party travelled to the Werl area and visited 4 Field Squadron,

RCE, and Radio Station — Canadian Army Europe at Fort Victoria; 1 Field Ambulance RCAMC, and the MLS Holi-day Shop at Fort Anne; and the 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch at Fort St. Louis.

After lunching with the Officers of The Black Watch, the Ambassador's party re-turned to the Soest area and toured Soest PMQs and DND Senior and Junior Schools.

The Ambassador concluded his tour of Brigade untis on Tuesday afternoon, visiting Recce Squadron, Fort Garry Horse and other units in Fort Chambly.

During their visit the Ambassador and his wife were the guests of Brigadler and Mrs. M. R. Dare at Hilltop House. The Ambassador left the Brigade area on Wednesday morning. Wednesday morning.



CENTENNIAL GIFT: Brig. K. G. Blackader, left, Colonel of the Black Watch (R.H.R.) of Canada and Col. W. S. M. MacTier, Chairman of the Centennial Committee, prepare to despatch to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother a memento of her visit to Montreal last June when she presented new colors to the three Canadian battalions. The presentation case contains a color slide record of her visit to Montreal to Montreal

Flag Group Leader Gets Sentence

Paul A. Lapointe, 32 year-old founder and president of a group seeking a "distinctive" Canadian flag, has been given a time-in-jail sentence and held under a peace bond after admitting a public mischief charge. The public mischief charge stems from a flag-destroying incident last June along Sherbrooke street when a number of Union Jacks were removed from flagpoles along the fashionable artery.

Lapointe also faced a charge of theft in connection with the incident but this was withdrawn yesterday. He admitted the public mischief charge, involving a value of \$70, and was condemned to the time he had already spent in jail (three or four days) and held in personal bond of \$500 to keep the peace for two years.

In imposing sentence, Mr.

oays) and me to be peace for two years.

In imposing sentence, Mr. Justice Ignace Deslauriers warned Lapointe that if he came back before the courts on any similar accusation, he would, if found guilty, be sent to jail for a year or ordered to pay a fine of \$500.

Lapointe said he was pleading guilty to the public mischief but stoutly maintained he was not guilty of theft. He added he was "defending a cause." The incident occurred during the visit of the Queen Mother last June.

June.

Meanwhile, as the court pro-Meanwhile, as the court pro-cedure was going on inside, a two-man picket line marched up and down outside the court house, bearing placards. One of them said: "Lapointe, a patriot, not a thief."

CROSSING THE RHINE

In that most interesting article,
"The First Armistice and the March
to the Rhine," by Major George Hunter
in the November issue there is a minor
inaccuracy which, as it affects regimental pride, I should like to correct.
The article states that the 13th

mentai prine, I snould like to correct.
The article states that the 13th
Battalion, of the 3rd Brigade, led the
1st Division across the Rhine on December 13, 1918. In actual fact it was the 14th Battalion which led the Divi-sion. When the 3rd Brigade was desig-nated to lead the Division, the four battalion commanders drew lots and the 14th Battalion won.

On that morning, the battalion was formed up ready to move off when Major-General Sir Archie Macdonnell, the divisional commander, rode up to the divisional commander, rode up to the head of the column and spoke to that splendid soldier, Lt-Col. Dick Worrall, D.S.O., M.C., Officer Commanding the 14th. He said, "Worrall, your battalion looks magnificent and I congratulate you. Don't you think, though, that the Canadian Highland Brigade should be led by a kilted regiment, headed by its pipes and drums?" "No, sir," replied Worrall, "our battalion has won the right and we will not give it up." Sir Archie pleaded, cajoled and stormed, all to no avail, and finally galloped off, muttering maledictions!

avail, and finally galloped off, mutter-ing maledictions!

So the 14th Battalion (The Royal Montreal Regiment) led the 1st Divi-sion across the bridge, headed by its regimental band playing 'Rule Britan-

-C. B. Price (Maj.-Gen., formerly Major and 2 i/c 14th Bn., C.E.F.) Knowlton, P.Q.

Book Column

By Paul Le Butt

watch has a certain magic. In renture and deeds of derring-do; who had the honor of serving in Regiment, whether from Scottralia, it stands for a brotherhood ornal boundaries.

watch (The Royal Highlanders Association, 1962) is the story of en who have served successively adian regiment until the present regiment has been affiliated to it in Great Britain, The Black the senior Highland Regiment of

shed volume, in addition to giving of the regiment's activities, from tells of the origin of the parent

ion of Montreal took place only a two historic rebellions of 1715 and nds of Scotland. As a result of the nders were no longer permitted to dress or to bear arms. But such It to enforce in the glens and hills d Line. Then in 1724 a new Com-General Wade, was appointed to roads and forts in the north and of the loyal clans to enlist in Indes, formed to keep the peace in the vere mostly Campbells and Grants, os - family names which were to in the annals of The Black Watch verseas. These Companies were pere Highland Dress and to bear arms. ese Companies were formed, under land Chieftains, to be stationed in ts all over the Scottish Highlands.

Companies were being called The ause of the watch they kept in the he dark tartan they wore. It is said lew tartan made up of the predominatartans of these Chieftains in order sies might be avoided. But the Grants dispute this, claiming the tartan of their own. Nevertheless, it became Government Tartan of The Black

istory shows that the companies were 43rd Regiment of Foot, and later the which they have remained ever since. 1779, a Second Battalion was formed 13rd Regiment.

the Black Watch has a long and solhistory. It started in 1862 as the light Infantry, and was formed mi as the parent regiment. Six Montr viland L. Routh, Andrew Allan, Gorc James L. Mathewson, John M. Hopk Campbell each raised a company, a given to Colonel Routh.

regiment saw action in border raic Fenian raids in 1866 and 1870. Then thing happened, A General Order wing it from the list of active militia corp

AND LOOK AT THIS HAT! IT'S PROBABLY HIS FAVORITE OLD H







3 Bu, The Black Match (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada Sergeants' Mess

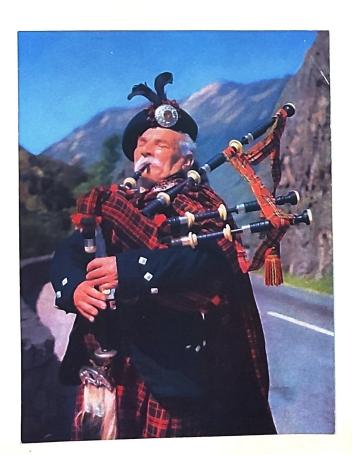


(Burns Nicht)

Annual Dinner



SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1963 THE ARMOURY 2067 BLEURY ST.



AL STAR, FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1963



Major D. A. McAlpine of Montreal, is being promoted to lieutenant colonel this month and appointed Commanding Officer of the 2nd Battalion, Black Watch, Army headquarters announced to day. The battalion is serving with the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade in West Germany.

ANNUAL SERGEANTS! MESS DINNER

(BURNS NIGHT)

26 JANUARY 1963

18.30 hrs	
19.1j hrs	
19.30 hrs	
20.00 hrs	Piper to play Sergeants! Mess Call Members and guests not on head table will take their places at tables on main floor!
20.10 hrs	Head table party piped to dinner:
20.15 hrs	
20.20 hrs	
20.20 hrs	Haggis Party (CSM Chartier) and pipers will move to north-east sorner of Armoury (drill Hall Floor)
20.25 hrs	Introduction of Head Table Guests by RQMS Evans J.J.
20.30 hrs	Haggis Party enters - Address to Haggis Mr. J. Cool
20.40 hrs	Entree (Military Band to play)
20.50 hrs	Main Course Etc.
21.10 hrs	Coffee.
21.15 hrs	THE QUEEN Sgt. Naughton (Mil Band to Play Queen)
21.20 hrs	Introduction of visiting RSMs or Representatives. (VPMC Sgt. Betts)
21.30 hrs	"Our Regiment" (Sgt. Marr)
21.35 hrs	Reply to"Our Regiment" Lt-Col W.B. Redpath CD
21.40 hrs	RSM's Remarks. M. Gurevitch
21.45 hrs	Pipes and Drums parade to head table (RSM's Pleasure)
21.50 hrs	Recess (10 Minutes)
22.00 hrs;-	Immortal Memory (Robert Burns) Mr. J. (Knobby) Clark
22.05 hrs	Introduction of Guest Speaker CSM V. Chartier
	Guest Speaker Dr. Thompson
22.30 hrs	Thanks to Guest Speaker Sgt. A. Rodgers
22.35 hrs 22.40 hrs 22.45 hrs	"Fallen Comrades" "Our Officers" "Our Officers" Reply Maj. Price
23.05 hrs '	'Our Guests" (CSM Monk).
23.10 hrs	Reply to our guests R.C.N.
23.20 hrs	Presentation of life Membership Button to Maj. Kennedy Allen (Honorary Member)

Bisley 1960

The Canadian Army Rifle Team

Lieut.-Colonel Wm. J. Strachan, MBE, CD, Directorate of Ordnance Services, Army Headquarters, Ottawa*

Being "Centenary Year", Bisley 1960 was bigger and better than ever before with more than two thousand competitors taking part. Teams from Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the Rhodesian Federation, the West Indies and the Channel Islands were there, along with individual competitors from al-most every corner of the Common-

Home country competitors, long in retirement, returned to join battle in this memorable year. On such an occasion, as might be expected, several "firsts" were recorded: Her Market Ward of the work erat "firsts" were recorded: Her Majesty the Queen made her first visit to Bisley, the Self-loading Service Rifle was introduced into Active Service shooting, the team travelled to and from Bisley by air and the Canadian Army Rifle Team won a major event.

The author of this article had the honour of being appointed to captain the team and was personally very gratified because he had been previously honoured with the captaincy of the team which represented the Canadian Army at Bisley in 1957. The 1960 team consisted of eleven

shooters, a representative of the Directorate of Military Training and a captain, as follows:

Lt-Col. W. J. Struchan, MBE, CD, Army Headquarters, Captain.

Capt. D. Renwick, DMT representative.

Capt. II. M. Power, 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada (2 RHC).

Lieut. R. S. McConnell, HQ East-ern Ontario Area.

WO 1 F. E. Blakeney, 2 RHC.

S/Sgt. I. R. Ingroville, Royal Ca-nadian School of Military Engineer-

Sgt. G. P. Steacy, 2 RHC Sgt. E. Zwolak, 1st Battalion, Princess Patricia's Candian Light

Infantry.

Sgt. J. O. Piercy, HQ 2 Canadian
Infantry Brigade Group.

Cpl. H. E. O'Neil, 2 RHC.

L/Cpl. J. J. Breau, 2 RHC.

L/Cpl. H. S. Pilkie, 2 RHC.

Pte. F. Ovdijev, 2nd Battalion, The Royal 22nd Regiment.

Royal 22nd Regiment.
After an inspection by MajorGeneral J. V. Allard, CBE, DSO, ED,
CD, the team, less McConnell, Ingroville, Zwolak, Breau and Ovdijev,
left Ottawa on 15 June by RCAF
Comet aircraft and landed in Lon-Comet aircraft and landed in London the following day. Also travelling on the same aircraft was the 21-man Canadian Rifle Team sponsored by the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association under the command of Brigadier W. A. B. Anderson, OBE, CD, Commandant of the

*The writer has competed at the Bisley Meeting 10 times since 1948, and on six of these occasions he has been a member of the official Canadian Rifle Team. During these years he has won a number of matches, including the McQueen Trophy (emblematic of the sniping championship) in 1958; the Stock Exchange Match this year, which is mentioned in the accompanying article; as well as several minor aggregate natches. He has won himself a place on the 1961 Bisley team.—Editor.

6th December, 1962.

The Editor, The Red Hackle.

CRIMEAN REVEILLE

Dear Sir,

The origin and reason for the above, which have, up to now, been the subject of much speculation, still remain a mystery.

Could the following have any bearing upon this question?

In 1853, Pipe-Major Ross, 42nd R. Hrs., composed a book of pipe tunes of which the "Long Reveille" formed part. This was played on the 15th of each month. In 1854, Pipe-Major Ross was appointed first piper to Her Majesty Queen Victoria and as a result another Pipe-Major was appointed to the 42nd.

On the 14th September, 1854, the 42nd landed in the Crimea and started their march to the Alma the following day. This being the day on which "Long Reveille" was usually played, it is just possible that the new Pipe-Major, or some other regimental person in authority, or even the men themselves, decided to rechristen "Long Reveille" "The Crimean Reveille" to commemorate the day, 15th September, when the Regiment started its march to the front.

This is pure conjecture on the part of the writer, but in the absence of more accurate information, it seems to be as good a reason as any other, and certainly appropriate to the occasion.

A. V. M. CHAPMAN,

A. V. M. CHAPMAN, Curator.

OBITUARY

BRIGADIER-GENERAL L. P. EVANS

BRIGADIER-GENERAL L. P. EVANS

The following notice appeared in *The Times* on 3rd Dec., 1962:-Brigadier-General Lewis Pugh Evans, V.C., C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., who was awarded the Victoria Cross for conspicuous bravery in the vicinity of Zonnebeke, near Ypres, in October, 1917, died on Friday night, as reported in later editions of *The Times* on Saturday. He was 81.

Born at Abermald, Abertystwyth, on January 3, 1881, Lewis Pugh Evans was the second son of Sir Griffith Evans, K.C.I.E., and of Lady Evans of Lovesgrove, Aberystwyth. He was



educated at Eton, where he was in Mr. H. W. Mozley's house, and Mr. R. W. White-Thomson was his tutor; and at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst. Passing out in December, 1899, with a commission in The Black Watch, he went to South Africa immediately on active service.

Very soon he was in the thick of the fighting. He took part in the operations in the Orange Free State from February to May, 1900, including the actions at Poplar Grove, Drietfontein, and Vet River, and later in operations in what was then the Orange River Colony. In the Transvaal he was present in the earlier part of 1900 at the actions fought at Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill, and in the latter part of the year at the action at Belfast.

With the R.F.C.

With the R.F.C.

During the following years he performed the duties of a regimental officer until he passed in to the Staff College, Camberley, some time before the outbreak of the 1914-18 War. He passed out in August, 1914, and was appointed G.S.O.3 at the War Office. By the end of September, however, he was in France with No. 3 squadron of the Royal Flying Corps. He served with them until December, 1914, when he rejoined his regiment, The Black Watch, as a company commander of the 1st Battalion, After a few months service, he was, in May, 1915, appointed Brigade Major to the 7th Infantry Brigade, 3rd Division.

In July, 1915, he was awarded the D.S.O. for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in the action at Hooge. His next step came in March, 1916, when he was promoted to G.S.O.2, with the 6th Division. After a year's service in this capacity, he was given the command of the 1st Battalion, The Lincolnshire Regiment.

Regiment.

January, 1963

It was about six months after he had taken up that command on October 4, 1917—at Zonnebeke, near Ypres, that his most conspicuous bravery and leadership were rewarded by the Victoria Cross. The enemy was putting down what was officially described as a "territic barrage". Evans took his battalion through it in perfect order, and then himself formed up all units and led them in the assault. A strong machine gun emplacement was causing casualties, and while the troops were working round the flank, Evans rushed the emplacement by himself, and personally forced the garrison to surrender by firing his revolver through the loophole. He then suffered a severe shoulder wound, but refused to have it bandaged, gathered his troops together and led them on to other objectives. Soon he was again badly wounded, but he remained in command of his battalion until the second objective had been gained, and consolidated. He would even then have continued had he not collapsed through loss of blood.

Back to France

Binck to Frunce

His wounds kept him in hospital in England for some weeks, but by January 4, 1918, he was back in France in command of the Lincolnshires. A fortnight later he was transferred to the command of the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch, his own regiment. In the April following he gained further distinction by compressons gallantry and devotion to duty in a three days battle at Givenchy for which he received a bar to his D.S.O.

Further promotion was given him in June, 1918, when he was appointed to command the 14th Infantry Brigade, J2nd Division. For his services in the operations between August 8, 1918, and the armistice he was created C.M.G. in May, 1919. In February, 1919, he was transferred from the command of the 14th Infantry Brigade on the Rhine to Base Commandant of the British base at Rotterdam. In 1933 he was given the command of the 159th (Welsh Border) Infantry Brigade, and he retired in 1938.

During the Second World War he was re-employed from 1939 to 1941 as Military Liaison Officer, Wales Region H.Q.

Evans married in 1918, Dorothea Margaret Seagrave, eldest daughter of John Carbery Pryse-Rice, and Dame Margaret Pryse-Rice of Llandovery, Carmarthenshire. She died in 1921. There was one son of the marriage.

R. F. H. W. writes:—

R. F. H. W. writes:—

The sudden death of Brigadier-General Evans on 30th November, 1962 removed from the regimental list one of its oldest and most distinguished officers. He was at Sandhurst when the South African War broke out and was not originally intended for the Regiment. When however, news reached home of the heavy casualties sustained by the 2nd Battalion of The Black Watch at Magersfontein in December, 1899 he suddenly received a telegram offering him the chance of a commission in the Regiment. He promptly accepted it.

Quite recently when reminiscencing with a brother officer he spoke of it as a lucky chance for him. It certainly was one for the Regiment to which he devoted his life and to which he brought such distinction.

He joined the 2nd Battalion in South Africa in March, 1900 and served with it throughout the war, gaining seven clasps to his medals. His subsequent career and his service in the first Great War are detailed in other accounts.

Lewis Evans had a charming personality and endeared himself to all who came to know him, and he never forgot a friend. He was from early days affectionately known as "Curly" and remained so all his life to his old friends, though the curls which gave him his nickname disappeared as time went on. Under a gentle and unassuming manner lay great force of character and a strong sense of duty. He was quite selfless when duty was concerned and no personal considerations stood in the way when he thought something ought to be done, great or small. This feature of his character combined with great personal bravery resulted in the distinguished fighting qualities he displayed in the first Great War. It also meant that in after years when he had retired to his family property in Wales, no trouble was too great and no journey too long or tiresome when he came to visit an old friend or take part in a Regimental function. His death has brought a great sense of loss to all who knew him.

N. McM. writes:-

N. McM. writes:—

I first met Curly Evans when the 2nd Battalion were in the trenches near La Basseé in 1914. He had come over to visit us from his squadron of the Royal Flying Corps. We were all terribly interested to hear how much of our trenches and movements could be seen from those open aeroplanes built for two with two wings and a mass of wires each side. He was an observer and was not only responsible for observation, but also for the protection of his aircraft. His armament was one officer's revolver, which was used against any attacking German aviator.

We younger officers who did not serve in the 1st Battalion between January and June, 1918 when he commanded did not





HEADQUARTERS REGIMENTAL

The last quarter of this very busy year has been a relatively quiet one. It has been a period of consolidation and of relaxation, too, after the extraordinary activities of the earlier months of 1962.

quiet one. It has been a period of consolidation and of relaxation, 1962.

Work on perfecting the Museum continues and the formidable task of preparing room inventories and a catalogue of the regimental treasures goes on.

The premiere of the film "Look at Life—The Black Watch" took place in Scotland at the Odeon Cinema, Glasgow, on Monday, 10th December. To celebrate the occasion, the Rank Organization arranged for six offices of the Regiment to meet some of the executives concerned with the production of the film and a few well known personages in the T.V. and Cinema world at a small party held at the cinema before the film was shown. Afterwards, they gathered together for dinner at the Central Hotel, Glasgow.

In the absence of the Colonel of the Regiment who was indisposed, Brigadier James Oliver led the regimental film party, which also included Brigadier Monteith, Lieut. Colonels Allison, Moir and Noble and Major Critchley.

An impressive introduction to the film was provided by Piper Bryce who played his pipes on the cinema stage immediately before the film commenced.

The film was shown at the Odeon Cinema in Perth on 7th January, and, with the co-operation of the Rank Organization, a party of Regimental and Civic representatives at the Cinema was organised for the occasion.

Other activities now being planned are the naming ceremony of one of British Railways new Deltie Diesel locomotives to be named "The Black Watch" at Dundee, on January 16th, 1963 and a new T.V. feature "Tunes of Glory" to be given by General Sir Brian Horrocks, which will concern Regimental Tunes and the history that can be associated with these tunes.

Subscriptions and donations to The Black Watch/Wavell Appeal Fund flow in steadily but at a slower pace at this period of the year. Fund-raising activities by Organizers, Committees, etc. are expected to boom in the Spring and during the Summer months.

months.

Australia has given its support to the Appeal and subscriptions and donations are being received both from central organizations and from individuals direct.

Idackle - Jan 1963

A number of donations have been received direct from friends in Canada. A letter just received reports the formation of an Appeal Committee in New Zealand.

The Black Watch of Canada have formulated plans to further the Appeal in all parts of Canada during 1963.

The immediate larget is to reach the L50,000 figure. It can soon be attained if the collective efforts of Organizers, Committees, Association Branches and Womens' Guilds are backed up by covenants or donations from those who are able to make their individual contribution, but who have not yet done so.



The Colonel of the Regiment receives a 16.mm copy of the film from the Manager of the Odeon Clnema, [Photo: "Perthalire Advertiser"



In the course of the TV broadcast on behalf of the Black Watch and Wavell Appeal, Brigadier Sir Bernard Fergusson, carrying Field Marshal Earl Wavell's baton, comments on the photograph of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother during her inspection of the Regiment on 2nd September, 1962.

Captain Colin Innes looks on.

[Photo: Studio Brett, Glasgow, C.3.]



Private Johnson, R. E. receiving a cigarette lighter and a copy of the Programme of the Presentation of Colours Ceremony from Licutenant-Colonel W. C. Leonard. In the background are the Adjutant, Captain A. George, and Private MacPherson, B.



Depot

General

There were a number of highlights during the past quarter, including the Depot Graduation and Ceremonial Parades, the First Battalion Trooping the Colour Ceremony on the 13th of October and the visit by the Colonels of the Parent Regiment and our Regiment in November.

our Regiment in November.

Brigadier K. G. Blackader, CBE, DSO, MC, ED, CD, was the Reviewing Officer for the Graduation Parade of 132 and 133 Squads on the morning of the 13th, and for the Depot Ceremonial Parade that followed. In spite of the cold and windy weather the troops on parade acquitted themselves well and the large number of recruits on parade, in particular, deserve a lot of credit for the high standard of drill achieved on that occasion under difficult conditions.

Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthpatt, CB, CBE, DSO.

under difficult conditions.

Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott, CB, CBE, DSO, MC, was reviewing Officer for the Graduation Parade of 135 and 136 Squads on the 27th of November. We were very pleased that the Colonel of the Parent Regiment accepted our invitation to be the Reviewing Officer on this occasion as it gave us an opportunity to show him what the finished product looks like after the completion of twenty weeks of recruit training at the Depot.



Major G. D. Cochrane, Commanding Officer of The Black Watch Depot, accepting the Province of New Brunswick First Aid Shield on behalf of Second Battalion from Brigadier I. N. Fanjoy, Provincial Commissioner of the St. John Ambulance Brigade. The competition was won by a team composed of members of the Pipes and Drums and this was the first year that the trophy was won by other than a medical unit.

Training

Training

Six squads, comprised of 157 recruits, have graduated from the Depot since our previous Newsletter was published. By the first of January we will only have one squad of recruits undergoing training and when that squad (138) graduates on the 5th of February, we will only have a section of recruits, comprised of soldiers who have been unable to complete their training to date because of hospitalization, sick leave, etc., left.

Until such time as new recruit intakes are received the Depot will likely be kept busy conducting courses, e.g., I and A Cadre Refresher Courses, RCAI Small Arms Course for Instructors and Junior NCO Courses for the Militia.

Visitors

Visitors to the Depot during recent months included Major-General the Viscount of Arbuthnott; Brigadier Blackader; Major-General Moncel, General Officer Commanding Eastern Command; Major-General Gleadell, Director of Infantry, British Army; Brigadier Eugster, Commandant of the School of Infantry, British Army, and Brigadier Knight, the newly-appointed Commander of New Brunswick Area.

The winter sports season is now underway in Camp Gagetown and the Depot has been kept busy participating in bowling, swimning, volleyball, basketball, badminton and small-bore shooting competitions.

On the curling seene, the Depot team, skipped by the Adjutant, apt. G. T. MacLellan, is more than holding its own in the Camp

Two most interesting and keenly-contested inter-squad boxing tournaments were held in October and November between 133-134 Squads and 135-136 Squads. Due to the lack of recruits, it will not be possible to hold any further tournaments until late next summer, if then.

MUSEUM NOTES

A large number of articles were obtained for the Museum, St. Andrew's Barracks, during the past quarter:

On Loan from the Regimental Museum, Montreal Miscellaneous Items

On Loan from the Regimental Museum, Montreal Miscellaneous Items

Series of World War I Maps of France and Belgium; Dress belt, pre-World War I period, used by Col. G. S. Cantlie, DSO, VD, CD;
Sabretache of the 5th Royal Scots of Canada, used by Col. G. S. Cantlie, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada; Officer's winter headdress (fur cap) from the Capt. K. C. Campbell collection; Officer's sash, 1890, used by Capt. K. C. Campbell, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada; Officer's glengarry bonnet, with 5th Royal Scots badge, used prior to 1915 by Col. Sir H. Montagu Allan, CVO, ED; 5th Royal Scots other ranks scarlet doublet and hair sporran (two tassels) pre-World War I period; Queen Victoria chocolate box (Boer War period); German Iron Cross, 1939, German Army Africakorps hat band, German Army Africakorps hat band, German Army Africakorps hat band, German Army uniform shoulder strap, with two stars, German Army uniform shoulder strap, with two stars, German Army entrenching tool, all World War II; Acrial bomb (10 pound), World War II; Framed lithograph copy of painting "The Landing at St. Nazaire"; Mentioned in Despatches Certificate dated 1 July, 1919, signed by the Right Honourable Winston S. Churchill and given to Brig-Gen. G. E. McCuaig, CMG, DSO, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada) detail (2000).

Brig-Gen. G. E. McCuaig, CMG, DSO, The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada;
Commission as a 2nd Lt. of G. S. Cantlie (later Col. DSO, VD. CD, of The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada) dated 16 August, 1887, and signed by Lord Lansdowne;
Certificate of military instruction issued to 2nd Lt. G. S. Cantlie on 6 July, 1887;
Captain's Certificate signed by the Marquis of Lorne and issued to Lt. H. H. Lyman of the 5th Bn. Royal Scots Fusiliers on 8 August, 1882;
Mons Proclamation dated 11 November, 1918, of the City's Liberation by 3rd Canadian Division, which included the 42nd Bn. The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada;
Various Canadian Corps cap badges, World War I;
5th Bn. Royal Scots plaid brooch;
Name plates of D. R. McCuaig, K. M. Perry, C. E. Gault and F. G. Molson, pre-World War I period;



Sgt. Kenyon and soldiers of 2 RHC advancing with the support of armour on Exercise Lion Cage.

THE RED HACKLE

ROTHESAY COLLEGIATE SCHOOL CADET CORPS

A change in the affiliation of the Rothesay Collegiate School Cadet Corps, Rothesay, New Brunswick from The Royal New Brunswick Regiment (Carleton and York) to The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada became effective on the 1st of November. Royal Collegiate School Cadets first began to drill in 1891, and though there are one or two senior Corps in other parts of Canada, it is the oldest Cadet Corps in New Brunswick and the oldest in Eastern Command. During the first thirteen years of its existence the Corps drilled as a Boy's Brigade, with a strong emphasis being placed on the Military aspects of training and it was not until March, 1905 that the Corps was officially accepted as a Dominion of Canada Army Cadet Corps.

The uniform of the Corps is unique and was designed by the founder of the School from 1891 to 1896. More recently minor modifications were made and the dark grey tweed is now augmented by white web anklets, white web belt, anodized buttons and a glengarry with red and white diced border. The uniform is worn during daily school activities, as well as for Cadet Corps training.

The present training syllabus affords cadets an opportunity to

and a glengarry with red and white diced border. The uniform is worn during daily school activities, as well as for Cadet Corps training.

The present training syllabus affords cadets an opportunity to acquire skills and knowledge in many varied subjects. Prior to 1939, training consisted mainly of drill and shooting and it was in the latter that so many RCS cadets excelled in such rigorous competitions as those of the Canadian Rifle League, the Canadian Rifle Association, the Imperial Challenge Shield and the Provincial Championship. Over the years many distinctions and high awards were obtained by the Corps in such competitions, one of the highest being the coveted Governor-General's medal for the highest score in Canada for the Imperial Challenge Shield.

In addition to its highly proficient shooting, the Corps has for many years boasted a fine band. Year after year the Cadet Corps Band has achieved high marks and frequently first place in the New Brunswick Competitive Festival of Music. In the early days of the Corps, the only accompaniment to drill and marching was a solo side drum until, in 1913, a set of fifes and drums were presented to the School. In 1916, bugles and cornets were added and a few years later a full brass band played for cadet parades. At the present time the Corps possesses a large Bugle Band, which includes cymbals and glockenspiel; a Military Band, brass and woodwind, is being formed this year.

Corps activities have by no means been limited to the confines of the campus. For many years RCS cadets have taken part in parades in Saint John, Fredericton and Rothesay and, until the Second World War, used to furnish half a Company every year for Summer Camp training at Camp Sussex. New Brunswick. The Corps has the distinction of having been the first to undertake training at Camp Aldershot, Nova Scotia.

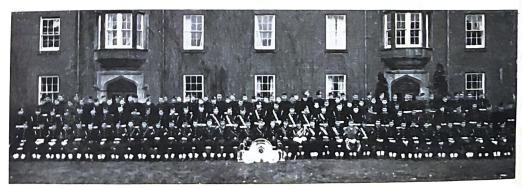
Tonically — and sadly — interest and enthusiasm in cadet activities thrived greatly during both the World Wars and the Korean conflict. Ex-RCS cadets gained many distinctions and lonours i

1916, 94; and in 1918, 259. The Rolls of Honour for the other wars are equally impressive.

The numerical strength of the Corps is now 146, the Company being staffed by a Major, a Captain and four Lieutenants. Present generations of cadets have lived up to the high standards set by their predecessors and at the end of the last school year the Cadet Corps received the official efficiency rating of 102.6%, the highest in Eastern Command.

A ceremony was held at the school on the evening of the 4th of December at which the affiliation of the Cadet Corps with The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada was officially announced, included in the ceremony was an inspection of the Corps-by Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Teed, Commanding Officer of First Battalion, and Major G. D. Cochrane, Commanding Officer of the Regimental Depot, addresses by the Headmaster, Dr. C. H. Bonnycastle, and the Commanding Officers of First Battalion and the Depot, and a concert by the First Battalion Pipes and Drums.

The Black Watch (RHR) of Canada is proud to have affiliated with it a Cadet Corps with such a fine record of tradition, service and proficiency and we wish the Corps and the School, every success in the years that lie ahead.



The Rothesay Collegiate School Cadet Corps.

